光布

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诚信应考, 考试作弊将带来严重后果!

## 华南理工大学本科生期末考试

《工科数学分析(上)》期末考试(A)

注意事项: 1. 考前请将密封线内填写清楚;

- 2. 考试形式: 闭卷;
- 3. 请用蓝色或黑色水笔答题,不要用铅笔或者其他颜色的笔答题;
- 4. 交卷时除了草稿纸不用交之外,每页试卷都要交;
- 5. 本试卷共 10 大题, 满分 100 分, 考试时间 120 分钟。

题 号	_	1 1	111	四	五	六	七	八	九	+	总分
得 分											

一、 (10分)用 $\varepsilon - \delta$ 语言叙述 $\lim_{x \to b} g(x) = B$ 的定义. 并用定义证明 $\lim_{x \to a} \sqrt{x} = \sqrt{a}(a > 0)$ .

解:  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{$ 

二、(10分)计算下列极限

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\text{(1)} \lim_{t \to \infty} \left( \frac{t}{1+t} \right)^{t}; \\
\text{(2)} \lim_{t \to \infty} \left( \frac{t}{1+t} \right)^{t} = \lim_{t \to \infty} \left( \frac{t}{1+t} \right)^{t} \\
= \lim_{t \to \infty} \left( \left( \frac{t}{1+t} \right)^{t} - \left( \frac{t}{1+t} \right) \right)^{-t} \\
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= \lim_{t \to \infty} \left( \left( \frac{t}{1+t} \right)^{t} - \left( \frac{t}{1+t}$$

$$(2) \lim_{x \to 0+} ((2 + \frac{1}{x})e^{x} - \frac{1}{x}).$$

$$(2 + \frac{1}{x}) (1 + \chi + \frac{1}{2} \chi^{2} + o(\chi^{2})) - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$(2 + \frac{1}{x}) (1 + \chi + \frac{1}{2} \chi^{2} + o(\chi^{2})) - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$= 2 + 2\chi + \chi^{2} + o(\chi^{2}) + \frac{1}{x} + 1 + \frac{1}{2} \chi$$

$$+ o(\chi) - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$= 3 + \frac{5}{2} \chi + o(\chi)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\chi + o + 1} (12 + \frac{1}{x}) e^{\chi} - \frac{1}{\chi} = 3$$

$$\chi + \frac{1}{\chi} + \frac{1}$$

三、(10分)完成下面两题

(2) 定义函数

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^4 \sin \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0, \\ 0, & x = 0. \end{cases}$$

问g(x)在x = 0有几阶导数.

年子: 由定义  

$$f'(x) = \int 4x^3 \sin \frac{1}{2} - \chi^2 \cos \frac{1}{2} \chi = 0$$
  
 $f''(0) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f'(h) - f'(v)}{h}$   
 $= \lim_{h \to 0} (4h^2 \sin \frac{1}{h} - h\cos \frac{1}{h}) = 0$   
 $f''(x) = \int 12\chi^2 \sin \frac{1}{2} - 6\chi \cos \frac{1}{2} - \sin \frac{1}{2} \chi \neq 0$   
易见  $f''(x)$  事態的第3页次10页

四、(10分)计算以下两题

日子: 
$$\int x^2 e^{-x} dx = -\int x^2 de^{-x}$$

$$= -\chi^2 e^{-x} + \int e^{-x} 2\chi dx$$

$$= -\chi^2 e^{-x} - 2\int x de^{-x}$$

$$= -\chi^2 e^{-x} - 2\chi e^{-x} + 2\int e^{-x} dx$$

$$= -\chi^2 e^{-x} - 2\chi e^{-x} - 2e^{-x} + C\chi$$

$$= -\chi^2 e^{-x} - 2\chi e^{-x} - 2e^{-x} + C\chi$$

$$= \chi \int x^2 + 4 dx.$$

$$= \chi \int x^2 + 4 - \int \chi^2 + 4 - 4 d\chi$$

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五、 (10分)设 $f(x) \in C[a,b]$ , f(x) > 0. 则存在唯一的 $\xi \in (a,b)$ , 使得 $\int_a^{\xi} f(t) dt = \int_{\xi}^b \frac{1}{f(t)} dt$ .

六、 (10分)设心脏线的极坐标方程为 $r=b(1+\cos\theta)$ ,其中 $r=\sqrt{x^2+y^2},\theta=\arctan\frac{y}{x},b>0$ .

$$\begin{array}{l}
\widehat{AX} = \frac{V'10)\sin\theta}{V'10050} \\
-\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{V'10)\sin\theta + V(0)\cos\theta}{V'10050} \\
-\frac{b\sin\theta}{b(1+\cos\theta)\cos\theta} \\
-\frac{b\sin\theta}{b(1+\cos\theta)\cos\theta} \\
-\frac{b\sin\theta}{b(1+\cos\theta)\sin\theta} \\
-\frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta}{\cos\theta} \\
-\frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} + \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} \\
-$$

(2) 求心脏线所围成的面积.

解: 如图由对众外生
$$S = \int_{0}^{\pi} Y^{2}(0) d0$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} (1 + \omega S_{0})^{2} d0$$

$$= \int_{0}^{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} (1 + 2\omega S_{0} + \omega S_{0}^{2} 0) d0$$

$$= \pi \int_{0}^{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \int_{0}^{\pi} (1 + \omega S_{0} 20) d0$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \pi \int_{0}^{\pi} 4$$

## 七、(10分)完成下面两题

(1) 讨论函数 $g(x) = \ln x$ 的凹凸性;

(2) 设p,q>0, 且 $\frac{1}{p}+\frac{1}{q}=1$ , 又设a>0, b>0, 证明:

八、 (10分)设 $f(x), g(x) \in C[a, b]$ 满足 $f(x) \geq g(x), \forall x \in [a, b], 且 \int_a^b f(x) dx = \int_a^b g(x) dx, 则在区间[a, b] 上 f(x) \equiv g(x).$ 

f(x) = f(x) - g(x)由已矢2 h(x) 20 且 (bh(x) dx=0 只需 h(x) =0、否则不女方设 =xs E(a,b) 5.t h(xi)>0、由趋绿性 7 870, St 4 XETX,-S, X.+8] to有 h(x) スラh(x。)  $( b | h | x) dx = \int_{a}^{x_{o}-\delta} h(x) dx$  $+\left(\begin{array}{c} x - x \\ x - x \end{array}\right) h(x) dx + \int_{x - x}^{b} h(x) dx$  $\geq \int_{x-c}^{x+\delta} h(x) dx$ > 一上 (x3)·28 >0, 矛盾发

九、 (10分)设 $g(x) \in C[0,1]$ , 在开区间(0,1)内可导,且g(0) = 1, g(1) = 0. 证明:存在一点 $x_0 \in (0,1)$ , 使得 $g'(x_0) = -\frac{g(x_0)}{x_0}$ .

十、(10分) (1)设g(x)在任一有限区间上可积,且 $\lim_{x \to +\infty} g(x) = a$ . 求证:

$$\lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{1}{x} \int_{0}^{x} g(t) dt = a.$$

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