Syntax Rules For Own Language

Variables:

Data Types

- Integer as 'number'
- Character as 'alphabet'
- String as 'sentence'
- Float as 'point'
- Double as 'double'
- Single as 'single

Syntax

```
(number+alphabet+sentence+point+double+single) space+
(small+capital)(small+capital+number+ )* space*;
```

Conditions:

- Words
 - √ If as 'correct'
 - ✓ Else as 'incorrect'
 - ✓ Condition Brackets as '<>'

Syntax

```
(correct)space* < (variable+number) operator
(variable+number)[(||+&&)(variable+number) operator (variable+number)]*> {}
Incorrect {}
```

Loops:

- Words
 - √ For as 'repeat'
 - √ Loop brackets as '<>'

Syntax

```
Repeat < ^+ +variableInitialization+VariableDeclarationInitialization ; ^+ (variable+number) operator (variable+number) ; (^+ + (variable) (+++--) (variable (++-) = number) + (variable = variable (++-) number) > {}
```

Input:

- Words
 - ✓ Cin as 'input'
 - ✓ Brackets as '<<'</p>
- Syntax

```
Input [ << (small+capital+_) (small+capital+number+_)*];</pre>
```

Output:

- Words
 - ✓ Cin as 'output'
 - ✓ Brackets as '>>'
- Syntax

```
output [ >> " (small+capital+number+special)*" + (>>
"(small+capital+number+special)"*];
```