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Creating a yum repository (repo) and Creating a yum group to install + kickstart

Submitted by thomas on Wed, 05/02/2007 - 15:23

Creating a yum repository is fairly easy, the only command you need is createrepo and some rpms. This is a quick guide to making a repo, I have a more complete example in my howto make an install server.

Make a directory to contain your rpms, it's nice to name the directory the same as the repo name. Even better, segregate the rpms by architecture, i386, i686, noarch, SRPMS, etc. Copy the rpms into the appropriate directories and run create repo on that directory. Ensure you sign your rpms with your gpg key. Example:

[user@machine] mkdir -p MyRepo/i386 MyRepo/noarch MyRepo/i686 MyRepo/SRPMS [user@machine] mv myrpm.noarch.rpm MyRepo/noarch [user@machine] mv myrpm.src.rpm MyRepo/SRPMS [user@machine] mv mybinrpm.i386.rpm MyRepo/i386 [user@machine] createrepo MyRepo

Groups File (comps.xml)

Now, if you want to install all the rpms in your repo, or a specific subset, you'll need to create a groups file otherwise known as comps.xml. For our example, if we wanted myrpm.noarch.rpm to be installed by default and mybinrpm.i386.rpm to be an optional install, we would create a comps.xml file like this:

mygroupMyGrouptrueDefault RPMS from MyRepotruemyrpmmybinrpm I published a Thing on @thingiverse! https://t.co/IYpRyEt #thingalert — 12 hours 40 min ago Nokogiri install on MacOSX

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Talks

Now we need to rerun createrepo so that clients will know our group assignments.

[user@machine] createrepo -g comps.xml MyRepo

/etc/yum.repos.d

Now, if we want to install this group on a machine, we create a .repo file in /etc/yum.repos.d like this:

[MyRepo] name=My Repository baseurl=http://path/to/MyRepo gpgcheck=1 gpgkey=file:///etc/pki/rpm-gpg/RPM-GPG-KEY-MyRepo

If you didn't sign your rpms and do not wish to verify signatures, set gpgcheck=0 in your .repo file. If you did sign your rpms, then you'll need to export your gpg key into a file so yum can import the file into the rpm database.

Exporting your GPG-Key for RPM/YUM

First, find the name of your key if you don't already know it.

[thomas@host ~] gpg --list-keys

/home/thomas/.gnupg/pubring.gpg ------

----- pub 1024D/79E7E0DB 2007-10-08 uid Repository Owner sub 2048g/04F5FDBA 2007-10-08

Then export the key into a file:

[thomas@host ~]\$ gpg --export -a "Repository Owner " >RPM-GPG-KEY-example.org [thomas@host ~]\$ cat RPM-GPG-KEY-example.org -----BEGIN PGP PUBLIC KEY BLOCK----- Version: GnuPG v1.4.5 (GNU/Linux)

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mQGiBEcKQlgRBACLKP/FOWmTf75UjfShH84YkbLFnQqOlfdYKQ7ss57cRYn1v8lj
UoQjmPDhVLH+SpREAkDAoPjxiTln32nHoMWdlEJ/cdfBvhAg+PyHW4MCdyJu1hSO
UpqNQTUnnZ6dvTE5n/7fGepl/W24rOKzqrHqaollx8sopMbF1UUck7lySwCg12Me
HOqFXWB6iiAmYYBwxJbE90ED/0b02K4xNJ5EFrZ8YcJmFlLnMfmlcZiYveU4yqHY
CqtzNyCDFq6ZapNdzhAZC1VtUQGvTfXDvvjXv6rs8Z3SrJDjiwboJePTQS/sfT+p
iNlhBOd/yejf4w7XgXaEbw+BVy8EzDdvzEXjcBRLFoK7Dill+7Leba7G6kLcsPbr
B013A/0a+fgXYXFM8WYPsHZpG1SnPGQriwQppSVKVdeQomd7nppla0f+UJyvQboQ
Hooivc75kAWmllVCu4lK1LugH0ke5XbbvDBw3wiSGHcS6NPlSLzKXwOb53uGC47l
k1BK7aDnUnlKcEOneQSJkgfGmmzUr9jf2i8eX+LYZxgMU1eFY7QpUmVwb3NpdG9y
eSBPd25lciA8cmVwb3NpdG9yeUBleGFtcGxlLm9yZz6lYAQTEQIAlAUCRwpCWAlb
AwYLCQgHAwlEFQIIAwQWAgMBAh4BAheAAAoJEOC722t55+DbUnoAoLNhzDmVORR9
xh+rsz812yV78wfUAKCLhHgzM/EulsyE8UHCl0bHAKl6CLkCDQRHCkJeEAgAmrgk
pBazmB6Mcm6mWds7dLXPVCRNknYz0J0NclQEA43nUveWCtJpay8gs9QAfC8RLaT3
CMsCRPDGrm3tjd1KpCK/ENUHA9OtctVXqPdTOJN0lEWLkPAxtA5aEzEKUXLrzn8g

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Then move this file to the location specified in the .repo file. Yum will install the key into the rpm database for you. To install the key manually, you can do the following:

[root@host thomas]# rpm --import RPM-GPG-KEY-example.org [root@host thomas]# rpm -q gpg-pubkey gpg-pubkey-b2980b13-3c1d0597 gpg-pubkey-f51839ac-46362566 gpg-pubkey-79e7e0db-470a4258

We can see that our key (gpg-pubkey-79e7e0db-470a4258) was installed into the rpm database).

Now, to install this group.

[user@machine] yum groupinstall mygroup

This will install any default or mandatory rpms as listed in comps.xml, any optional rpms will not be installed.

Kickstart

To install our packages via kickstart, we'll need to add the repo to our kickstart file

repo --name=MyRepo --baseurl=http://path/to/MyRepo

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Comments

In your comps.xml file you

In your comps.xml file you define a custom group called `MyGroup'. Given that, shouldn't the command to install

the RPMs in that group be `yum groupinstall MyGroup' instead of `yum groupinstall myrepo' (`myrepo' being the repository name)?

▲ Andreas Roussos (not verified) |

☐ Tue, 01/15/2008 - 10:17 | Permalink

reply

Yes, you are right, Thanks!

Yes, you are right, Thanks! I'll fix it now...as for the capitalization, it would be mygroup instead of MyGroup, mygroup is the id of the group and MyGroup is the name of the group. You use the id when issuing a groupinstall. Cheers,

Τ.

reply

Thanks for the quick reply!

Thanks for the quick reply! As for the argument to a `yum groupinstall' (or any group* sub-command for that matter), that can actually be the name or the id of a defined package group. At least that is the case with YUM 3.2.8 on Fedora 8. It's quite possible though that the YUM version / distro combination you used when writing your article did indeed suffer from that limitation.

Regards,

Andreas

▲ Andreas Roussos (not verified) |

☐ Tue, 01/15/2008 - 18:46 | Permalink

reply

Thanks for this and the

Thanks for this and the previous rpm/gpg-related post. You saved me the agony of looking through man pages all morning ;-)

reply

[...] The comps.xml file

[...] The comps.xml file isn't built by fairies, but is powered by Dark Elf magic. [...]

You can use the following

You can use the following syntax on your mkdir command, to accomplish the same: mkdir -p MyRepo/{i386,noarch,i686,SRPMS}

disable gpgcheck when using repo kickstart?

Is it possible to disable the gpgcheck when using the repo command in kickstart?

Maybe skip the packages install section and install everything via yum groupinstall in %post?

Anonymous (not verified) | ## Thu, 03/15/2012 - 01:35 | Permalink

reply

First example

[user@machine] mkdir -p MyRepo/i386 MyRepo/noarch MyRepo/i686 MyRepo/SRPMS

[user@machine] createrepo MyRepo

[user@machine] createrepo -g comps.xml MyRepo

Does the MyRepo in the both createrepo commands refer to the directiory creted in the first line?

Thanks

♣ Anonymous (not verified) | ∰ Thu, 01/03/2013 - 17:58 | Permalink

reply

Yes, correct.

Yes, correct.

▲ thomas | ∰ Fri, 01/04/2013 - 12:44 | Permalink reply

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