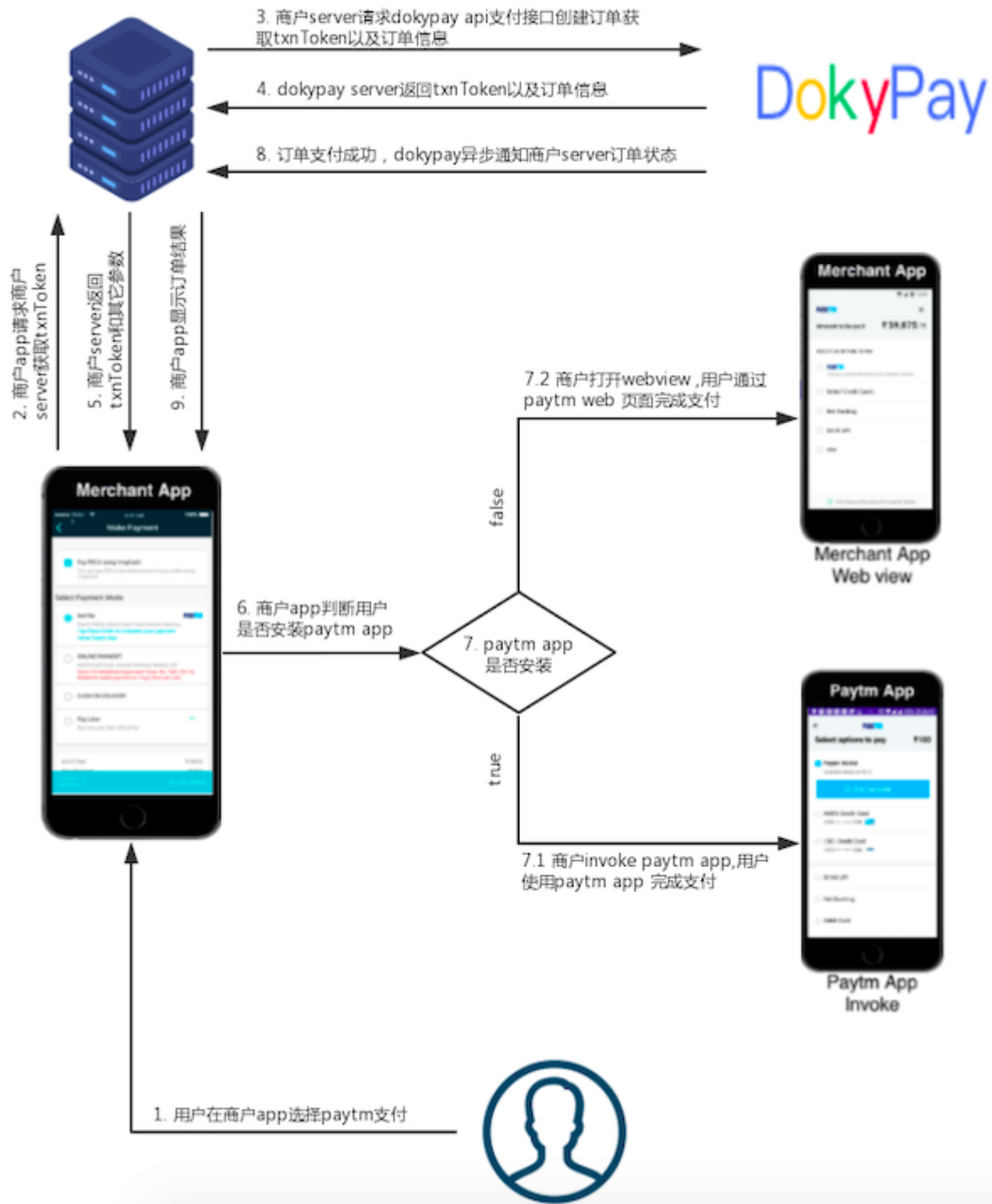


# Paytm Invoke Flow



- 1. 用户在商户app选择paytm支付
- 2. 商户app通过商户服务器获取txnToken等参数
- 3. 商户服务器通过dokypay API支付接口获取txnToken以及订单信息
- 4. dokypay 验证商户请求并返回txnToken以及订单信息
- 5. 商户服务器返回 txnToken, mid, orderid, amount参数给商户app

- 6. 商户app将 txnToken, mid, orderid, amount 提交paytm 处理请求
- 7. 商户app验证用户是否安装paytm app
  - 1). 如果用户安装paytm app, 用户通过paytm app完成支付
  - 2). 如果用户未安装paytm app, 商户需要打开webview,让用户通过paytm web页面完成支付
- 8. 用户支付成功, dokypay发送异步通知, 通知商户服务器订单状态
- 9. 商户服务器验证订单状态, 通知商户app,展示订单结果

# API

## 1. 创建订单

### 请求地址

- 生产环境
- <https://gateway.dokypay.com/clientapi/unifiedorder>
- 测试环境
- <https://gatewaybeta.dokypay.com/clientapi/unifiedorder>

### 请求参数

其它参数说明请参考dokypay api文档 ([API 方式支付接口](#))

字段	说明	类型	长度	必填
pmId	固定值 paytm.invoke	String	--	yes

```
{
  "amount": "10",
  "appId": "{{paymentApp}}",
  "currency": "INR",
  "description": "dokypay test",
  "merTransNo": "{{merTransNo}}",
  "notifyUrl": "https://replybeta.dokypay.com/notify",
  "prodName": "southeast.asia",
  "returnUrl": "https://replybeta.dokypay.com/notify",
  "version": "1.0",
  "pmId": "paytm.invoke",
  "extInfo": {
    "payerName": "test",
    "payerEmail": "test@163.com",
    "payerMobile": "7777777777"
  },
  "sign": "{{sign}}"
}
```

## 响应参数

以下参数会额外返回，其它参数说明请参考dokypay api文档 ([API 方式支付接口](#))

字段	说明	类型	长度	必填
mid	dokypay在paytm的唯一商户id	String	--	yes
orderid	dokypay在paytm的订单id	String	--	yes
txnToken	当前订单唯一标识	String	--	yes

```
{
  "data": {
    "amount": "10",
    "currency": "INR",
    "doing": "param",
    "merTransNo": "dokypay-1566118951180",
    "message": "success",
    "mid": "LTMNVB07467618698062",
    "orderid": "190818170329378010474920",
    "processAmount": "10.00",
    "processCurrency": "INR",
    "resultCode": "0000",
    "sign": "143272d4e259d4763485d7e82f73fac25ff007f3h",
    "tradeNo": "20190818170329338010474423",
    "txnToken": "4011e74dbeb643b582f42ca84d2e6a5615661190809"
  },
  "code": "200",
  "msg": "OK",
  "timestamp": "1566119009910"
}
```

## 2. 处理请求

### 请求地址

- 生产环境
- <https://securegw.paytm.in/theia/api/v1/showPaymentPage?mid=&orderId=>
- 测试环境
- <https://securegw-stage.paytm.in/theia/api/v1/showPaymentPage?mid=&orderId=>
- 请求类型 : Post

### 请求参数

字段	说明	类型	长度	必填
MID	dokypay在paytm的唯一商户id ( mid )	String	--	yes
txnToken	订单唯一标识	String	--	yes
ORDER_ID	dokypay在paytm的订单id ( orderid )	String	--	yes

## Paytm App Invoke Android

*Inputs from client:*

- 1. amount - 订单金额
- 2. orderid - dokypay在paytm的订单id
- 3. txnToken - 订单唯一标识
- 4. mid - dokypay在paytm的唯一商户id

*Parameters passed to client:*

- 1. Result Code - Success/Failure, Cancel Transaction, Invalid Input Parameters (See below)
- 2. Message - General message to explain above Result Code
- 3. Response - JSON response of transaction done. Merchant need to parse the JSON to know whether transaction was successful or Failure

*Result Codes:*

- 0 - Cancel Transaction
- 1 - Success/Failure
- 100 - Invalid Input Parameters

*Code Snippet for integration:*

- 1. Create Intent to open Paytm Activity on Merchant App,if not installed Paytm app,webview post data to postUrl,then redirect to payment webpage

```
try{
```

```

Intent paytmIntent = new Intent();
Bundle bundle = new Bundle();
bundle.putDouble("nativeSdkForMerchantAmount", amount);
bundle.putString("orderid", orderid);
bundle.putString("txnToken", txnToken);
bundle.putString("mid", mid);
paytmIntent.setComponent(new ComponentName("net.one97.paytm",
"net.one97.paytm.AJRJarvisSplash"));
paytmIntent.putExtra("paymentmode", 2); // You must have to pass hard coded
2 here, Else your transaction would not proceed.
paytmIntent.putExtra("bill", bundle); startActivityForResult(paytmIntent,
ActivityRequestCode);
**ActivityRequestCode to be defined by merchant.
}catch (ActivityNotFoundException e) {
//In case of Paytm app not installed, kindly handle
ActivityNotFoundException occurred while invoking Paytm Activity.
    StringBuilder postData = new StringBuilder();
    postData.append("MID=")
        .append(mid)
        .append("&txnToken=")
        .append(txnToken)
        .append("&ORDER_ID=").append(orderid);
    webView.postUrl(postUrl + "?mid=" + mid + "&orderId=" + orderid,
        postData.toString().getBytes());
}

```

- 2. Receive output parameters in onActivityResult:

```

@Override
protected void onActivityResult(int requestCode, int resultCode, Intent
data) {
    if (requestCode == ActivityRequestCode && data != null) {
        Toast.makeText(this, data.getStringExtra("nativeSdkForMerchantMessage") +
data.getStringExtra("response"), Toast.LENGTH_SHORT).show(); }
    }
}

```

## Paytm App Invoke IOS

Inputs from client:

- 1. amount - 订单金额
- 2. orderid - dokypay在paytm的订单id
- 3. txnToken - 订单唯一标识
- 4. mid - dokypay在paytm的唯一商户id

## Code Snippet for integration:

- 1. Merchant call Paytm deeplink  
("paytm://merchantpayment?txnToken=(T)&orderId=(orderId)&mid=(mid)&amount=(amount)")

```
func tokenFetched(txnToken: String,orderId: String,mid: String)
-> Bool {
    if let paytmURL:URL = URL(string:
"paytm://merchantpayment?txnToken=\(txnToken)&orderId=\(orderId)
&mid=\(mid)&amount=10000") {
        let application:UIApplication = UIApplication.shared
        if (application.canOpenURL(paytmURL)) {
            application.open(paytmURL, options: [:]) {
                (finish) in
            }
            return true
        }
    }
    return false
}
```

- 2. Add Following entries in Info.plist

LSApplicationQueriesSchemes(Array) Item 0 (String)-> paytm

▼ LSApplicationQueriesSchemes	↕	Array	(1 item)
Item 0	+ -	String	↕ paytm

- 3. Add URL Scheme "paytm"+"mid"

▼ URL Types (1)

Untitled

No image specified

Identifier: None

Icon: None

URL Schemes: paytmAMcoi53684180041762

Role: Editor

▶ Additional url type properties (0)

+

- 4. Getting Response from Paytm  
Client will get the response in AppDelegate Method.  
func application(\_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options: [UIApplicationOpenURLOptionsKey : Any] = [:]) -> Bool

```
func application(_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options:
[UIApplicationOpenURLOptionsKey : Any] = [:]) -> Bool {
    print(url.absoluteString)
    return true
}
```