

### World Space ReSTIR in Vulkan

Jichu Mao Zhiyi Zhou CIS 5650 - Final Project - 2024 Fall



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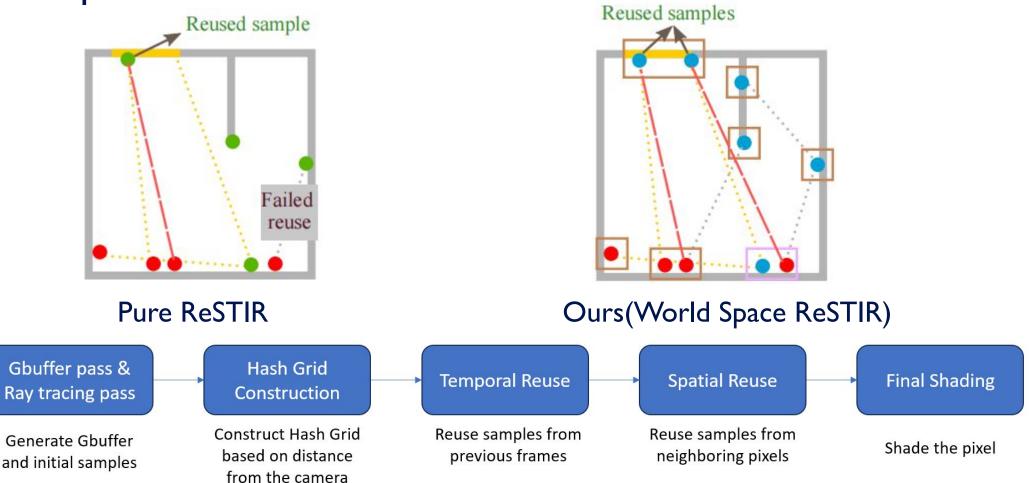
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• Please feel free to contact us via GitHub repository or by email.

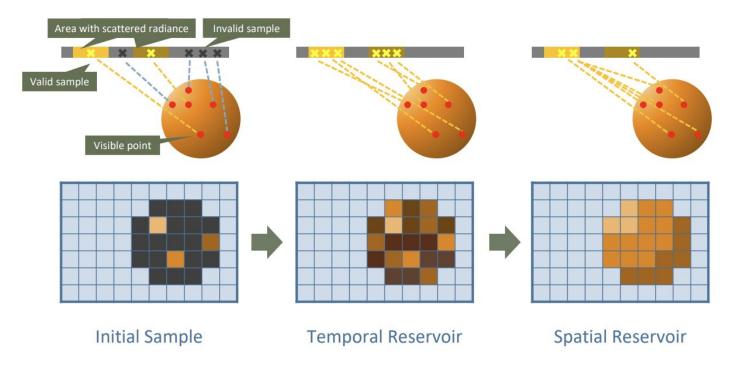


#### Overview

 Goal: Implement a real-time global illumination renderer based on world-space ReSTIR in Vulkan



#### ReSTIR GI



- The original **ReSTIR GI** (Reservoir-based Spatiotemporal Importance Resampling for Global Illumination) algorithm reuses samples in **screen space** to optimize rendering efficiency and improve performance.
- We are trying to use world space sample reuse to get higher quality reused sample.

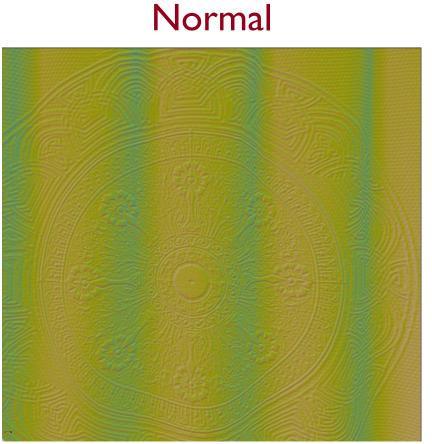


### Hash Grid

### HashID = hash(position, normal)

Hash Grid







## Final Shading

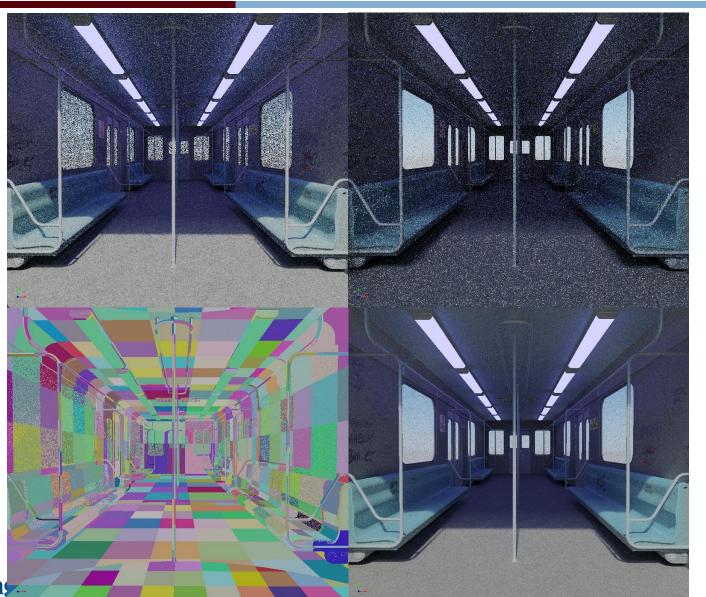
- Ours(I spp)
- Path Tracing(I spp)
   Ground truth



### Comparison

Ours (Ispp)

Hash Grids

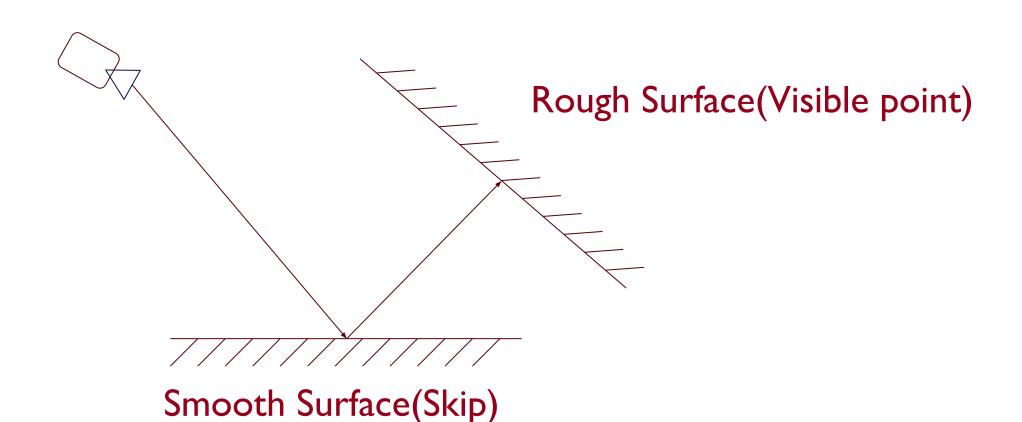


Path Tracing (Ispp)

Ground truth

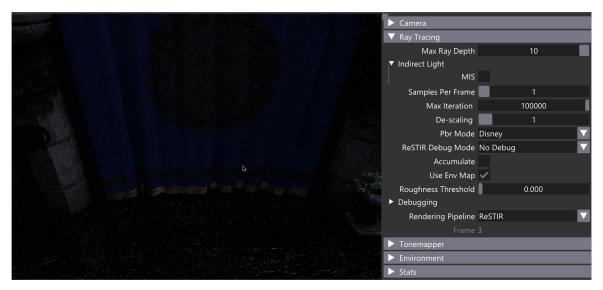


### Catch first rough vertex





## Catch first rough vertex







### **Denoise Process**

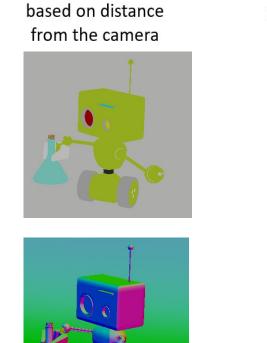
Gbuffer pass & Ray tracing pass

Generate Gbuffer and initial samples



Albedo

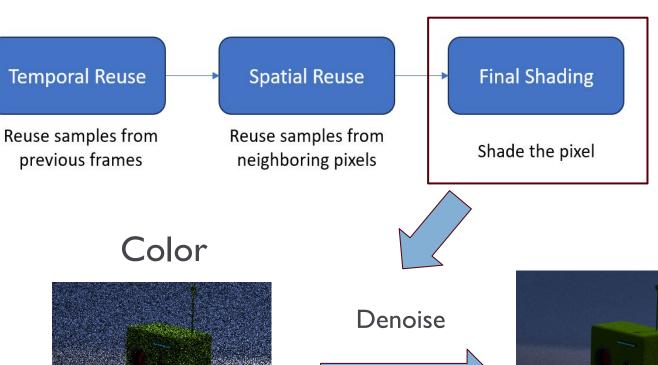
Normal



Hash Grid

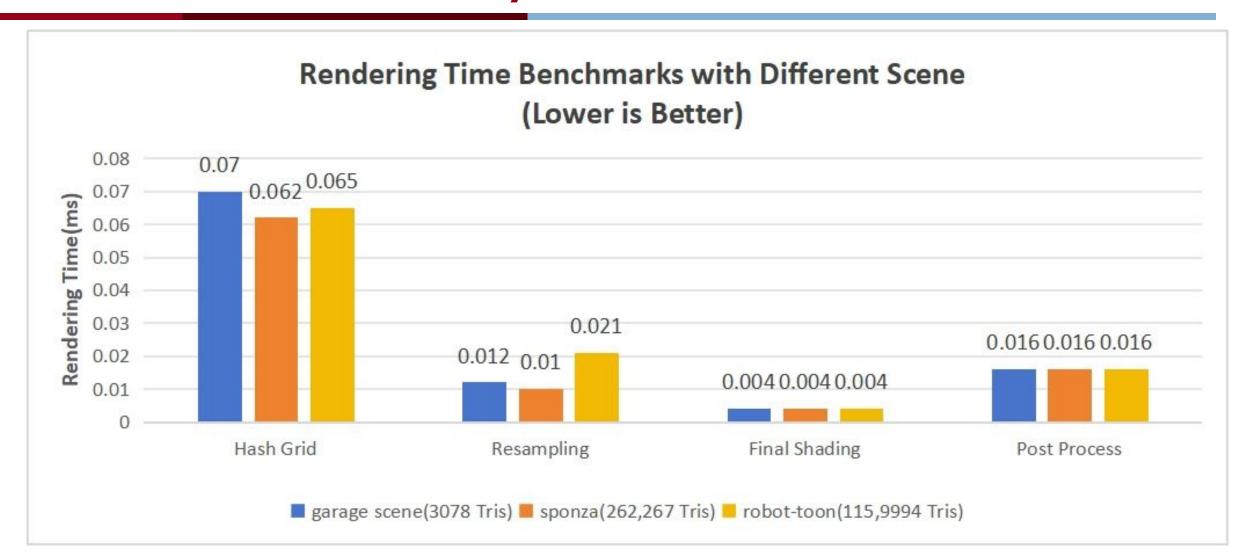
Construction

Construct Hash Grid





### Performance Analysis





#### Future Work

- Now use full screen resolution to do ray tracing, try to use lower resolution and combine with super resolution method like FSR
- Implement GPU based denoiser to improve the picture quality

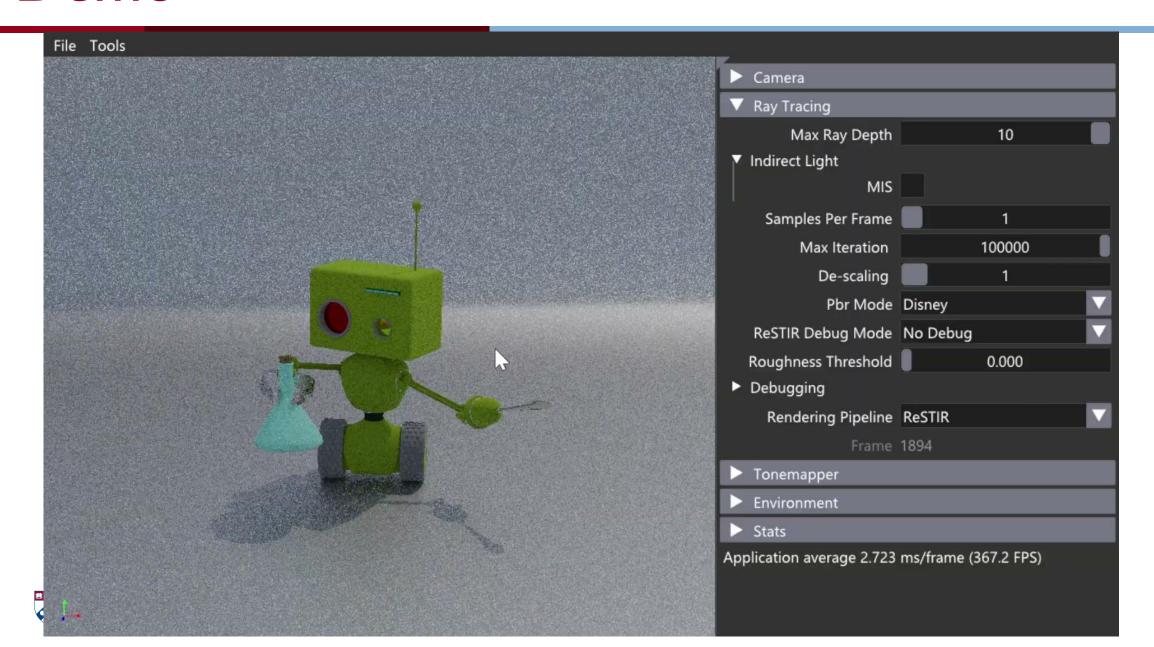


#### Credits

- Paper
- Nvidia's Vulkan raytrace renderer
- Vulkan ray tracing
- ray tracing tutorial
- subway scene

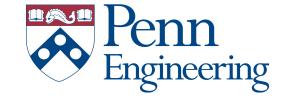


#### Demo





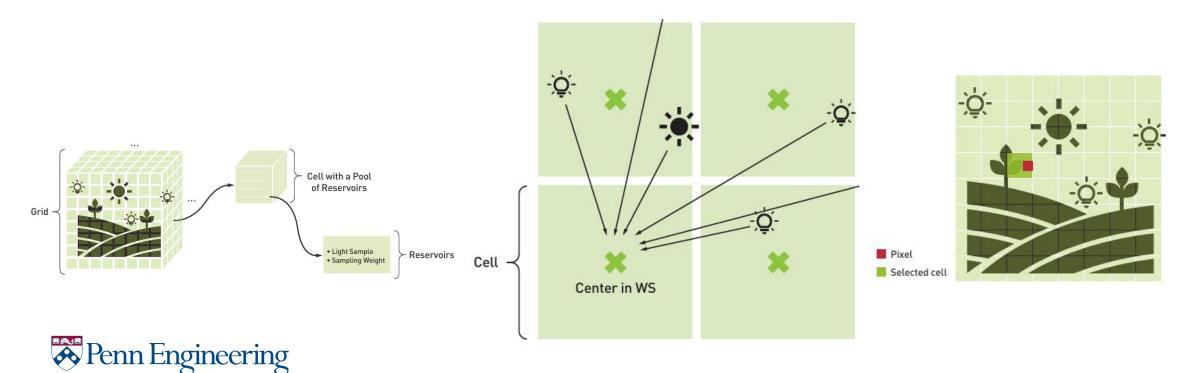
# **Appendix**



## Background

#### What is GRID-BASED RESERVOIRS(ReGIR)?

ReGIR (Reservoir Grid Importance Resampling) is an algorithm designed for **efficiently rendering scenes with many light sources** in real-time ray tracing. It builds upon existing techniques such as ReSTIR (Reservoir Spatiotemporal Importance Resampling) and applies them to world-space sampling using a grid-based structure to optimize light sampling for secondary rays.



### Why this Project Matters?

- Original **ReSTIR GI** Operates in **screen space**. It optimizes global illumination sampling for primary rays and uses spatiotemporal resampling to manage indirect illumination. The reservoirs are tied to screen-space pixels. **ReGIR** Uses **world space**. It divides the scene into a 3D grid, with reservoirs distributed across these grid cells.
- We want to learn more about Vulkan as a modern graphics API and leverage hardware-accelerated ray tracing to achieve better performance.

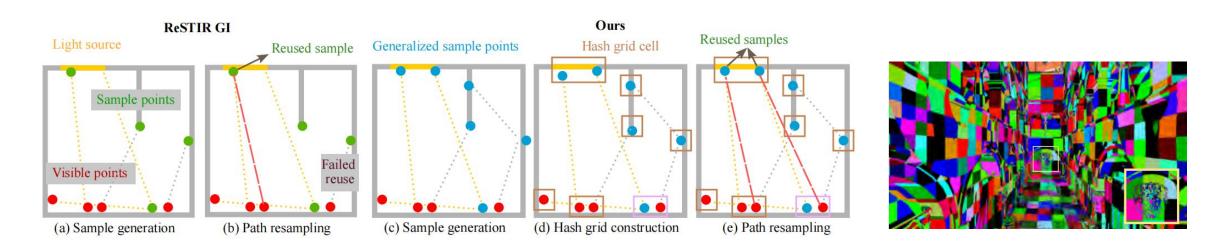
#### Goal

- Implement **ReGIR** in Vulkan **to** optimize multi-light rendering and produce high-quality visuals under strict performance constraints.
- Optimization to the origin algorithm, e.g. adaptive grid resolution, time stability enhancement, efficient memory management



### Paper

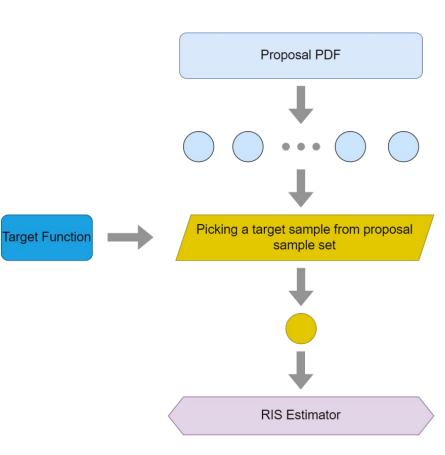
- Pure ReSTIR GI Operates in screen space. It optimizes global illumination sampling for primary
  rays and uses spatiotemporal resampling to manage indirect illumination. The reservoirs are tied to
  screen-space pixels.
- We extend it to world space. It divides the scene into a 3D grid, with reservoirs distributed across these grid cells.
- To construct the grid, we use a hash function based on the world position and surface normal to map these cells, allowing us to locate sample points with similar geometric properties.





#### ReSTIR

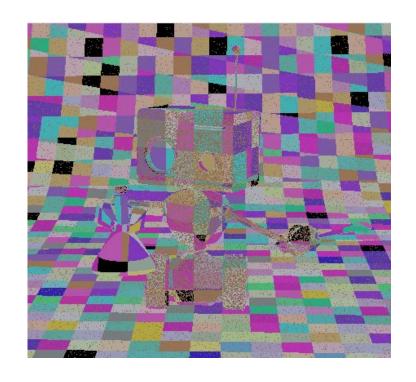
- RIS: Resampled importance sampling. Draw **n** samples from a proposal distribution and select one based on a weighting function. This approach is progressively unbiased as **n** approaches infinity.
- WIS: Weighted Reservoir Sampling. The reservoir efficiently stores and manages samples without requiring all of them to remain in memory (we only need some statistical properties).
- Temporal / Spatial reuse: Reuse samples from neighboring pixels and previous frames, reservoir structure can help us to combine different reservoirs from different pixels and frames.

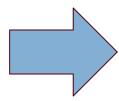




#### Hash Grid Visualization

#### Undersized grid limit





**Optimized** 



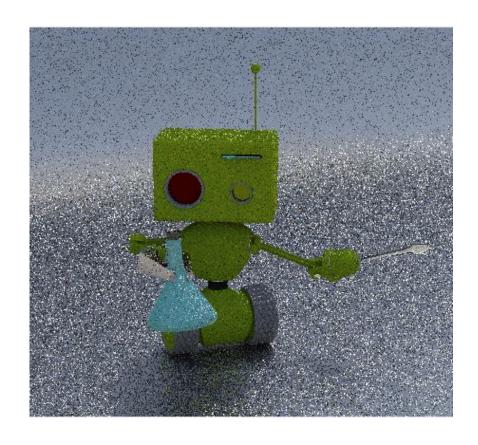
Hash collisions

No collision

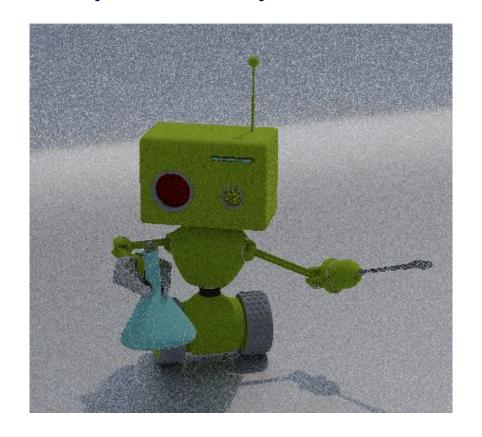


### Spatiotemporal Reuse

Temporal Reuse



Temporal & Spatial Reuse



### World Space ReSTIR DI

