```
% example file to illustrate the use of multi-task Gaussian Process models
%
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path gpml = 'E:\OneDrive - hnu.edu.cn\tools\matlabcourse\GPML matlab\gpml-matlab-v4.
2-2018-06-11';
                                    % please insert here path of GPML Toolbox
% add folders of MTGP and GPML Toolbox
if ~isunix % windows system
    addpath(genpath('..\'));
    addpath(genpath(path gpml));
else
            % linux system
    addpath (genpath ('.../'));
    addpath(genpath(path gpml));
end
clear; %close all
% please select one of the example cases for shifting the feature space: (1-3)
MTGP case = 1;
% casel: 3 signals which are phase shifted to each other, modelled by a
%
            <u>normal MTGP with k t = SE</u> covariance function
%
% case2: 3 signals which are phase shifted to each other, modelled by a
            MTGP which considers a shift between the tasks with k t = SE covariance
function
% case3: Demonstration of an example with two tasks and two dimensions,
            representing e.g. x and y of a spatial coordinate
%
            Even though different labels are known from each task, MTGP
%
            can estimate the offset in both dimensions (e.g. template
%
%
            matching)
%
seed=0; rng(seed);
if MTGP_case <= 2</pre>
    % generate synthetic data for case 1 and 2
    t = (0:0.05:5)'; \% 101 \times 1
    phase shift t = pi/4; pi/4 \approx 0.7854
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```
f = 1;
         translation = 0:
         z1 = \sin(2*pi*f*t) + \operatorname{randn}(1\operatorname{ength}(t), 1)./50;
101×1
         z2 = \sin(2*pi*f*t+phase\_shift_t)+randn(length(t), 1)./50;
         z3 = \sin(2*pi*f*t+2*(phase\_shift_t)) + randn(length(t), 1)./100;
     else
         % generate synthetic data for case 3
         translation = [0.15 - 0.26];
         x = (-0.5:0.1:0.5)': % 11×1
         y = (-0.5:0.1:0.5)'; % 11×1 y = (-0.4:0.05:0.6)'; % 21×1
         f = 1;
         x \text{ mat} = \text{repmat}(x, [1 \text{ length}(y)]); \% 11 \times 11 \% 11 \times 21
         y = mat = repmat(y, [1 = length(x)]); % 11×11 % 11×21
         y mat = y mat'; [y_mat, x_mat] = meshgrid(y, x);
         z1 = \sin(2*pi*f*x_mat).*sin(2*pi*f*y_mat)+randn(length(x), length(y))/50; % 11×11% 11×21
         z2 = \sin(2*pi*f*x_mat).*\sin(2*pi*f*y_mat) + randn(1ength(x), 1ength(y)) / 50; % 11×11% 11×21
     end
                                             subplot(2,1,1);
                                             plot3(x_mat, y_mat, z1);
     %% initial parameter
                                             subplot(2,1,2);
     switch MTGP case
                                            plot3(x_mat, y_mat, z2);
         case 1
              opt. training_data\{1\} = 1:100;
                                                 % index of know training points of signal 1
              opt. training_data{2} = 1:50;
                                                 % index of know training points of signal 2
              opt. training data\{3\} = 1:50;
                                                 % index of know training points of signal 3
                                                 % select cov. function
              opt. cov func = 1;
                                                 % start index for prediction
              opt. start = 1;
                                                 % end index for prediction
              opt. end = 100;
                                                 % 101×3
              z = [z1 \ z2 \ z3];
         case 2
              opt. training_data\{1\} = 1:100;
                                                 % index of know training points of signal 1
              opt. training data\{2\} = 1:50;
                                                 % index of know training points of signal 2
              opt. training_data{3} = 1:50;
                                                 % index of know training points of signal 3
              opt. cov func = 2;
                                                 % select cov. function
                                                 % start index for prediction
              opt. start = 1;
                                                 % end index for prediction
              opt. end = 100;
              z = [z1 \ z2 \ z3];
         case 3
              opt. training data{1} = 1:2:length(x mat(:)); % index of know training \( \sigma \)
     points of signal 1 \% 1×61 \% 1×116
              opt. training data\{2\} = 20:2:1ength(x mat(:)); % index of know training
                          % 1×51 % 1×106
```

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points of signal 2
                opt.cov func = 3;
                                                    % select cov. function
                                                    % start index for prediction
                opt. start = 1;
                                                    % end index for prediction
                opt.end = length(y_mat(:));
                                                    % opt.end = 121
                z = [z1(:) z2(:)];
                                                    % z: 121×2
                                                                     % z: 231×2
                t = [x mat(:) y mat(:)];
                                                                     % t: 231×2
                                                    % t: 121×2
       end
                                           % number of optimization steps
      opt. init num opt = 200;
      opt. show = 1;
                                           % show result plot
       opt. random = 1;rng('shuffle'); % if 1 - hyp for correlation and SE will set
       randomly
      opt.num rep = 1;
                                           % number of trails for selecting hyp
       % init values for hyperparameter (if opt.random ~= 1)
      opt. se hyp = 1;
      opt. cc_hyp = [1/1 \ 0/1 \ 0 \ 0];
                                           % assumes that all signals are <u>dependent</u>MTGP_covCC_chol_nD
                                                                                         dependent:
      opt. noise 1ik = 0.1;
       opt. shift hyp = [0 \ 0];
                                                                                         1 0
                                                                                         0 0 1
      num_dim = size(opt. training_data, 2); 3 case3: num_dim = 2
                                                                                         independent:
      num_cc_hyp = sum(1:size(opt.training_data, 2)); sum(1:3) = 6 sum(1:2) = 3
      %% generate training and test data with labels
       % also substract mean % y_train_mean(cnt_dim) = mean(y(opt.training_data{cnt_dim},cnt_dim));
100×2 x_train = [t(opt.training_data{1},:)-repmat(translation, [length(opt.training_data√2])
                                                     0 \% 100 \times 1 B = repmat(A, n) returns an array containing n
       \{1\}),1]), ...
116 \times 3
           ones (length(opt.training_data\{1\}), 1);
                                                                 copies of A in the row and column dimensions.
                                                                 The size of B is size(A)*n when A is a matrix.
 61\times1
116 \times 1
100 \times 1 z_train = z(opt.training_data{1},1);
100 \times 2 \text{ x\_test} = [t \text{ (opt. start:opt. end, :) ones (opt. end-opt. start+1, 1)}];
                                                                                             第1组训练样本
100 \times 1 z test = z(opt. start:opt. end, 1);
121 \times 3; 121 \times 1
                                                                                             串联所有组的训练
231×3; 231×1 % 11×21=231 for cnt_dim = 2:num_dim num_dim = 3 %不同数据的组数
                x_{train} = [x_{train}(:,:);...]
                                                                                      cnt_dim = 2
                                                                                      x_train(:, :) 100×2
                      t (opt. training_data {cnt_dim}, :) ...
                                                                                      x_train % 150×2
                      ones (length (opt. training data {cnt dim}), 1)*cnt dim];
                                                                                      z_train % 150×2
                                                                                      cnt_dim = 2
                z_train = [z_train; z(opt.training_data{cnt_dim}, cnt_dim)];
                                                                                      x_{train}(:, :) 61\times3 \quad 116\times3
                                         z % 101×3
                                                                                      x_train % 112×3 222×3
                                         opt.training_data\{2\} = 1:50;
                                                                                      z_train % 112×1 222×1
                                         opt.training_data\{3\} = 1:50;
                                                                                              % 242×3 462×3
                                                                                      x_test
```

% 242×1 462×1

z_test

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x \text{ test} = [x \text{ test}(:,:);...
             t (opt. start:opt. end, :) ones (opt. end-opt. start+1, 1)*cnt_dim];
        z_test = [z_test; z(opt.start:opt.end, cnt_dim)];
end
%% init covariance functions and hyperparameters
switch opt.cov_func % feval(covfunc{:}, feval('MTGP_covCC_chol_nD')); feval('MTGP_covCC_chol_nD')
    case 1
        disp('Covariance Function: K = CC(1) \times (SE_U(t))');
        covfunc = {'MTGP covProd', {'MTGP covCC chol nD', 'MTGP covSEisoU'}};
        hyp.cov(1:num_cc_hyp) = opt.cc_hyp(1:num_cc_hyp);
        hyp. cov(num cc hyp+1) = log(sqrt(opt. se hyp));
    case 2
        disp('Covariance Function: K = CC(1) \times (SE U shift(t))');
        covfunc = {'MTGP_covProd', {'MTGP_covCC_chol_nD', 'MTGP_covSEisoU_shift'}};
        hyp. cov(1:num cc hyp) = opt. cc hyp(1:num cc hyp);
        hyp. cov(num cc hyp+1) = log(opt. se hyp);
        hyp. cov(num_cc_hyp+2) = opt. shift_hyp(1);
        hyp. cov(num_cc_hyp+3) = opt. shift_hyp(2);
    case 3
        disp('Covariance Function: K = CC(1) \times (SE U shift nD(t))');
        covfunc = {'MTGP covProd', {'MTGP covCC chol nD', 'MTGP covSEisoU shift nD'}};
        hyp. cov(1:num\_cc\_hyp) = opt. cc\_hyp(1:num\_cc\_hyp);
        hyp. cov(num cc hyp+1) = log(opt. se hyp);
        hyp. cov(num cc hyp+2) = opt. shift hyp(1);
        hyp. cov(num_cc_hyp+3) = opt. shift_hyp(2);
end
% likelihood function
likfunc = @likGauss;
hyp. lik = log(opt. noise lik);
% optimize hyperparameters
[results.hyp] = minimize(hyp, @MTGP, -opt.init num opt, @MTGP infExact, [], covfunc,
likfunc, x train, z train);
results.nlml = MTGP (results.hyp, @MTGP infExact, [], covfunc, likfunc, x train, ✓
                        \ln p(z|x)
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```
z_train);
      %% perform prediction
300×1 [results.m, results.s2, fmu, fs2, results.p] = MTGP(results.hyp, @MTGP infExact, [], ✓
462×1 covfunc, likfunc, x_train, z_train, x_test, z_test);
      % reshape of results
100×3 results. m = reshape (results. m, [opt. end-opt. start+1 num dim]);
231\times2 results. s2 = reshape(results. s2, [opt. end-opt. start+1 num_dim]);
      results.p = exp(reshape(results.p, [opt.end-opt.start+1 num dim]));
      %% compute RMSE for training and test data for each dimension
      for cnt dim = 1:num dim
          index test data = opt.start:opt.end;
          index_test_data(ismember(index_test_data, opt.training_data{cnt_dim})) = [];
          results.rmse test (cnt dim) = rms (results.m(index test data-opt.start+1, cnt dim) -
              z(index test data, cnt dim));
          results.rmse_train(cnt_dim) = rms(results.m(opt.training_data{cnt_dim}-opt. <
      start+1, cnt dim) -...
              z(opt.training_data{ent_dim}, ent_dim));
              z(opt.training_data{cnt_dim}+opt.start-1, cnt_dim)
      end
      % compute resulting K f matrix
      vec dim = 1:num dim;
      L = zeros (num dim, num dim);
      for cnt dim = 1:num dim
          L(cnt dim, 1:vec dim(cnt dim)) = [results. hyp. cov(sum(vec dim(1:cnt dim-1))+1:sum✓
      (vec dim(1:cnt dim-1))+vec dim(cnt dim))];
      end
      results. K f = L*L';
      % print results on console:
      disp('Estimated cross correlation covariance K f:');
      results.K f
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if opt. cov func == 2
    disp('Estimated time shift: ');
    disp(['\Delta\ t_1: ', num2str(results.hyp.cov(end-1))]);
    disp(['\Delta t_2: ', num2str(results.hyp.cov(end))]);
elseif opt.cov func == 3
    disp('Estimated shift: ');
    disp(['dim1:', num2str(results.hyp.cov(end-1)), '(true shift:', num2str(-✓
translation(1)),')']);
    disp(['dim2: ', num2str(results. hyp. cov(end)), '(true shift: ', num2str(-✓
translation(2)),')']);
end
%% plot basic results
if opt. show == 1
    if opt. cov func <= 2
    h=figure('Position', [1 1 1400 800]);
        for cnt dim = 1:num dim
            % plot prediction results
            subplot (2, num dim, cnt dim);
            min_val = min(results.m(:, cnt_dim))-abs(min(results.s2(:, cnt_dim)));
            max_val = max(results.m(:, cnt_dim))+abs(max(results.s2(:, cnt_dim)));
            hTlines = plot([t(opt. training data{cnt dim}) t(opt. training data \( \sigma \)
{cnt_dim})]',...
                 [ min_val max_val]', 'Color', [0.85 0.85 0.5]);
            hTGroup = hggroup;
            set (hTlines, 'Parent', hTGroup);
            set(get(hTGroup, 'Annotation'), 'LegendInformation'),...
                 'IconDisplayStyle','on');
            hold on;
            f = [results.m(:, cnt dim)+2*sqrt(results.s2(:, cnt dim)); flip(results.m/
(:, cnt_dim)-2*sqrt(results. s2(:, cnt_dim)), 1)];
            fill([t(opt.start:opt.end); flip(t(opt.start:opt.end), 1)], f, [0.7 0.7\checkmark
0.7], 'EdgeColor', 'none')
            % plot mean org signal
            plot(t(opt.start:opt.end), z(opt.start:opt.end, cnt dim), 'b');
```

```
% plot mean predicted signal
            plot(t(opt. start:opt. end), results. m(1:opt. end-opt. start+1, cnt dim), 'r');
            if cnt_dim == 1
                 legend('training data', '95% conf. int.', 'org. values', 'pred. ✓
values', 'Orientation', 'horizontal', 'Location', [0.45 0.49 0.15 0.04]);
             end
            axis tight
             title(['S', num2str(cnt_dim),': RMSE_{train}: ', num2str(results. ✓
rmse train(cnt dim)),...
                 ' - RMSE {test}: ', num2str(results.rmse test(cnt dim))]);
            xlabel('time [s]');
            ylabel('amplitude y [mm]');
             subplot(2, num_dim, num_dim+cnt_dim);
            min val = min(results.p(:, cnt dim));
            max val = max(results.p(:, cnt dim));
            plot([t(opt.training_data{cnt_dim})) t(opt.training_data{cnt_dim})]',...
                 [ min val max val]', 'Color', [0.85 0.85 0.5]);
            hold on
            plot(t(opt. start:opt. end), results. p(1:opt. end-opt. start+1, cnt_dim));
            title('probability p');
            axis tight
            xlabel('time [s]');
            ylabel('p');
        end
    else
        figure
        subplot(2, 1, 1);
        x1im([-0.8 \ 0.8]);
        y1im([-0.8 \ 0.8]);
        z1im([-1.1 1.1]);
        hold on
        plot3(x_train(x_train(:,3)==1,1), x_train(x_train(:,3)==1,2), z_train(x_train\checkmark
(:,3)==1,1), 'k*', 'Markersize', 8, 'Linewidth', 2);
        surface(x-translation(1), y-translation(2), z1);
        xlabel('Dim 1');
```

```
ylabel('Dim 2');
          title('Task 1');
          hold on;
          legend('training points task 1')
          subplot(2, 1, 2);
          x1im([-0.8 \ 0.8]);
          y1im([-0.8 \ 0.8]);
          z1im([-1.1 1.1]);
          hold on
          \texttt{plot3}(\texttt{x\_train}(\texttt{x\_train}(\texttt{:,3}) \texttt{==2,1})', \texttt{x\_train}(\texttt{x\_train}(\texttt{:,3}) \texttt{==2,2})', \texttt{z\_train} \checkmark
(x train(:, 3) == 2, 1)', 'k*', 'Markersize', 10, 'Linewidth', 2);
          surface(x, y, z2');
          xlabel('Dim 1');
          ylabel('Dim 2');
          title(['Task 2 - shifted by diml: ', num2str(results.hyp.cov(end-1)),' (true: ✓
', num2str(-translation(1)),') / dim2: ', num2str(results.hyp.cov(end)),' (true: ', ✓
num2str(-translation(2)),')']);
          legend('training points task 2')
     end
end
```