Devops





Software and Automation Testing Frameworks



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Learning Objectives

By the end of this lesson, you will be able to:

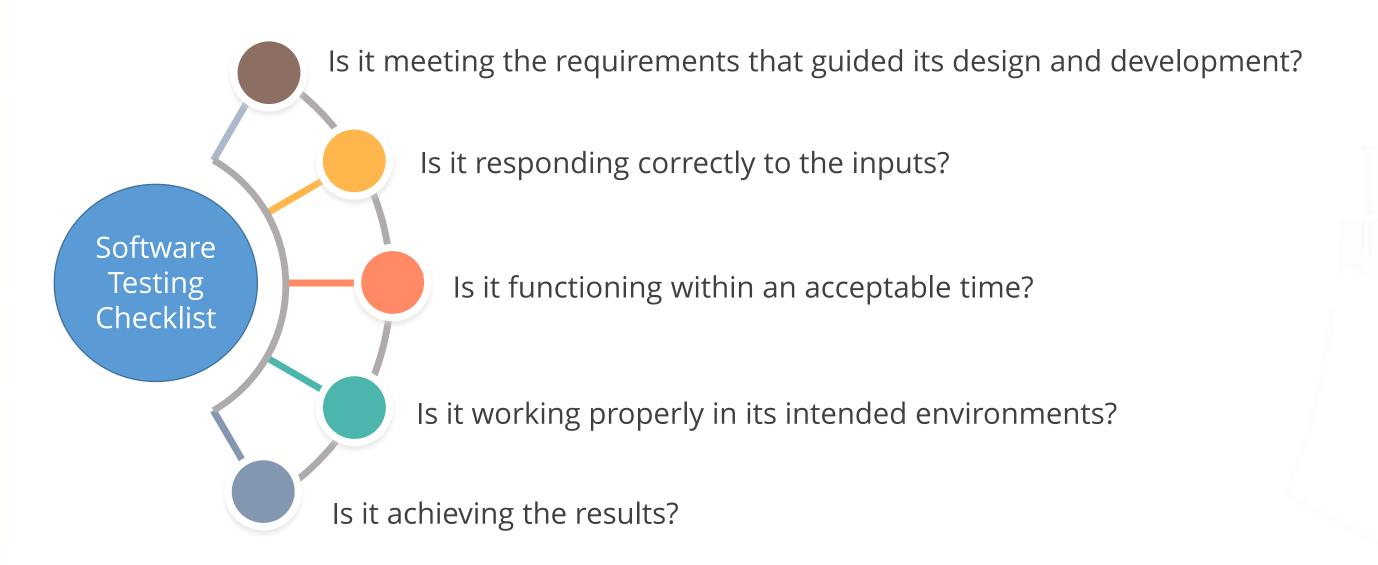
- Describe the benefits in traditional and agile approach of software testing
- Describe the levels and approaches of software testing
- Demonstrate test-driven development framework with JUnit
- Demonstrate behavior-driven development framework with cucumber





Software Testing

Software testing is an investigation conducted to share information about the quality of the product and the service under test to the organization.







Traditional vs. Agile Testing

Traditional Testing

- Follows predictive model with a stepby-step phased approach
- Certifies the quality of product
- Produces the final system with all the required features
- Unit testing for each module followed by integration and system testing
- No feedback until test is completed
- Modifications are implemented in the next release

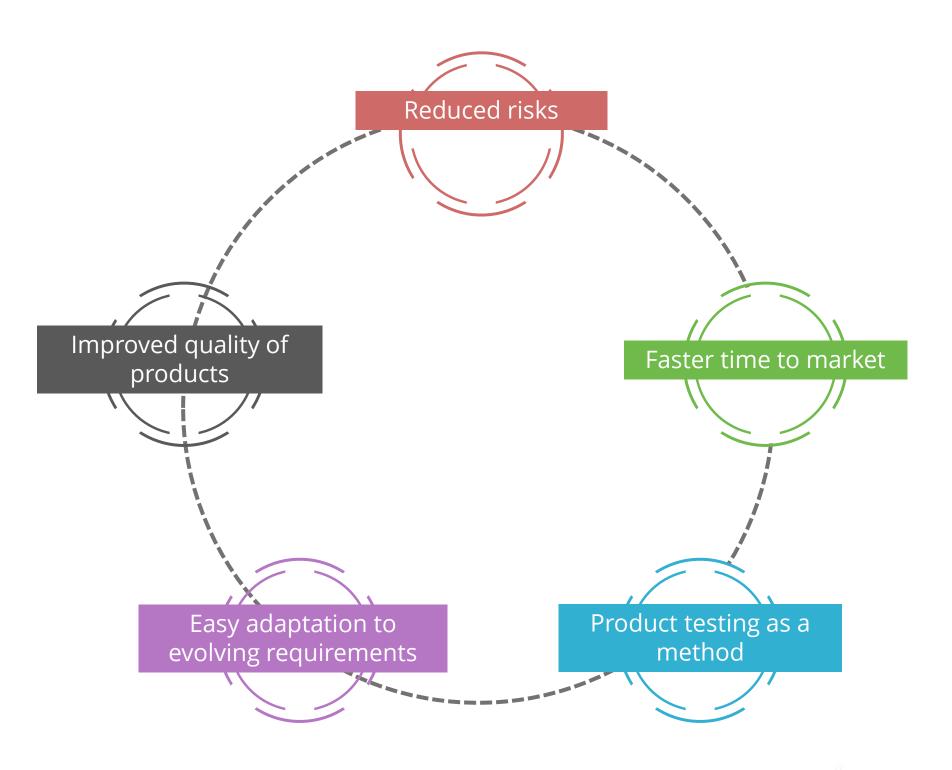
Agile Testing

- Follows adaptive model with iterative approach
- Certifies the quality and fast delivery of the product with minimal functionalities
- Produces working versions of the final system that have a subset of the features
- Continuous testing and regression across all iterations
- At the end of every sprint, short ongoing feedback cycles are produced
- Modifications are implemented in the next sprint of the test cycle





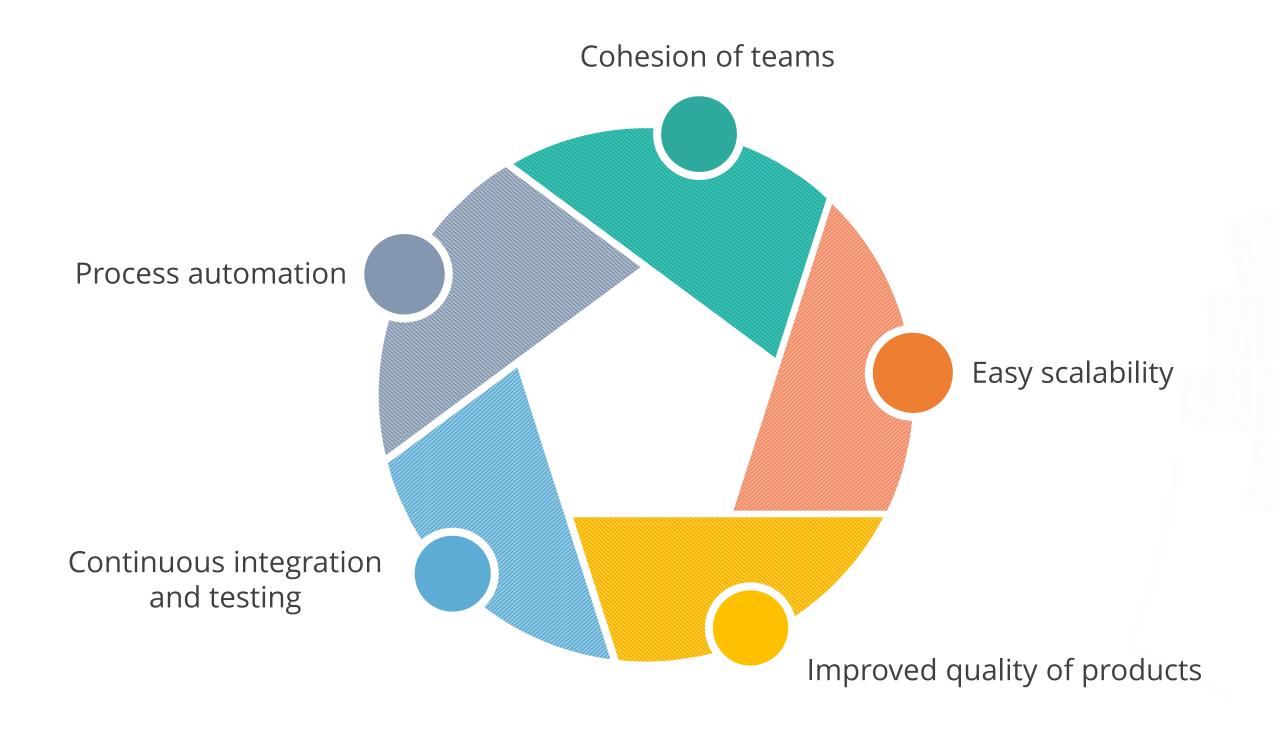
Agile Testing Advantages







Advantages of Using Agile with DevOps Testing

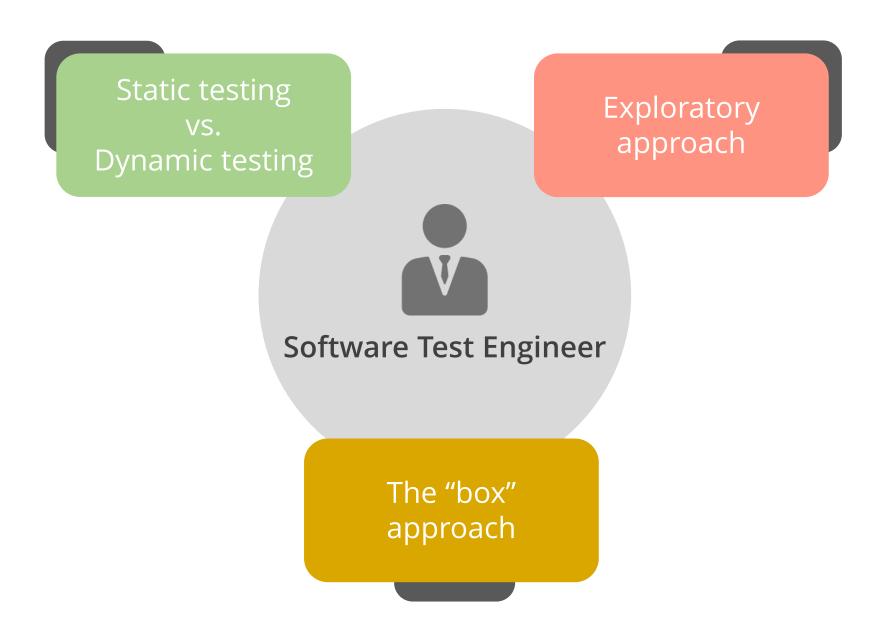






Testing Levels, Approaches, and Automation Tools

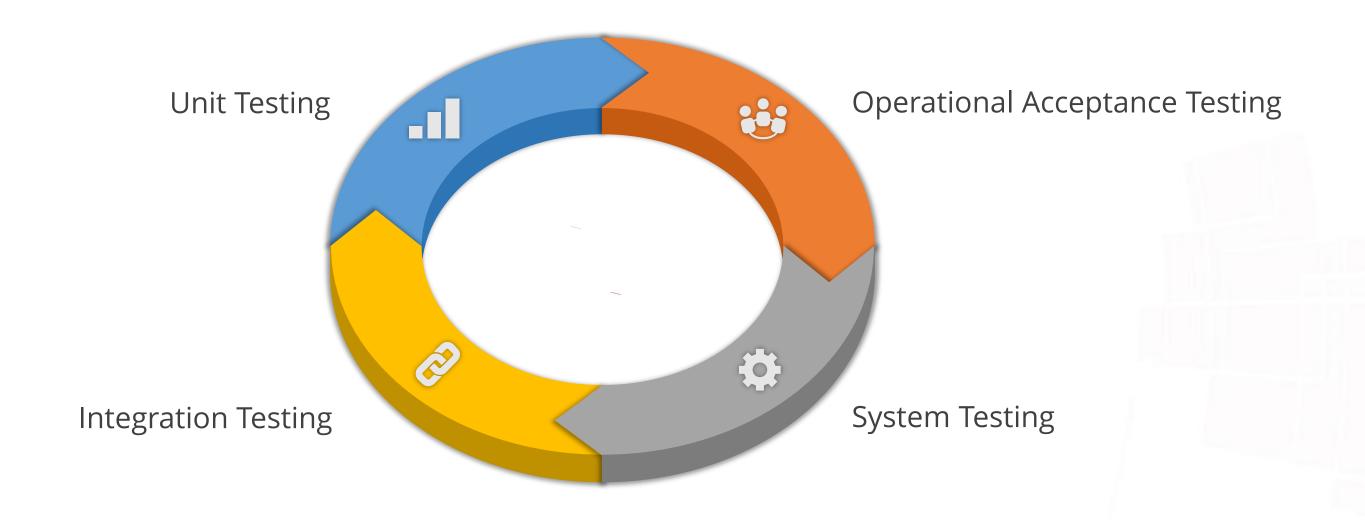
Software Testing Approaches







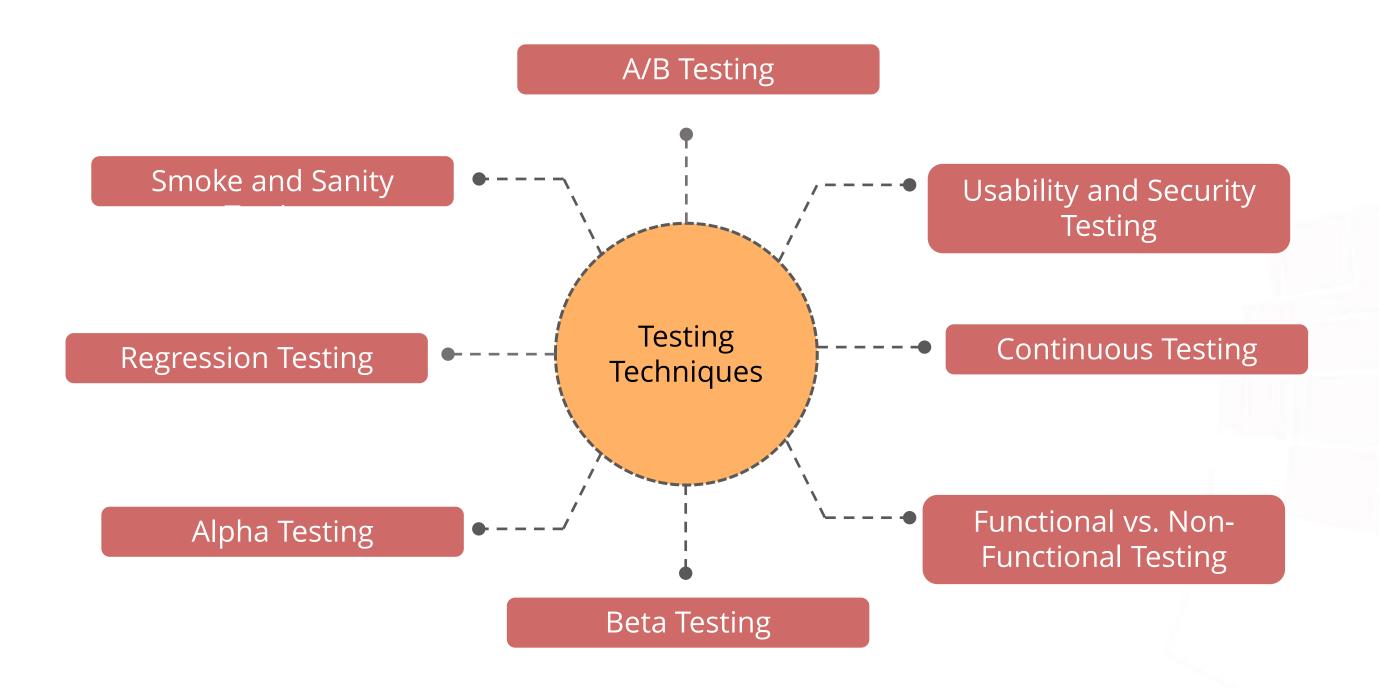
Software Testing Levels







Popular Software Testing Techniques







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Automation Testing Framework

Test-driven development teams rely on automated testing. A testing framework is used to write test cases and a continuous integration software will run these test cases automatically. A well-developed testing framework or an integrated development environment (IDE) can be used to run the test scripts.









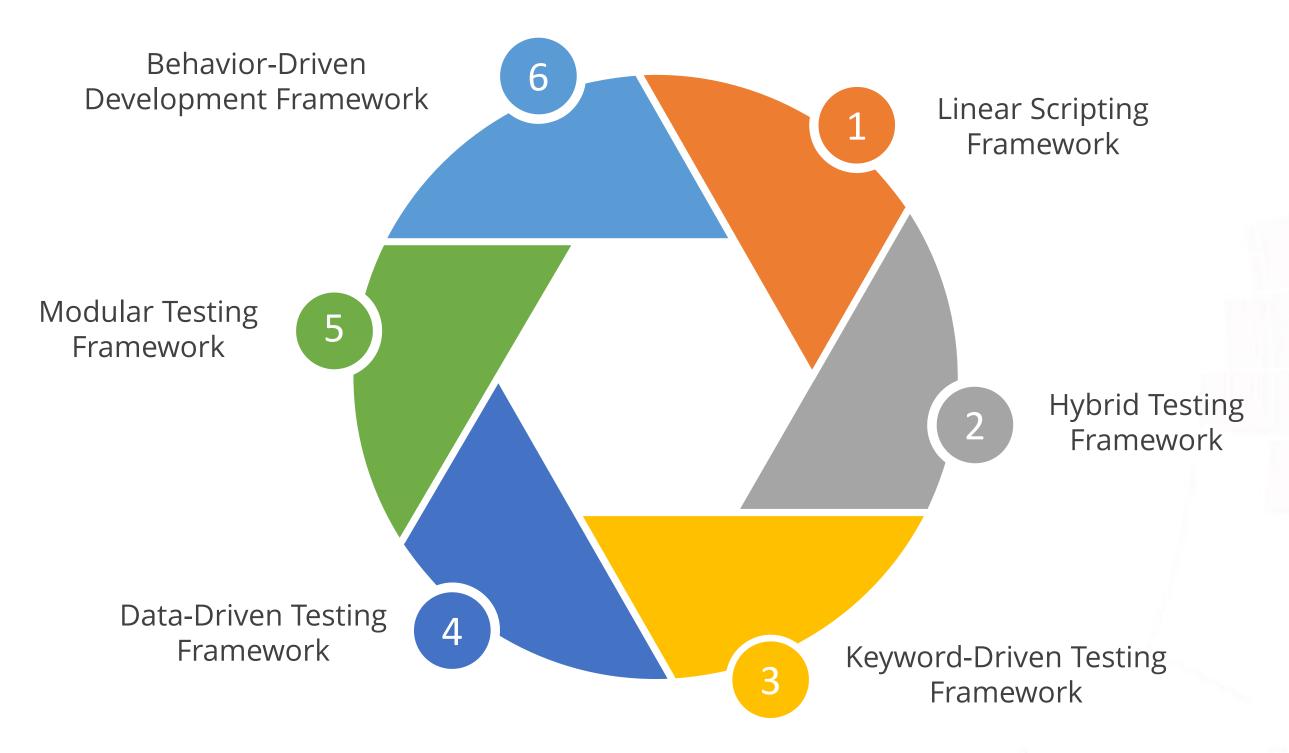








Automation Testing Framework (Contd.)







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Popular Testing Tools



SoapUI is an open-source web service testing application for service-oriented architectures and RESTful APIs.

Robot Framework is a keyword-driven test automation framework that uses tabular test data syntax.







Popular Testing Tools (Contd.)



RSpec is a domain specific testing tool to test Ruby code. It is a behavior-driven development framework that is used in the production applications.

Eggplant Functional is a black-box GUI test automation tool which uses intelligent image recognition algorithms to monitor the display being tested. It is used for mobile testing, cross-platform testing, and performance testing.







Popular Testing Tools (Contd.)



Mocha is a JavaScript test framework for Node.js programs. Its features are browser support, asynchronous testing, test coverage reports, and use of any assertion library.

Jasmine is an open-source testing framework for JavaScript. It supports asynchronous testing, use of 'spies' for implementing test doubles, testing of front-end code through a front-end extension.







Test-Driven Development Approaches and JUnit 5

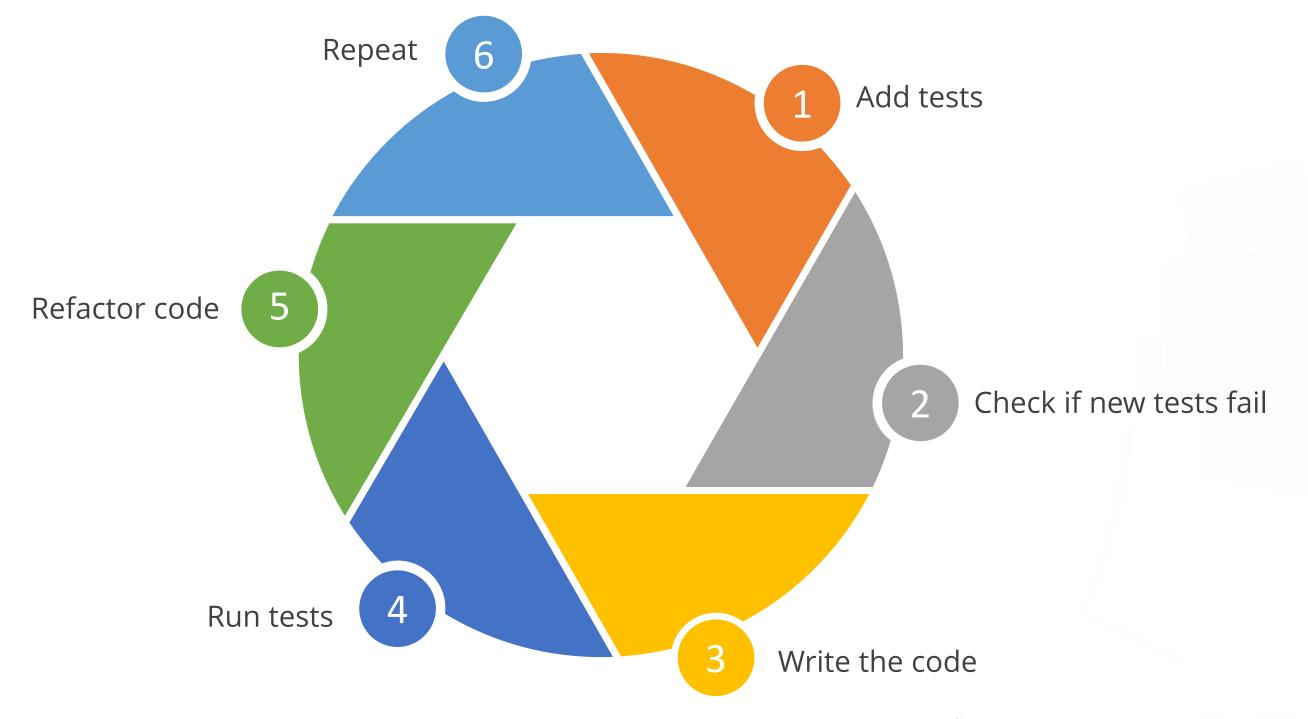
Overview of Test-Driven Development

Test-driven development is a software development process that depends on the repetition of short development cycle. Requirements are converted into test cases, then the software is improved to pass new tests. Developers apply the concept to improve and debug legacy code developed in older techniques.





Test-Driven Development Cycle

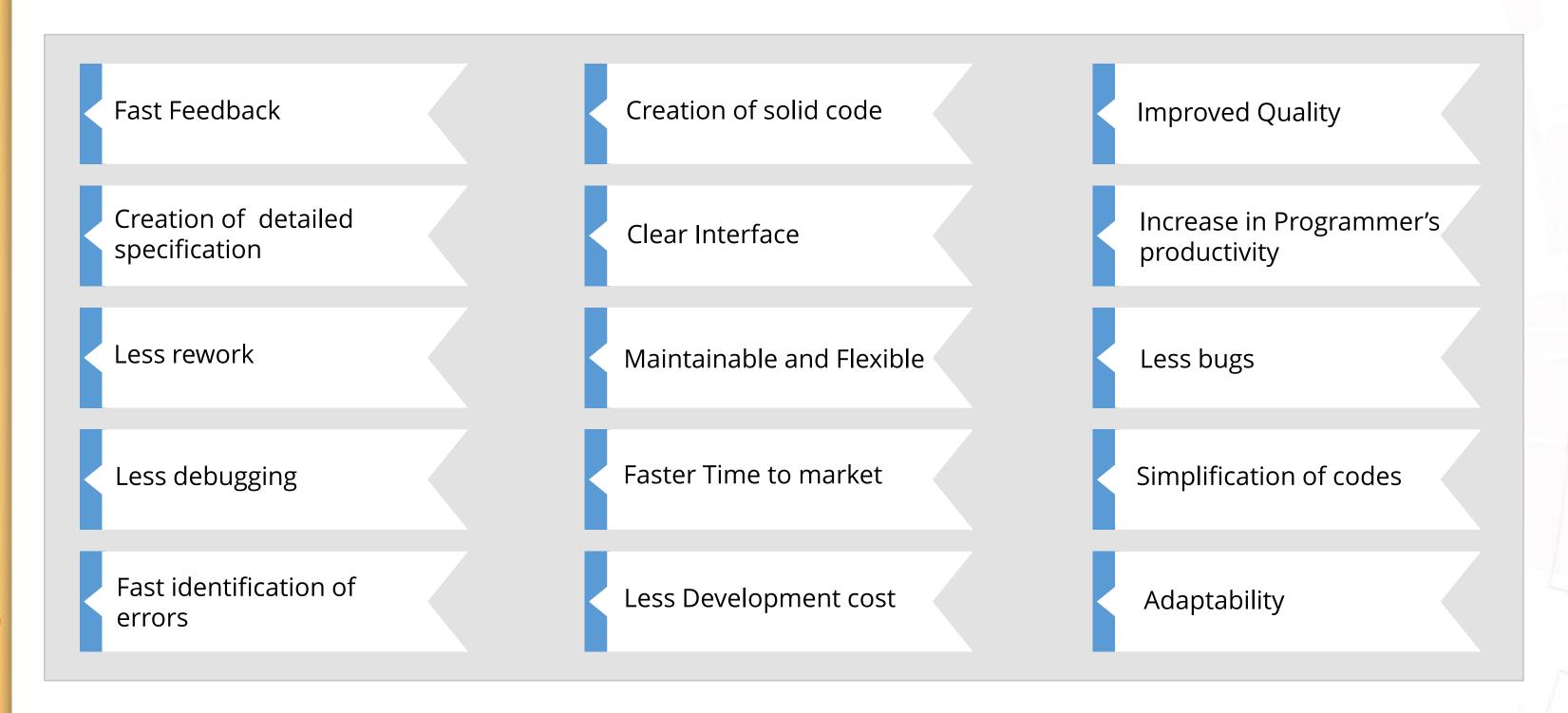






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Test-Driven Development Advantages







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General Approach

Test-driven development is related to the test-first programming concept of extreme programming. Recently, it has created general interest and is applied with minor semantic changes in the approach.

1 Add a check replaces add a test

4 Run all checks replaces run tests

Run all checks replaces run all tests

Clean up the work replaces refactor code

Do the work replaces write some code

6 Repeat





Overview of JUnit

Junit is a unit testing framework for the Java programming language. It is found that 10,000 Java projects used JUnit as an external library. Each library of the JUnit was used by 30.7% of the projects. It is the first option for developers while testing the Java applications.







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Advantages of JUnit

The server requirement is eliminated to test web applications

Hierarchy of the program code can be tested as a single unit or multiple units

Supports test assertions and immediate test reporting

Simple framework for writing automated tests

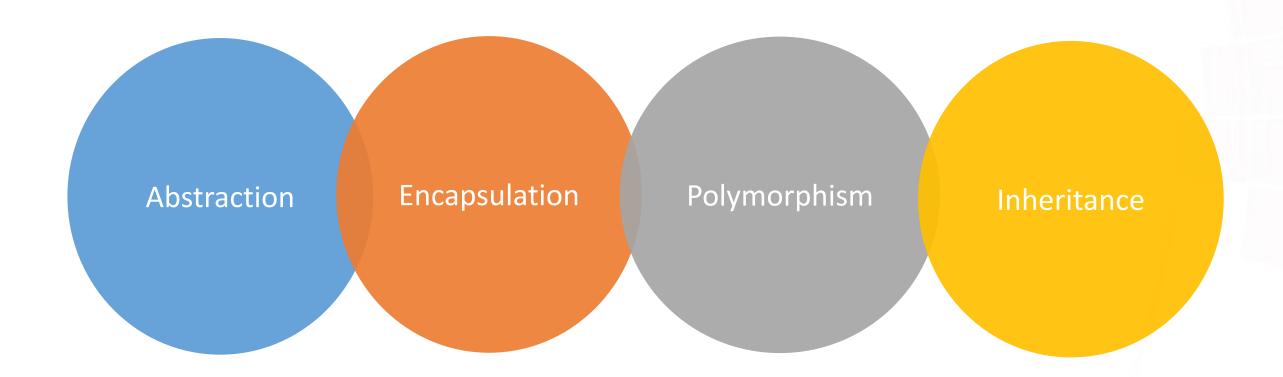
Availability of a text-based command line and graphical test reporting mechanism





Java: A Programming Language

Java is an object-oriented programming language. It is intended to let the developers "write once, run anywhere". Java applications are compiled to bytecode that can run on any Java virtual machine (JVM).







Java Program Template

A Java program is a collection of objects, classes, methods, and instance variables.

Syntax of Java program

```
Packages;
Access_Modifiers keyword Classname {

Global variables;
Access_modifiers keyword datatype functionName(Argument(s)){

//statements and expressions;

}
}
```





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Junit 5 with Java







Software required:

- Java SE (Java 8 or higher versions)
- Eclipse IDE
- JUnit library



Assisted Practice

Test-Driven Development Approach with JUnit 5

Problem Statement: You are given a project to demonstrate the test-driven development approach using JUnit 5 and Java as a programming language.

Access: Click on the **Labs** tab on the left side panel of the LMS. Copy or note the username and password that is generated. Click on the **Launch Lab** button. On the page that appears, enter the username and password in the respective fields, and click **Login**.



Assisted Practice: Guidelines to Demonstrate the Usage of Junit 5 with Java

- 1. Download Java 8+ version and set up the environment variables.
- 2. Download eclipse from the official eclipse site.
- 3. Create a new Java project and refer the guide document, 4.1-JUnit demonstration with Java.
- 4. Create 2 classes to add and subtract numbers.
- 5. Generate the JUnit test files for each classes (Add the files in a different source directory for better indentation).
- 6. Confirm eclipse to add JUnit 5 library to the build path.
- 7. Confirm that the test cases are failed and the error logs are available in "Failure Trace" section in eclipse.
- 8. In the TestSrc folder, remove the comments (3 and 5) and uncheck the comments (1, 2, 4, 6).
- 9. Re-run the test cases and confirm that the tests are successful without any error or warning logs in the Failure Trace.

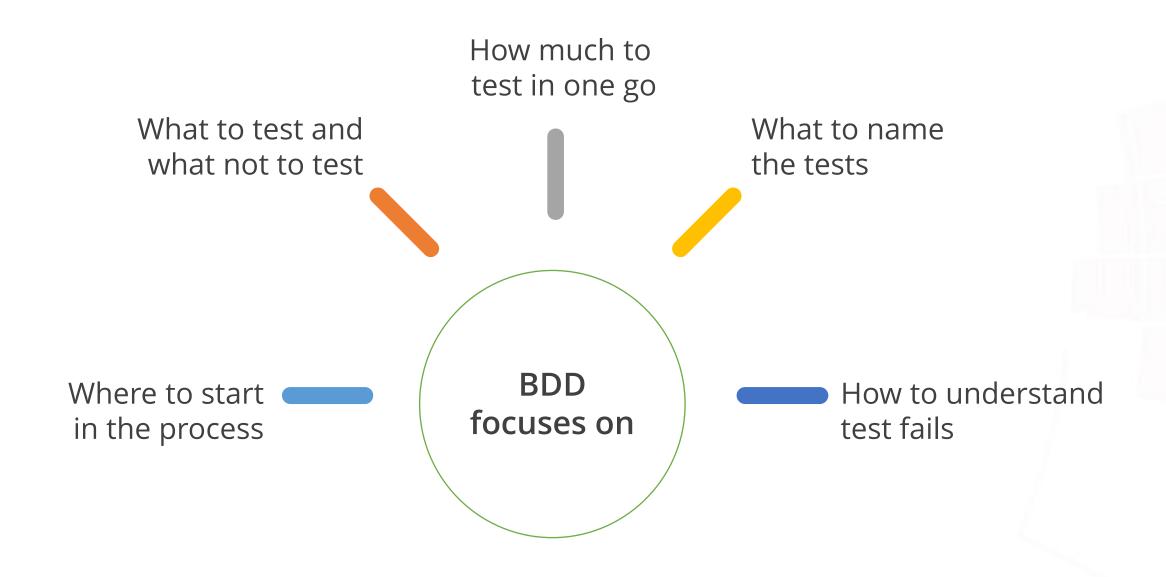




Behavior-Driven Development Principles, Cucumber, and its Applications

Overview of Behavior-Driven Development

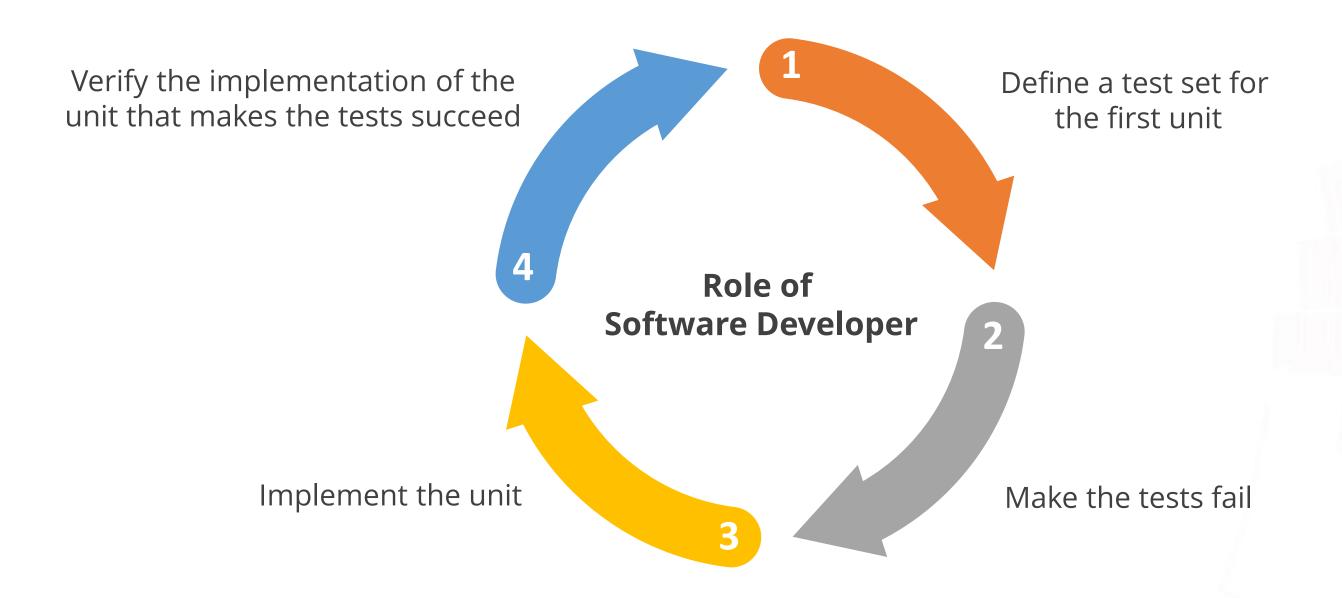
Behavior-driven development is an extension of test-driven development.







Behavior Driven-Development Principles







Overview of Cucumber

Cucumber is a software tool for testing other software by running automated acceptance tests written in a behavior-driven development approach. It allows the execution of feature documentation written in business-facing text. Gherkin language is used to define test cases. It is designed for non-technical, human readable, and collectively describes use cases related to software system.

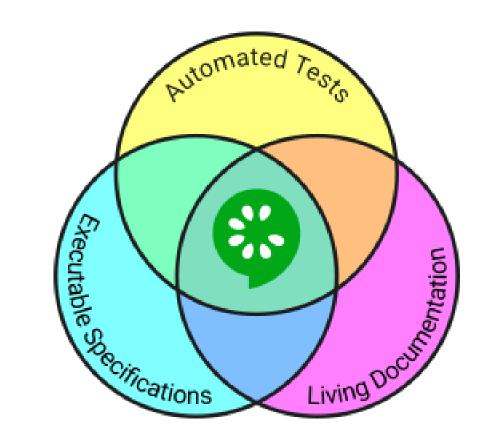






Gherkin: A Language for Cucumber

Gherkin is a set of grammar rules that structures the plain text for cucumber to understand. It serves multiple purposes: Unambiguous executable specification, automated testing, and documentation about the system's actual behavior.







Gherkin Keywords

Each line of the script must start with a Gherkin keyword followed by any relevant text.

The primary keywords are:

- Feature
- Scenario
- Given, When, Then, And, But (Steps)
- Background
- Scenario Outline
- Examples

The secondary keywords are:

- " " " (Doc Strings)
- | (Data Tables)
- @ (Tags)
- # (Comments)





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Tools for Cucumber

Supported Editors







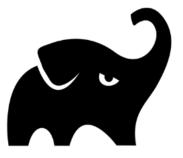
Supported IDEs





Supported Build Tools











Cucumber with Java







- Java SE (Java 9 and higher versions are not supported)
- Maven Version 3.3.1 or higher
- IntelliJ IDEA Cucumber for Java plugin
- Cucumber Eclipse (An alternative for IntelliJ)





Cucumber with JavaScript







- Node.js A JavaScript runtime engine
- Text Editor Atom, Visual Studio Code, or TextMate (For Mac Users Only)



Cucumber with Ruby







- Ruby
- Bundler
- Text Editor



Cucumber with Kotlin







- Java SE (Java 9 and higher versions are not supported)
- Maven Version 3.3.1 or higher
- IntelliJ IDEA Cucumber for Java plugin and IntelliJ IDEA Kotlin plugin
- Cucumber Eclipse and Kotlin Eclipse (An alternative for IntelliJ)



Assisted Practice

Behavior-Driven Development Approach with Cucumber

Problem Statement: You are given a project to demonstrate the behavior-driven development approach using cucumber and JavaScript as a language.

Access: Click on the **Labs** tab on the left side panel of the LMS. Copy or note the username and password that is generated. Click on the **Launch Lab** button. On the page that appears, enter the username and password in the respective fields, and click **Login**.



Assisted Practice: Guidelines to Demonstrate the Usage of Cucumber

- 1. Install node.js and npm from the node.js official website.
- 2. Open the Visual Studio Code terminal and check the version of node and npm.
- 3. Create an empty cucumber project folder.
- 4. Add cucumber as a development dependency.
- 5. Create a folder "feature" and a sub-folder "steps" in it.
- 6. Add the codes in the respective files. (Codes are available in the guide Document, 4.2 Cucumber installation).
- 7. Verify cucumber installation.
- 8. Follow the guide document, 4.3 Cucumber application with JavaScript
- 9. Confirm that all the scenarios and steps are passed.





Key Takeaways

You are now able to:

- Describe the benefits in traditional and agile approach of software testing
- Describe the levels and approaches of software testing
- Demonstrate test-driven development framework with JUnit
- Demonstrate behavior-driven development framework with cucumber

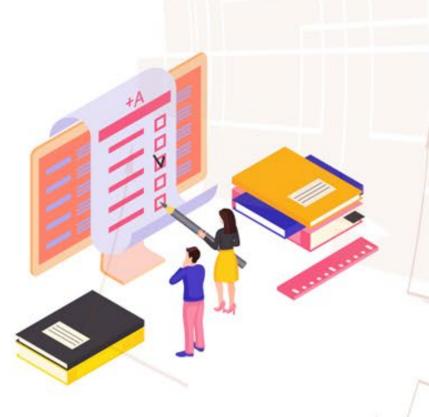




1

_ set of JUnit tests focuses on test-driven development.

- A. Grey-box
- B. Sanity
- C. Structure-based
- D. All of the above





1

_____ set of JUnit tests focuses on test-driven development.

- A. Grey-box
- B. Sanity
- C. Structure-based
- D. All of the above



The correct answer is C

Structure-based testing, tests the structure of the code and is a set of JUnit tests focused on test-driven development.





2

White-box testing is carried out to test the _____ components.

- A. Dynamic
- B. Static
- C. Final
- D. All of the above





2

White-box testing is carried out to test the _____ components.

- A. Dynamic
- B. Static
- C. Final
- D. All of the above



The correct answer is A

White-box testing, tests the dynamic components and the internal structure of the code.

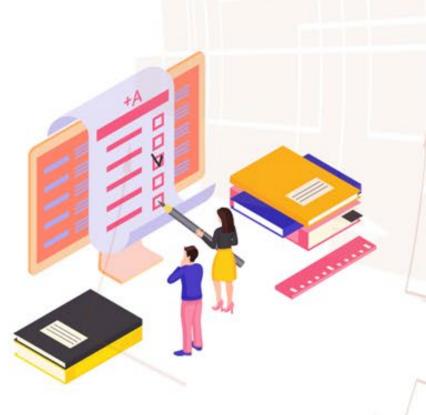




3

Which of the following is triggered by migrating the existing software?

- A. Maintenance Testing
- B. Sanity Testing
- C. White-box Testing
- D. None of the above





3

Which of the following is triggered by migrating the existing software?

- A. Maintenance Testing
- B. Sanity Testing
- C. White-box Testing
- D. None of the above



The correct answer is A

Maintenance testing is in charge of the testing on the already deployed software.

4

Cucumber software is written in _____ form.

- A. (
- B. Java
- C. C++
- D. Ruby





4

Cucumber software is written in _____ form.

- A. (
- B. Java
- C. C++
- D. Ruby



The correct answer is **D**

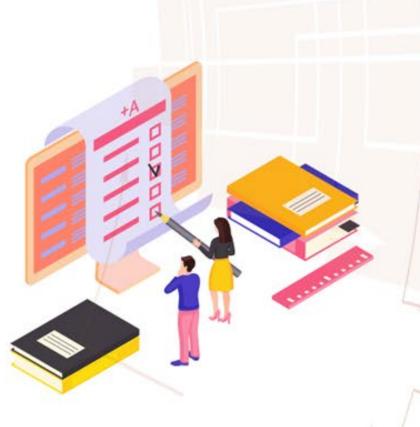
Cucumber software is written in Ruby as it was originally used exclusively for Ruby testing.



5

What is feature file in Cucumber?

- A. Feature
- B. Scenario
- C. Scenario Outline
- D. All of the above





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What is feature file in Cucumber?

- A. Feature
- B. Scenario
- C. Scenario Outline
- D. All of the above



The correct answer is **D**

Feature file is an entry point to all the cucumber tests. It is used to describe the tests in Gherkin language.

Lesson-End Project

Behavior-Driven Development Approach with Java and Kotlin



Problem Statement:

Create a directory named **Lesson-04** and perform the following:

- Install cucumber on IntelliJ for Java and Visual Studio Code for Kotlin.
- Execute the 3 scenarios: Undefined, Failed, and Passed for Java.
- Execute the 3 scenarios: Undefined, Failed, and Passed for Kotlin.

Access: Click on the **Labs** tab on the left side panel of the LMS. Copy or note the username and password that is generated. Click on the **Launch Lab** button. On the page that appears, enter the username and password in the respective fields, and click **Login**.

