CS101 Practice Midterm 1

• be sure to enter your <u>Net1D</u> and <u>the code below</u> on your Scantron.
• Do not turn this page until instructed to.
• There are 25 questions worth 1 point each.
• Each question has only one correct answer.
• You must not communicate with other students during this test.
• No books, notes, or electronic devices allowed.
• This is a 45 minute exam.
• There are several different versions of this exam.
1. Fill in your information:
Full Name:
UIN (Student Number):
NetID:
2. Fill in the following answers on the Scantron form:

95. D

96. C

1. (1 point) Evaluate the following expression:

```
"ABC".join(["A","B","C"])
```

What value is produced?

- (A) "AAABBBCCC"
- (B) "ABCABCABC"
- (C) None of the other answers are correct.
- (D) "AABCBABCC"

2. (1 point) Consider the following program.

```
x=0
i=1
while(i*i)<=49:
    if (i%2)==1:
        x+=1
    i=i+1</pre>
```

- (A) 4
- (B) 5
- (C) 3
- (D) None of the other answers are correct.

```
s="MEWTWO"
x=""
for i in range(0,len(s)):
    if (i>1) and (i<3):
        x+=s[i:i+3]</pre>
```

What is the **value** of x after this program is executed?

- (A) "WTW"
- (B) None of the other answers are correct.
- (C) "EWT"
- (D) "WTWO"
- (E) "EWTW"

4. (1 point) Consider the following program:

```
s="SQUIRTLE"
x=""
for i in range(0,len(s)):
    if (i>4) and (i<7):
        x+=s[i:i+2]</pre>
```

What is the **value** of x after this program is executed?

- (A) "RT"
- (B) "RTTLLE"
- (C) "TLLE"
- (D) None of the other answers are correct.
- (E) "RTTL"

```
s="A,E,I,0,U".split(",")
s=s[0:3]
s=s.sort()
```

What is the **value** of s after this program is executed?

- (A) ['A', 'E', 'I']
- (B) None of the other answers are correct.
- (C) ['A', 'E', 'I', 'O']
- (D) "AEI"
- (E) "AEIO"

6. (1 point) Consider the following incomplete function.

```
def pal(s):
    a=list(s)
    if ???:
        return True
    else:
        return False
```

The function is intended to return True if and only if the input string s is a palindrome. A palindrome is a string that reads the same forward and backward, like "ABBA" or "RACECAR". What should replace the three question marks to complete the function?

- (A) (len(a) % 2) == 0
- (B) a + a == a * 2
- (C) None of the other answers are correct.
- (D) a.reverse()==a

```
def fun(a,b):
    for i in range(a,b):
        if (i%3)==0:
            return i
    return a==b
a=4
b=6
print fun(a,b)
```

What is printed out by this program?

- (A) 6
- (B) True
- (C) None of the other answers. This code is not valid.
- (D) False
- (E) 3

```
x=["tick","tock"]
x[0]=x.reverse()
x=x[-2]
```

What is the **type** of x after the program is run?

- (A) String
- (B) None of the other answers are correct.
- (C) List
- (D) Tuple
- (E) None

9. (1 point) Consider the following program:

```
x=["tick","tock"]
x[0]=len(list(x[-1]))
x=x[-2]
```

What is the **type** of x after the program is run?

- (A) None of the other answers are correct.
- (B) None
- (C) String
- (D) Integer
- (E) List

```
x=0
i=1
while(i*i)<=36:
    if ((i*i)%2)==0:
        x+=1
    i=i+1</pre>
```

After it is run, what is the final **value** of x?

- (A) None of the other answers are correct.
- (B) 5
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

11. (1 point) Consider the following program:

```
s="GABE&TYCHO"
x=s[3:6]
```

What is the **value** of x after this program is executed?

- (A) "E&T"
- (B) None of the other answers are correct.
- (C) "E&"
- (D) "BE&"
- (E) "BE"

- 12. (1 point) Which of the following represents a single valid string?
- (A) '"I'll not hold my tongue!" I said. "Let the door remain shut, and be quiet!"'
- (B) None of the other answers form a single valid string.
- (C) ''What's your business here?' he demanded, grimly. 'Who are you?''
- (D) '"I'll keep him out five minutes," he exclaimed. "You won't object?"'
- (E) "'What has Heathcliff done to you?' I asked. 'In what has he wronged you?'"

```
x=["tick","tock"]
x[-1]=list(x[0])
x=x[1],x[0]
```

What is the **type** of x after the program is run?

- (A) None
- (B) Tuple
- (C) None of the other answers are correct.
- (D) List
- (E) String

```
x=["tick","tock"]
x[0]=(len(list(x[-1])),x[1])
x=x[1]
```

What is the **type** of x after the program is run?

- (A) String
- (B) List
- (C) Integer
- (D) None of the other answers are correct.
- (E) None

15. (1 point) Consider the following program.

```
def fun(a,b):
    return a-b
x=0
for i in range(2,5):
    x=x+fun(i,x)
    print x
```

- (A) 5
- (B) 4
- (C) 3
- (D) None of the other answers are correct.

16. (1 point) Evaluating which of the following expressions will produce a value of type list?

```
(A) ["1","2","3"]+["4"]
```

- (B) len([3333])
- (C) list("ABC").append("D")
- (D) str(["A","B"]).lower()

17. (1 point) Consider the following program.

```
def fun(a,b):
    return a-b
x=0
for i in range(-1,3):
    x=x+fun(i,x)
    print x
```

- (A) None of the other answers are correct.
- (B) 2
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

```
a=list("ACCIO")
a.reverse()
a[1],a[2]=a[2],a[3]
x=""
for e in a:
    x=x+e
```

What is the **value** of x after this program is executed?

- (A) "AIICC"
- (B) None of the other answers are correct.
- (C) "ACCCO"
- (D) "OIICC"
- (E) "OCCCA"

19. (1 point) Evaluate the following expression:

len("ABCD"[1:3])

What value is produced?

- (A) 1
- (B) 4
- (C) 3
- (D) 2

```
s="CHARIZARD"
x=""
for i in range(0,len(s)):
    if (i>3) and (i<6):
        x+=s[i:i+2]</pre>
```

What is the **value** of x after this program is executed?

- (A) "RI"
- (B) None of the other answers are correct.
- (C) "IZZA"
- (D) "ZA"
- (E) "RIIZ"

21. (1 point) Evaluate the following expression:

```
"+".join("ABABABA".split("A"))
```

What value is produced?

- (A) "ABABABA"
- (B) "B+B+B"
- (C) None of the other answers are correct.
- (D) "+B+B+B+"

22. (1 point) For this problem, you should compose a function which accomplishes a given task using the available code blocks arranged in the correct functional order. We ignore indentation for this problem.

find_min should accept a list and return the value of the *minimum item* in the list. (We use a large value to initialize our comparison in min_val.)

```
1 min_val = i
2 min_val = 1e300
3 for i in range(len(my_list)):
4 if i < min_val:
5 min_val = my_list[i]
6 return min_val
7 if my_list[i] < min_val:
8 for i in range(my_list):
9 print(min_val)
(A) 2, 8, 4, 5, 6
(B) 2, 3, 7, 5, 6
(C) 3, 2, 7, 5, 9
(D) 2, 3, 4, 1, 6</pre>
```

(E) 2, 3, 7, 1, 6

```
def fun(a,b):
    if a>b and a!=4:
        return b==5
    else:
        return a==3
a=5
b=4
print fun(a,b)
```

What is printed out by this program?

- (A) False
- (B) True
- (C) None of the other answers. This code is not valid.
- (D) 5
- (E) 4

```
a=list("REDUCIO")
a.sort()
a[0],a[1]=a[-2],a[-1]
x=""
for e in a:
    x=x+e
```

What is the **value** of x after this program is executed?

- (A) "UREIORU"
- (B) None of the other answers are correct.
- (C) "OIDUCIO"
- (D) "IODUCIO"
- (E) "RUEIORU"

25. (1 point) Consider the following program:

```
x=["tick","tock"]
x[0]=x.sort()
x=x[-2]
```

What is the **type** of x after the program is run?

- (A) None of the other answers are correct.
- (B) List
- (C) Tuple
- (D) None
- (E) String

```
def fun(a,b):
    return a-b
x=0
for i in range(1,4):
    x=x+fun(i,x)
```

- (A) 3
- (B) 4
- (C) 5
- (D) None of the other answers are correct.