

Chapter 4





□jQuery.
☐ How to use jQuery library?
□jQuery Syntax.
□jQuery Selectors.
□jQuery Attribute Selectors.
□DOM traversal.
□jQuery event handling.
□jQuery CSS Manipulation.
□iQuery Effects.



- Current Version 3.6.3
- Scope
 - DOM traversing
 - AJAX
 - Effects
 - Easy Extensibility

http://jquery.com/





- Advantages
 - Friendly API's
 - DOM traversing is very easy especially for complex search criteria (as query in DB).
 - The core library size is very small 16 kb.
 - Includes Effects and Animation in the core library
 - Plugins are available to cover all needs
 - jQuery UI Extension provides very rich controls



- DOM manipulation
- Event handling
- AJAX Support
- Animations
- Lightweight
- Cross Browser Support
- Latest Technology





How to use?

- 1. Download the latest jQuery version. http://jquery.com/
- 2. Put jquery-.....js file in a directory of your website.
- 3. Include jquery library in your HTML file.



How to use?

4. Enjoy

```
<html>
<head>
 <script type="text/javascript" src="/jquery/jquery-1.3.2.min.js" ></script>
 <script type="text/javascript" language="javascript">
   $(document).ready(function() {
   $("div").click(function() {
    alert("Hello world!");
   });
 });
                                                                      http://www.tutorialspoint.com
                                                                      Hello world!
</script>
                                                                                                       OK
</head>
<body>
      <div id="newdiv">
      Click on this to see a welcome dialogue.
      </div>
</body>
</html>
```



Syntax

• can use all the functions and other capabilities available in JavaScript.

\$(selector).action()

- A dollar sign to define jQuery (\$.noConflict()).
- A (selector) to "query (or find)" HTML elements (CSS selector syntax).
- A jQuery action() to be performed on the element(s).



Selectors

Uses CSS selectors to select HTML elements.

Selector	Description
Name	Selects all elements which match with the given element Name .
#ID	Selects a single element which matches with the given ID
.Class	Selects all elements which match with the given Class .
Universal (*)	Selects all elements available in a DOM.
Multiple Elements E, F, G	Selects the combined results of all the specified selectors E , F or G .

- \$("p") selects all elements.
- \$("p.intro") selects all elements with class="intro".
- \$("#demo") selects element with id="demo".



Selectors Attribute

```
<img id="myImage" src="image.gif" alt="An image" class="someClass" />
        •Get : var title = $("<u>img</u>").<u>attr</u>("src");
        •Set : $("# myImage").attr("src", "/images/jquery.jpg");
        •Apply style :
        <style>
           .selected { color:red; }
           .highlight { background:yellow; }
         </style>
        $("p").addClass("selected");
        $("#myid").addClass("highlight");
```



Methods	Description
attr(properties)	Set a key/value object as properties to all matched elements.
attr(key, fn)	Set a single property to a computed value, on all matched elements.
removeAttr(name)	Remove an attribute from each of the matched elements.
hasClass(class)	Returns true if the specified class is present on at least one of the set of matched elements.
removeClass(class)	Removes all or the specified class(es) from the set of matched elements.
toggleClass(class)	Adds the specified class if it is not present, removes the specified class if it is present.
html()	Get the html contents (innerHTML) of the first matched element.
html(val)	Set the html contents of every matched element.
text()	Get the combined text contents of all matched elements.
text(val)	Set the text contents of all matched elements.



DOM traversal

Method	Description
after(content)	Insert content after each of the matched elements.
append(content)	Append content at last index to the inside of every matched element.
appendTo(selector)	Append all of the matched elements to another, specified, set of elements.
before(content)	Insert content before each of the matched elements.
empty()	Remove all child nodes from the set of matched elements.
insertAfter(selector)	Insert all of the matched elements after another, specified, set of elements.
insertBefore(selector)	Insert all of the matched elements before another, specified, set of elements.
prepend(content)	Prepend content at first index to the inside of every matched element.
prependTo(selector)	Prepend all of the matched elements to another, specified, set of elements.
remove(expr)	Removes all matched elements from the DOM.
replaceAll(selector)	Replaces the elements matched by the specified selector with the matched elements.
replaceWith(content)	Replaces all matched elements with the specified HTML or DOM elements.



Binding event handlers:

```
selector.bind( eventType[, eventData], handler)
$('div').bind('click', function( event ){
   alert('Hi there!');
});
```

- •eventType: A string containing a JavaScript event type, such as click or submit. Refer to the next section for a complete list of event types.
- •eventData: This is optional parameter is a map of data that will be passed to the event handler.
- •handler: A function to execute each time the event is triggered.



Binding Methods:

```
$("div").click( function () {
   // do something here
});
```

•eventType: A string containing a JavaScript event type, such as click or submit. Refer to the next section for a complete list of event types.

•eventData: This is optional parameter is a map of data that will be passed to the event handler.

•handler: A function to execute each time the event is triggered.



Apply CSS Properties:

```
$("p").css("background-color","yellow");
```

Apply Multiple CSS Properties:

```
$("p").css({"background-color":"yellow","font-size":"200%"});
```

height() and width() Methods:

```
$("#div1").height("200px");
$("#div2").width("300px");
```



Showing and Hiding elements:

```
[selector].show(speed, [callback]);
                           [selector].hide( speed, [callback] );
                           [selector].toggle([speed][, callback]);
                           [selector].animate({params},[duration],[easing],[callback])
$("#show").click(function () {
    $(".mydiv").show( 1000 );
  });
$("button").click(function(){
     'div").animate({height:300},"slow");
'div").animate({width:300},"slow");
'div").animate({height:100},"slow");
'div").animate({width:100},"slow");
```



Chapter 4



http://jquerymobile.com



What is Jquery-Mobile?

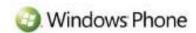
A unified , HTML5-based interface system for all popular mobile device platforms, built on the rock-solid jQuery and jQuery UI foundation



















Why we use JQuery-Mobile?

- Wide browser and device coverage
- jQuery is free, open source software
- smaller files and faster loading web pages
- Touch-friendly form inputs and UI widgets
- jQuery can perform all of the fancy animations and transitions as Flash,
 but in a cleaner, simpler, and friendly



jQuery Mobile features

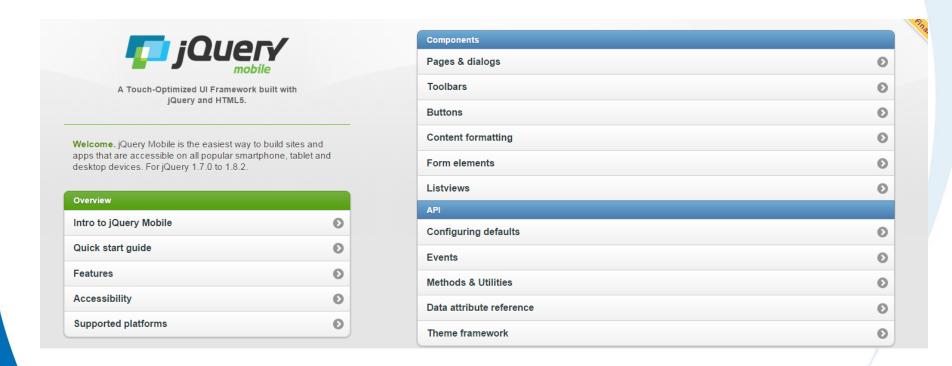
- Pages & Dialogs, Navigation system
- Form controls (sliders, toggles, enhanced radio)
- Toolbars(Header & Footer bars)
- Content formatting
- Buttons (Icons)
- List view control





jQuery – Mobile Demo

http://demos.jquerymobile.com/1.2.0/





jQuery Mobile

Supported Devices

http://jquerymobile.com/browser-support/

A-grade – Full enhanced experience with Ajax-based animated page transitions

B-grade - Enhanced experience except without Ajax navigation features.

C-grade - Basic, non-enhanced HTML experience that is still functional

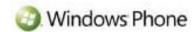




















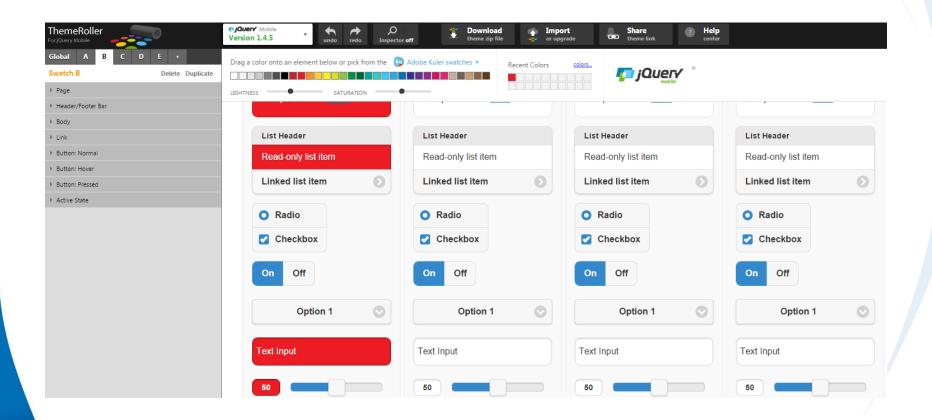
How To Use jQuery Mobile?!

```
<head>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,initial-</pre>
scale=1">
                                                CSS
<link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
href="http://code.jquery.com/mobile/1.4.5/jquery.mobile-
1.4.5.min.css" />
                                       jQuery
<script type="text/javascript"</pre>
src="http://code.jquery.com/jquery-1.11.3.min.js">
</script>
                                                     Mobile jQuery
<script type="text/javascript"</pre>
brc="http://code.jquery.com/mobile/1.4.5/jquery.mobile-
1.4.5.min.js">
</script>
</head>
```



Customize Theme

http://themeroller.jquerymobile.com/



link rel="stylesheet" href="CSS/Custom_theme.css" />



Pages in jQuery Mobile

Inside the <body> tag

 Every page on a mobile device is identified with an element with datarole="page"

Within a page

- Any valid HTML markup can be used
- But for true jQuery Mobile Page the immediate children are semantic elements with data-roles
- "header", "content", and "footer".



Pages in jQuery Mobile

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head> ......
</head>
                                           Page
<body>
 <section data-role="page" id="firstPage>
  <header data-role="header">
                                              The Page Header
   <h1> Page one Title</h1>
  </header>
  <article data-role="content">
                                           The Page Content
   <h1>Page 1 Content</h1>
  </article>
  <footer data-role="footer">
                                           The Page Footer
   <h1> Page One Footer</h1>
  </footer>
 </section>
```



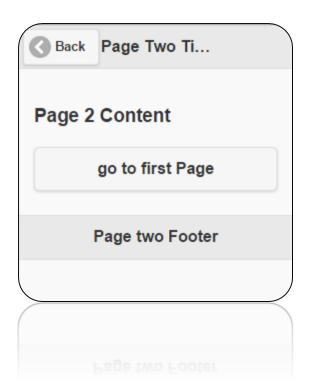
Multi-page jQuery Mobile – Local Pages

```
<section data-role="page" id="firstPage">
  <article data-role="content">
                                           To Page 2
   <h1>Page 1 Content</h1>
   <a href="#secondPage" data-transition="flip"> go to second Page</a>
  </article>
</section>
<section data-role="page" id="secondPage" data-add-back-btn="true">
  <article data-role="content">
                                              To Page1
   <h1>Page 2 Content</h1>
   <a href="#firstPage" data-role="button"> go to First Page</a>
  </article>
</section>
```



Multi-page jQuery Mobile – Local Pages







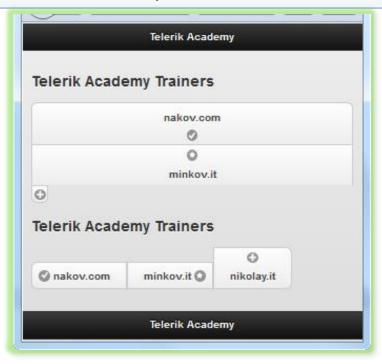
jQuery Mobile – Dialog

<section data-role="page" id="firstPage"></section>		
<a data-rel="dialog" href="#dialog"> Open 		
	dialog Title	
	Enter your name :	
	wewewewe	
	Page two Footer	
<section data-role="dialog" id="graing"></section>		
	••••••	



jQuery Mobile Buttons

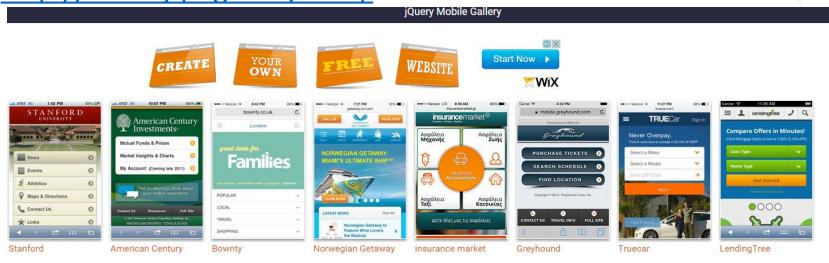
<a data-role="button" data-icon="plus"> Add



.....Next



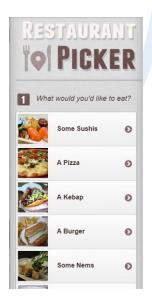
http://www.jqmgallery.com/







http://www.stephaniewalter.fr/demos/restaurant_picker/





Lab Exercise



Lab Exercise

- 1st Assignment:
 - Create a simple "Phone book: Application
 - Many Pages / dialogs
 - Form validation
 - Call option / edit/ add new / delete



