## Midterm BUEC 333

June 19, 2014, 12:30-14:20

Each question earns 1 point, and only if it is accompanied by a correct explanation. Exception: question 3.

## 1 Probability

You have a random sample  $(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$  of measurements of X. The random variable X has mean  $\mu_x = E(X)$  and variance  $\sigma_x^2 = Var(X)$ . The sample average is  $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ .

- 1. Which one of the following three statements about  $\bar{X}$  and  $\mu_x$  is true?
  - (a)  $\bar{X} = \mu_x$ .
  - (b)  $Var(X_1) = Var(\mu_x)$ .
  - (c)  $E(\bar{X}) = E(X_1) = \mu_x$ . <- correct answer. E(X1) = muX because the draws are identically distributed. Then, showing that  $E[barX] = 1/n \setminus E[X_i] = 1/n$  \* n \* muX.
- 2. Show that  $Var(\bar{X}) = \sigma_x^2/n$ . Carefully state what you are doing at each step of the derivation.  $Var(barX) = 1/(n^2) \bigvee Var(Xi) + \text{"some covariance term"} = 1/(n^2) \bigvee Var(Xi) = 1/(n^2) * n * Var(Xi) = 1/n Var(Xi)$

Consider the joint probability distribution presented in Table 1.

- 3. For each of the following statements (a)-(h), state whether the statement is true. No explanation necessary. Correct answer: 0.25. No answer: 0. Incorrect: -0.25 points.
  - (a)  $P(X_2 = 1 | X_1 = 3) = 1$  true
  - (b)  $P(X_2 = 1|X_1 = 2) = 0.4$  true
  - (c)  $P(X_2 = 3|X_1 = 2) = 0.1$  false
  - (d)  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are uncorrelated **false**
  - (e)  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent false
  - (f)  $E(X_1) > 1$  **true**
  - (g)  $P(X_2 = 2) = 0.1$  false
  - (h)  $P(X_1 \le 2) = 0.75$  true

		$X_1$		
		1	2	3
	1	0.1	0.2	0.25
$X_2$	2	0.1	0.2	0
	3	0.05	0.1	0

Table 1: Joint probability distribution.

## 2 Statistics

Assume that you have a random sample (2,3,4) for a RV X with mean  $\mu_x$  and variance  $\sigma_x^2$ .

- 4. For this sample, compute  $\bar{X}$ . 3. Note: explanation uses formula.
- 5. For this sample, compute the sample variance.  $(2-3)^2+(3-3)^2+(4-3)^2$  / (n-1)=1.
- 6. Construct a 90%-CI for  $\mu_x$  based on the sample mean and sample variance. [3-1.64\*SE(Xbar), 3+1.64\*SE(Xbar)] = [3-1.64/sqrt(3), 3+1.64/sqrt(3)]
- 7. Interpret the numbers in your answer to question 6. Incorrect answer: "contains  $\mu_X$  with 90% probability". Correct: "If we would repeat this procedure many, many times, it would contain  $\mu_X$  ~90% of the time.". Any answer that contains elements of the incorrect answer will not receive any points.

## 3 Regression analysis

- 8. This question is about the error term,  $u_i$ , in regression analysis.
  - (a) Why do we include an error term in our regression equation? possible correct answer: to capture other factors that influence Y. or: measurement error, nonlinearities, etc.
  - (b) What is the difference between an error term and a residual? **possible correct answer:** one is a population quantity, one is a sample quantity. another correct answers": one measures distance from point to population regression line, the other to the estimated (sample) regression line. the answer should definitely contain the words "population" and "sample".
- 9. Using the population regression equation or the estimated regression equation, write down precisely what the OLS estimator minimizes. Your answer should include "error terms" or "residuals", as well as a precise mathematical expression for what is being minimized. Minimizes the sum of squared (vertical) distance of the points in the scatterplot to the estimated regression line, so  $min \sum_{i=1}^{n} \hat{u}_i^2$ .

Consider the linear regression model, with equation  $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + u_i$ . You are given the following random sample of size n = 3:

$X_i$	$Y_i$	i
2	6	1
1	3	2
3	3	3

- 10. For this sample, Compute  $\hat{\beta}_1$ , the OLS estimator for the intercept  $\beta_1$ . 0.
- 11. For this sample, Compute  $\hat{\beta}_0$ , the OLS estimator for the intercept  $\beta_0$ . If you did not manage to the previous question, assume that  $\hat{\beta}_1 = 0.5$ . barY=beta0hat=4.

Interpret the number you obta not explain Y at all.	ain. The R2 is zero, sin	nce the line is