Performance indices of an M/M/2 queue

Consider a dual-core server that executes jobs arriving according to a Poisson process of rate λ = 0.95 job/s, and serves them with an average service time D = 1.8 s.

Determine:

- Compute the average utilization
- Compute the probability of having 4 jobs in the system
- Compute the average number of jobs in the system
- Compute the average response time and the average time spend in the queue
- Compare the previous results with the ones of an M/M/1 system, with average service D = 0.9 s.

```
1. \overline{U} = 0.855

2. p_4 = 0.0846

3. N = 6.3575

4. R = 6.6921 s, \Theta = 4.8921 s

5. 

1. U = 0.855

2. p_4 = 0.0775

3. N = 5.8966

4. R = 6.2069 s, \Theta = 5.309 s
```

Performance indices of an M/M/c queue

Consider an M/M/3 system, with arrival rate $\lambda = 0.95$ j/s, and average service D = 2.7 s.

- 1. Compute the average utilization
- 2. Compute the probability of having 4 jobs in the system
- 3. Compute the average number of jobs in the system
- 4. Compute the average response time time and the average time spend in the queue
- 5. Compare the previous results with the ones of an M/M/1 system, with average service D = 0.9 s, and the ones of an M/M/2 system, with D = 1.8 s.

```
1. \overline{U} = 0.855
2. p_4 = 0.0916
3. N = 6.9219
4. R = 7.2862 s, \Theta = 4.5862 s
5. see above
```

Performance indices of an M/M/oo queue

Consider an M/M/oo system, with arrival rate $\lambda = 0.95$ j/s, and average service D = 2.7 s.

- 1. Compute the probability of having 4 jobs in the system
- 2. Compute the average number of jobs in the system
- 3. Compute the average response time and the average time spent in the queue
- 4. Compare the previous results with the ones of an M/M/1 system, with average service D = 0.9 s, the ones of an M/M/2 system, with D = 1.8 s, and the one of an M/M/3 with D = 2.7 s.

1.
$$p_4 = \frac{2.7^4}{24}e^{-2.7} = 0.1387$$

2. $N = 2.565$

2.
$$N = 2.565$$

3.
$$R = 2.7 s$$
, $\Theta = 0$