

$$\begin{aligned}
(1) \quad & \log P(D) \\
&= \log \prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i, y_i; \theta) \\
&= \log \prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i; \theta) P(x_i | y_i; \theta) \\
&= \log \prod_{i=1}^n \pi^{y_i} (1-\pi)^{1-y_i} + \log \prod_{i=1}^n (N(x_i | \mu_1, \Sigma_1))^{\mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\}} \cdot (N(x_i | \mu_0, \Sigma_0))^{\mathbb{I}\{y_i=0\}} \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^n y_i \log \pi + \sum_{i=1}^n (1-y_i) \log(1-\pi) + \log \prod_{i=1}^n (N(x_i | \mu_1, \Sigma_1))^{\mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\}} + \log \prod_{i=1}^n (N(x_i | \mu_0, \Sigma_0))^{\mathbb{I}\{y_i=0\}} \\
&= n_1 \log \pi + n_0 \log(1-\pi) \\
&\quad + \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} \log (2\pi)^{-\frac{d}{2}} \det(\Sigma_1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2} (x_i - \mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x_i - \mu_1)\} \\
&\quad + \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=0\} \log (2\pi)^{-\frac{d}{2}} \det(\Sigma_0)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2} (x_i - \mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1} (x_i - \mu_0)\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial \log P(D)}{\partial \pi} = \frac{n_1}{\pi} - \frac{n_0}{1-\pi} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \pi = \frac{n_1}{n_0+n_1} = \frac{n_1}{n}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial \log P(D)}{\partial \mu_1} &= \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} \frac{\partial (-\frac{1}{2} (x_i - \mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x_i - \mu_1))}{\partial \mu_1} \Rightarrow \mu_1 = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} x_i \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} (-1) \times (-\frac{1}{2}) \times 2 \Sigma_1^{-1} (x_i - \mu_1) \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} \Sigma_1^{-1} (x_i - \mu_1) \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial \log P(D)}{\partial \Sigma_1} &= \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial \log \det(\Sigma_1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{\partial \Sigma_1} + \frac{\partial \log \exp\{-\frac{1}{2} (x_i - \mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x_i - \mu_1)\}}{\partial \Sigma_1} \right) \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} \left(-\frac{1}{2} (\Sigma_1^{-1})^T + \frac{1}{2} (\Sigma_1^{-1})^T (x_i - \mu_1) (x_i - \mu_1)^T (\Sigma_1^{-1})^T \right) \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow n_1 (\Sigma_1^{-1})^T = \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} (\Sigma_1^{-1})^T (x_i - \mu_1) (x_i - \mu_1)^T (\Sigma_1^{-1})^T$$

$$\Rightarrow n_1 (\Sigma_1)^T = \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} (x_i - \mu_1) (x_i - \mu_1)^T$$

$$\Rightarrow \Sigma_1 = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} (x_i - \mu_1) (x_i - \mu_1)^T$$

同理可求 μ_0, Σ_0

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{综上: } \pi &= \frac{n_1}{n}, \quad \mu_1 = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} x_i, \quad \Sigma_1 = \frac{1}{n_1} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=1\} (x_i - \mu_1) (x_i - \mu_1)^T \\
\mu_0 &= \frac{1}{n_0} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=0\} x_i, \quad \Sigma_0 = \frac{1}{n_0} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{I}\{y_i=0\} (x_i - \mu_0) (x_i - \mu_0)^T
\end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \log \frac{P(y_i | x; \theta)}{P(y_0 | x; \theta)} = \log \frac{P(y_i; \theta) P(x|y_i; \theta)}{P(y_0; \theta) P(x|y_0; \theta)} = \log \frac{\pi_0 \cdot N(x | \mu_1, \Sigma_1)}{(1-\pi_0) \cdot N(x | \mu_0, \Sigma_0)} = \log \frac{\pi_0}{1-\pi_0} + \log \frac{N(x | \mu_1, \Sigma_1)}{N(x | \mu_0, \Sigma_0)}$$

$$\log \frac{\pi_1}{1-\pi_0} = \log \frac{\frac{n_1}{n}}{\frac{n_0}{n}} = \log \frac{n_1}{n_0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log \frac{N(x | \mu_1, \Sigma_1)}{N(x | \mu_0, \Sigma_0)} &= \log \frac{(\frac{2\pi}{|\Sigma_1|})^{-\frac{d}{2}} \det(\Sigma_1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x-\mu_1)\}}{(\frac{2\pi}{|\Sigma_0|})^{-\frac{d}{2}} \det(\Sigma_0)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp\{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1} (x-\mu_0)\}} \\ &= \log \frac{\det(\Sigma_1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{\det(\Sigma_0)^{-\frac{1}{2}}} + \log \exp\{-\frac{1}{2}[(x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x-\mu_1) - (x-\mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1} (x-\mu_0)]\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{其中: } (x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x-\mu_1)$$

$$= x^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x-\mu_1) - \mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} (x-\mu_1)$$

$$= x^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x - x^T \Sigma_1^{-1} \mu_1 - \mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x + \mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} \mu_1$$

$$= x^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x - 2\mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x + \mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} \mu_1$$

$$\text{同理: } (x-\mu_0)^T \Sigma_0^{-1} (x-\mu_0)$$

$$= x^T \Sigma_0^{-1} x - 2\mu_0^T \Sigma_0^{-1} x + \mu_0^T \Sigma_0^{-1} \mu_0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log \frac{N(x | \mu_1, \Sigma_1)}{N(x | \mu_0, \Sigma_0)} &= -\frac{1}{2} (x^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x - 2\mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x + \mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} \mu_1 - x^T \Sigma_0^{-1} x + 2\mu_0^T \Sigma_0^{-1} x - \mu_0^T \Sigma_0^{-1} \mu_0) \log e + \log \frac{\det(\Sigma_1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{\det(\Sigma_0)^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \\ &= [-\frac{1}{2} x^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x + \mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} x - \frac{1}{2} \mu_1^T \Sigma_1^{-1} \mu_1 + \frac{1}{2} x^T \Sigma_0^{-1} x - \mu_0^T \Sigma_0^{-1} x + \frac{1}{2} \mu_0^T \Sigma_0^{-1} \mu_0] \log e + \log \frac{\det(\Sigma_1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{\det(\Sigma_0)^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{假设 } \Sigma_1 = \Sigma_2 = \Sigma$$

$$\text{则 } \log \frac{N(x | \mu_1, \Sigma)}{N(x | \mu_0, \Sigma)} = \log e (\mu_1^T - \mu_0^T) \Sigma^{-1} x + \frac{1}{2} \log e (\mu_0^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_0 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{所以: } \log \frac{P(y_i | x; \theta)}{P(y_0 | x; \theta)} &= \log e (\mu_1 - \mu_0)^T \Sigma^{-1} x + \frac{1}{2} \log e (\mu_0^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_0 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1) + \log \frac{n_1}{n_0} \\ &= w^T x + b \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{即: } w = \log e (\Sigma^{-1})^T (\mu_1 - \mu_0)$$

$$b = \frac{1}{2} \log e (\mu_0^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_0 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1) + \log \frac{n_1}{n_0}$$