* Apache Guacamole (incubating) is a clientless remote desktop gateway. It supports standard protocols like VNC, RDP, and SSH. It is called clientless because no plugins or client software are required. Thanks to HTML5, once Guacamole is installed on a server, all you need to access your desktops is a web browser.
* script.sh is a small script that creates ./init/initdb.sql by downloading the docker image guacamole/guacamole and start it like this:
  + docker run --rm guacamole/guacamole /opt/guacamole/bin/initdb.sh --postgres > ./init/initdb.sql
  + It creates the necessary database initialization file for postgres
  + /opt/guacamole/bin/initdb.sh is a file located within the Docker container. It is part of the Guacamole application and is used to initialize the database that Guacamole uses to store its configuration and session data
  + --postgres is an argument to the initdb.sh script that specifies which type of database to use. In this case, it specifies PostgreSQL
  + > ./init/initdb.sql redirects the output of the initdb.sh command to a file called initdb.sql in a directory called init, which is located in the current working directory
* openssl is the command-line tool used to generate the SSL certificate
* . req is a subcommand of OpenSSL used for creating and processing certificate requests.
* -nodes means that the private key won't be encrypted with a passphrase. This is useful when automating the process of creating certificates.
* -newkey rsa:2048 creates a new private key using RSA encryption with a length of 2048 bits. -new -x509 creates a new self-signed X.509 certificate.
* -new means that a new certificate request will be generated, and -x509 means that a self-signed certificate will be created instead of sending the certificate request to a certificate authority (CA).
* -keyout nginx/ssl/self-ssl.key specifies the filename of the private key to be created and its location in the nginx/ssl/ directory.
* -out nginx/ssl/self.cert specifies the filename of the certificate to be created and its location in the nginx/ssl/ directory.