Guideline

Due Date: Thursday, 2023-09-14, by 23:59.

Upload your answers as a singular PDF to Brightspace.

Typewriting is preferred; If you're writing by hand, please ensure your handwriting is legible.

Multiple submissions are possible before the due time; the last submission will be graded.

Regular Expressions (points = 50)

Below are two abbreviations that are widely used in regular expressions:

- The expression \d is a shorthand for the regular expression [0-9].
- The quantifier {n} is used to match exactly n occurrences of the preceding character class. For example, the regular expression \d{3} matches exactly three consecutive digits in a string; the regular expression [a-z]{5} matches five consecutive lowercase letters.

Solve the following questions:

- 1. What does the regular expression $\d{3}-\d{2}-\d{4}$ match?
 - a) A phone number in the format (xxx) xxx-xxxx
 - b) An email address
 - c) A date in the format mm/dd/yyyy
 - d) A Social Security number in the format xxx-xx-xxxx
- 2. What does the regular expression [a-z] d* match?
 - a) Any word containing only lowercase letters
 - b) Any word containing only uppercase letters
 - c) Any word containing only numbers
 - d) Any word containing only lowercase letters followed by optional digits
- 3. What does the regular expression $\d{3}-\d{4}\|\d{10}$ match?
 - a) A Social Security number in the format xxx-xxx or a 10-digit phone number
 - b) A date or a phone number
 - c) A phone number or an email address
 - d) A Social Security number or an email address
- 4. What does the regular expression $[a-z]+?@[a-zA-Z]+?..[a-zA-Z]\{2,3\}$ match?

- a) A phone number
- b) An email address
- c) A URL
- d) A street address
- 5. Please conduct some research. Your task is to determine the Linux command that can recursively search for all markdown files (with the ".md" extension) in the current directory that contains a negative integers. Note: to match the minus symbol, you can use \- or [-]. The following should be recognized: -89, -1, -007. The following should not be recognized: 0, -x, 42. A good starting point for your investigation might be familiarizing yourself with the grep command. You can refer to the Wikipedia page on grep for an overview.

Context-free Grammar (points = 50)

- 6. What is the language generated by the following grammar? $S \rightarrow aSb \mid \epsilon$
 - A. The set of all strings that with 'a' and end with b.
 - B. The set of all strings that contain an equal number of 'a's and 'b's.
 - C. The set of all strings that contain an even number of 'a's followed by an even number of 'b's.
 - D. The set of all strings that contain n 'a's followed by m 'b's, where n = m > = 0
- 7. Create a grammar that generates all strings over {a, b} that start and end with the same symbol.
- 8. Given the grammar with the following productions:

```
S -> aSbb | ε
```

Determine the language generated by the grammar.

9. Given the following grammar

```
E -> E + E | E * E | id
```

Draw different parse trees for the string id + id * id to demonstrate ambiguity.

10. Given the following grammar

```
S -> aAb
A -> c | d
```

Can acb, adb, adab, aab, ab be parsed? Give an answer for each but you do not need to explain.

Column 1	Can be parsed (true/false)
acb	
adb	
adab	
aab	
ab	