

#### genSpace: Exploring Social Networking Metaphors for Knowledge Sharing and Scientific Collaborative Work

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#### Introduction

- Scientists collaborating together in the same lab on the same project share:
  - □ Data: specimens, samples, materials, observations, etc.
  - □ Tools: instruments
  - ☐ Knowledge: open discussion
- However, there are time and space constraints
- More significantly, this does not scale well to communities of scientists working on different projects but who could possibly learn from each other's expertise, experience, etc.





## **CSCW** Approaches

- CSCW aims to augment same-time/same-place collaboration but more significantly differenttime/different-place collaborations and communities
- Current generation CSCW systems support data sharing (e.g. Biological Systems Collaboratory) and/or tool sharing (e.g. BioCoRE)
- However, these systems do not address knowledge sharing
  - □ how/when/where/why to use tools and data





# **Knowledge Sharing**

- Knowledge sharing is partially enabled through static approaches: publications, email lists, message boards, wikis, etc.
- We seek to add knowledge sharing to CSCW, but without requiring "extra work" on the part of scientists





#### Social Networking

- Some online social networking is a form of CSCW that is potentially enjoyable and profitable but still requires "extra work"
  - ☐ Facebook, MySpace, LinkedIn, etc.
- Other social networking implicitly records what people do online to aggregate, data mine, disseminate in an enjoyable and profitable fashion, but with no "extra work"
  - □ Collaborative filtering





#### Overview

- We combine implicit and explicit social networking concepts in our approach to augmenting data and tool sharing CSCW with knowledge sharing
- We present a prototype implementation of such a system in the domain of computational biology
- We examine some of the software engineering implications of such an approach





## Background

- We are working with Columbia University's Center for Computational Biology & Bioinformatics to enable collaboration and communities
- Many computational biologists use geWorkbench, a platform for analysis and visualization tools for integrated genomics
- geWorkbench is standalone and has no collaboration facilities



# Important Questions

- What analysis tools should I use to investigate this problem?
- Who do I know who also uses this tool?
- Which tools work well together?
- Where does this tool fit in a typical workflow?
- When did I previously use this tool?
- How can I get help (from an expert who is online right now)?





#### **Analogous Social Networking Questions**

- What movies would I like?
- Who also likes this book?
- Which food and wine go together?
- Where does this song fit in a playlist?
- When was this restaurant last reviewed?
- How can I get help about this MP3 player?





### Approach

- The use of tools in the domain indirectly encapsulates knowledge and expertise
- We automatically build organizational and community memory by monitoring what users do with a particular set of tools
- Aggregated logs can then be mined and knowledge can then be exposed via social networking models





#### **Implementation**

- genSpace is a set of plugin components for geWorkbench
- Instrument geWorkbench to capture and record analysis events
- Aggregate event logs for communities of users
- Data mine event patterns and then expose them via social networking functionality



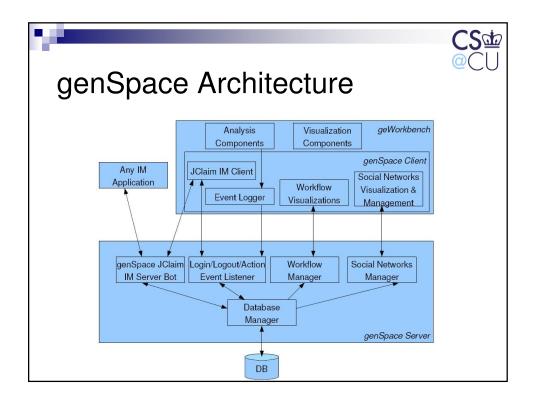


# genSpace Features (1)

- Social Networking: allows users to associate with each other and share knowledge
- Collaborative Workflow Composition: past history of analysis tool usage is used to identify and visualize commonly-occurring sequences/workflows
- Instant Messaging (IM)-based User Interface: communication with the system may be done via IM clients such as Yahoo! Messenger, Windows Live Messenger, or Google Talk



- Peer Suggestions: suggests other genSpace users who work with similar analysis tools
- Tool Suggestions: suggests analysis tools that may be useful, based on what tools were previously used
- Expert Finder: identifies genSpace members who appear to be experts in using geWorkbench, a particular analysis tool, or a set of tools







## **Privacy Concerns**

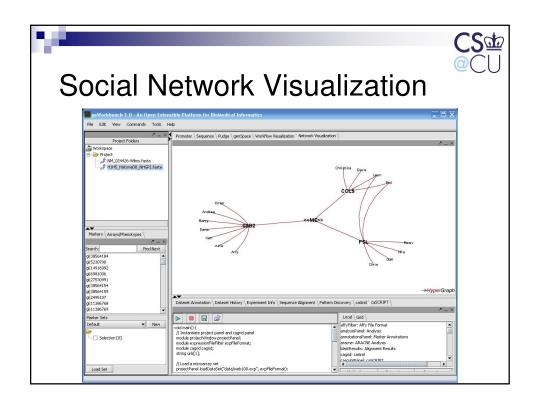
- Users can choose anonymous logging or disable it entirely
- Users can also opt out of being suggested as expert or peer
- Security of the activity logs will also need to be investigated





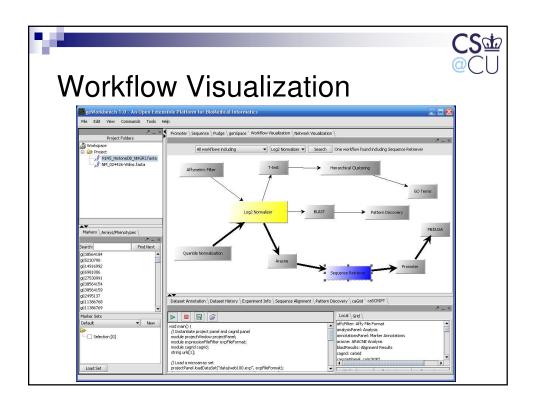
### Social Networking

- Users can list, create and join social networks
- Also create lists of friends and see who is currently logged in
- Can also query for the most popular tool, either in social network or all genSpace



# Collaborative Workflow Composition

- Addresses the challenge of selecting from a number of analysis and visualization tools
- System investigates what other workflows have been performed in the past by other users and then suggests one or more "workflows" based on other users' previous activity



# Peer and Tool Suggestions

- "Friend finder" allows users to find others who have similar operational profiles in terms of patterns of analysis tool usage
- "Tool finder" suggests analysis tools based on other users' workflows including similar toolsets





# **Expert Finder**

- Finds the user who has most often worked with the analysis tool in question
  - ☐ Can limit the search to one's social networks
  - ☐ Users can opt out of being considered experts
- Also can find geWorkbench "Power Users" who may be more familiar with the framework, rather than individual analysis tools



#### Software Engineering Considerations

- We benefited from geWorkbench's component-based architecture and its publish/subscribe model for transmitting events between components
- We were also able to easily integrate visualization features into the application because of geWorkbench's plugin architecture for user interface components





#### **Current Status**

- Logging of geWorkbench user activities will be included in next release
  - ☐ This will enable us to accumulate an initial knowledge store
- After any required clean-up, a small beta release of genSpace social networking features will be rolled out

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#### **Future Work**

- Addressing "concept drift"
- Further investigation of impact on privacy, security, trust, etc. with respect to data sets and activity monitoring
- Tagging
- Just-in-time recommendations/suggestions





#### Conclusion

- We have presented an approach to knowledge sharing that is based on social networking metaphors
- We have also presented an implementation called genSpace, built on the geWorkbench platform for integrated genomics
- Potentially applicable to other kinds of scientists and engineers, including software engineers

#### genSpace:

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**enable** (vt): to make possible, practical, or easy



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