CSE215 Foundations of Computer Science

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Plan

- Midterm 2
- Break + Course evaluation
- Homework 13
- Recitation: Ungraded homework

Midterm 2

Problem 1 (12 points)

Evaluate the following statements as true or false.

1. Let $B = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} | -3 \le x \le 3\}$. Then B is a subset of the set of the positive numbers.

2.
$$\{x \in \mathbf{R} | x^2 = 4\} = \{x \in \mathbf{R} | x^3 = 8\}$$
.

3. For any real number y, if $y^2 - 2y > 0$, then y > 2.

4. If c and d are rational numbers, then c-d must be rational.

Problem 2 (21 points)

Consider sets $C = \{1, 3, 5\}$, $D = \{2, 3, 4, 5\}$, and the universal set $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Determine the following.

- 1. Number of elements in C^{\prime} . Your answer should be an integer.
- 2. Number of elements in D'. Your answer should be an integer.
- 3. Number of elements in $C \cap C'$. Your answer should be an integer.
- 4. Number of elements in $C \cup C'$. Your answer should be an integer.
- 5. Number of elements in C-D. Your answer should be an integer.
- 6. Number of elements in D-C. Your answer should be an integer.
- 7. Number of elements in the powerset of $(C-D) \times (D-C)$. Your answer should be an integer.

Problem 3 (15 points)

Let E be the set $\{\{1\},\{1,10\},1\}$. Decide if the following statements are true or false.

- 1. $1 \in E$
- 2. $\{1\} \in E$
- 3. $\{1, 10\} \in E$
- 4. $\{1, 10\} \subseteq E$
- 5. $\{1\} \subseteq E$

Problem 4 (20 points)

Determine if the following is true or false.

- 1. For any sets X and Y, $(X \cup Y) Y = X$.
- 2. For any sets X, Y, and V, $(X \cup Y) \cap V = X \cup (Y \cap V)$.
- 3. Let ${\bf Z}$ denote the set of integers.

Let
$$S = \{9a + 10b \mid a \in \mathbb{Z}, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$
 . Then $S = \mathbb{Z}$

- 4. For any sets X, Y, $(X \cup (X \cup Y)) \cap Y = Y$.
- 5. There exists a set X such that $X \cap \emptyset \neq \emptyset$.

Problem 5 (16 points)

1. Prove that no integers m and n satisfy 6m + 7 = 4n.

2. Prove that there exist integers m and n such that 7m + 6 = 4n.

Problem 6 (16 points)

1. Prove that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{i}{(i+1)!} = 1 - \frac{1}{(n+1)!}$$

for every integer $n \ge 1$.

1. Prove that $8|(3^{2n}-1)$ for every integer $n \ge 1$.

Course evaluation

- While (rate of participance < 90%){
 - Do course evaluation;
- }
- Do other things

Homework 13

Exercise 1.(points = 10)

Let $A = \{1,2,3,4\}$ and $B = \{a,b,c\}$. Give an example of a function $f: A \rightarrow B$ that is neither one-to-one nor onto. Diagrams will suffice.

Exercise 2. (points = 18)

Consider the sine function sin: R -> [-1, 1]. Determine

- 1. whether this function is one-to-one and
- 2. whether it is onto.

Exercise 3.(points = 18)

A function $f: Z \rightarrow Z$ is defined as f(n) = 2n + 1. Determine

- 1. whether this function is one-to-one and
- 2. whether it is onto.

Exercise 4.(points = 18)

A function f: $Z \rightarrow Z \times Z$ is defined as f(n) = (2n, n + 3). Determine

- 1. whether this function is one-to-one and
- 2. whether it is onto.

[Hint: a pair (p,q) is equal to another pair (p',q') if and only if p = p' and q = q'.]

Exercise 5.(points = 18)

A function $f: Z \times Z \rightarrow Z$ is defined as f(m,n) = 2n - 4m. Determine

1. whether this function is one-to-one, and

2. whether it is onto.

Exercise 6.(points = 18)

A function $f: Z \times Z \rightarrow Z$ is defined as f(m,n) = 3n - 4m. Determine

- 1. whether this function is one-to-one and
- 2. whether it is onto.