

Analysis

Exploratory Data Analysis

Quantitative Variables

There are 7 quantitative variables in the dataset, including Income, Limit, Rating, Cards, Age, Education, Balance. For each of the variable, we computed minimum, maximum, range, median, quantile, IQR, mean, and standard deviation for each variable.

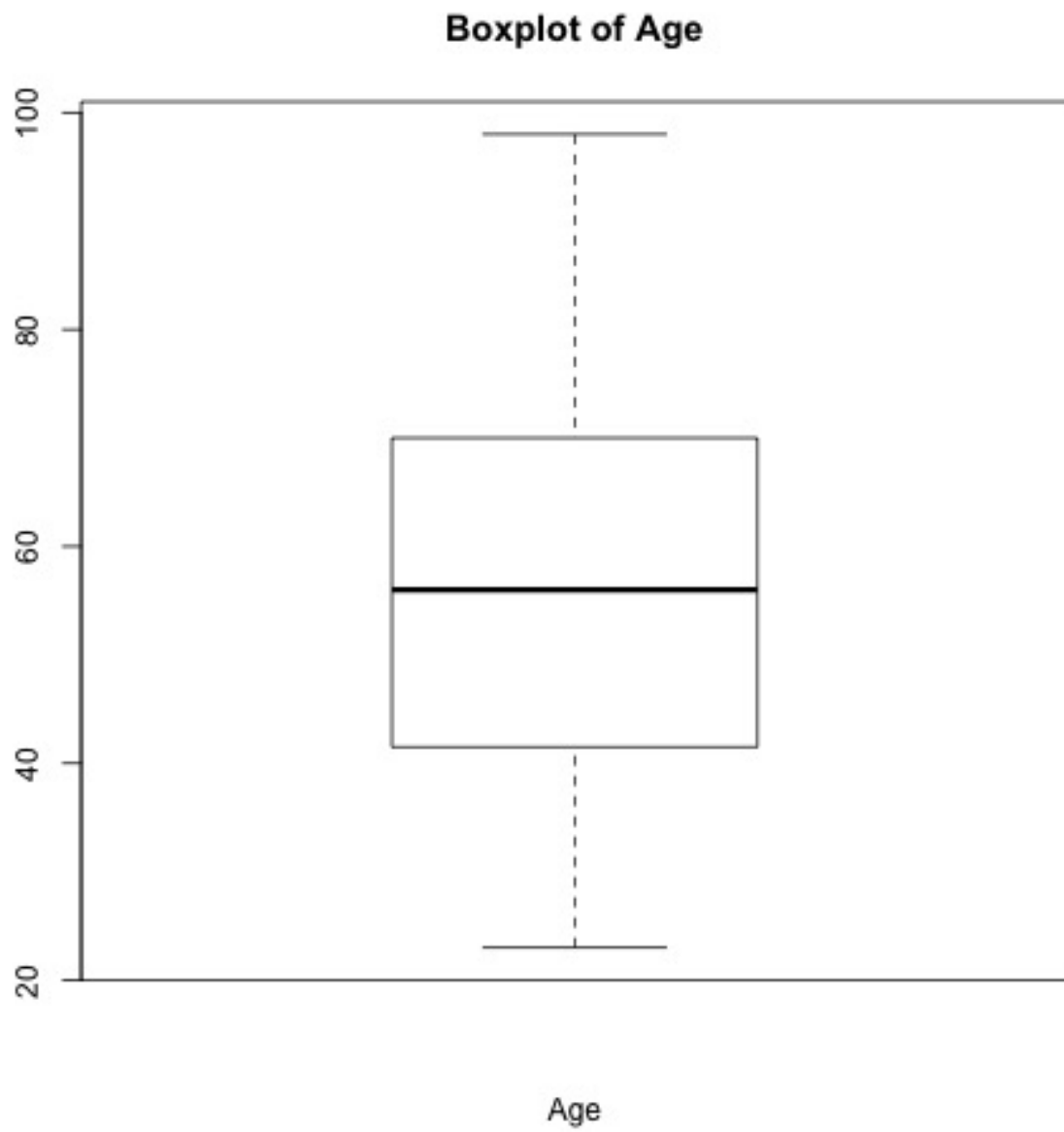
The following table is the summary statistics

	min	max	range	median	first_quartile	third_quartile	IQR	mean	sd
Income	10.354	186.634	176.28	33.1155	21.00725	57.47075	36.4635	45.21889	35.244273
Limit	855.000	13913.000	13058.00	4622.5000	3088.00000	5872.75000	2784.7500	4735.60000	2308.198848
Rating	93.000	982.000	889.00	344.0000	247.25000	437.25000	190.0000	354.94000	154.724143
Cards	1.000	9.000	8.00	3.0000	2.00000	4.00000	2.0000	2.95750	1.371275
Age	23.000	98.000	75.00	56.0000	41.75000	70.00000	28.2500	55.66750	17.249807
Education	5.000	20.000	15.00	14.0000	11.00000	16.00000	5.0000	13.45000	3.125207
Balance	0.000	1999.000	1999.00	459.5000	68.75000	863.00000	794.2500	520.01500	459.758877

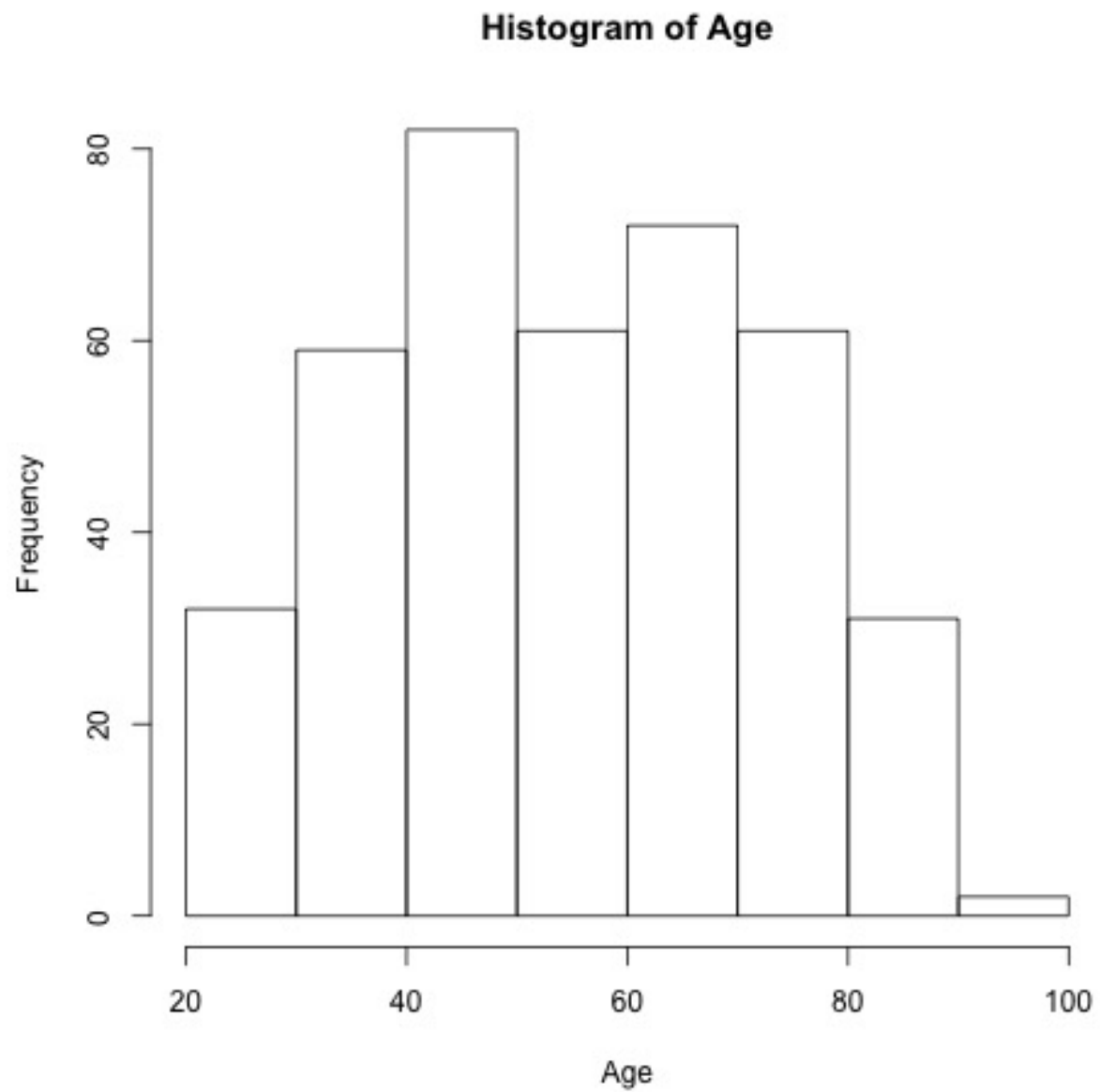
Then we make Histograms and Boxplots for each of the variables

For Predictor Age:

Boxplot



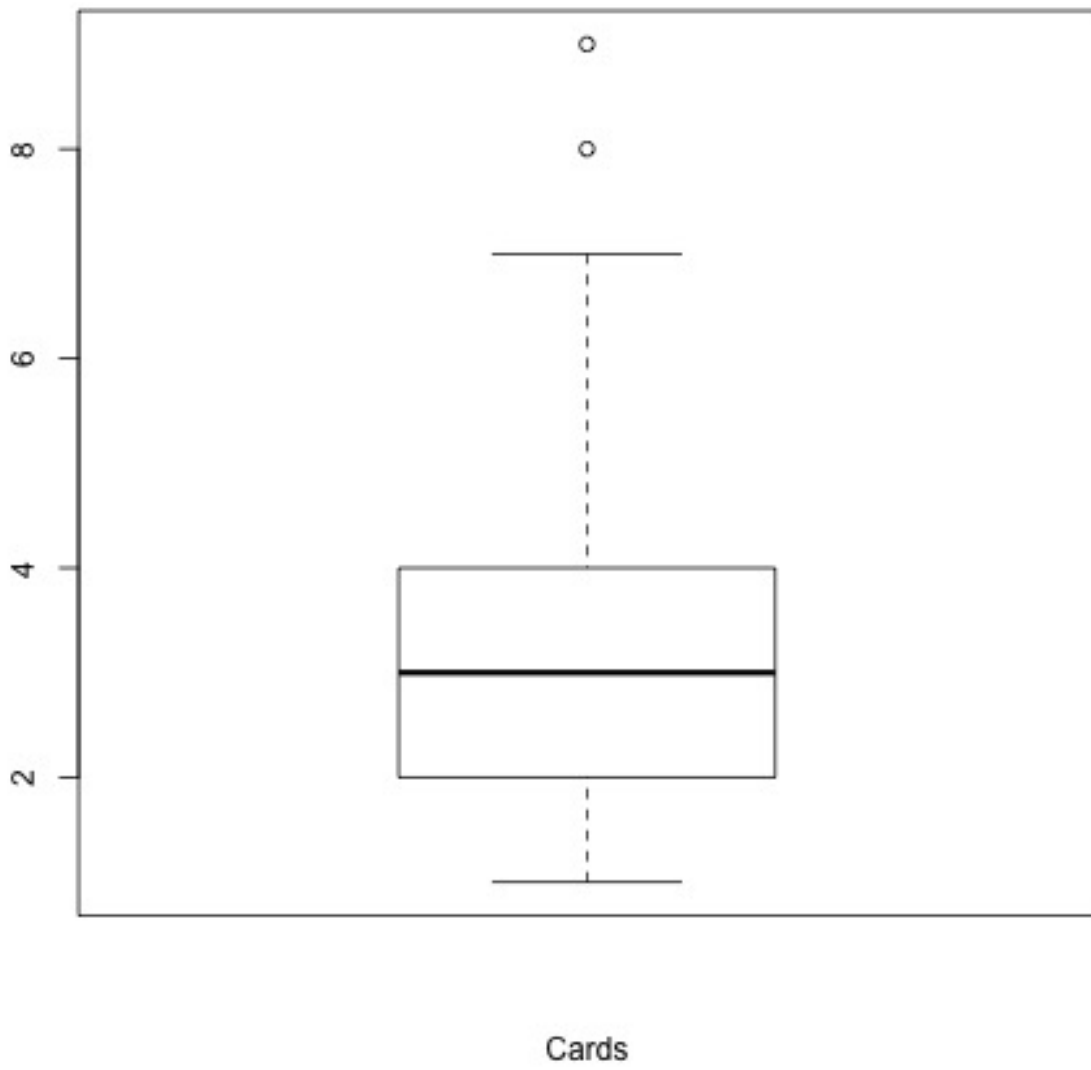
Histogram



For Predictor Cards

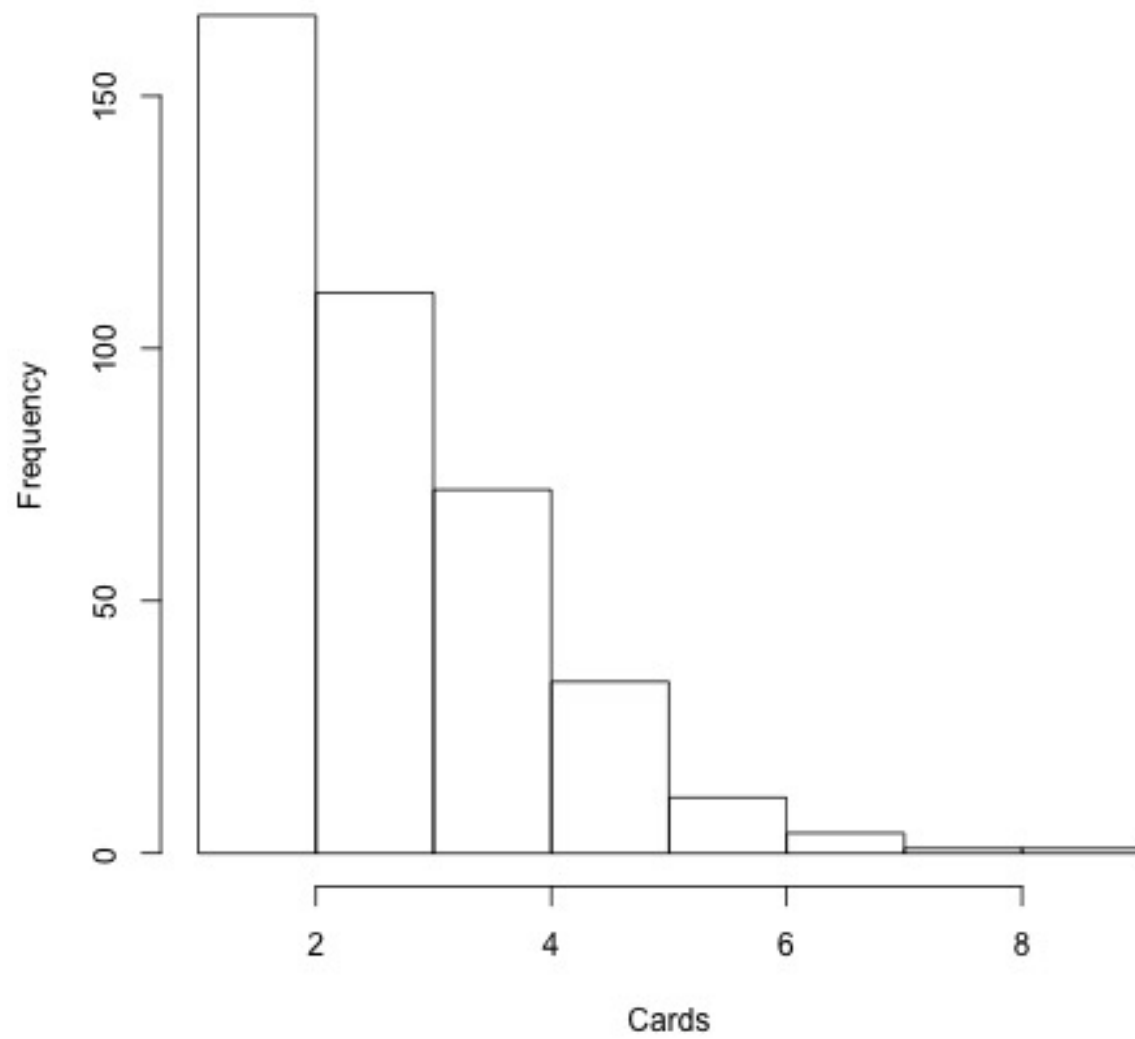
Boxplot

Boxplot of Cards



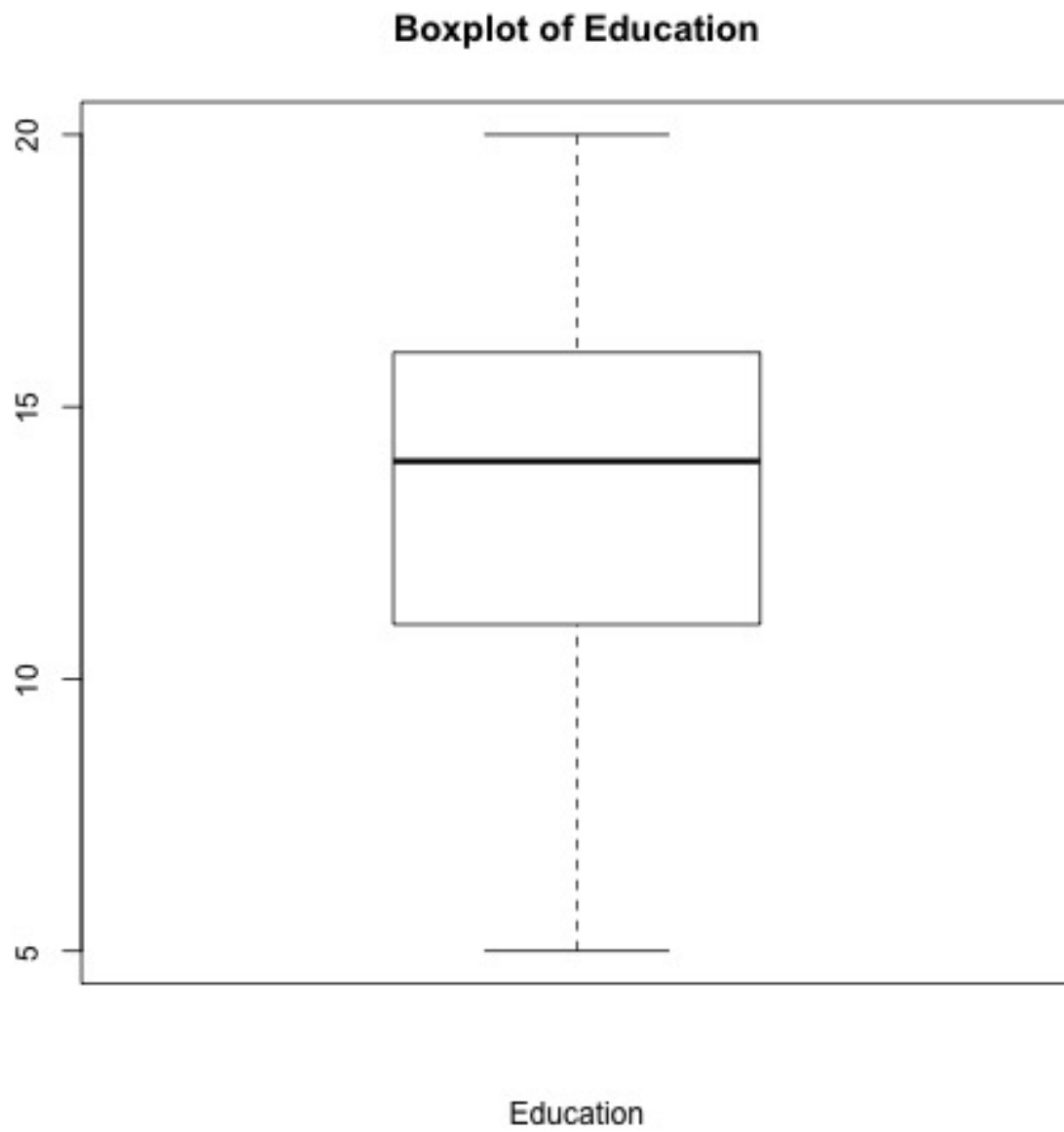
Histogram

Histogram of Cards

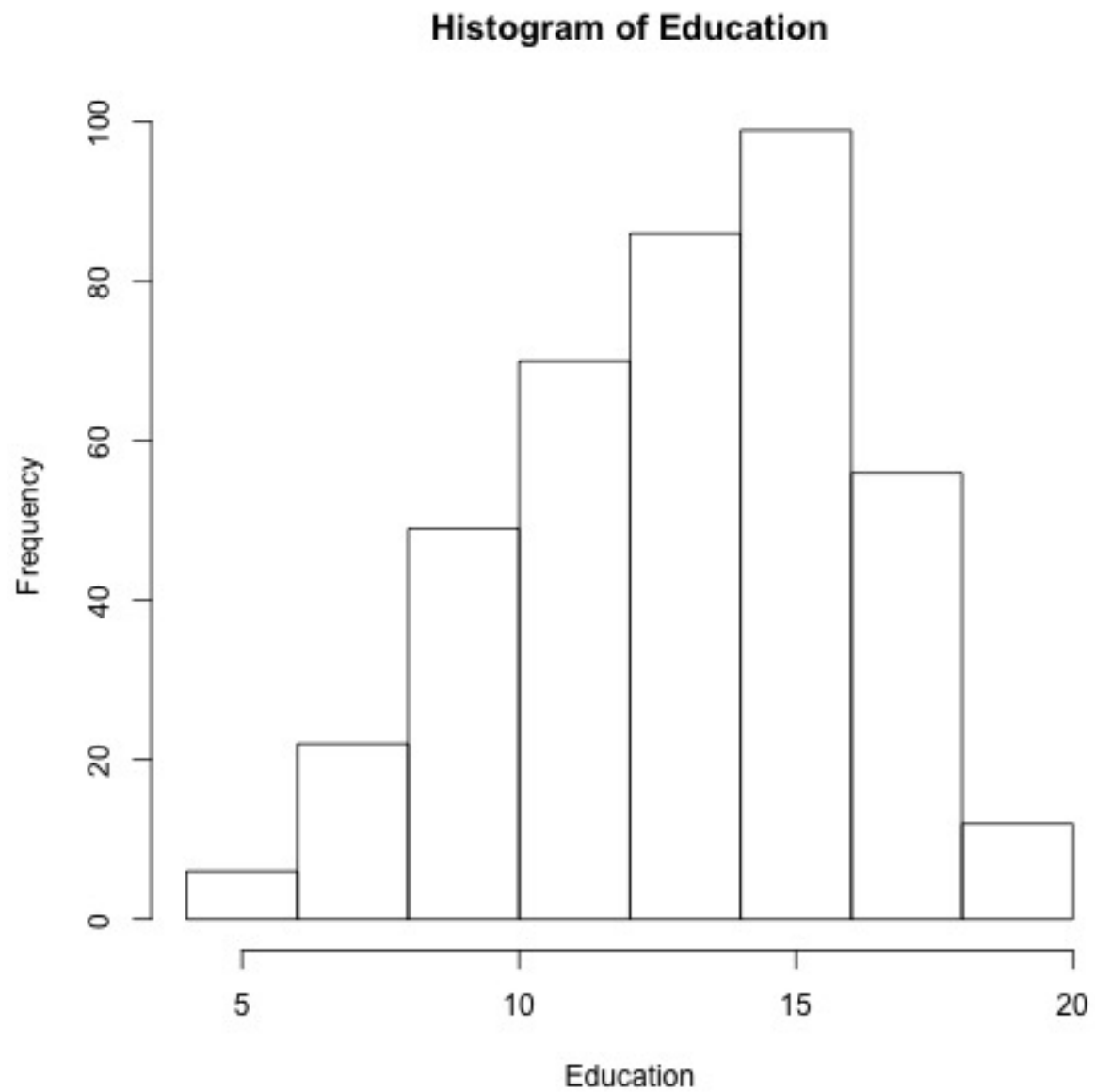


For Predictor Education

Boxplot



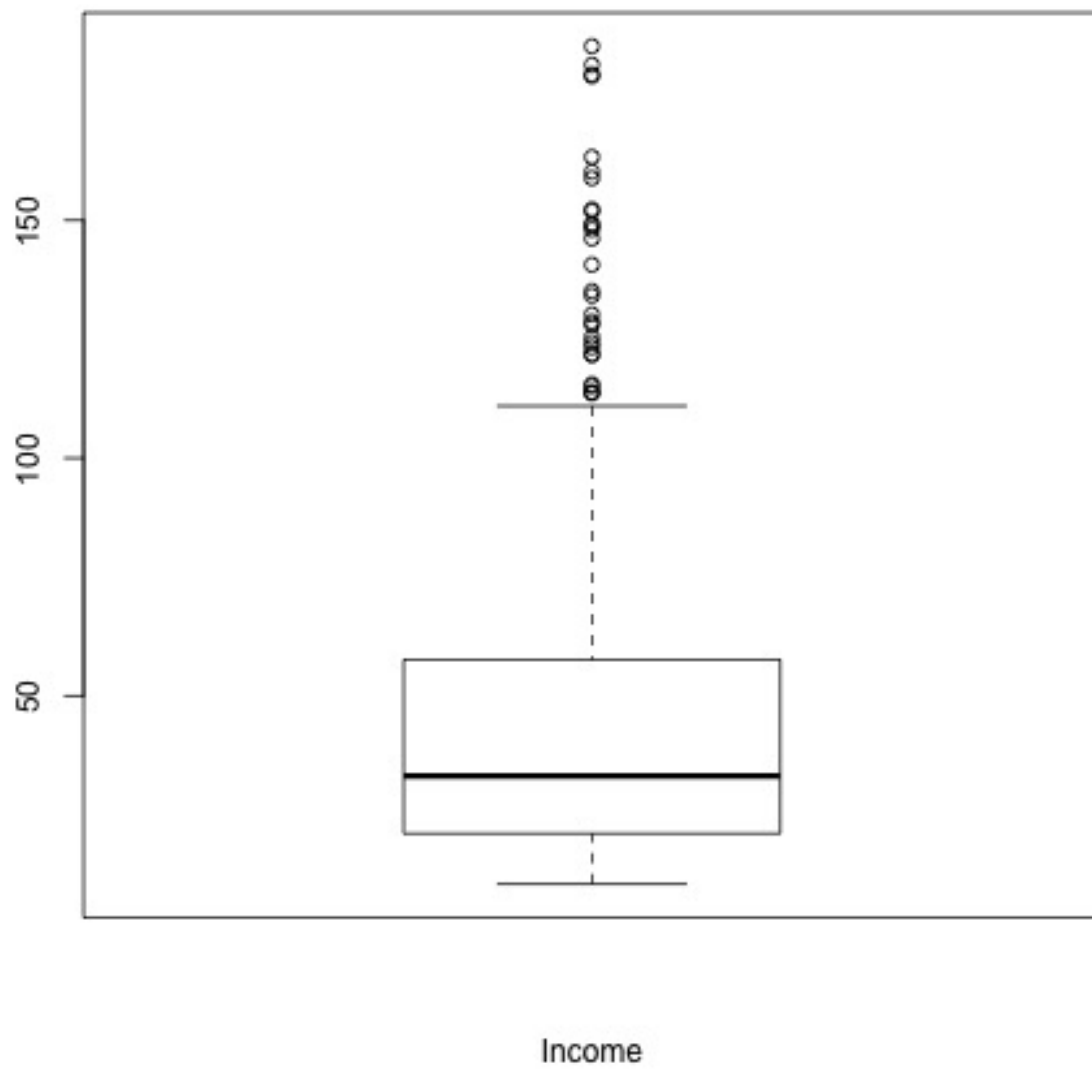
Histogram



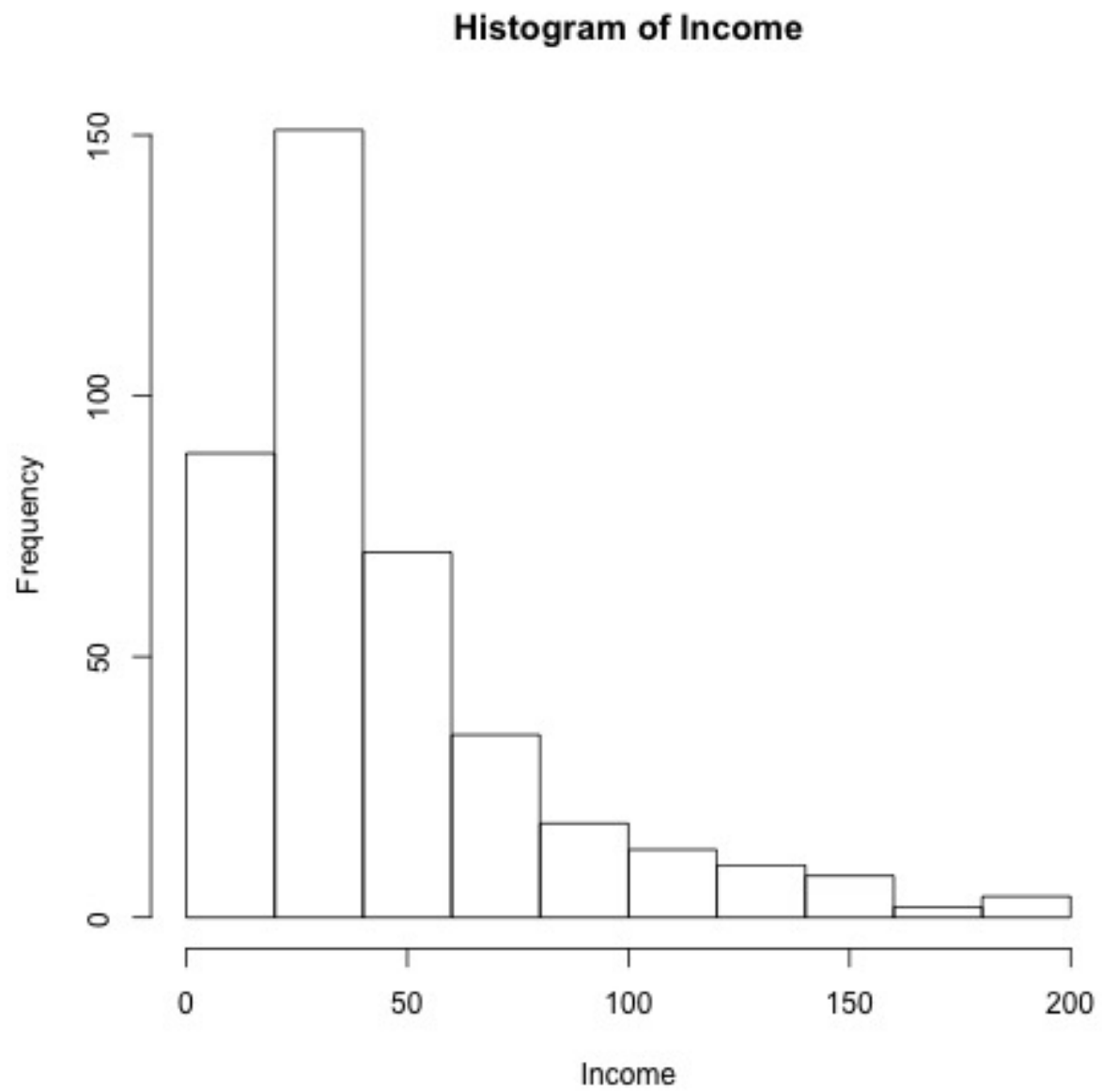
For Predictor Income

Boxplot

Boxplot of Income

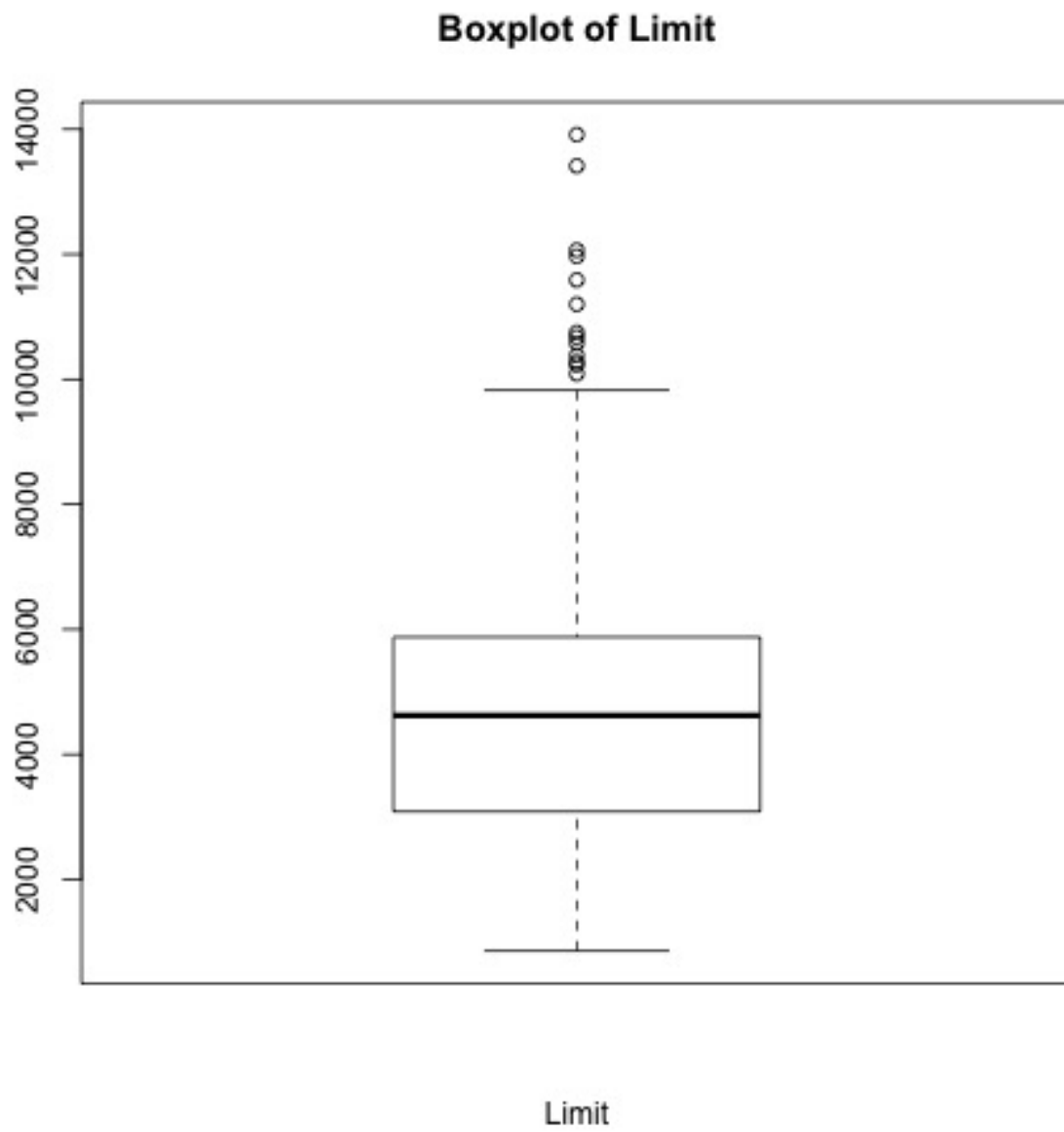


Histogram

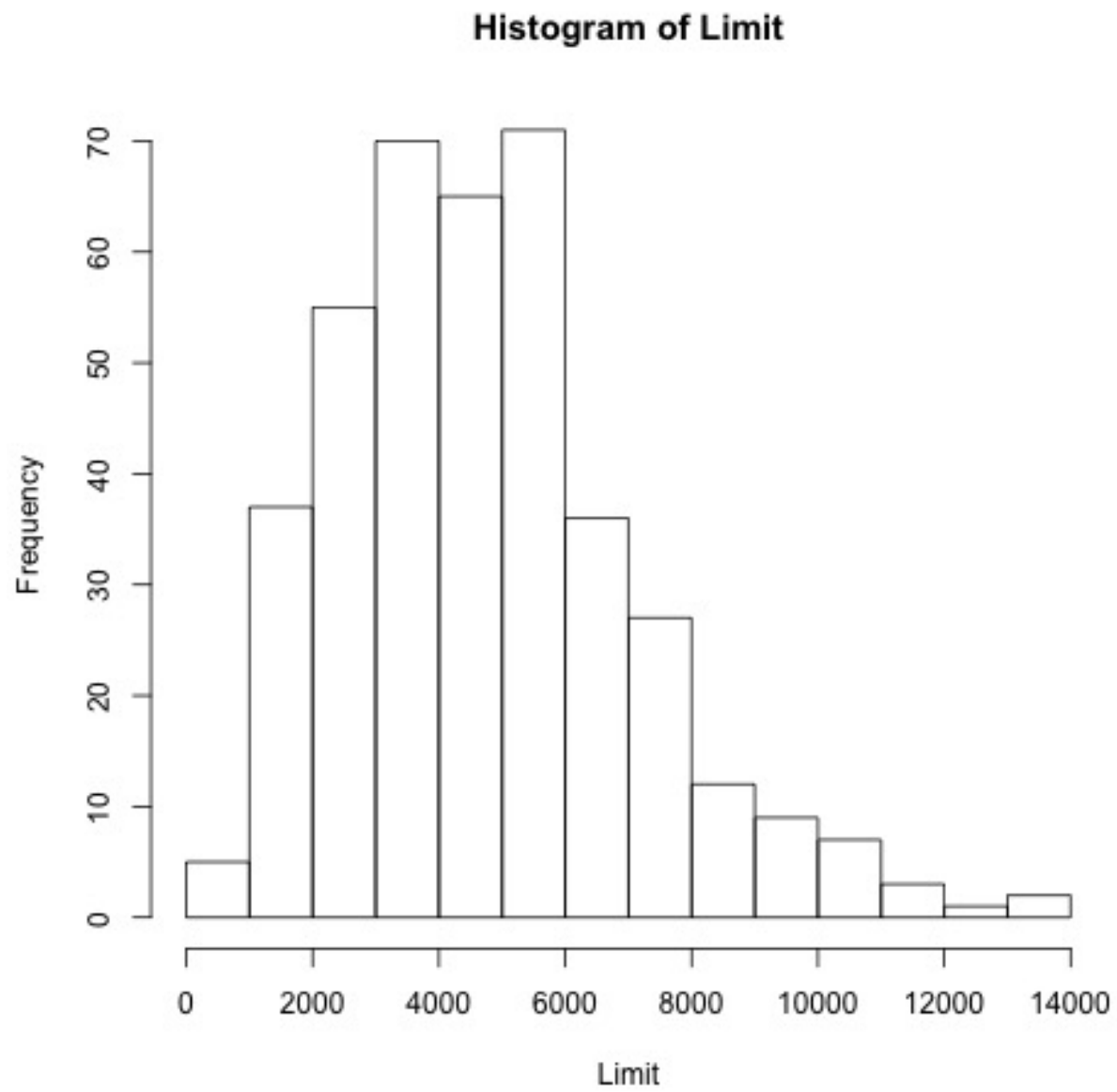


For Predictor Limit

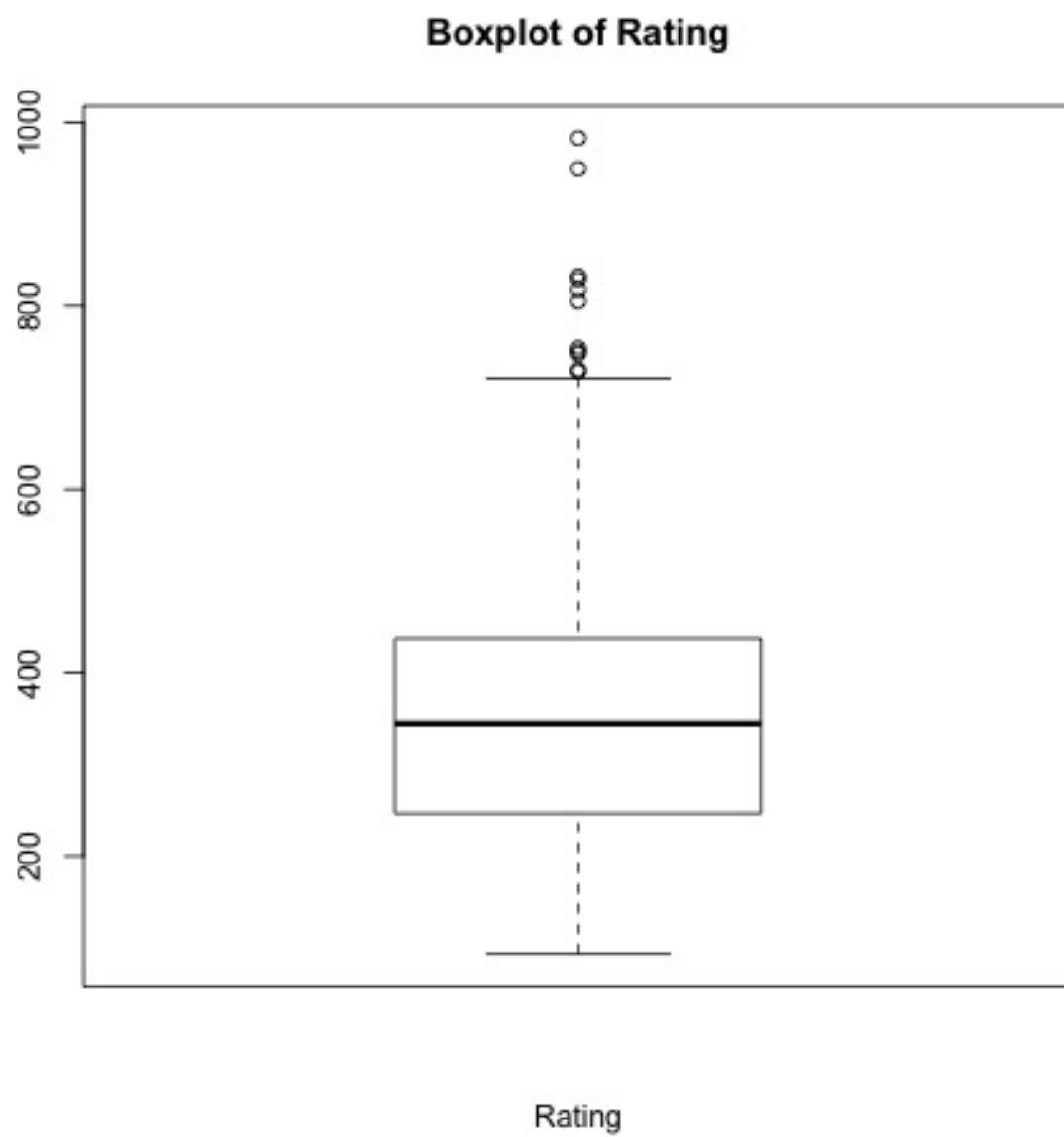
Boxplot



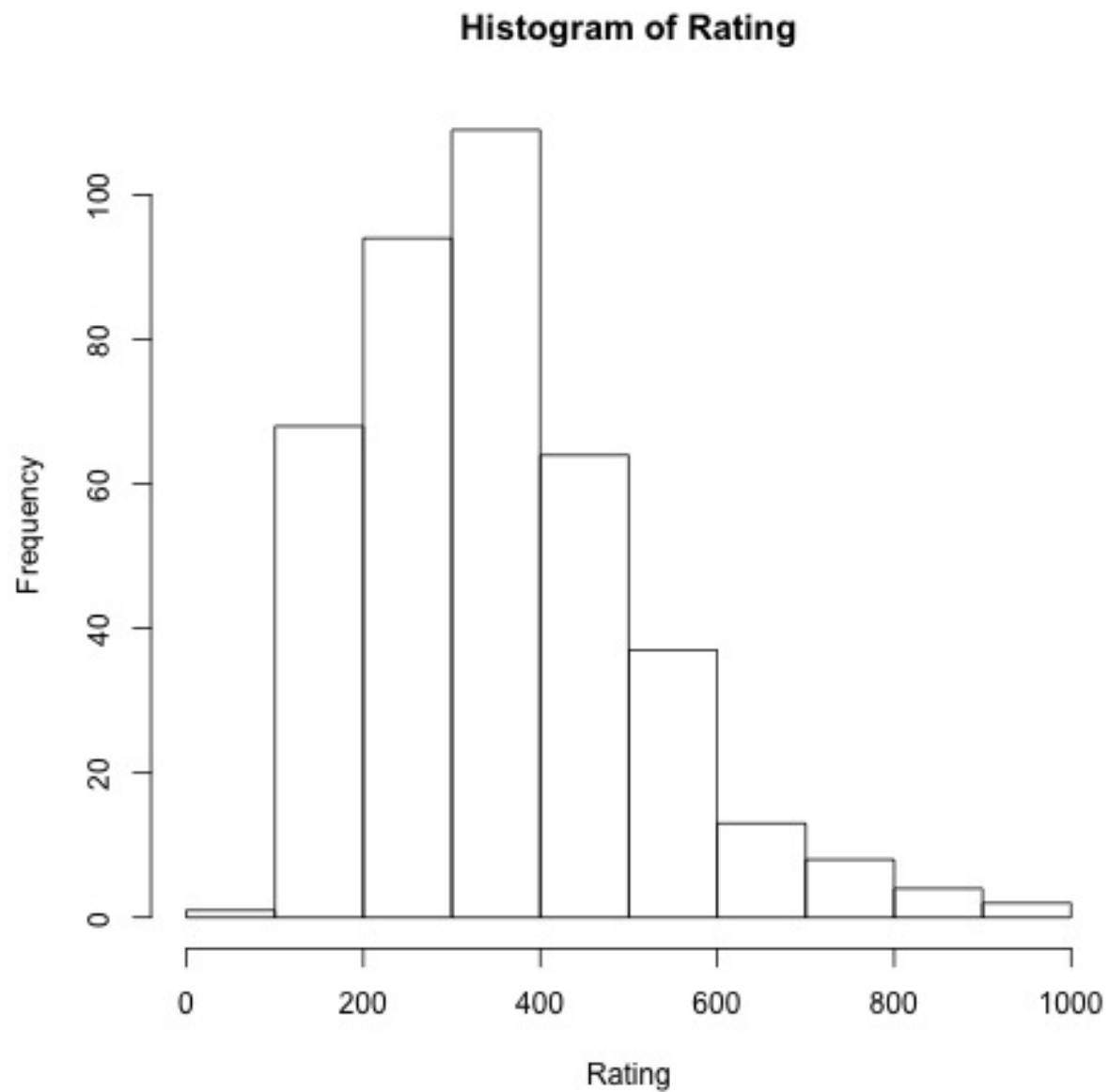
Histogram



For Predictor Rating
Boxplot



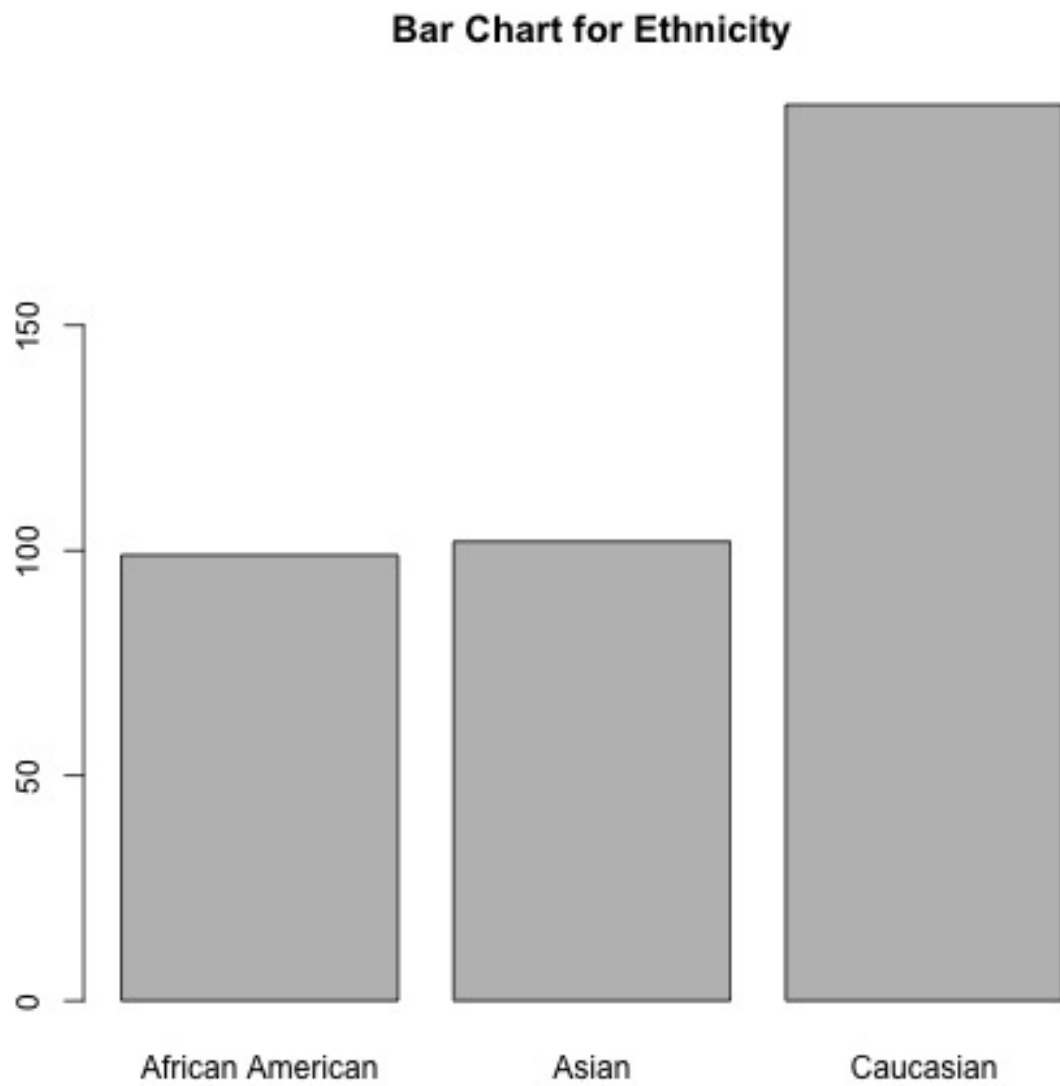
Histogram



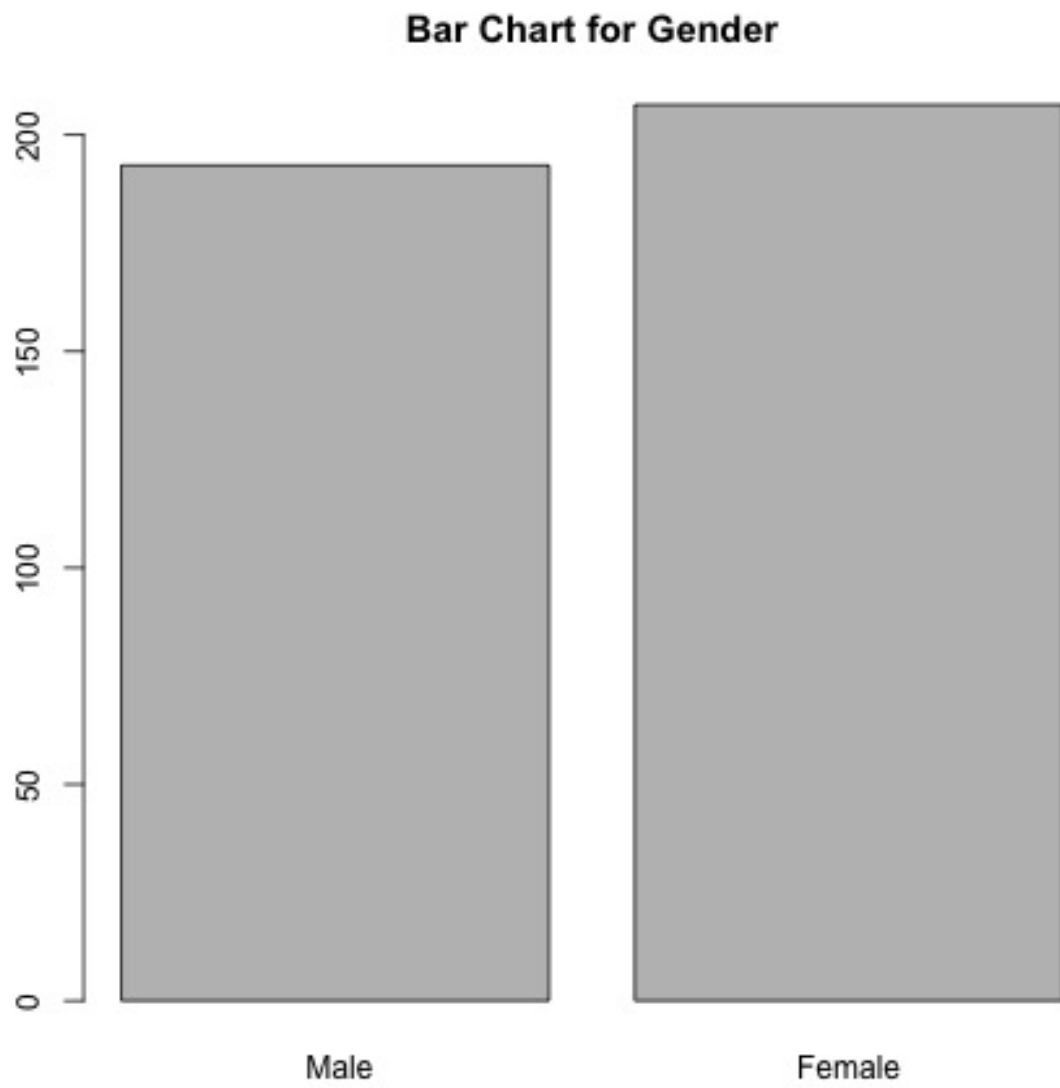
Qualitative Variables

There are 4 qualitative variables in the dataset, including Ethnicity, Gender, Married, Student. For each of the variable, we computed the frequency of each category within the variable and visualize the results by Bar Chart.

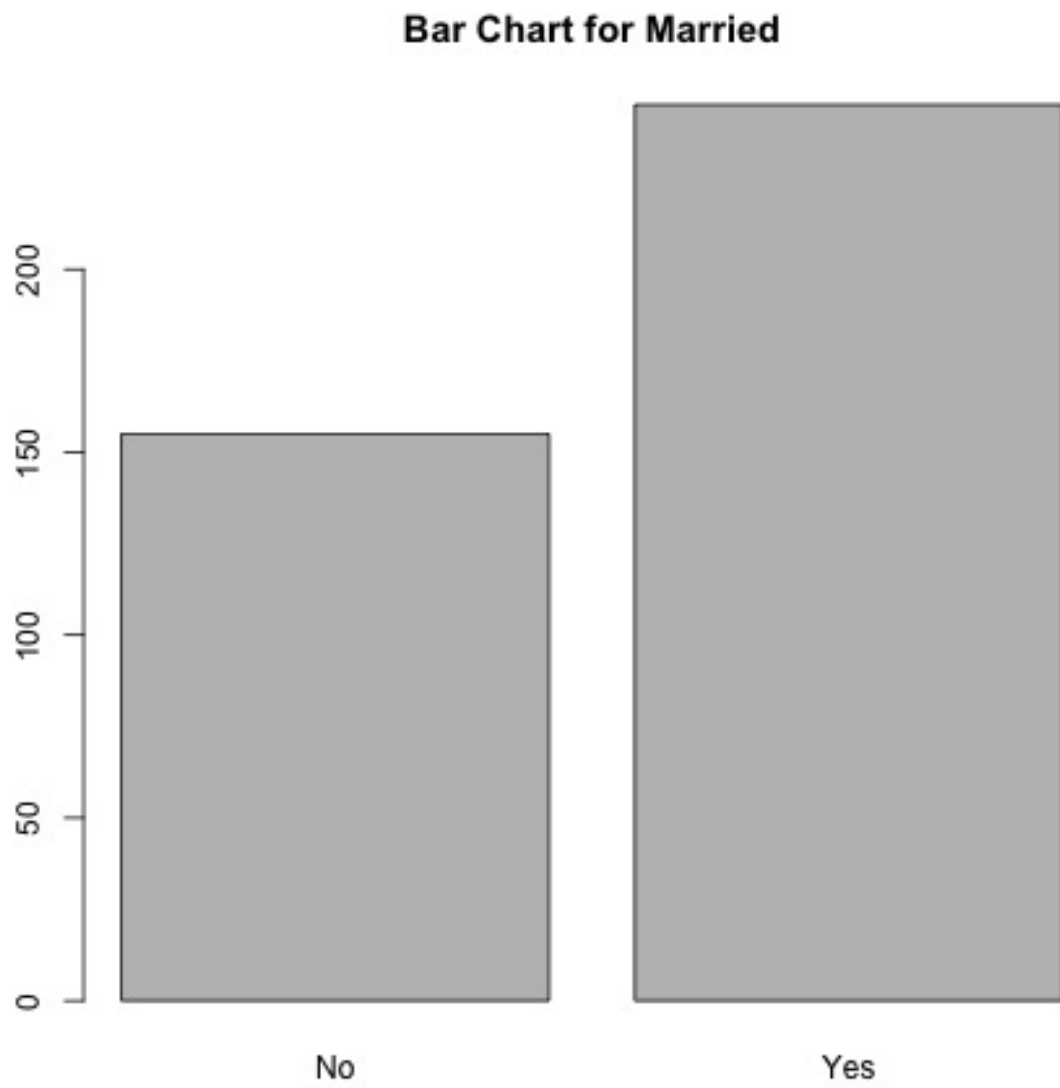
Ethnicity



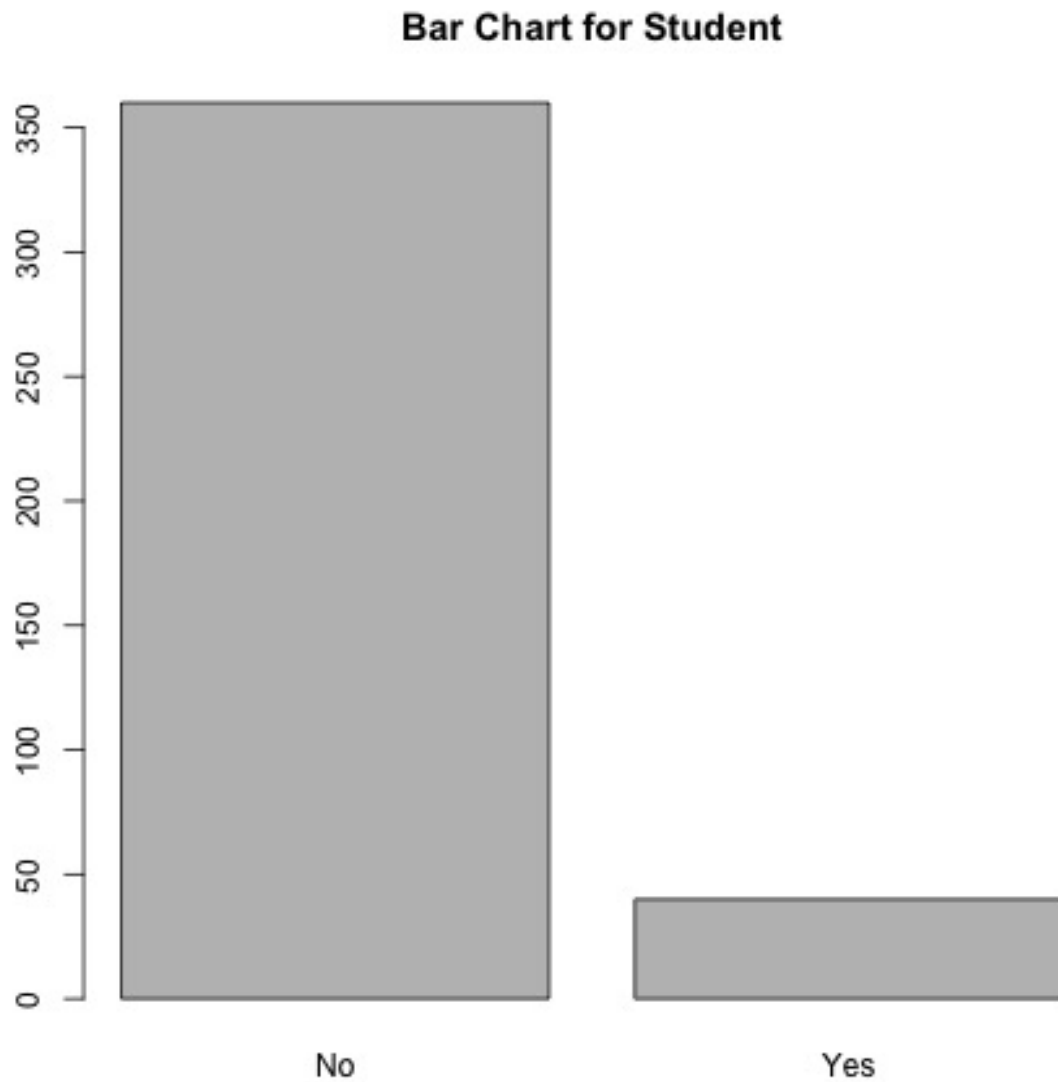
Gender



Married



Student

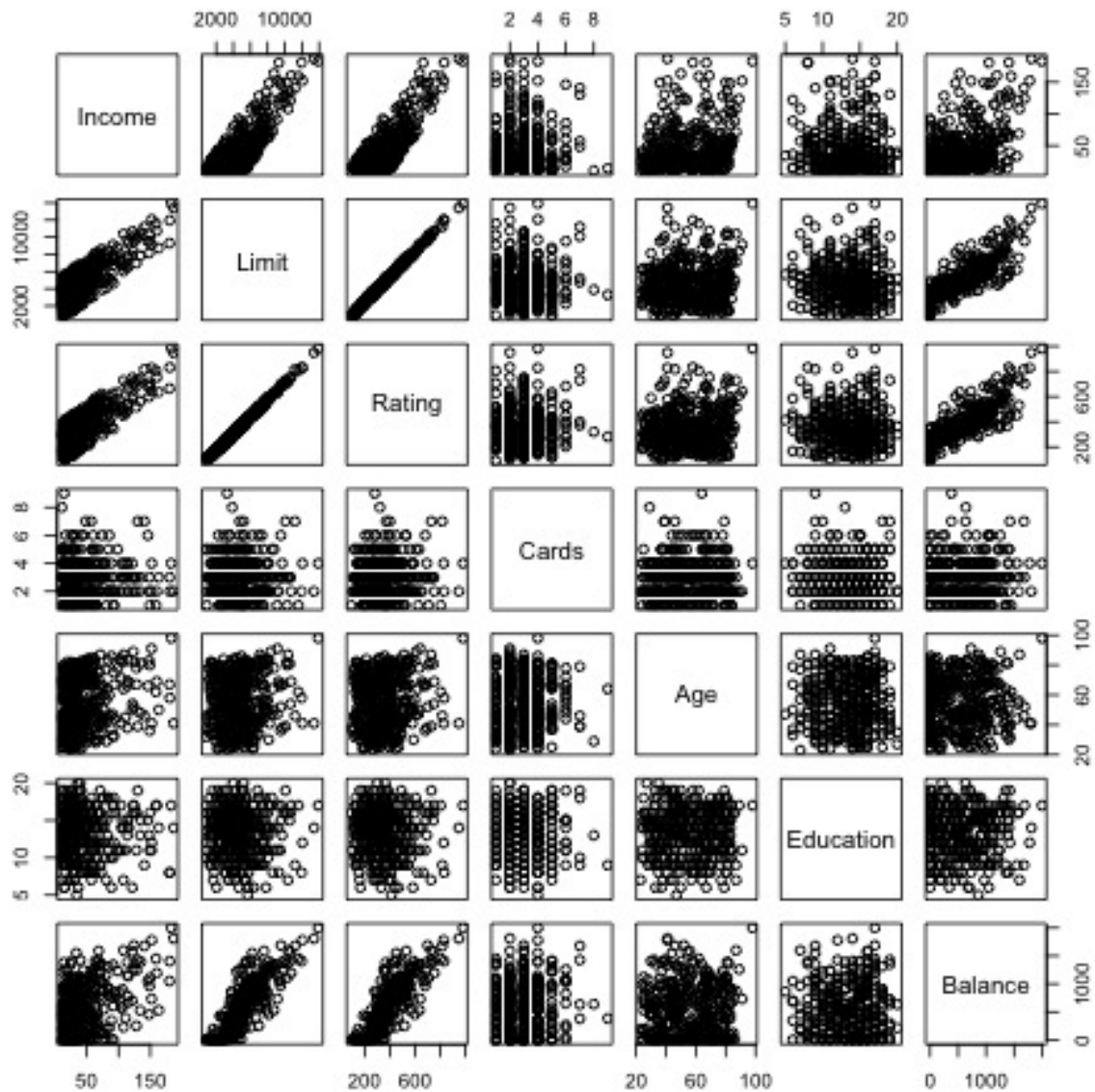


Association

To study the association between predictors and response variable, we first calculate the correlation matrix among all predictors.

	Income	Limit	Rating	Cards	Age	Education	Balance
Income	1.00000000	0.79208834	0.79137763	-0.01827261	0.175338403	-0.027691982	0.463656457
Limit	0.79208834	1.00000000	0.99687974	0.01023133	0.100887922	-0.023548534	0.861697267
Rating	0.79137763	0.99687974	1.00000000	0.05323903	0.103164996	-0.030135627	0.863625161
Cards	-0.01827261	0.01023133	0.05323903	1.00000000	0.042948288	-0.051084217	0.086456347
Age	0.17533840	0.10088792	0.10316500	0.04294829	1.00000000	0.003619285	0.001835119
Education	-0.02769198	-0.02354853	-0.03013563	-0.05108422	0.003619285	1.00000000	-0.008061576
Balance	0.46365646	0.86169727	0.86362516	0.08645635	0.001835119	-0.008061576	1.00000000

Then we visualize the scatterplot matrix



Analysis of variance (ANOVA) is a collection of statistical models used to analyze the differences among group means and their associated procedures (such as “variation” among and between groups)

Terms:

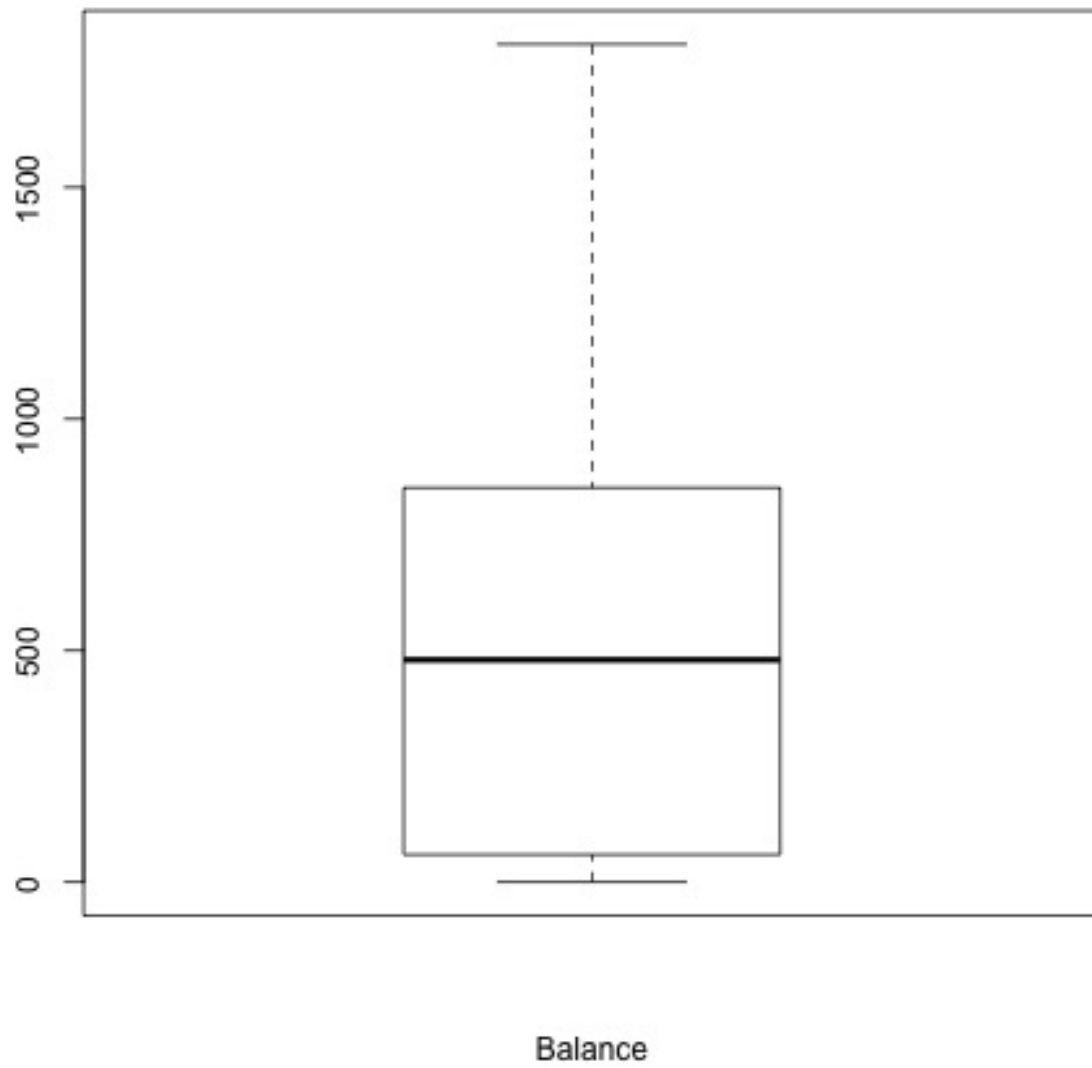
	credit\$Income	credit\$Limit	credit\$Rating	credit\$Cards	credit\$Age	credit\$Education	Residuals
Sum of Squares	18131167	55337912	432836	63557	90221	15437	10268781
Deg. of Freedom	1	1	1	1	1	1	393

Residual standard error: 161.6453
Estimated effects may be unbalanced

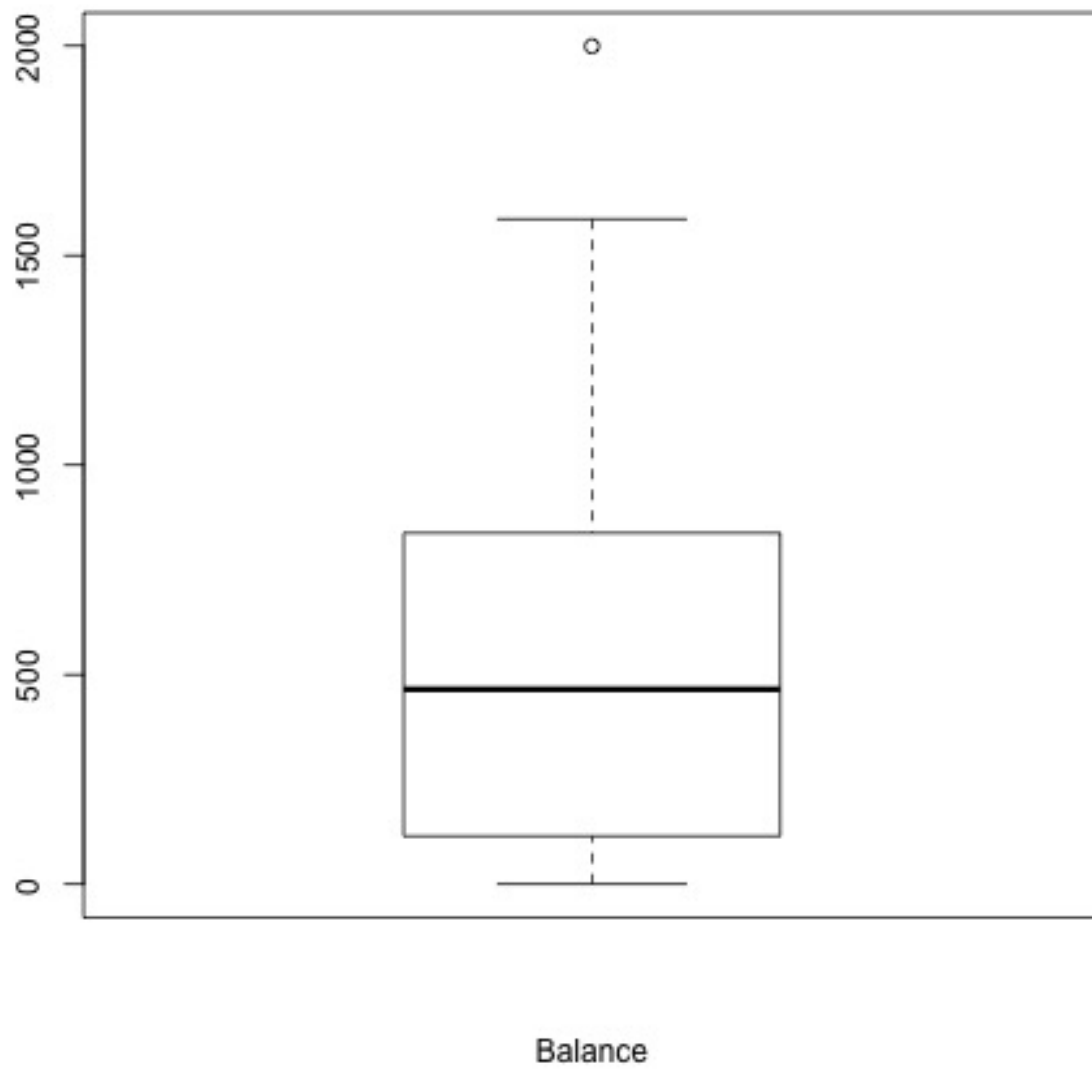
Finally we visualize the conditional boxplots of Balance conditioned to each category of Gender, Ethnicity, Student and Married.

Ethnicity

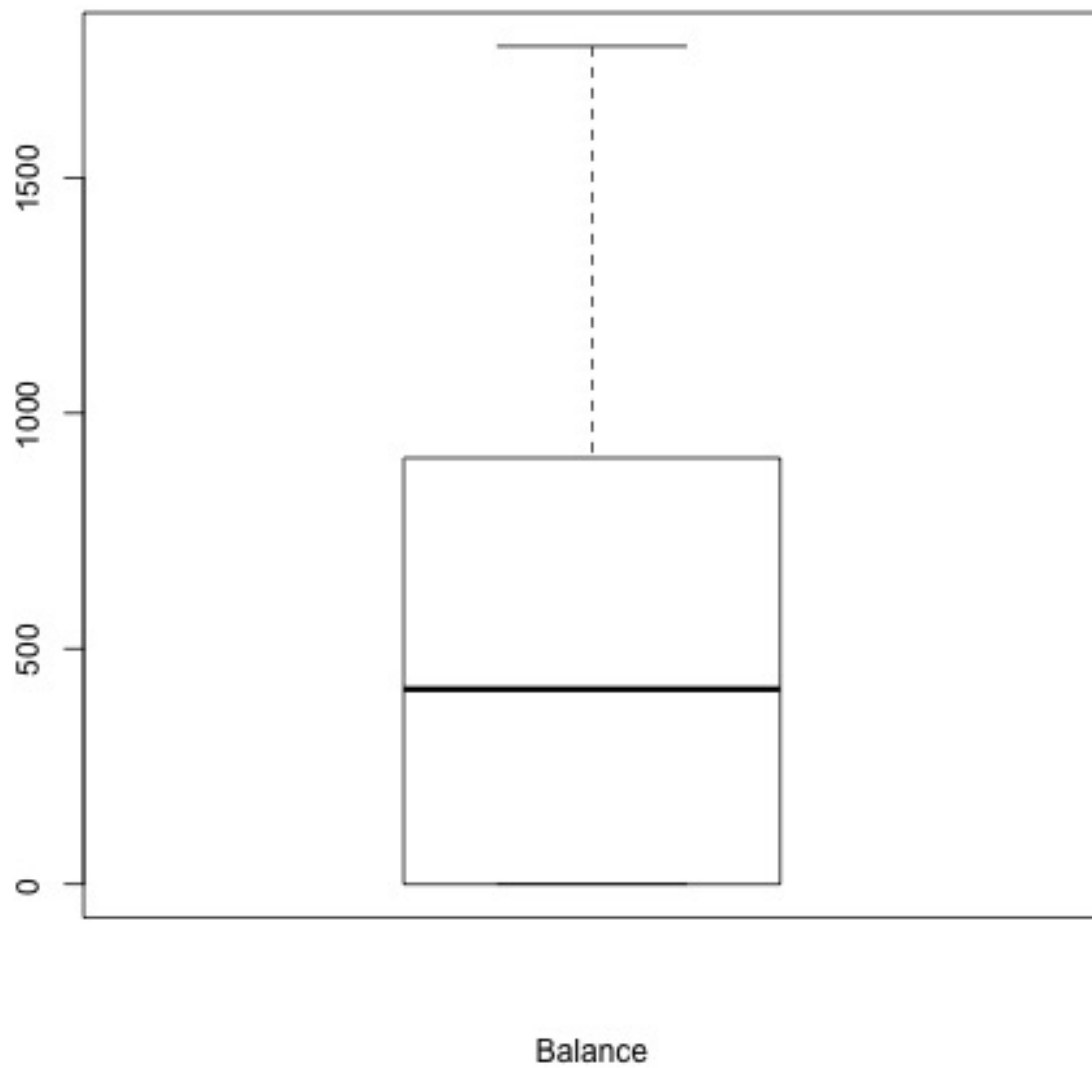
Conditional Boxplot of Balance of African American



Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Caucasian

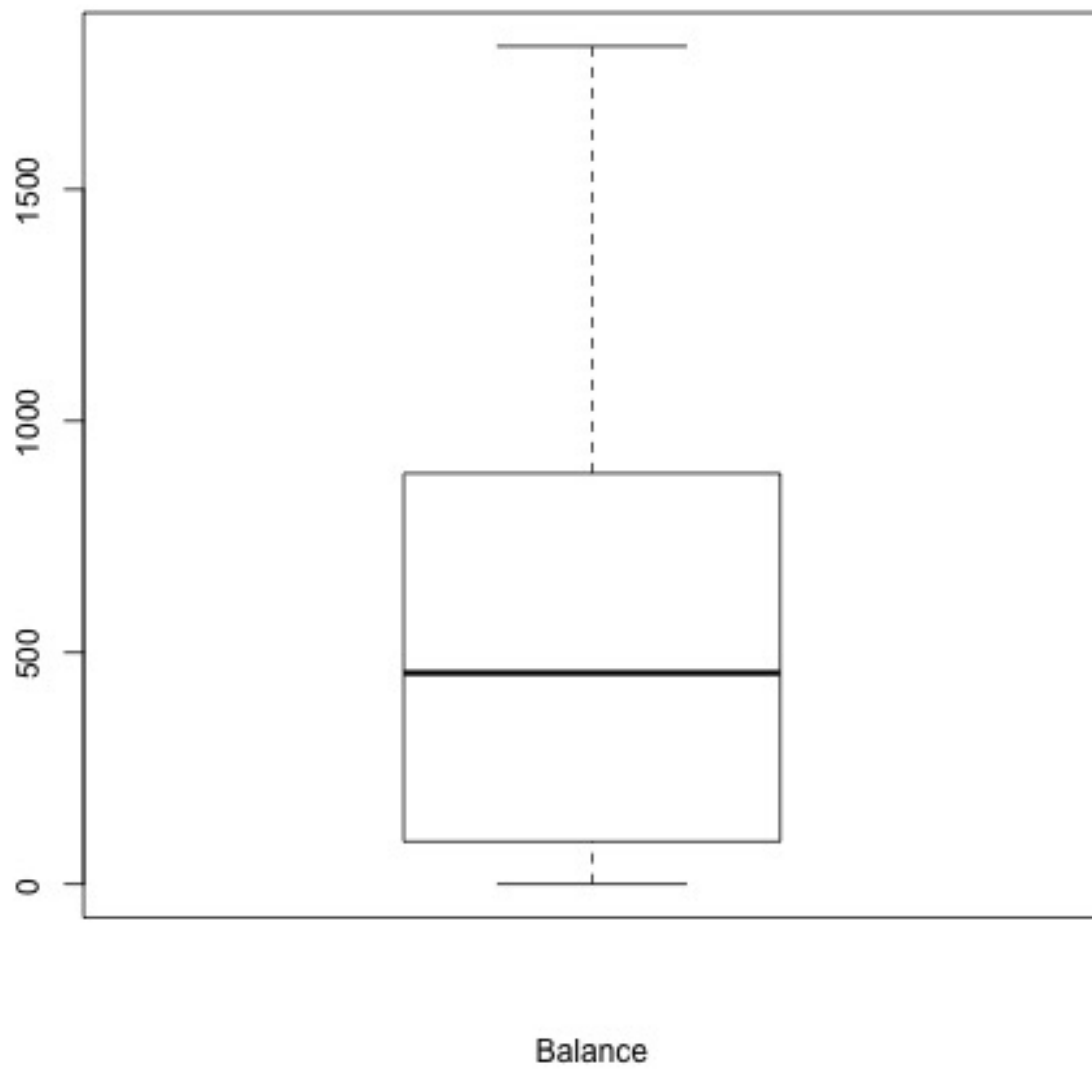


Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Asian

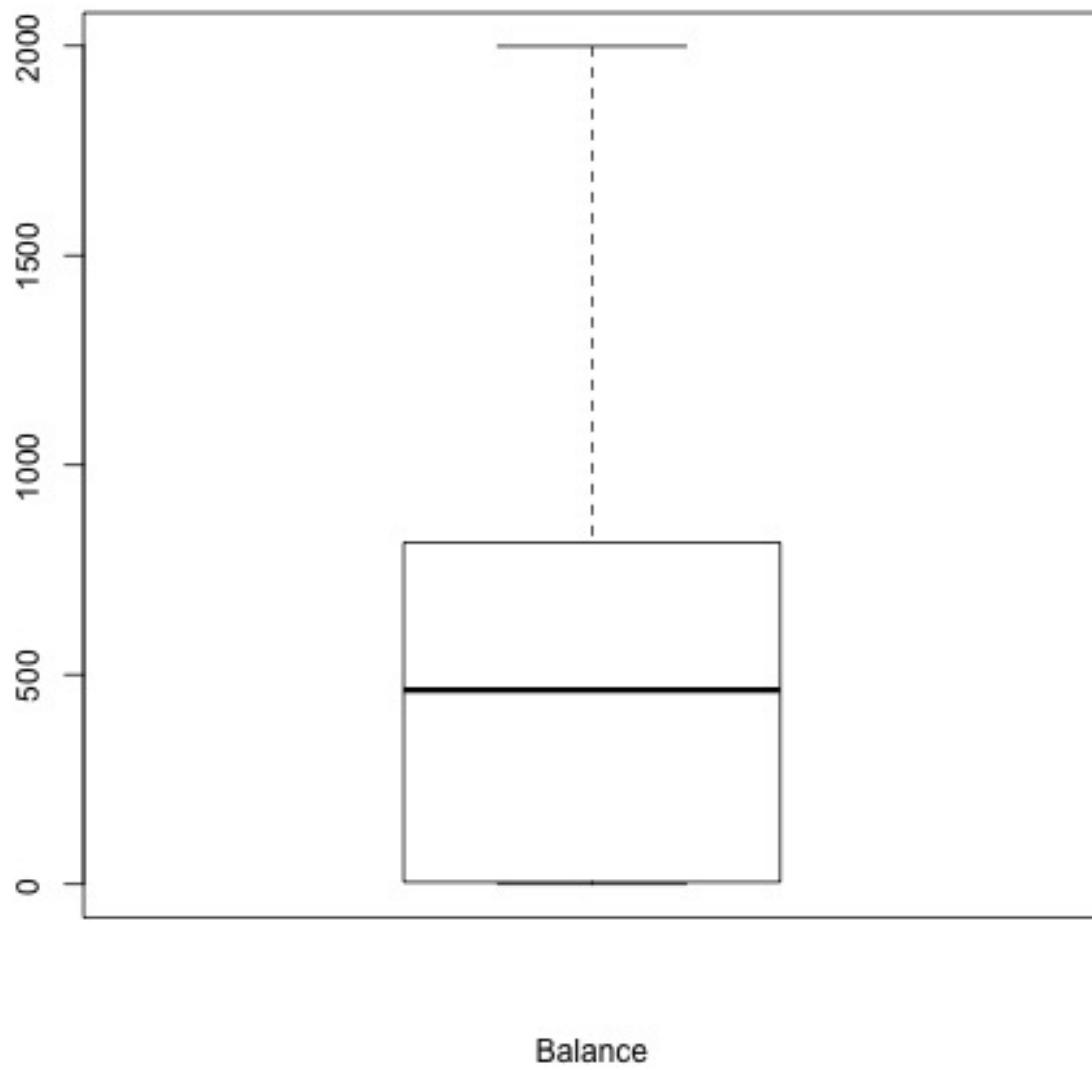


Gender

Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Female

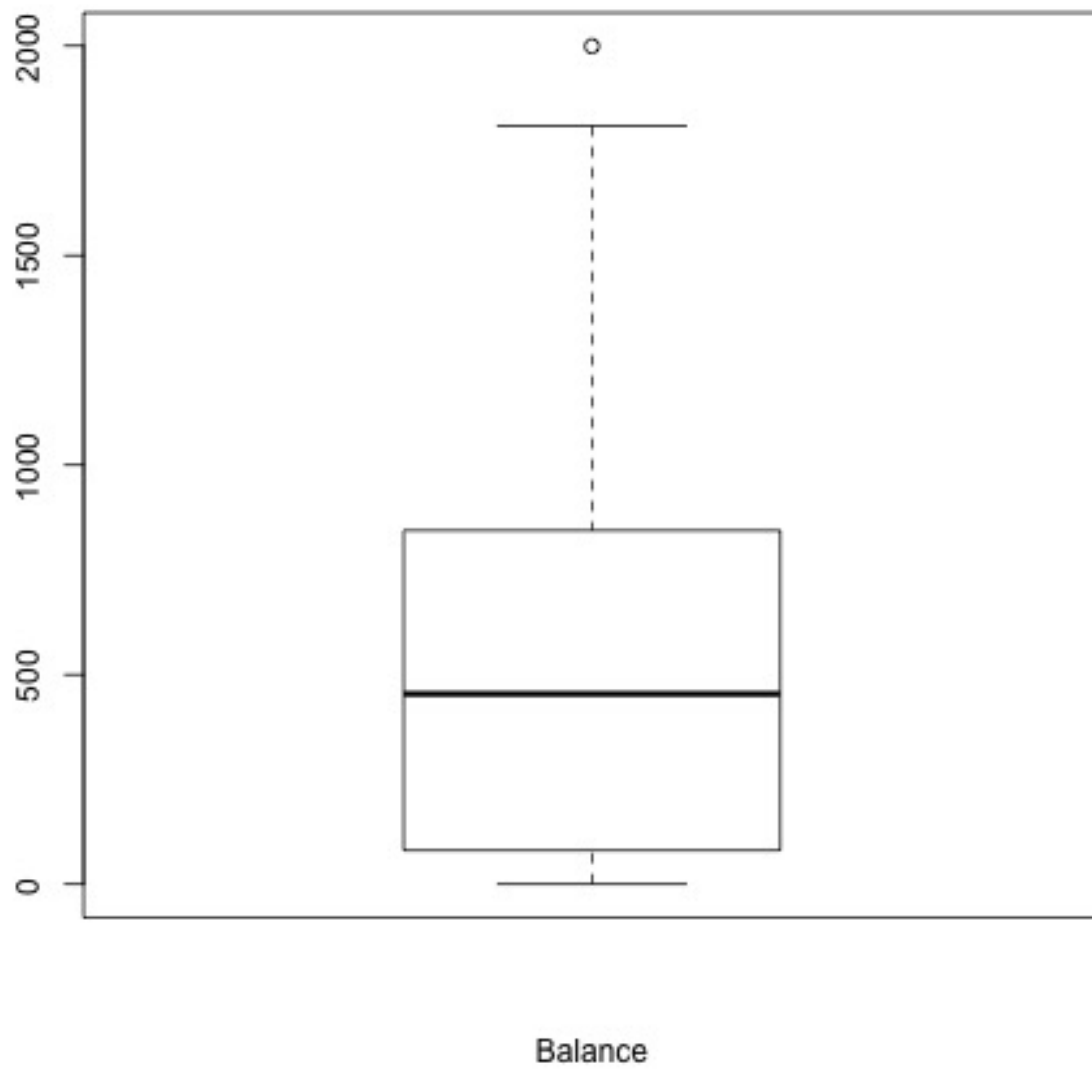


Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Male

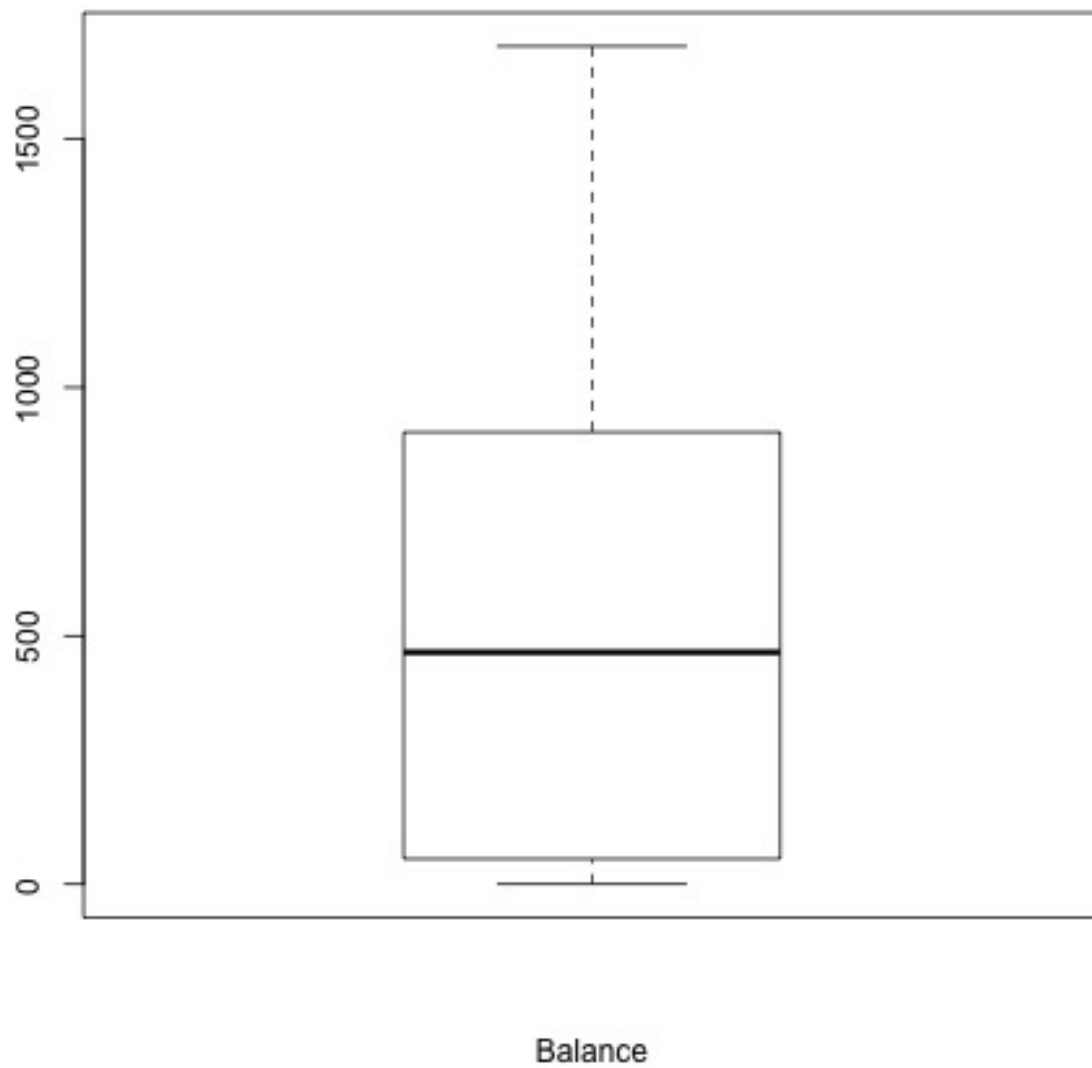


Married

Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Married

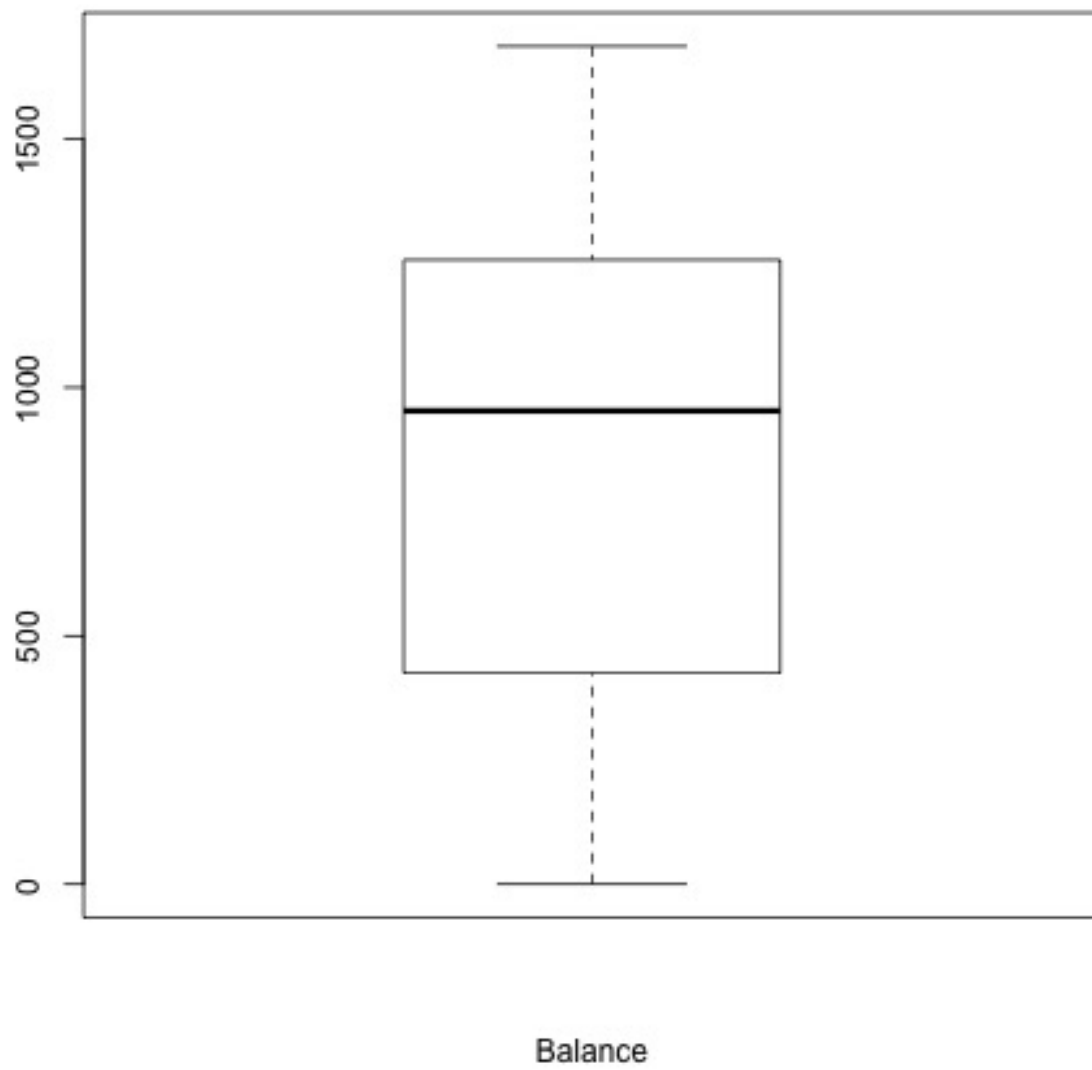


Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Unmarried



Student

Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Student



Conditional Boxplot of Balance of Nonstudent

