papertitle

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1 Introduction

1.1 Restatement of the problem

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

f(x) is equals to $\sin(x)$ and α

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1.2 Random thoughts

The equations $\sum_{k=1}^{3} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{8}$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{3} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{8} \tag{1}$$

and

$$\sum_{k=1}^{3} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{8} \text{ for all real } x$$

2 Conclusion

The circle in Figure 1 looks like a face.

$$a+b=c$$

$$d=e+f$$
(2)

$$g + h = i (3)$$

$$a + b = c$$

$$d = e + f$$

$$g + h = i$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

- First Item.
- Second Item.
- 1. First Item.
 - (a) First Subitem.
 - (b) Second Subitem.
- 2. Second Item.

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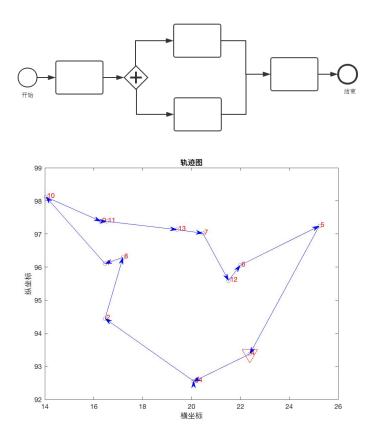


Figure 1: This looks like UML.

Centered	Spread out	
0	1	2
1	\boldsymbol{x}	x^2

Table 1: Some Letters.

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This is part of a paper¹
The first four letters of the alphabet are in Table 1.
It was shown in [2] that termites eat wood.

References

- [1] Carpentwe, Bob. The Life of Ants. Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1994.
- [2] Terwilliger, Sam. Termites. Prentice Hall, New York, 2004.

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{This}$ is a footnote.