

```

1  function K = MTGP_covSEiso(hyp, x, z, i)
2
3  % Squared Exponential covariance function with isotropic distance measure.
4  %
5  % Based on the covSEiso.m function of the GPML Toolbox -
6  %   with the following changes:
7  %       - only elements of x(:,1:end-1)/z(:,1:end-1) will be analyzed,
8  %       - x(:,end) will be ignored, as it contains only the label information
9  %       - independent of the label all x values will have the same hyp
10 %
11 % The covariance function is parameterized as :
12 %
13 %  $k(x^p, x^q) = sf^2 * \exp(-(x^p - x^q)' * \text{inv}(P) * (x^p - x^q) / 2)$ 
14 %
15 % where the P matrix is  $\text{ell}^2$  times the unit matrix and  $sf^2$  is the signal
16 % variance. The hyperparameters are:
17 %
18 % hyp = [ log(ell);
19 %         log(sqrt(sf2))]
20 %
21 % by Robert Duerichen
22 % 04/02/2014
23
24 if nargin<2, K = '2'; return; end % report number of parameters
25 if nargin<3, z = []; end % make sure, z exists
26 xeqz = numel(z)==0; dg = strcmp(z,'diag') && numel(z)>0; % determine mode
27
28 ell = exp(hyp(1)); % characteristic length scale
29 sf2 = exp(2*hyp(2)); % signal variance
30
31 % precompute squared distances
32 if dg % vector kxx
33     K = zeros(size(x(:,1:end-1),1),1);
34 else
35     if xeqz % symmetric matrix Kxx
36         K = sq_dist(x(:,1:end-1)'/ell);
37     else % cross covariances Kxz
38         K = sq_dist(x(:,1:end-1)'/ell,z(:,1:end-1)'/ell);
39     end
40 end
41
42 if nargin<4 % covariances
43     K = sf2*exp(-K/2);
44 else % derivatives
45     if i==1
46         K = sf2*exp(-K/2).*K;
47     elseif i==2
48         K = 2*sf2*exp(-K/2);
49     else
50         error('Unknown hyperparameter')
51     end
52 end

```