

Solution of Ali Math Competition

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1. problem 1.1

We can buy earphone with another good which is worth 50. Then we should only pay $300-60-5*5=215$. For the audio, we should pay $600-5*10-60=490$. So, all we should pay is $215+490=705$.

2. problem 1.2

- 1) If we buy earphone with another good which is worth 49, we should pay $299-60-x$. Then $299-60-x=215-1$ which implies $x=25$.
- 2) $299-60-x+600-60-x=705-1$ which implies $x=37.5$.

3. problem 1.3

- 1) The profit $t_i = p_i - c_i$, then the expect of profit is $\int_{p_i}^{u_i} \frac{p_i - c_i}{u_i} = \frac{(u_i - p_i)(p_i - c_i)}{u_i}$. It is easy to see that the best price $p_i = \frac{u_i + c_i}{2}$ and the corresponding profit expect is $\frac{(u_i - c_i)^2}{4u_i}$.
- 2) The expect of profit is $\int_{p_{12} \leq t_1 + t_2 \leq u_1 + u_2} \frac{p_{12} - c_{12}}{u_1 u_2} dt_1 dt_2 =$

4. problem 3.2

By the assumption of problem, it is easy to see that $HH^T = nI$. Therefore the singular value of H is \sqrt{n} . Let M be the submatrix $a \times b$ of H such that all elements are 1. Then the rank of MM^T is 1 which implies that MM^T has only one nonzero eigenvalue. Since the sum of all eigenvalues is equal to the trace. Then we can obtain the singular value of M is \sqrt{ab} . By the definition of singular value of H that $\sigma(H) = \max_{\|x\| \leq 1, \|y\| \leq 1} x^T H y$, we can assert that the singular value of submatrix can not be larger than the singular value of H . Therefore $ab \leq n$. This completes the proof.

5. problem 3.3

Since F has finite elements, let $F = \{h_1, h_2, \dots, h_k\}$, $k > 0$ satisfies $h_i^{m_i} = e$, $m_i \geq 1$, $1 \leq i \leq k$. By choosing any $g \in G$, it is easy to see that

$$(g^{-1}h_i g)^{m_i} = g^{-1}h_i^{m_i}g = e$$

Let $F_g := \{g^{-1}h_i g, 1 \leq i \leq k\}$, then we have $F_g = F$. Let σ_g be the permutation on F such that $\sigma_g(h_i) = g^{-1}h_i g$. Therefore, we can find integer n , for any $g \in G$, $(\sigma_g)^n$ is a identity permutation which implies $(g^{-n}h g^n) = h$. This completes the proof.