# **FACT SHEET FOR HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS**

Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test— Autobio Diagnostics Co., Ltd.

**Distributed by Hardy Diagnostics in the United States** 

Coronavirus
Disease 2019
(COVID-19)

This Fact Sheet informs you of the significant known and potential risks and benefits of the emergency use of the Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test.

The Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test is authorized for the detection of antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 in human plasma from anticoagulated blood (Heparin/ EDTA/ sodium citrate) or serum.

All individuals whose specimens are tested with this assay will receive the Fact Sheet for Recipients: Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test.

What are the symptoms of COVID-19?

Many individuals with confirmed COVID-19 have developed fever and/or symptoms of acute respiratory illness (e.g., cough, fever, difficulty breathing). The current information available to characterize the spectrum of clinical illness associated with COVID-19 suggests that symptoms include cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fever, chills, muscle pain, headache, sore throat or new loss of taste or smell. Based on what is known about the virus that causes COVID-19, signs and symptoms may appear any time from 2 to 14 days after exposure to the virus. Based on preliminary data, the median incubation period is approximately 5 days, but may range 2-14 days.

Public health officials have identified cases of COVID-19 infection throughout the world, including the United States, which poses risks to public health. Please check the CDC webpage for the most up-to-date information.

What do I need to know about COVID-19 testing? Current information on COVID-19 for healthcare providers is available at CDC's webpage, *Information for Healthcare Professionals* (see links provided in "Where can I go for updates and more information" section).

The Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test can be used to test human plasma from anticoagulated blood (Heparin/ EDTA/ sodium

This test measures human SARS-CoV-2 antibodies, IgM and IgG that are generated as part of the human immune response to the virus and is to be performed only using human plasma or serum specimens.

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citrate) or serum.

- The Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test can be ordered by a healthcare provider to detect if there has been an adaptive immune response to COVID-19, indicating a recent or prior infection.
- The Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test is only authorized for use in laboratories certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA), 42 U.S.C. §263a, to perform moderate or high complexity tests.

Specimens should be collected with appropriate infection control precautions. Current guidance for COVID-19 infection control precautions are available at the CDC's website (see links provided in "Where can I go for updates and more information" section).

Use appropriate personal protective equipment when collecting and handling specimens from individuals suspected of having COVID-19 as outlined in the CDC Interim Laboratory Biosafety Guidelines for Handling and Processing Specimens Associated with Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). For additional information, refer to CDC Interim Guidelines for Collecting, Handling, and Testing Clinical Specimens from Persons Under Investigation (PUIs) for Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) (see links provided in "Where can I go for updates and more information" section).

# What does it mean if the specimen tests positive for IgM and/or IgG antibodies against the virus that causes COVID-19?

A positive test result with the Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test indicates that antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 were detected, and the individual has potentially been exposed to COVID-19.

When IgM antibodies are present, they can indicate

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that an individual has a recent or prior infection with SARS-CoV-2. IgG antibodies develop later following infection, and generally do not begin to appear until 7 – 10 days after infection. When IgG antibodies are present it, often indicates a past infection but does not exclude recently infected individuals who are still contagious, especially if detected with IgM antibodies. It is unknown how long IgM or IgG antibodies to SARS-CoV-2 will remain present in the body after infection and if they confer immunity to infection.

A positive result for IgM or IgG may not mean that an individual's current symptoms are due to COVID-19 infection. Laboratory test results should always be considered in the context of clinical observations and epidemiological data to guide patient management decisions.

The Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid Test has been designed to minimize the likelihood of false positive test results. However, in the event of a false positive result, immediate measures to consider could include the following: a recommendation for isolation of the individual, monitoring of household or other close contacts for symptoms, isolation that might limit contact with family, friends, or other potentially COVID-19-infected individuals, limits in the ability to work, or other unintended adverse effects. Due to the risk of false positive results, confirmation of positive results should be considered - using a second, different IgG or IgM assay.

All laboratories using this test must follow standard confirmatory testing and reporting guidelines according to their appropriate public health authorities.

# What does it mean if the specimen tests negative for IgM and/or IgG antibodies against virus that causes COVID-19?

A negative test result with this test means that SARS-CoV-2 specific antibodies were not present in the specimen above the limit of detection. However, a negative result does not preclude COVID-19 infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment, patient management decisions, or to rule out active infection.

Individuals tested during early phase of the infection may not have detectable IgM antibody despite active infection; in addition, not all individuals will develop a detectable IgM and/or IgG response to SARS-CoV-2 infection. The absolute sensitivity of the SARS-CoV-2 IgG/IgM Rapid test is unknown.

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When testing is negative, the possibility of a false negative result should be considered in the context of an individual's recent exposures and the presence of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with COVID-19. This is especially important if the individual has had recent exposure to COVID-19, or clinical presentation suggestive of COVID- 19, and diagnostic tests for other causes of illness (e.g., other respiratory illness) are negative. Direct testing for virus (e.g., rt-PCR testing) should always be performed in any individual suspected of COVID-19, regardless of the Anti-SARS-CoV-2 Rapid test.

Risks to an individual of a false negative result include: delayed or lack of supportive treatment, lack of monitoring of infected individuals and their household or other close contacts for symptoms resulting in increased risk of spread of COVID-19 within the community, or other unintended adverse events.

#### What is an EUA?

The United States (U.S.) FDA has made this test available under an emergency access mechanism called an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA). The EUA is supported by the Secretary of Health and Human Service's (HHS's) declaration that circumstances exist to justify the emergency use of *in vitro* diagnostics (IVDs) for the detection and/or diagnosis of the virus that causes COVID-19.

An IVD made available under an EUA has not undergone the same type of review as an FDA-approved or cleared IVD. FDA may issue an EUA when certain criteria are met, which includes that there are no adequate, approved, available alternatives, and based on the totality of scientific evidence available, it is reasonable to believe that this IVD may be effective in the detection of the virus that causes COVID-19.

The EUA for this test is in effect for the duration of the COVID-19 declaration justifying emergency use of IVDs,

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unless terminated or revoked (after which the test may no longer be used).

### Where can I go for updates and more information?

### **CDC** webpages:

General: https://www.cdc.gov/COVID19

**Healthcare Professionals:** 

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-nCoV/guidance-hcp.html Information for Laboratories: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-

nCoV/guidance-laboratories.html

Laboratory Biosafety: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-

nCoV/lab-biosafety-guidelines.html

**Isolation Precautions in Healthcare Settings:** 

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/infection-control/control-

recommendations.html

Specimen Collection: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-

nCoV/guidelines-clinical-specimens.html

Infection Control: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-

ncov/infection-control/index.html

#### FDA webpages:

General: www.fda.gov/novelcoronavirus

**EUAs:** (includes links to recipient fact sheet and manufacturer's instructions) <a href="https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/emergency-situations-medical-devices/emergency-use-authorizations">https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/emergency-use-authorizations</a>

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