FreydCategories-ForCAP

Freyd categories - Formal (co)kernels for additive categories

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Chapter 1

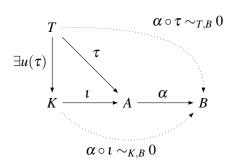
Basic operations

1.1 Weak kernel

For a given morphism $\alpha: A \to B$, a weak kernel of α consists of three parts:

- an object K,
- a morphism $\iota: K \to A$ such that $\alpha \circ \iota \sim_{K,B} 0$,
- a dependent function u mapping each morphism $\tau: T \to A$ satisfying $\alpha \circ \tau \sim_{T,B} 0$ to a morphism $u(\tau): T \to K$ such that $\iota \circ u(\tau) \sim_{T,A} \tau$.

The triple (K, ι, u) is called a *weak kernel* of α . We denote the object K of such a triple by WeakKernelObject(α). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak kernel*.



1.1.1 WeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

(attribute)

Returns: an object

The argument is a morphism α . The output is the weak kernel K of α .

1.1.2 WeakKernelEmbedding (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(WeakKernelObject(α),A)

The argument is a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$. The output is the weak kernel embedding ι : WeakKernelObject(α) $\to A$.

1.1.3 WeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(K,A)

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ and an object $K = \text{WeakKernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the weak kernel embedding $\iota : K \to A$.

1.1.4 WeakKernelLift (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ WeakKernelLift(alpha, tau)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in $Hom(T, WeakKernelObject(\alpha))$

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$ and a test morphism $\tau: T \to A$ satisfying $\alpha \circ \tau \sim_{T,B} 0$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau): T \to \text{WeakKernelObject}(\alpha)$ given by the universal property of the weak kernel.

1.1.5 WeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(T, K)

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$, a test morphism $\tau : T \to A$ satisfying $\alpha \circ \tau \sim_{T,B} 0$, and an object $K = \text{WeakKernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau) : T \to K$ given by the universal property of the weak kernel.

1.1.6 AddWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakKernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakKernelObject. $F: \alpha \mapsto \text{WeakKernelObject}(\alpha)$.

1.1.7 AddWeakKernelEmbedding (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakKernelEmbedding(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakKernelEmbedding. $F: \alpha \mapsto \iota$.

1.1.8 AddWeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

ightharpoonup AddWeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject. F: $(\alpha,K)\mapsto \iota$.

1.1.9 AddWeakKernelLift (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakKernelLift(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakKernelLift. $F: (\alpha, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$.

1.1.10 AddWeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, Is-Function)

▷ AddWeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

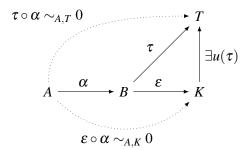
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject. $F:(\alpha,\tau,K)\mapsto u$.

1.2 Weak cokernel

For a given morphism $\alpha: A \to B$, a weak cokernel of α consists of three parts:

- an object K,
- a morphism $\varepsilon: B \to K$ such that $\varepsilon \circ \alpha \sim_{A,K} 0$,
- a dependent function u mapping each $\tau: B \to T$ satisfying $\tau \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} 0$ to a morphism $u(\tau): K \to T$ such that $u(\tau) \circ \varepsilon \sim_{B,T} \tau$.

The triple (K, ε, u) is called a *weak cokernel* of α . We denote the object K of such a triple by WeakCokernelObject(α). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak cokernel*.



1.2.1 WeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ WeakCokernelObject(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: an object

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$. The output is the weak cokernel K of α .

1.2.2 WeakCokernelProjection (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in $Hom(B, WeakCokernelObject(\alpha))$

The argument is a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$. The output is the weak cokernel projection $\varepsilon: B \to WeakCokernelObject(\alpha)$.

1.2.3 WeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory-Morphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(B, K)

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ and an object $K = \text{WeakCokernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the weak cokernel projection $\varepsilon : B \to \text{WeakCokernelObject}(\alpha)$.

1.2.4 WeakCokernelColift (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ WeakCokernelColift(alpha, tau)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(WeakCokernelObject(α), T)

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$ and a test morphism $\tau: B \to T$ satisfying $\tau \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} 0$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$: WeakCokernelObject $(\alpha) \to T$ given by the universal property of the weak cokernel.

1.2.5 WeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ WeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject(alpha, tau, K)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(K,T)

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$, a test morphism $\tau: B \to T$ satisfying $\tau \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} 0$, and an object $K = \text{WeakCokernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau): K \to T$ given by the universal property of the weak cokernel.

1.2.6 AddWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakCokernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakCokernelObject. $F: \alpha \mapsto K$.

1.2.7 AddWeakCokernelProjection (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakCokernelProjection(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakCokernelProjection. $F: \alpha \mapsto \varepsilon$.

1.2.8 AddWeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

ightharpoonup AddWeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject. $F:(\alpha,K)\mapsto \varepsilon$.

1.2.9 AddWeakCokernelColift (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakCokernelColift(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakCokernelColift. $F: (\alpha, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$.

1.2.10 AddWeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

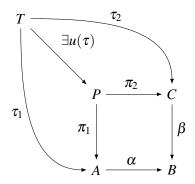
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject. F: $(\alpha, \tau, K) \mapsto u(\tau)$.

1.3 Weak bi-fiber product

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : C \to B)$, a weak bi-fiber product of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object P,
- morphisms $\pi_1: P \to A$, $\pi_2: P \to B$ such that $\alpha \circ \pi_1 \sim_{PB} \beta \circ \pi_2$,
- a dependent function u mapping each pair $\tau = (\tau_1, \tau_2)$ of morphisms $\tau_1 : T \to A$, $\tau_2 : T \to C$ with the property $\alpha \circ \tau_1 \sim_{T,B} \beta \circ \tau_2$ to a morphism $u(\tau) : T \to P$ such that $\pi_1 \circ u(\tau) \sim_{A,T} \tau_1$ and $\pi_2 \circ u(\tau) \sim_{C,T} \tau_2$.

The quadrupel (P, π_1, π_2, u) is called a *weak bi-fiber product* of (α, β) . We denote the object P of such a quadrupel by WeakBiFiberProduct (α, β) . We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak bi-fiber product*.



1.3.1 WeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ WeakBiFiberProduct(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : C \to B$. The output is the weak bi-fiber product P of α and β .

1.3.2 ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P,A)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$. The output is the first weak bi-fiber product projection $\pi_1: P \to A$.

1.3.3 ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObiect)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P,A)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$ and an object $P = \text{WeakBiFiberProduct}(\alpha, \beta)$. The output is the first weak bi-fiber product projection $\pi_1: P \to A$.

1.3.4 ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

 $\qquad \qquad \triangleright \ \texttt{ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct}(alpha, \ beta)$

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P, C)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$. The output is the second weak bi-fiber product projection $\pi_2: P \to C$.

1.3.5 ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P, C)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$ and an object $P = \text{WeakBiFiberProduct}(\alpha, \beta)$. The output is the second weak bi-fiber product projection $\pi_2: P \to C$.

1.3.6 UniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

 \triangleright UniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProduct(alpha, beta, tau_1, tau_2) (operation) **Returns:** a morphism in Hom(T,P)

The arguments are four morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : C \to B$, $\tau_1 : T \to A$, $\tau_2 : T \to C$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the weak bi-fiber product P of α and β .

1.3.7 UniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ UniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct(alpha,
beta, tau_1, tau_2, P) (operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(T, P)

The arguments are four morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$, $\tau_1: T \to A$, $\tau_2: T \to C$ and an object $P = \text{WeakBiFiberProduct}(\alpha, \beta)$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the weak bi-fiber product P.

1.3.8 WeakBiFiberProductMorphismToDirectSum (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\text{Hom}(P, A \oplus C)$

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$. The output is the morphism $P \to A \oplus C$ obtained from the two weak bi-fiber product projections π_1 and π_2 and the universal property of the direct sum.

1.3.9 AddWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakBiFiberProduct. $F:(\alpha,\beta)\mapsto P$

1.3.10 AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct. $F:(\alpha,\beta)\mapsto \pi_1$

1.3.11 AddProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct. F: $(\alpha,\beta)\mapsto \pi_2$

1.3.12 AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 $\begin{tabular}{l} $ > $ AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct(C, \\ F) \end{tabular}$

Returns: nothing

arguments F. are category Cand function This operabasic operation the given function to the category for the F ${\tt ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct}.$ $F:(\alpha,\beta,P)\mapsto\pi_1$

1.3.13 AddProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

Returns: nothing

arguments are category Cand function F. This operagiven function to the category the basic operation ${\tt ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct}.$ $F:(\alpha,\beta,P)\mapsto\pi_2$

1.3.14 AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 ${\tt \hspace*{0.5cm}} \hspace*{0.5cm} {\tt \hspace*{0.5cm}} \hspace*{0.5cm} {\tt \hspace*{0.5cm}} \hspace*{0.5cm} {\tt AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProduct}(\textit{C, F}) \\$

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation UniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProduct. F: $(\alpha, \beta, \tau_1, \tau_2) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.3.15 AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 $\verb| > AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct(\textit{C, F}) \\ (operation)$

Returns: nothing

arguments F. The are category and function This operathe function given Fthe category the operation ${\tt UniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct}.$ $(\alpha, \beta, \tau_1, \tau_2, P) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.3.16 AddWeakBiFiberProductMorphismToDirectSum (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

ightharpoonup AddWeakBiFiberProductMorphismToDirectSum(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

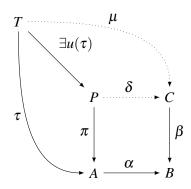
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakBiFiberProductMorphismToDirectSum. $F:(\alpha,\beta)\mapsto$ WeakBiFiberProductMorphismToDirectSum (α,β)

1.4 Biased weak fiber product

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : C \to B)$, a biased weak fiber product of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object P,
- a morphism $\pi: P \to A$ such that there exists a morphism $\delta: P \to C$ such that $\beta \circ \delta \sim_{P,B} \alpha \circ \pi$,
- a dependent function u mapping each $\tau: T \to A$, which admits a morphism $\mu: T \to C$ with $\beta \circ \mu \sim_{T,B} \alpha \circ \tau$, to a morphism $u(\tau): T \to P$ such that $\pi \circ u(\tau) \sim_{T,A} \tau$.

The triple (P, π, u) is called a *biased weak fiber product* of (α, β) . We denote the object P of such a triple by BiasedWeakFiberProduct (α, β) . We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the biased weak fiber product*.



1.4.1 BiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ BiasedWeakFiberProduct(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$. The output is the biased weak fiber product P of α and β .

1.4.2 ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P,A)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$. The output is the biased weak fiber product projection $\pi: P \to A$.

1.4.3 ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P,A)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$, and an object P = BiasedWeakFiberProduct (α, β) . The output is the biased weak fiber product projection $\pi: P \to A$.

${\bf 1.4.4} \quad Universal Morphism Into Biased Weak Fiber Product \quad (for \quad Is Cap Category Morphism, Is Cap Category Morphism, Is Cap Category Morphism)$

 \triangleright UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct(alpha, beta, tau) (operation) **Returns:** a morphism in Hom(T,P)

The arguments are three morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : C \to B$, $\tau : T \to A$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the biased weak fiber product P of α and β .

1.4.5 UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

 $\verb| D Iniversal Morphism Into Biased Weak Fiber Product With Given Biased Weak Fiber Product (alpha, beta, tau, P) \\ (operation)$

Returns: a morphism in Hom(T, P)

The arguments are three morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$, $\tau: T \to A$ and an object P = BiasedWeakFiberProduct (α, β) . The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the biased weak fiber product P of α and β .

1.4.6 AddBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation BiasedWeakFiberProduct. $F:(\alpha,\beta)\mapsto P$

1.4.7 AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct. $F: (\alpha, \beta) \mapsto \pi$

1.4.8 AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

arguments are category Cand function F. This operagiven function the category for the to ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct. $F:(\alpha,\beta,P)\mapsto$

1.4.9 AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct. F: $(\alpha, \beta, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.4.10 AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

> AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C,F) (operation)

Returns: nothing

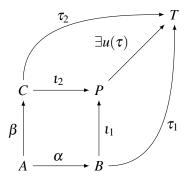
The arguments F. are a category Cand function This operathe given function F the category for the basic to ${\tt UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct}.$ $F:(\alpha,\beta,\tau,P)\mapsto u(\tau)$

1.5 Weak bi-pushout

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : A \to C)$, a weak bi-pushout of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object P,
- morphisms $\iota_1: B \to P$, $\iota_2: C \to P$ such that $\iota_1 \circ \alpha \sim_{A,P} \iota_2 \circ \beta$,
- a dependent function u mapping each pair $\tau = (\tau_1, \tau_2)$ of morphisms $\tau_1 : B \to T$, $\tau_2 : C \to T$ with the property $\tau_1 \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} \tau_2 \circ \beta$ to a morphism $u(\tau) : P \to T$ such that $u(\tau) \circ \iota_1 \sim_{B,T} \tau_1$ and $u(\tau) \circ \iota_2 \sim_{C,T} \tau_2$.

The quadrupel (P, ι_1, ι_2, u) is called a *weak bi-pushout* of (α, β) . We denote the object P of such a quadrupel by WeakBiPushout (α, β) . We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak bi-pushout*.



1.5.1 WeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ WeakBiPushout(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$. The output is the weak bi-pushout P of α and β .

1.5.2 InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(B, P)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$. The output is the first weak bi-pushout injection $\iota_1 : B \to P$.

1.5.3 InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(C, P)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$. The output is the second weak bi-pushout injection $\iota_2 : C \to P$.

1.5.4 InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for Is-CapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout(alpha, beta,
P) (operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(B, P)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$ and an object $P = \text{WeakBiPushout}(\alpha, \beta)$. The output is the first weak bi-pushout injection $\iota_1 : B \to P$.

1.5.5 InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(C, P)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$ and an object $P = \text{WeakBiPushout}(\alpha, \beta)$. The output is the second weak bi-pushout injection $\iota_2 : C \to P$.

1.5.6 UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

 \triangleright UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout(alpha, beta, tau_1, tau_2) (operation) **Returns:** a morphism in Hom(P,T)

The arguments are four morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$, $\tau_1 : B \to T$, $\tau_2 : C \to T$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the weak bi-pushout P of α and β .

1.5.7 UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for Is-CapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

 $\verb| UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout(alpha, beta, tau_1, tau_2, P) \\ (operation)$

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P, T)

The arguments are four morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: A \to C$, $\tau_1: B \to T$, $\tau_2: C \to T$, and an object $P = \text{WeakBiPushout}(\alpha, \beta)$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the weak bi-pushout P of α and β .

1.5.8 DirectSumMorphismToWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ DirectSumMorphismToWeakBiPushout(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\text{Hom}(B \oplus C, P)$

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: C \to B$. The output is the morphism $B \oplus C \to P$ obtained from the two weak bi-fiber product injections ι_1 and ι_2 and the universal property of the direct sum.

1.5.9 AddWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddWeakBiPushout(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation WeakBiPushout. $F:(\alpha,\beta)\mapsto P$

1.5.10 AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout. $F: (\alpha, \beta) \mapsto \iota_1$

1.5.11 AddInjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddInjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout. $F: (\alpha, \beta) \mapsto \iota_2$

1.5.12 AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 \triangleright AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout(C, F) (operation)

Returns: nothing

arguments are category Cand function F. This operation function F the the given to category for the basic $\verb|InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout.| F: (\alpha, \beta, P) \mapsto \iota_1$

1.5.13 AddInjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 $\verb| > AddInjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout(C, F) (operation)$

Returns: nothing

F. The arguments category Cand function This operaare a adds given function Fto the category for the basic operation $\verb|InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout.| F: (\alpha, \beta, P) \mapsto \iota_2$

1.5.14 AddUniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddUniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout. $F: (\alpha, \beta, \tau_1, \tau_2) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.5.15 AddUniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

The arguments This category Cand function operaare function Fthe category the tion adds given to for basic operation UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout. $F: (\alpha, \beta, \tau_1, \tau_2, P) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.5.16 AddDirectSumMorphismToWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddDirectSumMorphismToWeakBiPushout(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

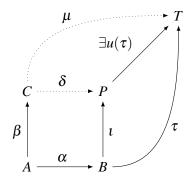
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation DirectSumMorphismToWeakBiPushout. $F:(\alpha,\beta)\mapsto \mathrm{DirectSumMorphismToWeakBiPushout}(\alpha,\beta)$

1.6 Biased weak pushout

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : A \to C)$, a biased weak pushout of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object *P*,
- a morphism $\iota: B \to P$ such that there exists a morphism $\delta: C \to P$ such that $\delta \circ \beta \sim_{A,P} \iota \circ \alpha$,
- a dependent function u mapping each $\tau: B \to T$, which admits a morphism $\mu: C \to T$ with $\mu \circ \beta \sim_{B,T} \tau \circ \alpha$, to a morphism $u(\tau): P \to T$ such that $u(\tau) \circ \iota \sim_{A,T} \tau$.

The triple (P, ι, u) is called a *biased weak pushout* of (α, β) . We denote the object P of such a triple by BiasedWeakPushout (α, β) . We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the biased weak pushout*.



1.6.1 BiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ BiasedWeakPushout(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$. The output is the biased weak pushout P of α and β .

1.6.2 InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategory-Morphism)

▷ InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(B, P)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$. The output is the biased weak pushout injection $\iota : B \to P$.

1.6.3 InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

 \triangleright InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout(alpha, beta, P) (operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(B, P)

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: A \to C$ and an object P = BiasedWeakPushout(α, β). The output is the biased weak pushout injection $\iota: B \to P$.

1.6.4 UniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P, T)

The arguments are three morphisms $\alpha : A \to B$, $\beta : A \to C$, $\tau : B \to T$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the biased weak pushout P of α and β .

1.6.5 UniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

 $\verb| D Iniversal Morphism From Biased Weak Pushout With Given Biased Weak Pushout (alpha, beta, tau, P) \\ (operation)$

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P, T)

The arguments are three morphisms $\alpha: A \to B$, $\beta: A \to C$, $\tau: B \to T$ and an object $P = \text{BiasedWeakPushout}(\alpha, \beta)$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau)$ induced by the universal property of the biased weak pushout P of α and β .

1.6.6 AddBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddBiasedWeakPushout(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation BiasedWeakPushout. $F: (\alpha, \beta) \mapsto P$

1.6.7 AddInjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddInjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout. $F: (\alpha, \beta) \mapsto \iota$

1.6.8 AddInjectionOfBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCap-Category, IsFunction)

arguments are a category Cand function This operation given function to the category for the basic operation InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout. $F:(\alpha,\beta,P)\mapsto\iota$

1.6.9 AddUniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation UniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushout. $F:(\alpha,\beta,\tau)\mapsto u(\tau)$

1.6.10 AddUniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 \triangleright AddUniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout(C, F) (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are category Cand function F. This operathe given function to the category for the operation Fbasic ${\tt Universal Morphism From Biased Weak Pushout With Given Biased Weak Pushout}.$ \boldsymbol{F} $(\alpha, \beta, \tau, P) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.7 Abelian constructions

1.7.1 SomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

(attribute)

Returns: an object

The argument is a morphism α . The output is the source of EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject applied to α .

1.7.2 EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject (for IsCapCategory-Morphism)

▷ EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in $Hom(P, KernelObject(\alpha))$

The argument is a morphism α . The output is an epimorphism $\pi: P \to \text{KernelObject}(\alpha)$ with P a projective object.

1.7.3 EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectFo (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

 $\verb| EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectForKernelObjectFor$

Returns: a morphism in Hom(P, KernelObject(α))

The arguments are a morphism α and an object $P = \text{SomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is an epimorphism $\pi : P \to \text{KernelObject}(\alpha)$.

1.7.4 SomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

(attribute)

Returns: an object

The argument is a morphism α . The output is the range of MonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject applied to α .

1.7.5 MonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ MonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(CokernelObject(α), I)

The argument is a morphism α . The output is a monomorphism ι : CokernelObject(α) $\to I$ with I an injective object.

1.7.6 MonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectFor (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▶ MonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectWithGivenSomeInjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectWithGivenSomeInjectW

Returns: a morphism in Hom(CokernelObject(α), I)

The arguments are a morphism α and an object $I = \text{SomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is a monomorphism $\iota : \text{CokernelObject}(\alpha) \to I$.

1.7.7 AddSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 ${\tt \,\,\triangleright\,\,} \,\, {\tt AddSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject(\it{C},\,\,F)}$

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation SomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject. $F: \alpha \mapsto P$.

1.7.8 AddSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation SomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject. $F: \alpha \mapsto I$.

1.7.9 AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

ightharpoonup AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject(C, F)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject. $F: \alpha \mapsto \pi$.

1.7.10 AddMonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

(operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation MonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObject. $F: \alpha \mapsto \iota$.

1.7.11 AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObj (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

 $\verb| AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKerneForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectIveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectWithGivenSomeP$

Returns: nothing

arguments Cfunction F. This The are category and operafunction F the category for the given to basic operation Epimorphism From Some Projective Object For Kernel Object With Given Some Projective Object For Kernel Object For Kern $F:(\alpha,P)\mapsto\pi$.

1.7.12 AddMonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObje (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddMonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokern
F)
(operation)

Returns: nothing

arguments Cfunction F. This are category and operagiven function the category for the basic operation to MonomorphismToSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObjectWithGivenSomeInjectiveObjectForCokernelObj $F:(\alpha,I)\mapsto \iota$.

Chapter 2

Additive closure

2.1 GAP Categories

2.1.1 IsAdditiveClosureCategory (for IsCapCategory)

▷ IsAdditiveClosureCategory(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of additive closures of Ab-categories.

2.1.2 IsAdditiveClosureObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ IsAdditiveClosureObject(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of objects in additive closures of Ab-categories.

2.1.3 IsAdditiveClosureMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ IsAdditiveClosureMorphism(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms in additive closures of Ab-categories.

2.2 Constructors

2.2.1 AdditiveClosure (for IsCapCategory)

▷ AdditiveClosure(C)

(attribute)

Returns: the category C^{\oplus}

The argument is an Ab-category C. The output is its additive closure C^{\oplus} . By default, lists of lists are used as the underlying data structure for morphisms. This can be changed via the two options matrix_element_as_morphism and list_list_as_matrix, see AdditiveClosureMorphism (2.2.4) for details.

2.2.2 AdditiveClosureObject (for IsList, IsAdditiveClosureCategory)

AdditiveClosureObject(L, C^\oplus)

(operation)

Returns: an object in C^{\oplus}

The argument is a list of objects $L = [A_1, \dots, A_n]$ in an Ab-category C. The output is the formal direct sum $A_1 \oplus \dots \oplus A_n$ in the additive closure C^{\oplus} .

2.2.3 AsAdditiveClosureObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ AsAdditiveClosureObject(A)

(attribute)

Returns: an object in C^{\oplus}

The argument is an object A in an Ab-category C. The output is the image of A under the inclusion functor $\iota: C \to C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.4 AdditiveClosureMorphism (for IsAdditiveClosureObject, IsObject, IsAdditiveClosureObject)

▷ AdditiveClosureMorphism(A, M, B)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\text{Hom}_{C^{\oplus}}(A, B)$

The arguments are formal direct sums $A = A_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus A_m$, $B = B_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus B_n$ in some additive category C^{\oplus} and an $m \times n$ matrix (see below) $M := (\alpha_{ij} : A_i \to B_j)_{ij}$ for $i = 1, \ldots, m, j = 1, \ldots, n$. The output is the formal morphism between A and B that is defined by M.

If $m \neq 0 \neq n$, M has to provide access to its elements via the operation [,]. In case that the elements of M first have to be wrapped to actually obtain morphisms in C, you can provide the function matrix_element_as_morphism (default: IdFunc) as an option to AdditiveClosure (2.2.1) which will internally be automatically applied to the elements of M. In this case you also have to provide the function list_list_as_matrix (default: ReturnFirst) as an option to AdditiveClosure (2.2.1): It gets passed a list of list of morphisms α_{ij} as well as m and n as above and has to return the corresponding matrix M. If IsMatrixObj(M), then NrRows(M) resp. NrCols(M) must be m resp. n.

The default values of matrix_element_as_morphism and list_list_as_matrix allow to use lists of lists as the data structure of M.

2.2.5 AdditiveClosureMorphismListList (for IsAdditiveClosureObject, IsList, IsAdditiveClosureObject)

▷ AdditiveClosureMorphismListList(A, L, B)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\text{Hom}_{C^{\oplus}}(A, B)$

Input and return value are the same as for AdditiveClosureMorphism except that the matrix M can be given as a list (of lists) L to which list_list_as_matrix will be applied automatically.

2.2.6 AsAdditiveClosureMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ AsAdditiveClosureMorphism(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in C^{\oplus}

The argument is a morphism α in an Ab-category C. The output is the image of α under the inclusion functor $\iota: C \to C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.7 InclusionFunctorInAdditiveClosure (for IsCapCategory)

▷ InclusionFunctorInAdditiveClosure(C)

(attribute)

Returns: a functor $C \to C^{\oplus}$

The argument is an Ab-category C. The output is the inclusion functor $\iota: C \to C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.8 ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosures (for IsCapFunctor)

▷ ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosures(F)

(attribute)

Returns: a functor $C^{\oplus} \to D^{\oplus}$

The argument is a functor $F: C \to D$, and the output is the extension functor $F^{\oplus}: C^{\oplus} \to D^{\oplus}$.

2.2.9 ExtendFunctorWithAdditiveRangeToFunctorFromAdditiveClosureOfSource (for IsCapFunctor)

ho ExtendFunctorWithAdditiveRangeToFunctorFromAdditiveClosureOfSource(F) (attribute) Returns: a functor $C^\oplus \to D$

The argument is a functor $F: C \to D$, where D is an additive category. The output is the extension functor $F^{\oplus}: C^{\oplus} \to D$.

2.2.10 ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosureOfSource (for IsCapFunctor)

▷ ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosureOfSource(F)

(attribute)

Returns: a functor $C^{\oplus} \to D^{\oplus}$ or $C^{\oplus} \to D$

The argument is a functor $F:C\to D$. If D is not known to be an additive category, then return ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosures(F), otherwise return ExtendFunctorWithAdditiveRangeToFunctorFromAdditiveClosureOfSource(F).

2.2.11 ExtendNaturalTransformationToAdditiveClosureOfSource (for IsCapNaturalTransformation)

 ${\tt \vartriangleright} \ \, {\tt ExtendNaturalTransformationToAdditiveClosureOfSource}(\it et a)$

(attribute)

Returns: a natural transformation from F^{\oplus} to G^{\oplus}

The argument is a natural transformation $\eta:(F:C\to D)\Rightarrow (G:C\to D)$ where D is an additive category. The output is the extension natural transformation $\eta^{\oplus}:(F^{\oplus}:C^{\oplus}\to D)\to (G^{\oplus}:C^{\oplus}\to D)$.

2.3 Attributes

2.3.1 UnderlyingCategory (for IsAdditiveClosureCategory)

▷ UnderlyingCategory(A)

(attribute)

Returns: the category C

The argument is some additive closure category $A := C^{\oplus}$. The output is C.

2.3.2 ObjectList (for IsAdditiveClosureObject)

▷ ObjectList(A)

(attribute)

Returns: a list of the objects in C

The argument is a formal direct sum $A := A_1 \oplus ... \oplus A_m$ in some additive closure category C^{\oplus} . The output is the list $[A_1, ..., A_m]$.

2.3.3 MorphismMatrix (for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism)

▷ MorphismMatrix(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a list of lists the morphisms in C

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ between formal direct sums in some additive closure category C^{\oplus} . The output is the defining matrix of α .

2.3.4 NrRows (for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism)

▷ NrRows(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a non-negative integer

The argument is a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$ between formal direct sums. The output is the number of summands of the the source.

2.3.5 NrCols (for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism)

▷ NrCols(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a non-negative integer

The argument is a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$ between formal direct sums. The output is the number of summands of the the range.

2.4 Operators

2.4.1 \[\] (for IsAdditiveClosureObject, IsInt)

▷ \[\](A, i)

(operation)

Returns: an object in C

The arguments are a formal direct sum A in some additive category C^{\oplus} and an integers i. The output is the i'th entry in ObjectList(A).

2.4.2 [(for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism, IsInt, IsInt)

 \triangleright [(alpha, i, j)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism *C*

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha: A \to B$ between formal direct sums in some additive category C^{\oplus} and two integers i, j. The output is the (i, j)'th entry in MorphismMatrix (α) .

2.4.3 \/ (for IsList, IsAdditiveClosureCategory)

▷ \/(arg1, arg2)

(operation)

The input is either a list of objects or list of lists of morphisms. The method delegates to either AdditiveClosureObject or AdditiveClosureMorphism.

2.4.4 \/ (for IsCapCategoryCell, IsAdditiveClosureCategory)

▷ \/(arg1, arg2)

(operation)

This is a convenience method for ${\tt AsAdditiveClosureObject}$ and ${\tt AsAdditiveClosureMorphism}.$

Chapter 3

Example on additive closure

3.1 Using matrix data structures

```
Example
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular();;
gap> R := QQ * "x,y,z";;
gap> matrix_element_as_morphism :=
          r -> RingAsCategoryMorphism( RingAsCategory( R ), r );;
gap> list_list_as_matrix := {listlist, m, n} ->
     HomalgMatrix(
         List( listlist,
             row -> List( row,
                  entry -> UnderlyingRingElement( entry )
              )
          ), m, n, R);;
gap> CR := RingAsCategory( R );;
gap> CRplus := AdditiveClosure( CR :
      matrix_element_as_morphism := matrix_element_as_morphism,
      list_list_as_matrix := list_list_as_matrix
> );;
gap> M := HomalgMatrix( "[[x^2,4*y]]", 1, 2, R );;
gap> N := HomalgMatrix( "[[1,3*x], [2*y^3,5*y]]", 2, 2, R );;
gap > P := M * N;;
gap> o := AsAdditiveClosureObject( RingAsCategoryUniqueObject( CR ) );;
gap> A := o;;
gap> B := DirectSum( o, o );;
gap> alpha := AdditiveClosureMorphism( A, M, B );;
gap> IsWellDefined( alpha );
gap> beta := AdditiveClosureMorphism( B, N, B );;
gap> IsWellDefined( beta );
gap> gamma := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsWellDefined( gamma );
true
gap> MorphismMatrix( gamma ) = P;
gap> # E and EE are both occupied by GAP
> EEE := KoszulDualRing( R );;
```

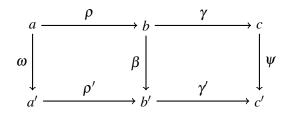
```
gap> matrix_element_as_morphism :=
         r -> RingAsCategoryMorphism( RingAsCategory( EEE ), r );;
gap> list_list_as_matrix := {listlist, m, n} ->
      HomalgMatrix(
>
         List( listlist,
>
              row -> List( row,
                  entry -> UnderlyingRingElement( entry )
          ), m, n, EEE );;
gap> CEEE := RingAsCategory( EEE );;
gap> CEEEplus := AdditiveClosure( CEEE :
     matrix_element_as_morphism := matrix_element_as_morphism,
      list_list_as_matrix := list_list_as_matrix
>);;
gap> M := HomalgMatrix( "[[e0*e1,3*e0]]", 1, 2, EEE );;
gap> N := HomalgMatrix( "[[1,e0*e2], [2*e0*e1*e2,5*e2]]", 2, 2, EEE );;
gap > P := M * N;;
gap> o := AsAdditiveClosureObject( RingAsCategoryUniqueObject( CEEE ) );;
gap> A := o;;
gap> B := DirectSum( o, o );;
gap> alpha := AdditiveClosureMorphism( A, M, B );;
gap> IsWellDefined( alpha );
gap> beta := AdditiveClosureMorphism( B, N, B );;
gap> IsWellDefined( beta );
true
gap> gamma := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsWellDefined( gamma );
true
gap> MorphismMatrix( gamma ) = P;
true
```

Chapter 4

Adelman category

Let *A* be an additive category. The Adelman category of *A* is the free abelian category induced by *A*. An object *x* of the Adelman category of *A* consists of a composable pair $(\rho : a \to b, \gamma : b \to c)$ in *A*. We call ρ the *relation morphism*, and γ the *corelation morphism* of *x*.

Given two objects $x = (\rho : a \to b, \gamma : b \to c)$ and $y = (\rho' : a' \to b', \gamma' : b' \to c')$, a morphism α from x to y in the Adelman category of A consists of a morphism $\beta : b \to b'$, called the *morphism datum*, that has to fit into some commutative diagram of the form



Any such morphism ω is called a *relation witness*, any such morphism ψ is called a *corelation witness*. Two morphisms between x and y with morphism data β and β' are congruent iff there exists $\sigma_1: b \to a'$ and $\sigma_2: c \to b'$ such that $\beta - \beta' = \sigma_1 \cdot \rho' + \gamma \cdot \sigma_2$. We call any such pair (σ_1, σ_2) a *witness pair* for β, β' being congruent.

4.1 GAP Categories

4.1.1 IsAdelmanCategoryObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ IsAdelmanCategoryObject(a)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of objects of an Adelman category. Every object of an Adelman category lies in this GAP category.

4.1.2 IsAdelmanCategoryMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ IsAdelmanCategoryMorphism(alpha)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms of an Adelman category. Every morphism of an Adelman category lies in this GAP category.

4.1.3 IsAdelmanCategory (for IsCapCategory)

▷ IsAdelmanCategory(C)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of Adelman categories. Every CAP category which was created as an Adelman category lies in this GAP category.

4.2 Constructors

4.2.1 AdelmanCategory (for IsCapCategory)

▷ AdelmanCategory(A)

(attribute)

Returns: a category

The argument is an additive CAP category A. The output is the Adelman category of A.

4.2.2 AdelmanCategoryObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ AdelmanCategoryObject(alpha, beta)

(operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are two morphisms $\alpha: a \to b$, $\beta: b \to c$ of the same additive category A. The output is an object in the Adelman category of A whose relation morphism is α and whose corelation morphism is β .

4.2.3 AdelmanCategoryMorphism (for IsAdelmanCategoryObject, IsCapCategory-Morphism, IsAdelmanCategoryObject)

▷ AdelmanCategoryMorphism(x, alpha, y)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(x, y)

Let A be an additive category. The arguments are an object x in the Adelman category of A, a morphism $\alpha : a \to b$ of A, and an object y in the Adelman category of A. The output is a morphism in the Adelman category of A whose morphism datum is given by α .

4.2.4 AsAdelmanCategoryObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ AsAdelmanCategoryObject(a)

(attribute)

Returns: an object

The argument is an object a of an additive category A. The output is an object in the Adelman category of A whose relation morphism is $0 \to a$ and whose corelation morphism is $a \to 0$.

4.2.5 AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(x, y)

The argument is a morphism $\alpha: a \to b$ of an additive category A. The output is a morphism in the Adelman category of A whose source x is AsAdelmanCategoryObject(a), whose range y is AsAdelmanCategoryObject(b), and whose morphism datum is α .

4.2.6 \(\text{(for IsCapCategoryObject, IsAdelmanCategory)} \)

Returns: an object

This is a convenience method. The first argument is an object a which either lies in an additive category A (which was not created as a Freyd category) or in a Freyd category F of an underlying additive category A. The second argument is an Adelman category C of A. If a lies in A this method returns AsAdelmanCategoryObject(a). If a lies in F, this method return an object in C whose relation morphism is the same as the relation morphism of a, and whose corelation morphism is 0.

4.2.7 \(\(\) (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsAdelmanCategory)

▷ \/(alpha, C) (operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(x, y)

This is a convenience method. The first argument is a morphism α which lies in an additive category A. The second argument is an Adelman category C of A. This method returns AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism(alpha). We set $x = AsAdelmanCategoryObject(Source(<math>\alpha$)) and $y = AsAdelmanCategoryObject(Range(<math>\alpha$)).

4.3 Attributes and Properties

4.3.1 UnderlyingCategory (for IsAdelmanCategory)

▷ UnderlyingCategory(C)

Returns: a category

The argument is an Adelman category C. The output is its underlying category A with which it was constructed.

4.3.2 RelationMorphism (for IsAdelmanCategoryObject)

 (attribute)

(attribute)

The argument is an object x in an Adelman category. The output is its relation morphism $\rho: a \to b$.

4.3.3 CorelationMorphism (for IsAdelmanCategoryObject)

▷ CorelationMorphism(x)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(b, c)

The argument is an object x in an Adelman category. The output is its corelation morphism γ : $b \to c$.

4.3.4 MorphismDatum (for IsAdelmanCategoryMorphism)

▷ MorphismDatum(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(b,b')

The argument is a morphism α in an Adelman category. The output is its morphism datum β : $b \to b'$.

4.3.5 RelationWitness (for IsAdelmanCategoryMorphism)

▷ RelationWitness(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(a, a')

The argument is a morphism α in an Adelman category. The output is its relation witness $\omega : a \rightarrow a'$.

4.3.6 CorelationWitness (for IsAdelmanCategoryMorphism)

▷ CorelationWitness(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(c, c')

The argument is a morphism α in an Adelman category. The output is its corelation witness $\psi: c \to c'$.

4.3.7 WitnessPairForBeingCongruentToZero (for IsAdelmanCategoryMorphism)

(attribute)

Returns: a list of morphisms or fail

The argument is a morphism α in an Adelman category. If α is congruent to zero, the output is a witness pair. If α is not congruent to zero, the output is fail.

4.3.8 IsSequenceAsAdelmanCategoryObject (for IsAdelmanCategoryObject)

▷ IsSequenceAsAdelmanCategoryObject(x)

(property)

Returns: a boolean

The argument is an object *x* in an Adelman category. The output is true if the composition of its relation morphism and its corelation morphism yields zero. Otherwise, the output is false.

Chapter 5

Category of rows

5.1 GAP Categories

5.1.1 IsCategoryOfRowsObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ IsCategoryOfRowsObject(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of objects in the category of rows over a ring R.

Example on category of rows

6.1 Constructors of objects

```
gap> S := HomalgRingOfIntegers();
Z
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( S );
Rows( Z )
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 8, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 8>
```

6.2 Constructors of morphisms

```
gap> obj3 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 1>
gap> IsWellDefined( obj1 );
true
gap> obj4 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj3, HomalgMatrix( [[1,2]], S ), obj4 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
gap> IsWellDefined( mor );
true
```

```
gap> Display( Source( mor ) );
A row module over Z of rank 1
gap> Display( Range( mor ) );
A row module over Z of rank 2
gap> Display( UnderlyingMatrix( mor ) );
[ [ 1, 2 ] ]
```

6.3 A few categorical constructions for category of rows

```
___ Example __
gap> ZeroObject( rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 0>
gap> obj5 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
                                   __ Example _
gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( rows ), obj5 ) );
A zero, split monomorphism in Rows( Z )
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 0
Matrix:
(an empty 0 x 2 matrix)
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
                                    _{-} Example .
gap> obj6 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 1>
                                 \_ Example _{-}
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( obj6 ) );
An identity morphism in Rows( Z )
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[1]]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
                                 ___ Example -
gap> directSum := DirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ] );
<A row module over Z of rank 3>
                                ____ Example _
gap> Display( directSum );
A row module over Z of rank 3
                             _____ Example __
gap> i1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                                 \longrightarrow Example _-
gap> Display( i1 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

```
Matrix:
[ [ 1, 0, 0 ],
  [ 0, 1, 0 ] ]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 3
                                  \_ Example \_
gap> i2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                       _____ Example ___
gap> Display( i2 );
A morphism in Rows(Z)
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[0,0,1]]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 3
                                  \_ Example .
gap> proj1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Rows(Z)>
                               -\!\!\!-\!\!\!-\!\!\!\!- Example -\!\!\!\!-
gap> Display( proj1 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )
A row module over Z of rank 3
Matrix:
[[1, 0],
 [ 0, 1],
  [ 0, 0 ] ]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
                            _____ Example _
gap> proj2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                          oxdots Example oxdots
gap> Display( proj2 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 3
Matrix:
[[0],
```

```
[ 0],
  [ 1]]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
                                   _{-} Example _{-}
gap> k := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                                  \_ Example _{-}
gap> Display( k );
A morphism in Rows( Z )
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[0,0,1]]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 3
                                   _ Example
gap> ck := WeakCokernelProjection( k );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                               \_ Example \_
gap> Display( ck );
A morphism in Rows( Z )
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 3
Matrix:
[[ 0, -1],
  Ε
     1, 0],
         0]]
    Ο,
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
                                _{---} Example _{-}
gap> IsMonomorphism( k );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( k );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( ck );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( ck );
gap> mor1 := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj5, HomalgMatrix( [[ 1 ], [ 2 ]], S ), obj6 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                                  \_ Example \_
gap> Display( mor1 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )
```

```
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2
Matrix:
[[1],
 [ 2 ] ]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
                                ___ Example __
gap> mor2 := IdentityMorphism( obj6 );
<An identity morphism in Rows( Z )>
                          _____ Example __
gap> Display( mor2 );
An identity morphism in Rows( Z )
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[1]]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
                                ____ Example ____
gap> lift := Lift( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                               \_ Example _{-}
gap> Display( lift );
A morphism in Rows(Z)
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2
Matrix:
[[1],
 [ 2 ] ]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
                            _____Example _
gap> source := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 1>
gap> range := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( source, HomalgMatrix( [[ 2, 3 ]], S ), range );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
gap> colift := Colift( mor2, mor );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

```
_____Example __
gap> Display( colift );
A morphism in Rows(Z)
A row module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[2, 3]]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
                              oxdot Example oxdot
gap> fp := WeakBiFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                            _____ Example __
gap> Display( fp_proj );
A morphism in Rows(Z)
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2
Matrix:
[[-2, 1],
 [ -1, 0]
Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
                          _____ Example ___
gap> po := WeakBiPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> inj_push := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
                           _____ Example __
gap> Display( inj_push );
A morphism in Rows(Z)
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2
Matrix:
[[-3, 1],
 [ 2, -1]
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

6.4 Simplifications

```
_{-} Example _{-}
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> M := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2, 2, 2 ], [ 3, 3, 3 ] ], 2, 3, R );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( M, rows );;
gap> pi := PreCompose( [
      SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource( alpha, infinity ),
      SimplifySourceAndRange( alpha, infinity ),
      SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoToInputRange( alpha, infinity ) ] );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne(
      PreCompose (SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource(alpha, infinity), SimplifySourceAnd
>);
true
gap> IsOne(
      PreCompose(SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputRange(alpha, infinity), SimplifySourceAndI
>);
true
gap> pi2 := PreCompose(
      SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ),
      SimplifySource( alpha, infinity )
>);;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi2, alpha );
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySource_Iso
true
gap> pi3 := PreCompose(
      SimplifyRange( alpha, infinity ),
      SimplifyRange_IsoToInputObject( alpha, infinity )
>
>);;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi3, alpha );
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifyRange_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifyRange_IsoTo
true
```

```
_ Example _
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> M := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2, 2, 2 ], [ 3, 3, 3 ] ], 2, 3, R );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( M, cols );;
gap> pi := PreCompose( [
      SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource( alpha, infinity ),
      SimplifySourceAndRange( alpha, infinity ),
      SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoToInputRange( alpha, infinity ) ] );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne(
      PreCompose (SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource(alpha, infinity), SimplifySourceAnd
> );
true
gap> IsOne(
```

```
PreCompose( SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputRange( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySourceAndR
> );
true
gap> pi2 := PreCompose(
> SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ),
> SimplifySource( alpha, infinity )
> );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi2, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySource_IsoTune
gap> pi3 := PreCompose(
> SimplifyRange( alpha, infinity ),
> SimplifyRange_IsoToInputObject( alpha, infinity )
> );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi3, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifyRange_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifyRange_IsoToInputObject( alpha, infinity )
```

```
_ Example .
gap> Qxyz := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInDefaultCAS( ) * "x,y,z";;
gap> A3 := RingOfDerivations( Qxyz, "Dx,Dy,Dz" );;
gap> M1 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> Dx \
> ]", 1, 1, A3 );;
gap> M2 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> Dx, \
> Dy \
> ]", 2, 1, A3 );;
gap> M3 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> Dx, \
> Dy, \
> Dz \
> ]", 3, 1, A3 );;
gap> M := DiagMat( [ M1, M2, M3 ] );;
gap> M := ShallowCopy( M );;
gap> SetIsMutableMatrix( M, true );;
gap> M[ 1, 2 ] := "1";;
gap> M[ 2, 3 ] := "1";;
gap> M[ 3, 3 ] := "1";;
gap> MakeImmutable( M );;
gap> tau1 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> 1, Dx, Dz, \
> 0, 0, 1, \
> 0, 1, Dy \
> ]", 3, 3, A3 );;
gap> tau2 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> 0, 1, Dz+x*y, \
> 0, 0,
           1, \
> 1, Dz,
            x-y \
> ]", 3, 3, A3 );;
gap> tau3 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
```

```
> 1, 0, 0, \
> 1, 1, 0, \
> 0, -1, 1 \
> ]", 3, 3, A3 );;
gap> tau := tau1 * tau2 * tau3;;
gap> M := M * tau;;
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( A3 );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( M, rows );;
gap> Mrows := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> Srows := SimplifyObject( Mrows, infinity );;
gap> RankOfObject( Source( RelationMorphism( Srows ) ) );
gap> RankOfObject( Range( RelationMorphism( Srows ) ) );
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoFromInputObject( Mrows, infinity ) );
true
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoToInputObject( Mrows, infinity ) );
true
```

Computing the grade filtration:

```
Example .
gap> mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 1 );;
gap> IsZero( mu1 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu1 );
gap> mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 2 );;
gap> IsZero( mu2 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu2 );
gap> mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 3 );;
gap> IsZero( mu3 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu3 );
gap> mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 4 );;
gap> IsZero( mu4 );
true
```

```
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( A3 );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( M, cols );;
gap> Mcols := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> Scols := SimplifyObject( Mcols, infinity );;
gap> RankOfObject( Source( RelationMorphism( Scols ) ) );
1
gap> RankOfObject( Range( RelationMorphism( Scols ) ) );
4
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoFromInputObject( Mcols, infinity ) );
true
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoToInputObject( Mcols, infinity ) );
true
```

Category of columns

7.1 GAP Categories

7.1.1 IsCategoryOfColumnsObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ IsCategoryOfColumnsObject(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of objects in the category of columns over a ring R.

Example on category of columns

8.1 Constructors of objects

```
gap> S := HomalgRingOfIntegers();
Z
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( S );
Columns( Z )
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 8, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 8>
```

8.2 Constructors of morphisms

```
Example
gap> obj3 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 1>
gap> IsWellDefined( obj1 );
true
gap> obj4 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj3, HomalgMatrix( [[1],[2]], S ), obj4 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
gap> IsWellDefined( mor );
true
```

```
gap> Display( Source( mor ) );
A column module over Z of rank 1
gap> Display( Range( mor ) );
A column module over Z of rank 2
gap> Display( UnderlyingMatrix( mor ) );
[ [ 1 ],
      [ 2 ] ]
```

8.3 A few categorical constructions for category of columns

```
___ Example ____
gap> ZeroObject( cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 0>
gap> obj5 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
                                   _ Example _
gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( cols ), obj5 ) );
A zero, split monomorphism in Columns( Z )
A column module over Z of rank O
Matrix:
(an empty 2 x 0 matrix)
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
                                    _{-} Example _{-}
gap> obj6 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 1>
                                 \_ Example _-
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( obj6 ) );
An identity morphism in Columns( Z )
Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[1]]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
                                ____ Example .
gap> directSum := DirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ] );
<A column module over Z of rank 3>
                                   oxdot Example oxdot
gap> Display( directSum );
A column module over Z of rank 3
                              _____ Example ___
gap> i1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
                                 \longrightarrow Example _{-}
gap> Display( i1 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

```
Matrix:
[[1, 0],
 [ 0, 1],
  [ 0, 0 ] ]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 3
                                  \_ Example \_
gap> i2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
                              -\!\!-\!\!-\!\!-\!\!- Example -\!\!-
gap> Display( i2 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
A column module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[0],
 [ 0],
  [ 1]]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 3
                             _____Example _
gap> proj1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
                         _____ Example _
gap> Display( proj1 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
Source:
A column module over Z of rank 3
Matrix:
[[1, 0, 0],
  [ 0, 1, 0 ] ]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
                               --- Example
gap> proj2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
                                _{---} Example _{-}
gap> Display( proj2 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
A column module over Z of rank 3
```

```
Matrix:
[[0,0,1]]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
```

```
gap> k := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

```
gap> Display( k );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[[ 0 ],
      [ 0 ],
      [ 1 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 3
```

```
gap> ck := WeakCokernelProjection( k );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

```
gap> Display( ck );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 3

Matrix:
[[ 0, 1, 0 ],
        [ -1, 0, 0 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

```
____ Example _
gap> Display( mor1 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
A column module over Z of rank 2
Matrix:
[[1, 2]]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
                                   _ Example _
gap> mor2 := IdentityMorphism( obj6 );
<An identity morphism in Columns( Z )>
                               \_ Example \_
gap> Display( mor2 );
An identity morphism in Columns( Z )
Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[[1]]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
                                  \_ Example _-
gap> lift := Lift( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
                                  \_ Example _{-}
gap> Display( lift );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2
Matrix:
[[1, 2]]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
                                   _{-} Example _{-}
gap> source := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 1>
gap> range := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( source, HomalgMatrix( [[ 2 ], [ 3 ]], S ), range );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
gap> colift := Colift( mor2, mor );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

```
_____ Example ___
gap> Display( colift );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
A column module over Z of rank 1
Matrix:
[ [ 2],
[ 3]]
A column module over Z of rank 2
                                oxdot Example oxdot
gap> fp := WeakBiFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
                           _____ Example _____
gap> Display( fp_proj );
A morphism in Columns( Z )
Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2
Matrix:
[ [ -2, -1 ],
        [ 1, 0 ] ]
Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
                                ____ Example _____
gap> po := WeakBiPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> inj_push := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
                           _____ Example __
gap> Display( inj_push );
```

```
gap> Display( inj_push );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[[ -3, 2],
        [ 1, -1]]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

Category of graded rows and category of graded columns

9.1 Constructors

9.1.1 CategoryOfGradedColumns (for IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ CategoryOfGradedColumns(R)

(attribute)

Returns: a category

The argument is a homalg graded ring R. The output is the category of graded columns over R.

9.1.2 CategoryOfGradedRows (for IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ CategoryOfGradedRows(R)

(attribute)

Returns: a category

The argument is a homalg graded ring R. The output is the category of graded rows over R.

9.1.3 GradedRow (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ GradedRow(degree_list, R)

(operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are a list of degrees and a homalg graded ring R. The list of degrees must be of the form $[[d_1, n_1], [d_2, n_2], ...]$ where d_i are degrees, i.e. elements in the degree group of R and the n_i are non-negative integers. Currently there are two formats that are supported to enter the degrees. Either one can enter them as lists of integers, say $d_1 = [1, 1, 0, 2]$, or they can be entered as Homalg_Module_Elements of the degree group of R. In either case, the result is the graded row associated to the degrees d_i and their multiplicities n_i .

9.1.4 GradedRow (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing, IsBool)

▷ GradedRow(degree_list, R)

(operation)

Returns: an object

As 'GradedRow', but the boolean (= third argument) allows to switch off checks on the input data. If this boolean is set to true, then the input checks are performed and otherwise they are not. Calling this constructor with 'false' is therefore suited for high performance applications.

9.1.5 GradedColumn (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ GradedColumn(degree_list, R)

(operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are a list of degrees and a homalg graded ring R. The list of degrees must be of the form $[[d_1, n_1], [d_2, n_2], ...]$ where d_i are degrees, i.e. elements in the degree group of R and the n_i are non-negative integers. Currently there are two formats that are supported to enter the degrees. Either one can enter them as lists of integers, say $d_1 = [1,1,0,2]$, or they can be entered as Homalg_Module_Elements of the degree group of R. In either case, the result is the graded column associated to the degrees d_i and their multiplicities n_i .

9.1.6 GradedColumn (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing, IsBool)

▷ GradedColumn(degree_list, R)

(operation)

Returns: an object

As 'GradedColumn', but the boolean (= third argument) allows to switch off checks on the input data. If this boolean is set to true, then the input checks are performed and otherwise they are not. Calling this constructor with 'false' is therefore suited for high performance applications.

9.1.7 GradedRowOrColumnMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumn, IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRowOrColumn)

 \triangleright GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(S, M, T)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(S, T)

The arguments are an object S in the category of graded rows or columns over a homalg graded ring R, a homalg matrix M over R and another graded row or column T over R. The output is the morphism $S \to T$ in the category of graded rows and columns over R, whose underlying matrix is given by M.

9.1.8 GradedRowOrColumnMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumn, IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRowOrColumn, IsBool)

ightharpoonup GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(S, M, T)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(S, T)

As 'GradedRowOrColumnMorphism', but carries a fourth input parameter. If this boolean is set to false, then no checks on the input a performed. That option is therefore better suited for high performance applications.

9.2 Attributes

9.2.1 UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing(A)

(attribute)

Returns: a homalg graded ring

The argument is a graded row or column A over a homalg graded ring R. The output is then the graded ring R.

9.2.2 DegreeList (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ DegreeList(A) (attribute)

Returns: a list

The argument is a graded row or column A over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the degree_list of this object. To handle degree_lists most easily, degree_lists are redcued whenever an object is added to the category. E.g. the input degree_list [[d_1 , 1], [d_1 , 1]] will be turned into [[d_1 , 2]].

9.2.3 RankOfObject (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

Returns: an integer

The argument is a graded row or column over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the rank of this module.

9.2.4 UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

□ UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a homalg graded ring

The argument is a morphism α in the category of graded rows or columns over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the homalg graded ring R.

9.2.5 UnderlyingHomalgMatrix (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

▷ UnderlyingHomalgMatrix(alpha)

(attribute)

Returns: a matrix over a homalg graded ring

The argument is a morphism α in the category of graded rows or columns over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the underlying homalg matrix over R.

9.3 GAP Categories

9.3.1 IsGradedRowOrColumn (for IsCapCategoryObject)

 ${\tt \triangleright} \ \, {\tt IsGradedRowOrColumn}(object)$

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of graded rows and columns over a graded ring R.

9.3.2 IsGradedRow (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ IsGradedRow(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of graded rows over a graded ring R.

9.3.3 IsGradedColumn (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ IsGradedColumn(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of graded columns over a graded ring *R*.

9.3.4 IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms of graded rows and columns over a graded ring R.

9.3.5 IsGradedRowMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

▷ IsGradedRowMorphism(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms of graded rows over a graded ring R.

9.3.6 IsGradedColumnMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

▷ IsGradedColumnMorphism(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms of graded columns over a graded ring *R*.

9.4 Tools to simplify code

9.4.1 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRow)

▷ DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows(m, R)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded row R. We then consider the module map induced from m with range R. This operation then deduces the source of this map and returns the map in the category of graded rows if the degrees of the source are uniquely determined.

${\bf 9.4.2} \quad Deduce Some Map From Matrix And Range For Graded Rows \ (for\ Is Homalg Matrix, Is Graded Row)$

 ${\tt \triangleright \ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows(\textit{m, R})}\\$

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded row R. This operation deduces the source of some map with matrix m and range R and returns the map in the category of graded rows.

9.4.3 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRow)

 ${\tt \triangleright \ DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows(\textit{m, S})}\\$

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded row S. We then consider the module map induced from m with source S. This operation then deduces the range of this map and returns the map in the category of graded rows if the degrees of the range are uniquely determined.

9.4.4 DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRow)

 ${\tt \triangleright \ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows(\textit{m, S})}\\$

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded row S. This operation deduces the range of some map with matrix m and source S and returns the map in the category of graded rows.

9.4.5 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedColumn)

▷ DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols(m, R)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded column R. We then consider the module map induced from m with range R. This operation then deduces the source of this map and returns the map in the category of graded columns if the degrees of the source are uniquely determined.

9.4.6 DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedColumn)

▷ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols(m, R)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded column R. This operation deduces the source of some map with matrix m and range R and returns the map in the category of graded columns.

9.4.7 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedColumn)

DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols(m, S)

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded column S. We then consider the module map induced from m with source S. This operation then deduces the range of this map and returns the map in the category of graded columns if the degrees of the range are uniquely determined.

${\bf 9.4.8} \quad Deduce Some Map From Matrix And Source For Graded Cols \ (for \ Is Homalg Matrix, Is Graded Column)$

 ${\tt \triangleright \ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols(\it{m, S})}\\$

(operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix m and a graded column S. This operation deduces the range of some map with matrix m and source S and returns the map in the category of graded columns.

9.4.9 UnzipDegreeList (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ UnzipDegreeList(S)

(operation)

Returns: a list

Given a graded row or column S, the degrees are stored in compact form. For example, the degrees [1, 1, 1, 1] #! is stored internally as [1, 4]. The second argument is thus the multipicity with which

three degree 1 appears. Still, it can be useful at times to also go in the opposite direction, i.e. to take the compact form [#! 1, 4] and turn it into [1, 1, 1, 1]. This is performed by this operation and the obtained extended degree #! list is returned.

Cokernel image closure

Freyd category

11.1 Internal Hom-Embedding

11.1.1 INTERNAL_HOM_EMBEDDING (for IsFreydCategoryObject, IsFreydCategoryObject)

▷ INTERNAL_HOM_EMBEDDING(objects, a, b)

(operation)

Returns: a (mono)morphism

The arguments are two objects a and b of a Freyd category. Assume that the relation morphism for a is $\alpha: R_A \to A$, then we have the exact sequence $0 \to \underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(a,b) \to \underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(A,b) \to \underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(R_A,b)$. The embedding of $\underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(a,b)$ into $\underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(A,b)$ is the internal Hom-embedding. This method returns this very map.

11.2 Convenient methods for tensor products of freyd objects and morphisms

11.2.1 * (for IsFreydCategoryObject, IsFreydCategoryObject)

▷ *(arg1, arg2) (operation)

11.2.2 \^ (for IsFreydCategoryObject, IsInt)

▷ \^(arg1, arg2) (operation)

11.2.3 * (for IsFreydCategoryMorphism, IsFreydCategoryMorphism)

▷ *(arg1, arg2) (operation)

11.2.4 \^ (for IsFreydCategoryMorphism, IsInt)

▷ \^(arg1, arg2) (operation)

Examples and Tests

12.1 Adelman 5 lemma

```
_{\scriptscriptstyle -} Example
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(8)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4,d:3->5,e:4->6,f:5->6,g:6->7,h:7->8]" );;
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> A := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> B := QuotientOfPathAlgebra( A,
      A.ce - A.df,
      A.abd,
      A.egh,
      A.bc,
      A.ab #since d is supposed to be a mono
gap> QRowsB := QuiverRowsDescentToZDefinedByBasisPaths( B );;
gap> Adel := AdelmanCategory( QRowsB );;
gap> a := B.a/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> b := B.b/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> c := B.c/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> d := B.d/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> e := B.e/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> f := B.f/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> g := B.g/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> h := B.h/QRowsB/Adel;;
gap> 1 := CokernelProjection( a );;
gap> k := CokernelColift( a, PreCompose( b, d ) );;
gap> i := KernelEmbedding( h );;
gap> j := KernelLift( h, PreCompose( e, g ) );;
gap> Kd := KernelObject( d );;
gap> Hbc := HomologyObject( b, c );;
gap> Hcj := HomologyObject( c, j );;
gap> Hkf := HomologyObject( k, f );;
gap> Hfg := HomologyObject( f, g );;
gap> L := [ Kd, Hbc, Hcj, Hkf, Hfg ];;
gap> K := KernelObject( e );;
gap> test_func := MembershipFunctionSerreSubcategoryGeneratedByObjects( L, Adel );|;
Warning: the provided function returns either true or fail!
```

```
gap> C := FullSubcategoryByMembershipFunction( Adel, test_func );;
gap> Serre := Adel/C;;
gap> K := K/Serre;;
gap> IsZero( K );
true
```

Example

12.2 Adelman category basics for category of rows

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> adelman := AdelmanCategory( rows );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ] ], 1, 2, R ), obj2 );;
gap> beta := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> gamma := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 3 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> obj1_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj1 );;
gap> obj2_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj2 );;
gap> m := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( beta );;
gap> n := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( gamma );;
gap> IsWellDefined( m );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( m, n ), PreCompose( n, m ) );
false
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( SubtractionForMorphisms( m, m ), ZeroMorphism( obj2_a, obj2_a ) );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( ZeroObjectFunctorial( adelman ),
>
                           PreCompose(UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject(obj1_a), UniversalMorphis
>
true
gap> d := [ obj1_a, obj2_a ];;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( d ) );;
gap> iota1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> iota2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, iota1 ) + PreCompose( pi2, iota2 ), id );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( d, [ pi1, pi2 ] ), id );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( d, [ iota1, iota2 ] |), id );
true
gap> c := CokernelProjection( m );;
gap> c2 := CokernelProjection( c );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( c2, ZeroMorphism( Source( c2 ), Range( c2 ) ) );
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelProjection( m ) );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( CokernelColift( m, CokernelProjection( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( Col
true
```

```
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( c );;
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( k, c ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( KernelLift( m, KernelEmbedding( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( KernelObjetrue
```

12.3 Adelman category basics for for additive closure of algebroids

```
Example
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(9)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:1->4,d:2->5,e:3->6,f:4->5,g:5->6,h:4->7,i:5->8
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.ad - kQ.cf,
                           kQ.dg - kQ.be,
>
                           kQ.("fi") - kQ.hk,
>
                           kQ.gj - kQ.il,
                           kQ.mk + kQ.bn - kQ.di ]);;
gap> mm := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> Acat := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[2] );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[3] );;
gap> d := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[4] );;
gap> e := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[5] );;
gap> f := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[6] );;
gap> g := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[7] );;
gap> h := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[8] );;
gap> i := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[9] );;
gap> j := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[10] );;
gap> k := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[11] );;
gap> 1 := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[12] );;
gap> m := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[13] );;
gap> n := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[14] );;
gap> Adel := AdelmanCategory( Acat );;
gap> A := AdelmanCategoryObject( a, b );;
gap> B := AdelmanCategoryObject( f, g );;
gap> alpha := AdelmanCategoryMorphism( A, d, B );;
gap> IsWellDefined( alpha );
gap> IsWellDefined( KernelEmbedding( alpha ) );
true
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelProjection( alpha ) );
true
gap> T := AdelmanCategoryObject( k, 1 );;
gap> tau := AdelmanCategoryMorphism( B, i, T );;
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( alpha, tau ) );
gap> colift := CokernelColift( alpha, tau );;
gap> IsWellDefined( colift );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( CokernelProjection( alpha ), colift ), tau );
true
```

```
gap> lift := KernelLift( tau, alpha );;
gap> IsWellDefined( lift );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, KernelEmbedding( tau ) ), alpha );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( ColiftAlongEpimorphism( CokernelProjection( alpha ), tau ), colift
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( LiftAlongMonomorphism( KernelEmbedding( tau ), alpha ), lift );
true
```

12.4 Adelman category basics for category of columns

```
Example
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> adelman := AdelmanCategory( cols );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1 ], [ 2 ] ], 1, 2, R ), obj2 )
gap> beta := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 3 ], [ 2, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), ol
gap> gamma := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 3 ], [ 3, 4 ] ]], 2, 2, R ), 
gap> obj1_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj1 );;
gap> obj2_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj2 );;
gap> m := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( beta );;
gap> n := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( gamma );;
gap> IsWellDefined( m );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( m, n ), PreCompose( n, m ) );
false
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( SubtractionForMorphisms( m, m ), ZeroMorphism( obj2_a, obj2_a ) );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( ZeroObjectFunctorial( adelman ),
                           PreCompose(UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject(obj1_a), UniversalMorphis
true
gap> d := [ obj1_a, obj2_a ];;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( d ) );;
gap> iota1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> iota2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, iota1 ) + PreCompose( pi2, iota2 ), id );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( d, [ pi1, pi2 ] ), id );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( d, [ iota1, iota2 ] |), id );
true
gap> c := CokernelProjection( m );;
gap> c2 := CokernelProjection( c );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( c2, ZeroMorphism( Source( c2 ), Range( c2 ) ) );
true
```

```
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelProjection( m ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( CokernelColift( m, CokernelProjection( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( Col
true
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( c );;
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( k, c ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( KernelLift( m, KernelEmbedding( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( KernelObjective)
```

12.5 Adelman category basics

```
_{-} Example _{-}
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(3)[a:1->2,b:1->2,c:2->3]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ );;
gap> SetIsProjective( DistinguishedObjectOfHomomorphismStructure( Aoid ), true );;
gap> mm := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> Acat := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[2] );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[3] );;
gap> a := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> b := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> c := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> A := Source( a );;
gap> B := Range( a );;
gap> C := Range( c );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( A, C );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( IdentityMorphism( A ), c );;
gap> mor := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( a );;
gap> int := InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( A, B, mor
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( int, a );
true
```

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> one := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1 ] ] , 1, 1, R ), RowsR );;
gap> two := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ] , 1, 1, R ), RowsR );;
gap> four := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [ 4 ] ] , 1, 1, R ), RowsR );;
gap> source := AdelmanCategoryObject( two, two );;
gap> range := AdelmanCategoryObject( two, four );;
gap> mor := AdelmanCategoryMorphism( source, one, range );;
gap> IsZero( mor );
false
gap> emb := EmbeddingFunctorIntoFreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> ind := AdelmanCategoryFunctorInducedByUniversalProperty( emb );;
gap> IsZero( ApplyFunctor( ind, mor ) );
true
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2, 2, 2 ], [ 4, 4, 6 gap> as_tensor := EmbeddingFunctorOfFreydCategoryIntoAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
```

```
gap> Mt := ApplyFunctor( as_tensor, M );;
gap> lsat := LeftSatelliteAsEndofunctorOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> rsat := RightSatelliteAsEndofunctorOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> torsion := ApplyFunctor( ind, ( ApplyFunctor( rsat, ApplyFunctor( lsat, Mt ) ) ) );;
gap> unit := UnitOfSatelliteAdjunctionOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> IsZero( ApplyNaturalTransformation( unit, Mt ) );
true
gap> counit := CounitOfSatelliteAdjunctionOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> t := ApplyNaturalTransformation( counit, Mt );;
```

12.6 Adelman snake lemma

```
Example .
gap> DeactivateDefaultCaching();
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "span" );;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), snake_quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.abc ] );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> a := m[1];;
gap > b := m[2];;
gap > c := m[3];;
gap> add := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( add );;
gap> adelman := AdelmanCategory( add );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( a );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( b );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( c );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> bb := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> cc := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> dd := CokernelProjection( aa );;
gap> ee := CokernelColift( aa, PreCompose( bb, cc ) );;
gap> ff := KernelEmbedding( ee );;
gap> gg := KernelEmbedding( cc );;
gap> hh := KernelLift( cc, PreCompose( aa, bb ) );;
gap> ii := CokernelProjection( hh );;
gap> fff := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ff );;
gap> ddd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( dd );;
gap> bbb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bb );;
gap> ggg := AsGeneralizedMorphism( gg );;
gap> iii := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ii );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ fff, PseudoInverse( ddd ), bbb, PseudoInverse( ggg ), iii ] );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
gap> jj := KernelObjectFunctorial( bb, dd, ee );;
gap> pp := HonestRepresentative( p );;
gap> comp := PreCompose( jj, pp );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
true
```

```
_ Example .
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "cospan" );;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> A := PathAlgebra( QQ, snake_quiver );;
gap> A := QuotientOfPathAlgebra( A, [ A.abc ] );;
gap> QRowsA := QuiverRows( A );;
gap> SetIsProjective( DistinguishedObjectOfHomomorphismStructure( QRowsA ), true );;
gap> a := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.a, QRowsA );;
gap> b := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.b, QRowsA );;
gap> c := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.c, QRowsA );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> bb := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> cc := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> dd := CokernelProjection( aa );;
gap> ee := CokernelColift( aa, PreCompose( bb, cc ) );;
gap> ff := KernelEmbedding( ee );;
gap> gg := KernelEmbedding( cc );;
gap> hh := KernelLift( cc, PreCompose( aa, bb ) );;
gap> ii := CokernelProjection( hh );;
gap> fff := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ff );;
gap> ddd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( dd );;
gap> bbb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bb );;
gap> ggg := AsGeneralizedMorphism( gg );;
gap> iii := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ii );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ fff, PseudoInverse( ddd ), bbb, PseudoInverse( ggg ), iii ] );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
gap> jj := KernelObjectFunctorial( bb, dd, ee );;
gap> kk := CokernelObjectFunctorial( hh, gg, bb );;
gap> pp := HonestRepresentative( p );;
gap> comp := PreCompose( jj, pp );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
gap> comp := PreCompose( pp, kk );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
true
gap> homology := function( alpha, beta ) return CokernelObject( LiftAlongMonomorphism( KernelEmbe
gap> IsZero( homology( jj, pp ) );
true
gap> IsZero( homology( pp, kk ) );
true
```

12.7 Basics based on category of rows

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cat := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, cat );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, cat );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ] ], 1, 2, R ), obj2 );;
```

```
gap> beta := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> comp := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsZero( comp );;
gap> zero := ZeroMorphism( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> IsZero( zero );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( obj2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1 );;
gap> DirectSum( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ alpha, beta, id ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj1, obj2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ alpha, alpha, alpha ] );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj2, obj1 ], 2 );;
gap> gamma := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> IsColiftable( beta, gamma );
gap> IsColiftable( gamma, beta );
false
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma );;
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, ZeroMorphism( Range( gamma ), Range( gam
gap> lift_arg_1 := PreCompose( ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma + gamma
gap> lift_arg_2 := gamma + gamma;;
gap> IsLiftable( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> Lift( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, alpha ), PreCompose( pi2, beta ) );;
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( gamma + gamma, inj1 ), PreCompose( gamma, inj2 ) );;
gap> WeakKernelLift( WeakCokernelProjection( gamma ), gamma );;
gap> pi1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> pi2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha, pi1, pi2 );;
gap> ## Freyd categories
> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );;
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );;
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );;
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );;
gap> g := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, ZeroMorphism( obj2, obj2 ), obj_gamma |);;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( f, g );;
gap> c := PreCompose( f, f );;
gap> s := g + g;;
gap> a := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ], 1, 1, R ), obj1 );;
gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject( a );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );;
gap> z := id + id + id;;
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial([z, z, z]);;
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );;
```

```
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );;
gap> ZFree := obj1/freyd;;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );;
gap> z := id + id;;
gap> CokernelProjection( z );;
gap> CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );;
gap> S := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Rows_S := CategoryOfRows( S );;
gap> S3 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 3, Rows_S );;
gap> S1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, Rows_S );;
gap> mor := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 3, 1, S ), S1 );;
gap> biased_w := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,0,0,0,x,0,0,0,x]", 3, 3, S ), S3 )
gap> biased_h := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x*y, x*z, y^2]", 3, 3, S ), S3 );;
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
    PreCompose(UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct(biased_h, biased_w, biased_h), Pro
     biased h
>);
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
   PreCompose(InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout(biased_h, biased_w), UniversalMorphismFromBiasedWe
   biased_h
>);
gap> k := FreydCategoryObject( mor );;
gap> w := EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject( UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( k
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( w );;
gap> ColiftAlongEpimorphism( CokernelProjection( k ), CokernelProjection( k ) );;
gap> ## Homomorphism structures
> a := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( gamma );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> a := ZeroObjectFunctorial( cat );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> Z4 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[4]", 1, 1, R ), cat ) 
gap> Z3 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[3]", 1, |1, R ), cat ) )
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z2 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z3, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( Z4, Z2, Z3 ) ), -IdentityMorphism
gap> ## Lifts
> S2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, Rows_S );;
gap> S4 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 4, Rows_S );;
gap> S1_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S1 );;
gap> S2_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S2 );;
gap> S3_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S3 );;
gap> S4_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S4 );;
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[x]", 1
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[y]", :
```

```
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> IsLiftable( alpha, gamma );
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> IsColiftable( lift, alpha );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );
true
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism( S2_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S2, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z,:
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S3_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> Colift( lift, alpha );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( gamma,
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( gamma ), Rai
gap> ## Opposite
> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Opposite( Z4 ), Opposite( Z2 ) );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( Opposite( gamma ),
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Sourde( Opposite( ga
true
```

12.8 Basics of additive closure

```
Example
gap> ## Algebroid
> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:1->4,d:2->5,e:3->6,f:4->5,g:5->6]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular(), snake_quiver );;
gap>A:=kQ/[kQ.ad-kQ.cf, kQ.dg-kQ.be, kQ.ab, kQ.fg];;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.ad - kQ.cf, kQ.dg - kQ.be, kQ.ab, kQ.fg ] );;
gap> s := SetOfObjects( Aoid );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure
gap> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( m[3] ), I
gap> ## additive closure
> add := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> obj1 := AdditiveClosureObject( [ s[1], s[2] ], add );;
gap> mor := AdditiveClosureMorphism(obj1, [ [ IdentityMorphism(s[1]), ZeroMorphism(s[1], s[2]
gap> IsWellDefined( mor );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( mor, mor ), IdentityMorphism( obj1 ) );;
gap> obj2 := AdditiveClosureObject([ s[3], s[3] ], add );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> objs1:= AdditiveClosureObject( [ s[1] ], add );;
gap> objs2:= AdditiveClosureObject( [ s[2] ], add );;
gap> ids1 := IdentityMorphism( objs1 );;
gap> ids2 := IdentityMorphism( objs2 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( DirectSumFunctorial( [ ids1, ids2 ] ), ids1 );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
```

```
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( mor ), Ran
> mor );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[2] );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[3] );;
gap> d := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[4] );;
gap> e := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[5] );;
gap> f := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[6] );;
gap> g := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[7] );;
gap> 1 := Lift( PreCompose( a, d ), f );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( 1, f ), PreCompose( a, d ));
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( c, 1 ), PreCompose( a, d ));
true
```

12.9 Basics based on category of columns

```
_ Example
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cat := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cat );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cat );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1 ], [ 2 ] ], 1, |2, R ), obj2 )
gap> beta := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), ol
gap> comp := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsZero( comp );;
gap> zero := ZeroMorphism( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> IsZero( zero );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( obj2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1 );;
gap> DirectSum( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ alpha, beta, id ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj1, obj2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ alpha, alpha, alpha ] );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj2, obj1 ], 2 );;
gap> gamma := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, R ), 
gap> IsColiftable( beta, gamma );
false
gap> IsColiftable( gamma, beta );
false
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma );;
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, ZeroMorphism( Range( gamma ), Range( gam
gap> lift_arg_1 := PreCompose( ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma + gamma
gap> lift_arg_2 := gamma + gamma;;
gap> IsLiftable( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> Lift( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, alpha ), PreCompose( pi2, beta ) );;
```

```
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( gamma + gamma, inj1 ), PreCompose( gamma, inj2 ) );;
gap> WeakKernelLift( WeakCokernelProjection( gamma ), gamma );;
gap> pi1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> pi2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha, pi1, pi2 );;
gap> ## Freyd categories
> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );;
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );;
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );;
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );;
gap> g := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, ZeroMorphism( obj2, obj2 ), obj_gamma |);;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( f, g );;
gap> c := PreCompose( f, f );;
gap> s := g + g;;
gap> a := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ], 1, 1, R ), obj[1 );;
gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject( a );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );;
gap> z := id + id + id;;
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial([z, z, z]);;
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );;
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );;
gap> ZFree := AsFreydCategoryObject( obj1 );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );;
gap> z := id + id;;
gap> CokernelProjection( z );;
gap> CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );;
gap> S := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Cols_S := CategoryOfColumns( S );;
gap> S3 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 3, Cols_S );;
gap> S1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, Cols_S );;
gap> mor := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 1, 3, S ), S1 );;
gap> biased_w := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,0,0,0,x,0,0,0,x]|", 3, 3, S ), S
gap> biased_h := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x*y, x*z, y^2]", 3, 3, S ), S3 )
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
    PreCompose(UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct(biased_h, biased_w, biased_h), Pro
    biased_h
>);
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
  PreCompose(InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout(biased_h, biased_w), UniversalMorphismFromBiasedWe
>);
true
```

```
gap> k := FreydCategoryObject( mor );;
gap> w := EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject( UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( k
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( w );;
gap> ColiftAlongEpimorphism( CokernelProjection( k ), CokernelProjection( k ) );;
gap> ## Homomorphism structures
> a := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( gamma );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> a := ZeroObjectFunctorial( cat );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> Z4 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[4]", |1, 1, R ), cat
gap> Z3 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[3]", |1, 1, R ), cat
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z2 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z3, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( Z4, Z2, Z3 ) ), -IdentityMorphism
gap> ## Lifts
> S2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, Cols_S );;
gap> S4 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 4, Cols_S );;
gap> S1_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S1 );;
gap> S2_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S2 );;
gap> S3_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S3 );;
gap> S4_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S4 );;
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[x]"
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[y]
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> Colift( lift, alpha );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );;
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism(S2_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism(S2, HomalgMatrix("[x,y
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S3_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> Colift( lift, alpha );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( gamma,
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( gamma ), Rai
gap> ## Opposite
> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Opposite( Z4 ), Opposite( Z2 ) );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( Opposite( gamma ),
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Sourde( Opposite( ga
true
```

12.10 Cokernel image closure in category of rows

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> m := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism(
```

```
HomalgMatrix( "[[x],[y],[z]]", 3, 1, R), RowsR
>);;
gap> mu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( m );;
gap> C := CokernelObject( mu );;
gap> C2 := AsFinitelyPresentedCokernelImageClosureObject( m );;
gap> IsEqualForObjects( C, C2 );
true
gap> n := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism(
     HomalgMatrix( "[[x,y],[y^2,z]]", 2, 2, R ), RowsR
>);;
gap> nu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( n );;
gap> nu2 := PreCompose( nu, nu );;
gap> IsWellDefined( nu2 );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, nu2 );
false
gap> nu + nu;;
gap> nu2 - nu;;
gap> cat := CapCategory( nu );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> ZeroMorphism( Source( nu ), Source( mu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> S := Source( mu );;
gap> DirectSum( [S, S, S ] );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ nu2, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S ], 2 );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S, S ], 4 );;
gap> CokernelColift( nu, CokernelProjection( nu ) );;
gap > IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), ImageEmbedding( nu ) )
gap> u := UniversalMorphismFromImage( nu, [ nu, IdentityMorphism( Range( nu ) ) ] );;
gap> IsWellDefined( u );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), u ) );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( u, ImageEmbedding( nu ) );
true
gap> kernel := KernelObject( mu );;
gap> emb := KernelEmbedding( mu );;
gap> p := PreCompose( EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObject( kernel ), KernelEmbedding( mu ) );;
gap> KernelLift( mu, p );;
gap> LiftAlongMonomorphism( emb, p );;
gap> I_to_A := FunctorCokernelImageClosureToFreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> A_to_I := FunctorFreydCategoryToCokernelImageClosure( RowsR );;
gap> ApplyFunctor( I_to_A, kernel );;
gap> ApplyFunctor( A_to_I, ApplyFunctor( I_to_A, kernel ) );;
gap > nu := NaturalIsomorphismFromIdentityToFinitePresentationOfCokernelImageClosureObject( RowsR
gap> mu := NaturalIsomorphismFromFinitePresentationOfCokernelImageClosureObjectToIdentity( RowsR
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
```

```
> IdentityMorphism( kernel ),
> PreCompose( ApplyNaturalTransformation( nu, kernel ), ApplyNaturalTransformation( mu, kernel );
true
```

12.11 Cokernel image closure in category of columns

```
Example
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> ColsR := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> m := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism(
       HomalgMatrix( "[[x],[y],[z]]", 1, 3, R ), ColsR
>);;
gap> mu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( m );;
gap> C := CokernelObject( mu );;
gap> C2 := AsFinitelyPresentedCokernelImageClosureObject( m );;
gap> IsEqualForObjects( C, C2 );
true
gap> n := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism(
     HomalgMatrix( "[[x,y],[y^2,z]]", 2, 2, R ), ColsR
> );;
gap> nu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( n );;
gap> nu2 := PreCompose( nu, nu );;
gap> IsWellDefined( nu2 );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, nu2 );
false
gap> nu + nu;;
gap> nu2 - nu;;
gap> cat := CapCategory( nu );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> ZeroMorphism( Source( nu ), Source( mu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> S := Source( mu );;
gap> DirectSum( [S, S, S ] );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ nu2, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S ], 2 );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S, S ], 4 );;
gap> CokernelColift( nu, CokernelProjection( nu ) );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), ImageEmbedding( nu ) )
gap> u := UniversalMorphismFromImage( nu, [ nu, IdentityMorphism( Range( nu ) ) ] |);;
gap> IsWellDefined( u );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), u ) );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( u, ImageEmbedding( nu ) );
true
gap> kernel := KernelObject( mu );;
```

12.12 Grade filtration

The sequence of modules computed via satellites behaves in a way that is not understood in the case when the ring is not Auslander regular.

```
Example
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y";;
gap> R := R/"x*y"/"x^2";;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> Freyd := FreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> mat := HomalgMatrix( "[x,y]", 1, 2, R );;
gap> M := mat/Freyd;;
gap> mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 1 );;
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu1 );
true
gap> IsZero( mu1 );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( mu1 );
false
gap> mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 2 );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( mu2 );
true
gap> IsZero( mu2 );
gap> mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 3 );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( mu3 );
gap> IsZero( mu3 );
gap> mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 4 );;
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu4 );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( mu4 );
true
gap> IsZero( mu4 );
false
```

```
_{-} Example .
gap> Qxyz := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInDefaultCAS( ) * "x,y,z";;
gap> wmat := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> x*y, y*z, z, 0,
> x^3*z, x^2*z^2, 0,
                       x*z^2,
                                 -z^2, \
> x^4, x^3*z, 0,
                       x^2*z,
                                   -x*z, \
> 0,  0,  x*y,
                        -y^2,
                                   x^2-1, \
              x^{2}x^{2}, -x^{2}x^{2},
> 0,
       0,
                                   y*z, \
            x^2*y-x^2,-x*y^2+x*y,y^2-y \
> 0,
     0,
> ]", 6, 5, Qxyz );;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( Qxyz );;
gap> Freyd := FreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> Adel := AdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> M := wmat/Freyd;;
```

We compute the grade sequence of functors (it turns out that on the level of functors, we don't get monos)

```
_{-} Example .
gap> M_tor := M/Adel;;
gap> Mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 1 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu1 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( Mu1 );
gap> Mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 2 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu2 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( Mu2 );
false
gap> Mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 3 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu3 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( Mu3 );
gap> Mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 4 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu4 );
true
```

We compute the grade sequence of modules (here, we really get monos and thus a filtration)

```
gap> mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 1 );;
gap> IsZero( mu1 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu1 );
true
gap> mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 2 );;
gap> IsZero( mu2 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu2 );
true
gap> mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 3 );;
gap> IsZero( mu3 );
```

```
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu3 );
true
gap> mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 4 );;
gap> IsZero( mu4 );
true
```

12.13 Groups as categories

```
\_ Example \_
gap> G := SymmetricGroup( 3 );;
gap> CG := GroupAsCategory( G );;
#I method installed for IsAutomorphism matches more than one declaration
#I method installed for IsSplitEpimorphism matches more than one declaration
#I method installed for IsSplitMonomorphism matches more than one declaration
gap> u := GroupAsCategoryUniqueObject( CG );;
gap> alpha := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2,3), CG );;
gap> alpha * Inverse( alpha ) = IdentityMorphism( u );
gap> beta := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2,3,5), CG );;
gap> IsWellDefined( beta );
gap> gamma := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,3), CG );;
gap> IsWellDefined( gamma );
true
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma ) * gamma = alpha;
gap> alpha * Colift( alpha, gamma ) = gamma;
true
gap> Length( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( u, u ) ) = Size( G );
gap> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism(
     u,u,
      PreCompose(
         InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( alpha ), Hor
>
> )
> gamma * alpha * Inverse( gamma );
gap> x := (2,3)/CG;;
gap> id := ()/CG;;
gap> IsIdenticalObj( x * x, id );
true
```

12.14 Homomorphisms between f.p. functors based on category of rows

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Rows_R := CategoryOfRows(R);;
gap> R1 := CategoryOfRowsObject(1, Rows_R);;
```

```
gap> R3 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 3, Rows_R );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( R3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 3, 1, R ), R1 );;
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> c0 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 0 );;
gap> c1 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 1 );;
gap> c2 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 2 );;
gap> IsZeroForObjects( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( c0, c2 ) ); # = Ext^2( M, M )
false
```

12.15 Homomorphisms between f.p. functors based on category of columns

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Cols_R := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> R1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, Cols_R );;
gap> R3 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 3, Cols_R );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( R3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 1, 3, R ), R1 );;
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> c0 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 0 );;
gap> c1 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 1 );;
gap> c2 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 2 );;
gap> IsZeroForObjects( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( c0, c2 ) ); # = Ext^2( M, M )
false
```

12.16 Linear closure of categories

```
Example
gap> G := SymmetricGroup( 3 );;
gap> CG := GroupAsCategory( G );;
\mbox{\#I} method installed for IsAutomorphism matches more than one declaration
{\tt\#I} \quad {\tt method} \ {\tt installed} \ {\tt for} \ {\tt IsSplitEpimorphism} \ {\tt matches} \ {\tt more} \ {\tt than} \ {\tt one} \ {\tt declaration}
#I method installed for IsSplitMonomorphism matches more than one declaration
gap> compare_func := function( g, h ) return UnderlyingGroupElement( g ) < UnderlyingGroupElement</pre>
gap> ZZ := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> ZCG := LinearClosure( ZZ, CG, compare_func );;
gap> u := GroupAsCategoryUniqueObject( CG );;
gap> g := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2,3), CG );;
gap> h := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2), CG );;
gap> v := LinearClosureObject( ZCG, u );;
gap> elem1 := LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ], [ g, h, g, h, g, h ], v );;
gap> elem2 := LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ], [ h, g, h, g, h, g ], v );;
gap> # for i in [ 1 .. 10<sup>6</sup>] do LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ], [ g, h, g, h, g
gap> elem := LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 ], [ g, h, g, h, g, h ], v );;
gap > a := (1,2)/CG/ZCG;;
gap > b := (2,3)/CG/ZCG;;
gap> IsIsomorphism( a + b );
gap> Lift(a + b, a) * a = a + b;
true
```

```
gap> IsLiftable( a + b, -2*a ); ## over Q this is liftable
false
```

12.17 Matrices over ZP K

```
Example
gap> #Incidence matrix of our proset
> K := [ [1, 1, 1], [0, 1, 1], [0, 1, 1] ];;
gap> #Construction of a tower of categories
> CP_K := ProSetAsCategory( K );;
#I method installed for IsSplitEpimorphism matches more than one declaration
#I method installed for IsSplitMonomorphism matches more than one declaration
gap> ZZ := HomalgRingOfIntegers( );;
gap> ZP_K := LinearClosure( ZZ, CP_K, ReturnTrue );;
gap> RowsP_K := AdditiveClosure( ZP_K );;
gap> a := ProSetAsCategoryObject( 1, CP_K );;
gap> b := ProSetAsCategoryObject( 2, CP_K );;
gap> c := ProSetAsCategoryObject( 3, CP_K );;
gap> #Three random objects in the additive closure
> #Such that there exists morphisms from A->B and B->C:
> rand_coef := List( [ 1 .. 5 ], i -> Random( [ 2 .. 20 ] ) );;
gap> A1 := List( [ 1 .. rand_coef[ 1 ] ], i -> a );;
gap> A2 := List( [ 1 .. rand_coef[ 2 ] ], i -> b );;
gap> A := Concatenation( A1, A2 );;
gap> B1 := List( [ 1 .. rand_coef[ 3 ] ], i -> b );;
gap> B2 := List( [ 1 .. rand_coef[ 4 ] ], i -> c );;
gap> B := Concatenation( B1, B2 );;
gap> C := List([ 1 .. rand_coef[ 5 ] ], i -> c);;
gap> #A random lifting problem over ZP_K
> MA_B := List( [ 1 .. rand_coef[ 1 ] + rand_coef[ 2 ] ], i ->
              List( [ 1 .. rand_coef[ 3 ] + rand_coef[ 4 ] ], j ->
                  LinearClosureMorphism(LinearClosureObject(A[i], ZP_K), [Random([-20..20
>
                  )
>
               );;
gap> alpha := MA_B/RowsP_K;;
gap> MB_C := List([1 .. rand_coef[3] + rand_coef[4]], i ->
              List( [ 1 .. rand_coef[ 5 ] ], j ->
                 LinearClosureMorphism(LinearClosureObject(B[i], ZP_K), [Random([-20...20
>
              );;
gap> beta := MB_C/RowsP_K;;
gap> gamma := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> lift := Lift( gamma, beta );;
gap> PreCompose(lift, beta) = gamma;
true
```

12.18 Matrices over ZG

Construction of a tower of categories

```
gap> G := SymmetricGroup( 3 );;
gap> CG := GroupAsCategory( G );;
#I method installed for IsAutomorphism matches more than one declaration
#I method installed for IsSplitEpimorphism matches more than one declaration
#I method installed for IsSplitMonomorphism matches more than one declaration
gap> ZZ := HomalgRingOfIntegers( );;
gap> ZCG := LinearClosure( ZZ, CG );;
gap> RowsG := AdditiveClosure( ZCG );;
```

Construction of elements

```
gap> a := (1,2)/CG/ZCG;;
gap> b := (2,3)/CG/ZCG;;
gap> e := ()/CG/ZCG;;
gap> omega := [ [ a - e ], [ b - e ] ]/RowsG;;
gap> u := GroupAsCategoryUniqueObject( CG );;
gap> v := LinearClosureObject( ZCG, u );;
gap> u := AsAdditiveClosureObject( v );;
gap> HomStructure( u, omega );;
```

A random lifting problem over ZG

```
oxdot Example oxdot
gap> elem := Elements( G );;
gap> elem := List( elem, x -> x/CG/ZCG );;
gap> rand_elem := function() local coeffs; coeffs := List([1 .. 6], i -> Random([-20 .. 20]
gap> mat10_11 := List( [ 1 .. 10 ], i ->
         List([1 .. 11], j ->
>
              rand_elem()
>
>
     );;
gap> mat11_12 := List( [ 1 .. 11 ], i ->
        List([1 .. 12], j ->
>
              rand_elem()
     );;
gap> alpha := mat10_11/RowsG;;
gap> beta := mat11_12/RowsG;;
gap> gamma := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> lift := Lift( gamma, beta );;
gap> PreCompose( lift, beta ) = gamma;
true
```

12.19 Prosets

```
gap> K := [[1, 1, 1], [0, 1, 1], [0, 1, 1]];;
gap> L := [[1, 1, 0], [0, 1, 1], [0, 0, 1]];;
gap> P_K := ProSetAsCategory(K);;
#I method installed for IsSplitEpimorphism matches more than one declaration
#I method installed for IsSplitMonomorphism matches more than one declaration
gap> #ProSetAsCategory(L);
```

```
gap> a := 1/P_K;;
gap> b := ProSetAsCategoryObject(2, P_K);;
gap> c := ProSetAsCategoryObject(3, P_K);;
gap> d := ProSetAsCategoryObject(4, P_K);;
gap> delta := ProSetAsCategoryMorphism(b, a);;
gap> IsWellDefined(a);
true
gap> IsWellDefined(d);
false
gap> IsWellDefined(delta);
false
gap> alpha := ProSetAsCategoryMorphism(a, b);;
gap> beta := ProSetAsCategoryMorphism(b, c);;
gap> gamma := ProSetAsCategoryMorphism(a, c);;
gap> gamma = PreCompose(alpha, beta);
gap> id_a := IdentityMorphism(a);;
gap> IsWellDefined(Inverse(alpha));
gap> beta*Inverse(beta) = IdentityMorphism(b);
true
gap> alpha = Lift(gamma, beta);
true
gap> fail = Lift(beta, gamma);
true
gap> Colift(alpha, gamma) = beta;
gap> alpha = HomStructure(a, b, HomStructure(alpha));
true
```

12.20 Quiver rows bascis

```
_{-} Example
gap> ## quiver without relations
> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(3)[a:1->2,b:1->2,c:2->3]" );;
gap> Av := Vertices( quiver );;
gap> A := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> a := BasisPaths( CanonicalBasis( A ) );;
gap> a := List( a, p -> PathAsAlgebraElement( A, p ) );;
gap> zA := Zero( A );;
gap> QRowsA := QuiverRows( A );;
gap> mat := [ [ a[1], zA ], [ zA, a[6] ], [ a[1], zA ] ];;
gap> obj1 := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Av[1], 1 ], [ Av[2], 1 ], [ Av[1], 1 ] ], QRowsA );;
gap> obj2 := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Av[1], 1 ], [ Av[3], 1 ] ], QRowsA );;
gap> alpha := QuiverRowsMorphism( obj1, mat, obj2 );;
gap> obj3 := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Av[2], 1 ] ], QRowsA );;
gap> mat := [ [ a[4] ], [ zA ] ];;
gap> beta := QuiverRowsMorphism( obj2, mat, obj3 );;
gap> pre := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsWellDefined( PreCompose( alpha, beta ) );
true
```

```
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( pre );
false
gap> ze := ZeroMorphism( Source( pre ), Range( pre ) );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pre + ze, pre );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pre + pre, pre );
false
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( pre - pre );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
      PreCompose(
>
          UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1 ),
>
          UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( obj1 )
>
      IdentityMorphism( ZeroObject( QRowsA ) )
>
>);
true
gap> NrSummands( DirectSum( List( [ 1 .. 1000 ], i -> obj1 ) ) ) = 1000 * NrSummands( obj1 );
gap> L := [ obj1, obj2, obj3 ];;
gap> pi := List( [ 1,2,3 ], i -> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( L, i ) );;
gap> iota := List( [ 1,2,3 ], i -> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( L, i ) );;
gap> ForAll( [1,2,3], i ->
      IsCongruentForMorphisms(
          PreCompose( iota[i], pi[i] ),
>
          IdentityMorphism( L[i] )
>
      )
>);
true
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( iota[2], pi[1] ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
      UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( L, pi ),
>
      IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( L ) )
>);
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
      UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( L, iota ),
      IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( L ) )
>);
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
      InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism(obj1, obj2,
          InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure(alpha)
>
>
      ),
>
      alpha
>);
true
gap> ## quiver with relations
> quiver := RightQuiver(
> "Q(8)[a:1->5,b:2->6,c:3->7,d:4->8,e:1->2,f:2->3,g:3->4,h:5->6,i:6->7,j:7->8]"
>);;
```

```
gap> Bv := Vertices( quiver );;
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> B := QuotientOfPathAlgebra( kQ,
> T
>
      kQ.e * kQ.f, kQ.f * kQ.g,
      kQ.h * kQ.i, kQ.i * kQ.j,
>
     kQ.e * kQ.b - kQ.a * kQ.h,
      kQ.f * kQ.c - kQ.b * kQ.i,
     kQ.g * kQ.d - kQ.c * kQ.j
>
>);;
gap> b := BasisPaths( CanonicalBasis( B ) );;
gap> QRowsB := QuiverRows( B );;
gap> obj := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Bv[1], 2 ], [ Bv[1], 4 ], [ Bv[1], 4 ], [ Bv[1], 6 ] ], QRowsB
gap> IsWellDefined( obj );
gap> IdentityMorphism( obj );;
```

12.21 Quiver rows over the integers

Well-defined morphisms

```
_ Example
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(4)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> vertices := Vertices( snake_quiver );;
gap> A := PathAlgebra( QQ, snake_quiver );;
gap> A := QuotientOfPathAlgebra( A, [ A.abc ] );;
gap> QRowsA := QuiverRowsDescentToZDefinedByBasisPaths( A );;
gap> v1 := AsQuiverRowsObject( vertices[1], QRowsA );;
gap> v2 := AsQuiverRowsObject( vertices[2], QRowsA );;
gap> mat := [ [ 1/2*A.a ] ];;
gap> x := QuiverRowsMorphism( v1, mat, v2 );;
gap> IsWellDefined( x );
false
gap> mat := [ [ 2*A.a ] ];;
gap> x := QuiverRowsMorphism( v1, mat, v2 );;
gap> IsWellDefined( x );
true
```

Snake lemma over the integers

```
gap> a := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.a, QRowsA );;
gap> b := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.b, QRowsA );;
gap> c := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.c, QRowsA );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> bb := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> cc := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> dd := CokernelProjection( aa );;
gap> de := CokernelColift( aa, PreCompose( bb, cc ) );;
gap> ff := KernelEmbedding( ce );;
gap> gg := KernelEmbedding( cc );;
```

```
gap> hh := KernelLift( cc, PreCompose( aa, bb ) );;
gap> ii := CokernelProjection( hh );;
gap> fff := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ff );;
gap> ddd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( dd );;
gap> bbb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bb );;
gap> ggg := AsGeneralizedMorphism( gg );;
gap> iii := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ii );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ fff, PseudoInverse( ddd ), bbb, PseudoInverse( ggg ), iii ] );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
gap> jj := KernelObjectFunctorial( bb, dd, ee );;
gap> kk := CokernelObjectFunctorial( hh, gg, bb );;
gap> pp := HonestRepresentative( p );;
gap> comp := PreCompose( jj, pp );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
gap> comp := PreCompose( pp, kk );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
gap> homology := function( alpha, beta ) return CokernelObject( LiftAlongMonomorphism( KernelEmbe
gap> IsZero( homology( jj, pp ) );
gap> IsZero( homology( pp, kk ) );
true
```

Phenomena over the integers

```
_{-} Example
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(2)[a:1->2]" );;
gap> vertices := Vertices( quiver );;
gap> B := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> QRowsB := QuiverRows( B );;
gap> QRowsB_overZ := QuiverRowsDescentToZDefinedByBasisPaths( B );;
gap> a := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( B.a, QRowsB );;
gap> a_Z := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( B.a, QRowsB_overZ );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> aa_Z := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a_Z );;
gap> bb := aa + aa;;
gap> bb_Z := aa_Z + aa_Z;;
gap> K1 := KernelEmbedding( bb );;
gap> K2 := KernelEmbedding( aa );;
gap> IsEqualAsSubobjects( K1, K2 );
true
gap> K1_Z := KernelEmbedding( bb_Z );;
gap> K2_Z := KernelEmbedding( aa_Z );;
gap> IsEqualAsSubobjects( K1_Z, K2_Z );
false
```

12.22 Category of relations

```
gap> F := HomalgRingOfIntegers( 3 );;
gap> vec := CategoryOfRows( F );;
```

```
gap> rel := RelCategory( vec );;
gap> A := 1/vec/rel;;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( A );;
gap> IsWellDefined( id );
true
gap> alpha := HomalgMatrix( "[ 1, 2 ]", 2, 1, F )/vec;;
gap> alpha_rel := alpha/rel;;
gap> alpha_rel_inv := rel/alpha;;
gap> beta := PreCompose( alpha_rel_inv, alpha_rel );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( beta, id );
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( beta, id );
false
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "t";;
gap> t := IndeterminatesOfPolynomialRing( R )[1];;
gap> cocycle := function( a, b, c ) local e; e := CoastrictionToImage( UniversalMorphismIntoDirect
gap> T := TwistedLinearClosure( R, rel, cocycle );;
gap> gamma := beta/T;;
gap> delta := ZeroMorphism( 1/vec, 1/vec )/rel/T;;
gap> IsZero( 3*gamma - 3*gamma );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( delta, gamma );
false
gap> beta := PreCompose( alpha_rel_inv/T, alpha_rel/T );;
gap> IsZero( beta - t * IdentityMorphism( Range( alpha_rel/T ) ) );
gap> IsZero( ( gamma * delta ) * gamma - gamma * ( delta * gamma ) );
true
```

12.23 Rings as Ab-categories

```
_ Example
gap> CR := RingAsCategory( Integers );;
gap> u := RingAsCategoryUniqueObject( CR );;
gap> alpha := 2 / CR;
<2>
gap> IsOne( alpha );
false
gap> IsZero( alpha );
false
gap> alpha * alpha;
<4>
gap> -alpha;
<-2>
gap> IsZero( alpha + AdditiveInverse( alpha ) );
gap> beta := RingAsCategoryMorphism( 1/2, CR );;
gap> IsWellDefined( beta );
false
gap> gamma := IdentityMorphism( u );
gap> IsOne( gamma );
```

```
true
gap> delta := ZeroMorphism( u, u );
<0>
gap> IsZero( delta );
true
```

12.24 Snake lemma first proof

```
_{-} Example .
gap> DeactivateDefaultCaching();
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "cospan" );;
gap > snake_quiver := RightQuiver( Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:1->4,d:2->5,e:3->6,f:4->5,g:5->6] );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), snake_quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.ad - kQ.cf, kQ.dg - kQ.be, kQ.ab, kQ.fg ] );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> a := m[1];;
gap> b := m[2];;
gap> c := m[3];;
gap > d := m[4];;
gap> e := m[5];;
gap> f := m[6];;
gap > g := m[7];;
gap> cat := Aoid;;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := AdditiveClosure( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Opposite( cat ) );;
gap> cat := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> af := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[1] );;
gap> bf := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[2] );;
gap> cf := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[3] );;
gap> df := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[4] );;
gap> ef := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[5] );;
gap> ff := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[6] );;
gap> gf := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[7] );;
gap> bn := CokernelProjection( af );;
gap> en := CokernelColift( af, PreCompose( df, gf ) );;
gap> fn := KernelEmbedding( gf );;
gap> cn := KernelLift( gf, PreCompose( af, df ) );;
gap> ke := KernelEmbedding( en );;
gap> co := CokernelProjection( cn );;
gap> gk := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ke );;
gap> gb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bn );;
gap> gd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( df );;
gap> gf := AsGeneralizedMorphism( fn );;
```

```
gap> gc := AsGeneralizedMorphism( co );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ af, af ] );;
gap> IsZero( PreCompose( ke, en ));;
gap> timestart := Runtimes().user_time;;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ gk, PseudoInverse( gb ) ] );;
gap> p2 := PreCompose( p, gd );;
gap> p3:= PreCompose( p2, PseudoInverse( gf ) );;
gap> p4:= PreCompose( p3, gc );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
false
gap> IsHonest( p2 );
false
gap> IsHonest( p3 );
false
gap> IsHonest( p4 );
gap> timeend := Runtimes().user_time - timestart;;
gap> h := HonestRepresentative( p4 );;
```

12.25 Snake lemma second proof

```
Example
gap> DeactivateDefaultCaching();
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "cospan" );;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), snake_quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.abc ] );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> a := m[1];;
gap > b := m[2];;
gap > c := m[3];;
gap> cat := Aoid;;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := AdditiveClosure( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Opposite( cat ) );;
gap> cat := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> a := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( a );;
gap> b := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( b );;
gap> c := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( c );;
gap> coker_a := CokernelProjection( a );;
gap> colift := CokernelColift( a, PreCompose( b, c ) );;
gap> ker_c := KernelEmbedding( c );;
gap> lift := KernelLift( c, PreCompose( a, b ) );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [
```

```
> AsGeneralizedMorphism( KernelEmbedding( colift ) ),
> GeneralizedInverse( coker_a ),
> AsGeneralizedMorphism( b ),
> GeneralizedInverse( ker_c ),
> AsGeneralizedMorphism( CokernelProjection( lift ) )
> ] );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
```

12.26 Subobject lattice

We compute the number of the generic subobject lattice generated by 2 independent subobjects y,z and one subobject x of y.

```
gap> ReadPackage( "FreydCategoriesForCAP", "examples/SubobjectLatticeFunctions.g" );;
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(4)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:1->4]" );;
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> B := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> RowsB := QuiverRowsDescentToZDefinedByBasisPaths( B : overhead := false );;
gap> Adel := AdelmanCategory( RowsB : overhead := false );;
gap> a := B.a/RowsB/Adel;;
gap> b := B.b/RowsB/Adel;;
gap> c := B.c/RowsB/Adel;;
gap> x := KernelEmbedding( a );;
gap> y := KernelEmbedding( PreCompose( a, b ) );;
gap> z := KernelEmbedding( c );;
gap> gens := [ x, y, z ];;
gap> Size( GenerateSubobjects( gens ) );
```

12.27 Adelman category theorem

```
Example -
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(9)[a:1->2,b:3->2]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ );;
gap> mm := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> Acat := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[2] );;
gap> a := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> b := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct( [ a, b ], 1 );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct( [ a, b ], 1 );;
gap> c := CokernelColift( pi1, PreCompose( a, CokernelProjection( b ) ) );;
gap> IsMonomorphism( c );
true
```

Chapter 13

Linear closure of a category

13.1 Functors

13.1.1 ExtendFunctorToLinearClosureOfSource (for IsCapFunctor, IsLinearClosure, IsFunction)

▷ ExtendFunctorToLinearClosureOfSource(F, linear_closure, ring_map) (operation)

The arguments are a functor $F: C \to D$, some linear closure linear_closure of C over some commutative ring S and a function $ring_map$; where D is a linear category over some commutative ring R. The $ring_map$ is a function that converts an element s in S to an element in R, such that $ring_map$ defines a ring homomorphism. The output is the linear extension functor of F from linear_closure to D.

13.1.2 ExtendFunctorToLinearClosureOfSource (for IsCapFunctor, IsLinearClosure)

The arguments are a functor $F: C \to D$, some linear closure linear_closure of C over some commutative ring S; where D is a linear category over S. The output is the linear extension functor of F from linear_closure to D.

Chapter 14

Examples on graded rows and columns

14.1 Freyd category of graded rows

```
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular();
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4" );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]] );
gap> cat := CategoryOfGradedRows( S );
Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
gap> obj1 := GradedRow( [ [[1,1],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> obj2 := GradedRow( [ [[1,1],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> gamma := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj2,
                        HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, S ), obj2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );
Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );
true
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
```

```
gap> Display( witness );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
```

```
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
2,0,
2,0
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]
```

```
_ Example .
gap> Display( c );
A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ))
 ______
Source:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Matrix:
1,1,
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
```

```
Morphism datum:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Matrix:
2,2,
2,2
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Range:
A morphism in Category of graded row over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Matrix:
1,1,
1,1
(over a graded ring)
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
                               ____ Example ____
gap> s := g + g;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> a := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj1,
```

HomalgMatrix([[2]], 1, 1, S), obj1);

<A morphism in Category of graded rows over $Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]$ (with weights [[1, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 1])>

```
Example

gap> Display( a );

A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]

(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:

A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights

[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:

[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]

Matrix:

2

(over a graded ring)

Range:

A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights

[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:

[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

```
Example

gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject(a);

<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over

Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
```

```
_ Example _
gap> Display( Z2 );
An object in Freyd( Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )
Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[[(1,1),1]]
Matrix:
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[[(1,1),1]]
```

```
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );

<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> z := id + id + id;

<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial([z, z, z]);
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> uni := UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> uni2 := UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> ZFree := AsFreydCategoryObject( obj1 );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
_ Example
gap> Display( ZFree );
A projective object in Freyd( Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )
Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]]) of rank 0 and degrees:
Matrix:
(an empty 0 x 1 matrix)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[[(1,1),1]]
```

```
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );
<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> z := id + id;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
gap> coker_proj := CokernelProjection( z );
<An epimorphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> cokernel_colift := CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> a := ZFree;
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> b := obj_gamma;
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> c := TensorProductOnObjects( ZFree, obj_gamma );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> KaxbKxc := TensorProductOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, b ), c );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
\label{eq:Qx_1,x_2,x_3,x_4} $$ (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]) > $$
gap> IsEqualForObjects( KaxbKxc, ZeroObject( freyd ) );
false
gap> tensor_product_morphism := TensorProductOnMorphisms( cokernel_colift, coker_proj );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( tensor_product_morphism );
true
gap> IsEqualForObjects( Source( tensor_product_morphism ), Range( tensor_product_morphism ) );
gap> unit := TensorUnit( freyd );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, unit ), a );
gap> axKbxcK := TensorProductOnObjects( a, TensorProductOnObjects( b, c ) );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> ass_left_to_right := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( KaxbKxc, a, b, c, axKbxcl
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsIsomorphism( ass_left_to_right );
true
gap> ass_right_to_left := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( axKbxcK, a, b, c, KaxbKxc
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsMonomorphism( ass_right_to_left );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( ass_right_to_left );
gap> LeftUnitor( a );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> LeftUnitorInverse( axKbxcK );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
```

```
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> RightUnitor( b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> RightUnitorInverse( TensorProductOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> Braiding( axKbxcK, KaxbKxc );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> braiding := Braiding( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( braiding );
true
gap> hom := InternalHomOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsZero( hom );
false
gap> free_mod1 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> free_mod2 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedRow( [ [[1,1],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> hom2 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod1, free_mod2 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsZero( hom2 );
false
gap> IsZero( Source( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
gap> Rank( Range( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
gap> hom3 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod2, free_mod1 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsZero( hom3 );
false
gap> InternalHomOnMorphisms( ass_left_to_right, ass_right_to_left );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> eval := EvaluationMorphism( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( eval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( eval );
gap> coeval := CoevaluationMorphism( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over</pre>
```

```
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( coeval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( coeval );
true
```

14.2 Freyd category of graded columns

```
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular();
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4" );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]] );
gap> cat := CategoryOfGradedColumns( S );
Category of graded columns over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
gap> obj1 := GradedColumn( [ [[1,1],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> obj2 := GradedColumn( [ [[1,1],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> gamma := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj2,
                         HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, S ), obj2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );
Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
```

```
gap> Display( witness );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
  (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
  [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
  [ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
```

```
2,2,
0,0
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]
```

```
_{-} Example
gap> Display( c );
A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ))
-----
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1]], [0,1]]
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Matrix:
1,1,
1,1
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1]], [0,1]]
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Morphism datum:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
```

A graded column over $Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]$ (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1]], [0,1]]

```
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Matrix:
2,2,
2,2
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1]], [0,1]]
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
 A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ] ],
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
Matrix:
1,1,
1,1
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1]], [0,1]]
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,1),2]]
                              - Example _-
gap > s := g + g;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
```

```
Example

gap> Display( a );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

```
Matrix:
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [1, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 1]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[[(1,1),1]]
                                  _ Example _
gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject( a );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
                                 \_ Example _{	extstyle -}
gap> Display( Z2 );
An object in Freyd( Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )
Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[[(1,1),1]]
Matrix:
(over a graded ring)
```

```
_{-} Example .
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );
<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap > z := id + id + id;
{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\endex}}}}}}}}}} dn_i}}}}} \ \ in it is a para a para
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial([z, z, z]);
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
```

A graded column over $Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]$ (with weights

[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]) of rank 1 and degrees:

Range:

[[(1,1),1]]

```
gap> uni := UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> uni2 := UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> ZFree := AsFreydCategoryObject( obj1 );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
Example -
gap> Display( ZFree );
A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ))
Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]]) of rank 0 and degrees:
Matrix:
(an empty 1 x 0 matrix)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[[(1,1),1]]
```

```
Example
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );
<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap > z := id + id;
A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> coker_proj := CokernelProjection( z );
<An epimorphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_{-1},x_{-2},x_{-3},x_{-4}] \ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) >
gap> cokernel_colift := CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> a := ZFree;
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
```

```
gap> b := obj_gamma;
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> c := TensorProductOnObjects( a, b );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
 Q[x_{-}1,x_{-}2,x_{-}3,x_{-}4] \ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) > 
gap> KaxbKxc := TensorProductOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, b ), c );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( KaxbKxc, ZeroObject( freyd ) );
false
gap> tensor_product_morphism := TensorProductOnMorphisms( cokernel_colift, coker_proj );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( tensor_product_morphism );
gap> IsEqualForObjects( Source( tensor_product_morphism ), Range( tensor_product_morphism ) );
false
gap> unit := TensorUnit( freyd );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over \mathbb{Q}[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, unit ), a );
gap> axKbxcK := TensorProductOnObjects( a, TensorProductOnObjects( b, c ) );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> ass_left_to_right := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( KaxbKxc, a, b, c, axKbxcl
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsIsomorphism( ass_left_to_right );
true
gap> ass_right_to_left := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( axKbxcK, a, b, c, KaxbKxc
{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}}}}}}}}}}}}}  \end{substit $s$ in Category of f.p. graded right modules over a second energy energy energy}} and the second energy energy energy}} and the second energy energy} and the second energy energy} and the second energy energy energy energy} and the second energy energy energy energy} and the second energy energy energy energy energy} and the second energy energy energy} and the second energy energy energy energy} and the second energy energy energy energy} and the second energy energy} and the second energy energy energy energy energy
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsMonomorphism( ass_right_to_left );
gap> IsEpimorphism( ass_right_to_left );
gap> LeftUnitor( a );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> LeftUnitorInverse( axKbxcK );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> RightUnitor( b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> RightUnitorInverse( TensorProductOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> Braiding( axKbxcK, KaxbKxc );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
```

```
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> braiding := Braiding( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsWellDefined( braiding );
true
gap> hom := InternalHomOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsZero( hom );
false
gap> free_mod1 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> free_mod2 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedColumn( [ [[1,1],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> hom2 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod1, free_mod2 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsZero( hom2 );
false
gap> IsZero( Source( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
gap> Rank( Range( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
gap> hom3 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod2, free_mod1 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsZero( hom3 );
false
gap> InternalHomOnMorphisms( ass_left_to_right, ass_right_to_left );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> eval := EvaluationMorphism( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( eval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( eval );
true
gap> coeval := CoevaluationMorphism( a, b );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( coeval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( coeval );
true
```

14.3 Constructors of objects and reduction of degree lists

```
Example
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular();
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4");
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]] );
gap> ObjectL := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> DegreeList( ObjectL );
[[(1,0),2]]
gap> Object2L := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2],
            [[1,0],3],[[0,1],2],[[1,0],1]],S);
<A graded row of rank 8>
gap> DegreeList( Object2L );
[[(1,0),5],[(0,1),2],[(1,0),1]]
gap> UnzipDegreeList( Object2L );
\bar{[} \bar{[} 1,0 \bar{]}, \bar{[} 1,0 ], \bar{[} 1,0 ], \bar{[} 1,0 ], \bar{[} 1,0 ], \bar{[} 1,0 ]
gap> ObjectR := GradedColumn( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> DegreeList( ObjectR );
[[(1,0),2]]
gap> Object2R := GradedColumn( [ [[1,0],2],
            [[1,0],3],[[0,1],2],[[1,0],1]], S);
<A graded column of rank 8>
gap> DegreeList( Object2R );
[[(1,0),5],[(0,1),2],[(1,0),1]]
gap> UnzipDegreeList( Object2R );
[ (1,0), (1,0), (1,0), (1,0), (1,0), (0,1), (0,1), (1,0) ]
gap> S2 := GradedRing( Q * "x" );;
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S2, [ 1 ] );;
gap> IsWellDefined( GradedRow( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ] ], S2 ) );
gap> IsWellDefined( GradedColumn( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ] ], S2 ) );
true
```

Whenever the object constructor is called, it tries to simplify the given degree list. To this end it checks if subsequent degree group elements match. If so, their multiplicities are added. So, as in the example above we have:

$$[[(1,0),2],[(1,0),3],[(0,1),2],[(1,0),1]] \mapsto [[(1,0),5],[(0,1),2],[(1,0),1]]$$

Note that, even though there are two occurances of (1,0) in the final degree list, we do not simplify further. The reason for this is as follows. Assume that we have a map of graded rows

$$\varphi: A \to B$$

given by a homomogeneous matrix M and that we want to compute the weak kernel embedding of this mapping. To this end we first compute the row syzygies of M. Let us call the corresponding matrix N.

Then we deduce the degree list of the weak kernel object from N and from the graded row A. Once this degree list is known, we would call the object constructor. If this object constructor summarised all (and not only subsequent) occurances of one degree element in the degree list, then in order to make sure that the weak kernel embedding is a mapping of graded rows, the rows of the matrix N would have to be shuffled. The latter we do not wish to perform.

Note that the 'IsEqualForObjects' methods returns true whenever the degree lists of two graded rows/columns are identical. So in particular it returns false, if the degree lists are mere permutations of one another. Here is an example.

14.4 Constructors of morphisms

```
gap> Q1L := GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );

<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> IsWellDefined( Q1L );
true
gap> Q2L := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );

<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> m1L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(
> Q1L, HomalgMatrix( [["x_1","x_2"]], S ), Q2L );

<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1L );
true
```

```
gap> Display( Source( m1L ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
gap> Display( Range( m1L ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( m1L ) );
x_1,x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

```
gap> Q1R := GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
```

```
gap> IsWellDefined( Q1R );
true
gap> Q2R := GradedColumn( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> m1R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(
> Q1R, HomalgMatrix( [["x_1"],["x_2"]], S ), Q2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1R );
true
```

```
gap> Display( Source( m1R ) );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
gap> Display( Range( m1R ) );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( m1R ) );
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

14.5 The GAP categories

```
Example

gap> categoryL := CapCategory( Q1L );

Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]

(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

gap> categoryR := CapCategory( Q1R );

Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]

(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
```

14.6 A few categorical constructions for graded rows

```
gap> ZeroObject( categoryL );
<A graded row of rank 0>
gap> O1L := GradedRow( [ [[-1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
```

```
Example

gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( categoryL ), O1L ) );

A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]

(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:

A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]

(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

of rank 0 and degrees:
```

```
Matrix:
(an empty 0 x 2 matrix)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(-1,0),2]]
                                   Example
gap> 02L := GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> obj3L := GradedRow( [ [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
                                   Example
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( 02L ) );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
Matrix:
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
                                  _{-} Example
gap> IsWellDefined( IdentityMorphism( Q2L ) );
true
gap> directSumL := DirectSum( [ 01L, 02L ] );
<A graded row of rank 3>
                                  _{-} Example _{\cdot}
gap> Display( directSumL );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [1, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 1]) of rank 3 and degrees:
[[(-1,0),2],[0,1]]
                                  _ Example .
gap> i1L := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ 01L, 02L ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i1L );
true
```

```
_{-} Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i1L ) );
1,0,0,
0,1,0
(over a graded ring)
                                    _{-} Example
gap> i2L := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ 01L, 02L ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i2L );
true
                                    _ Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i2L ) );
0,0,1
(over a graded ring)
                                     Example
gap> proj1L := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ 01L, 02L ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( proj1L );
true
                                   _{-} Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj1L ) );
1,0,
0,1,
0,0
(over a graded ring)
                                    _{-} Example
gap> proj2L := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ 01L, 02L ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( proj2L );
true
                                    Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj2L ) );
0,
Ο,
1
(over a graded ring)
                                    _ Example
gap> kL := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( kL );
true
                                    _ Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( kL ) );
0,0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

```
gap> ckL := WeakCokernelProjection( kL );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( ckL );
true
```

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( ckL ) );
1,0,
0,1,
0,0
(over a graded ring)
```

```
Example -
gap> IsMonomorphism( kL );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( kL );
gap> IsMonomorphism( ckL );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( ckL );
true
gap> m1L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( 01L,
        HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1" ], [ "x_2" ]], S ), O2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1L );
true
gap> m2L := IdentityMorphism( 02L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_{-1},x_{-2},x_{-3},x_{-4}] \ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( m2L );
gap> obj1L := GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1], [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> m1L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj1L,
        HomalgMatrix( [[ 1 ], [ "x_2"] ], S ), O2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1L );
true
gap> m3L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj3L,
        HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1" ]], S ), O2L );
{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{A}}}} morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m3L );
true
gap> liftL := Lift( m3L, m1L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( liftL );
true
```

```
_ Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( liftL ) );
x_1, 0
(over a graded ring)
                                    Example
gap> 03L := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> morL := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(
        02L, HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1, x_2" ]], S ), O3L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( morL );
true
gap> coliftL := Colift( m2L, morL );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
\label{eq:Qx_1,x_2,x_3,x_4} $$ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ]) > $$
gap> IsWellDefined( coliftL );
true
                                    _ Example .
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( coliftL ) );
x_{1}, x_{2}
(over a graded ring)
                                --- Example
gap> fpL := WeakBiFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj1L := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj1L );
true
                                    _ Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj1L ) );
1,0,
0.1
(over a graded ring)
                                    Example .
gap> fp_proj2L := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
\label{eq:Qx_1,x_2,x_3,x_4} $$ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ]) > $$
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj2L );
true
                                ____ Example .
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj2L ) );
```

```
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A graded row of rank 2>
```

1, x_2

(over a graded ring)

```
gap> pbwfprow := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( pbwfprow );
true
```

```
____ Example -
gap> Display( pbwfprow );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[0,1],[(-1,0),1]]
Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[0,1],[(-1,0),1]]
```

```
gap> poL := WeakBiPushout( morL, m2L );

<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> inj1L := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morL, m2L );

<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 1]])>
gap> IsWellDefined( inj1L );
true
```

```
Example

gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj1L ) );

1,0,

0,1

(over a graded ring)
```

```
gap> inj2L := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morL, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( inj2L );
true
```

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj2L ) );
x_1,x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

```
_{-} Example _{-}
gap> injectionL := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( morL, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( injectionL );
true
                                    _{-} Example _{	ext{-}}
gap> Display( injectionL );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,0),2]]
Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,0),2]]
                                    _{-} Example _{	ext{-}}
gap> tensorProductL := TensorProductOnObjects( 01L, 02L );
<A graded row of rank 2>
                                   \_ Example _{	extstyle -}
gap> Display( tensorProductL );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(-1,0),2]]
                                    \_ Example _{	extstyle}
gap> tensorProductMorphismL := TensorProductOnMorphisms( m2L, morL );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over</pre>
\label{eq:Qx_1,x_2,x_3,x_4} $$ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ]) > $$
gap> IsWellDefined( tensorProductMorphismL );
true
                                    _ Example
gap> Display( tensorProductMorphismL );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
```

of rank 1 and degrees:

[[0,1]]

```
Matrix:
x_{1}, x_{2}
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,0),2]]
gap> Display( DualOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( ObjectL, Object2L ) ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ) of rank 16 and degrees:
[[(-2,0),5],[(-1,-1),2],[(-2,0),6],[(-1,-1),2],
[(-2, 0), 1]
                                  Example
gap> IsWellDefined( DualOnMorphisms( m1L ) );
true
                                  Example
gap> Display( DualOnMorphisms( m1L ) );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
Matrix:
1, x_2
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
```

```
Example

gap> IsWellDefined( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects(
> DualOnObjects( ObjectL ), ObjectL ), ObjectL, TensorUnit( categoryL ) ));

true
```

of rank 2 and degrees:

[[0,1],[(1,0),1]]

```
Example

gap> Display( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects(

> DualOnObjects( ObjectL ), ObjectL ), ObjectL, TensorUnit( categoryL ) ));

A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]

(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:

A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights

[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 4 and degrees:
```

```
[[0,4]]
Matrix:
1,
0,
0,
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
gap> Display( InternalHomOnObjects( ObjectL, ObjectL ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 4 and degrees:
[[0,4]]
```

14.7 A few categorical constructions for graded columns

```
gap> ZeroObject( categoryR );
<A graded column of rank 0>
gap> 01R := GradedColumn( [ [[-1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
```

```
_ Example
gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( categoryR ), O1R ) );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]])
of rank 0 and degrees:
ΓΊ
Matrix:
(an empty 2 x 0 matrix)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1,0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(-1,0),2]]
```

```
gap> 02R := GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> obj3R := GradedColumn( [ [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
```

```
_ Example
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( 02R ) );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over \mathbb{Q}[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
Matrix:
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
                                  _ Example .
gap> IsWellDefined( IdentityMorphism( Q2R ) );
gap> directSumR := DirectSum( [ 01R, 02R ] );
<A graded column of rank 3>
                                   _ Example .
gap> Display( directSumR );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 3 and degrees:
[[(-1,0),2],[0,1]]
                                   _ Example
gap> i1R := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ 01R, 02R ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i1R );
true
                                   _ Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i1R ) );
1,0,
0,1,
0,0
(over a graded ring)
                                   Example
gap> i2R := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ 01R, 02R ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i2R );
true
                                   _{-} Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i2R ) );
Ο,
```

```
0,
1
(over a graded ring)
                                      Example
gap> proj1R := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ 01R, 02R ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( proj1R );
true
                                     Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj1R ) );
1,0,0,
0.1.0
(over a graded ring)
                                     Example
gap> proj2R := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ 01R, 02R ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
\label{eq:Q-condition} Q[x_{-}1,x_{-}2,x_{-}3,x_{-}4] \mbox{ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>}
gap> IsWellDefined( proj2R );
true
                                     _ Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj2R ) );
0,0,1
(over a graded ring)
                                     _ Example
gap> kR := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( kR );
true
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( kR ) );
Ο,
0,
(over a graded ring)
                                     _ Example
gap> ckR := WeakCokernelProjection( kR );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_{-1},x_{-2},x_{-3},x_{-4}] \ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( ckR );
true
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( ckR ) );
1,0,0,
0,1,0
(over a graded ring)
```

```
_{-} Example
gap> IsMonomorphism( kR );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( kR );
gap> IsMonomorphism( ckR );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( ckR );
true
gap> m1R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( 01R,
        HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1", "x_2" ]], S ), O2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1R );
true
gap> m2R := IdentityMorphism( 02R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m2R );
gap> obj1R := GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1], [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> m1R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj1R,
        HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, "x_2"] ], S ), O2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1R );
true
gap> m3R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj3R,
        HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1" ]], S ), O2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m3R );
true
gap> liftR := Lift( m3R, m1R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsWellDefined( liftR );
true
```

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( liftR ) );
x_1,
0
(over a graded ring)
```

```
true
gap> coliftR := Colift( m2R, morR );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( coliftR );
true
                                   _ Example .
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( coliftR ) );
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
                                   _{-} Example
gap> fpR := WeakBiFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj1R := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj1R );
true
                                   _{-} Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj1R ) );
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
                                    Example -
gap> fp_proj2R := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj2R );
true
                                   \_ Example \_
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj2R ) );
1, x<sub>2</sub>
(over a graded ring)
                                   _ Example
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> pbwfpcol := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1])>
gap> IsWellDefined( pbwfpcol );
true
                                   _{-} Example _{-}
gap> Display( pbwfpcol );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
```

```
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[0,1],[(-1,0),1]]
Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[0,1],[(-1,0),1]]
                                     Example
gap> poR := WeakBiPushout( morR, m2R );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> inj1R := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morR, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_{-}1,x_{-}2,x_{-}3,x_{-}4] \ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( inj1R );
true
                                    _{-} Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj1R ) );
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
                                    _ Example
gap> inj2R := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morR, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
\label{eq:Qx_1,x_2,x_3,x_4} $$ (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ) > $$
gap> IsWellDefined( inj2R );
true
                                   _ Example
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj2R ) );
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
                                   _ Example .
gap> injectionR := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( morR, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over</pre>
```

```
gap> Display( injectionR );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
```

 $Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]$ (with weights [[1, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 1]])>

gap> IsWellDefined(injectionR);

true

```
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]

Example
```

```
gap> tensorProductR := TensorProductOnObjects( O1R, O2R );

<A graded column of rank 2>
```

```
gap> tensorProductMorphismR := TensorProductOnMorphisms( m2R, morR );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( tensorProductMorphismR );
true
```

```
_ Example
gap> Display( tensorProductMorphismR );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
Matrix:
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[(1,0),2]]
gap> Display( DualOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( ObjectR, Object2R ) ) );
```

```
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 16 and degrees:
[ [ ( -2, 0 ), 5 ], [ ( -1, -1 ), 2 ], [ ( -2, 0 ), 6 ], [ ( -1, -1 ), 2 ],
[ ( -2, 0 ), 1 ] ]
```

```
gap> IsWellDefined( DualOnMorphisms( m1R ) );
true
```

```
Example
gap> Display( DualOnMorphisms( m1R ) );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )
of rank 1 and degrees:
[[0,1]]
Matrix:
1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [1, 0], [1, 0], [0, 1], [0, 1])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[[0,1],[(1,0),1]]
```

```
Example ________ Example ________ gap> IsWellDefined( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects( > DualOnObjects( ObjectR ), ObjectR ), ObjectR, TensorUnit( categoryR ) )); true
```

```
gap> Display( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects(
> DualOnObjects( ObjectR ), ObjectR ), ObjectR, TensorUnit( categoryR ) ));
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 4 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 4 ] ]

Matrix:
1,0,0,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
```

```
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
gap> Display( InternalHomOnObjects( ObjectR, ObjectR ) );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 4 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 4 ] ]
```

14.8 Additional examples on monoidal structure for graded rows

```
_ Example _
gap> aR := GradedRow( [ [ [1,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> bR := ZeroObject( aR );
<A graded row of rank 0>
gap> coevR := CoevaluationForDual( bR );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( coevR );
true
gap> evalR := EvaluationForDual( bR );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( evalR );
true
gap> cR := GradedRow( [ [ [2,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> aR_o_bR := TensorProductOnObjects( aR, bR );
<A graded row of rank 0>
gap> phiR := ZeroMorphism( aR_o_bR, cR );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( phiR );
true
gap> tens_mor := TensorProductToInternalHomAdjunctionMap(aR,bR,phiR);
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( tens_mor );
true
```

14.9 Additional examples on monoidal structure for graded columns

```
Example
gap> aC := GradedColumn( [ [ [1,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> bC := ZeroObject( aC );
<A graded column of rank 0>
gap> coevC := CoevaluationForDual( bC );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( coevC );
```

```
true
gap> evalC := EvaluationForDual( bC );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( evalC );
true
gap> cC := GradedColumn( [ [ [2,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> aC_o_bC := TensorProductOnObjects( aC, bC );
<A graded column of rank 0>
gap> phiC := ZeroMorphism( aC_o_bC, cC );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( phiC );
true
gap> tens mor := TensorProductToInternalHomAdjunctionMap(aC,bC,phiC);
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] )>
gap> IsWellDefined( tens_mor );
true
```

14.10 Examples to test Tools methods in graded rows/cols

```
Example
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x,y" );
Q[x,y]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [ 1, 1 ] );
gap> mat_1 := HomalgMatrix( "[ x, 0, 0, y ]", 2, 2, S );
<A 2 x 2 matrix over a graded ring>
gap> mat_2 := HomalgMatrix( "[ x, 0, 0, 0 ]", 2, 2, S );
<A 2 x 2 matrix over a graded ring>
gap> a := GradedRow( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ], [ [ 2 ], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> b := GradedColumn( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ], [ [ 2 ], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
true
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows( mat_2, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
true
```

```
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows( mat_2, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
true
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols( mat_2, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
true
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols( mat_2, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
true
```

Chapter 15

Category of rows and columns over a field

15.1 Abelian operations for rows

Category of rows over a field

```
Example .
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> RowsQ := CategoryOfRows( Q );;
gap> a := 3/RowsQ;;
gap> b := 4/RowsQ;;
gap> homalg_matrix := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 0, 0, 0 ],
                                    [0, 1, 0, -1],
                                    [-1, 0, 2, 1], 3, 4, Q);;
gap> alpha := homalg_matrix/RowsQ;;
gap> homalg_matrix := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1, 0, 0 ],
                                    [ 0, 1, 0, -1 ],
                                    [-1, 0, 2, 1], 3, 4, Q);;
gap> beta := homalg_matrix/RowsQ;;
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelObject( alpha ) );
gap> c := CokernelProjection( alpha );;
gap> gamma := UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ c, c ] );;
gap> colift := CokernelColift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( c, colift ), gamma );
gap> FiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> F := FiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsWellDefined( F );
gap> IsWellDefined( ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct( [ alpha, beta ], 1 ) );
gap> IsWellDefined( Pushout( alpha, beta ) );
gap> i1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfPushout( [ alpha, beta ], 1 );;
gap> i2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfPushout( [ alpha, beta ], 2 );;
gap> u := UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ b, b ], [ i1, i2 ] );;
gap> KernelObjectFunctorial( u, IdentityMorphism( Source( u ) ), u ) = IdentityMorphism( 3/RowsQ
gap> IsZero( CokernelObjectFunctorial( u, IdentityMorphism( Range( u ) ), u ) );
true
```

```
gap> DirectProductFunctorial( [ u, u ] ) = DirectSumFunctorial( [ u, u ] );
true
gap> CoproductFunctorial( [ u, u ] ) = DirectSumFunctorial( [ u, u ] );
gap> IsOne(FiberProductFunctorial([u, u], [IdentityMorphism(Source(u)), IdentityMorphism
true
gap> IsOne( PushoutFunctorial( [ u, u ], [ IdentityMorphism( Range( u ) ), IdentityMorphism( u ), Iden
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( (1/2) * alpha, alpha * (1/2) );
true
gap > RankOfObject( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( a, b ) ) = RankOfObject( a ) * RankOfObject( b
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
                   PreCompose( [ u, DualOnMorphisms( i1 ), DualOnMorphisms( alpha ) ] ),
                   InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism(Source(u), Sou
>
                                   PreCompose(
                                                InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( DualOnl
>
>
                                                HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( u, DualOnMorphisms( alpha ) )
                                   )
>
                   )
>
>);
true
```

Category of columns over a field

```
_ Example
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> ColsQ := CategoryOfColumns( Q );;
gap> a := 3/ColsQ;;
gap> b := 4/ColsQ;;
gap> homalg_matrix := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 0, 0, 0 ],
                                    [ 0, 1, 0, -1 ],
                                    [-1, 0, 2, 1], 3, 4, Q);;
gap> homalg_matrix := TransposedMatrix( homalg_matrix );;
gap> alpha := homalg_matrix/ColsQ;;
gap> homalg_matrix := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1, 0, 0 ],
                                    [0, 1, 0, -1],
                                    [-1, 0, 2, 1], 3, 4, \mathbb{Q});;
gap> homalg_matrix := TransposedMatrix( homalg_matrix );;
gap> beta := homalg_matrix/ColsQ;;
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelObject( alpha ) );
true
gap> c := CokernelProjection( alpha );;
gap> gamma := UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ c, c ] );;
gap> colift := CokernelColift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( c, colift ), gamma );
true
gap> FiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> F := FiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsWellDefined( F );
gap> IsWellDefined( ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct( [ alpha, beta ], 1 ) );
gap> IsWellDefined( Pushout( alpha, beta ) );
```

```
true
gap> i1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfPushout( [ alpha, beta ], 1 );;
gap> i2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfPushout( [ alpha, beta ], 2 );;
gap> u := UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ b, b ], [ i1, i2 ] );;
gap> KernelObjectFunctorial( u, IdentityMorphism( Source( u ) ), u ) = IdentityMorphism( 3/ColsQ
gap> IsZero( CokernelObjectFunctorial( u, IdentityMorphism( Range( u ) ), u ) );
true
gap> DirectProductFunctorial( [ u, u ] ) = DirectSumFunctorial( [ u, u ] );
true
gap> CoproductFunctorial( [ u, u ] ) = DirectSumFunctorial( [ u, u ] );
true
gap> IsOne( FiberProductFunctorial( [ u, u ], [ IdentityMorphism( Source( u ) ), IdentityMorphism
true
gap > IsOne( PushoutFunctorial( [ u, u ], [ IdentityMorphism( Range( u ) ), IdentityMorphism( Range( u )
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( (1/2) * alpha, alpha * (1/2) );
gap > RankOfObject( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( a, b ) ) = RankOfObject( a ) * RankOfObject( l
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
      PreCompose( [ u, DualOnMorphisms( i1 ), DualOnMorphisms( alpha ) ] ),
>
      InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism(Source(u), Sou
>
           PreCompose(
               InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( DualOnl
>
               {\tt HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms(u, DualOnMorphisms(alpha))}
>
>
           )
      )
>
>);
true
```

Chapter 16

Example on tensor products in Freyd categories

16.1 Tensor products for categories of rows

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j";;
gap> C := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> T := TensorUnit( C );;
gap> IsWellDefined( T );
true
```

We test the naturality of the braiding.

We compute the torsion part of a f.p. module with the help of the induced tensor structure on the Freyd category.

```
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> mu := MorphismToBidual( M );;
gap> co := CoastrictionToImage( mu );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( co );
true
```

16.2 Tensor products for categories of columns

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j";;
gap> C := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> T := TensorUnit( C );;
gap> IsWellDefined( T );
true
```

We test the naturality of the braiding.

```
gap> R2 := DirectSum( T, T );;
gap> R3 := DirectSum( T, R2 );;
gap> R4 := DirectSum( R2, R2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( T, HomalgMatrix( "[ a, b, c, d ]", 4, 1, R ), R4 );;
gap> beta := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( R2, HomalgMatrix( "[ e, f, g, h, i, j ]", 3, 2, R ), R3 );
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
> PreCompose( Braiding( T, R2 ), TensorProductOnMorphisms( beta, alpha ) ),
> PreCompose( TensorProductOnMorphisms( alpha, beta ), Braiding( R4, R3 ) )
> );
true
```

We compute the torsion part of a f.p. module with the help of the induced tensor structure on the Freyd category.

```
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> mu := MorphismToBidual( M );;
gap> co := CoastrictionToImage( mu );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( co );
true
```

Chapter 17

The CAP category of graded module presentations for CAP by use of Freyd categories

17.1 CAP categories

17.1.1 FpGradedLeftModules (for IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ FpGradedLeftModules(S)

(attribute)

Returns: a CapCategory

Given a graded ring S, one can consider the category of f.p. graded left S-modules, which is captured by this attribute.

17.1.2 FpGradedRightModules (for IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ FpGradedRightModules(S)

(attribute)

Returns: a CapCategory

Given a graded ring S, one can consider the category of f.p. graded right S-modules, which is captured by this attribute.

17.2 The GAP categories for graded module presentations for CAP

17.2.1 IsFpGradedLeftOrRightModulesObject (for IsFreydCategoryObject)

▷ IsFpGradedLeftOrRightModulesObject(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of graded left and right module presentations.

17.2.2 IsFpGradedLeftModulesObject (for IsFpGradedLeftOrRightModulesObject)

▷ IsFpGradedLeftModulesObject(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of objects in the presentation category over the category of projective graded left modules.

17.2.3 IsFpGradedRightModulesObject (for IsFpGradedLeftOrRightModulesObject)

▷ IsFpGradedRightModulesObject(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of objects in the presentation category over the category of projective graded right modules.

17.3 The GAP categories for graded module presentation morphisms for CAP

17.3.1 IsFpGradedLeftOrRightModulesMorphism (for IsFreydCategoryMorphism)

▷ IsFpGradedLeftOrRightModulesMorphism(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of left or right module presentation morphisms

17.3.2 IsFpGradedLeftModulesMorphism (for IsFpGradedLeftOrRightModulesMorphism)

▷ IsFpGradedLeftModulesMorphism(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms in the presentation category over the category of projective graded left modules.

${\bf 17.3.3} \quad Is Fp Graded Right Modules Morphism \qquad (for \quad Is Fp Graded Left Or Right Modules Morphism)$

▷ IsFpGradedRightModulesMorphism(object)

(filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms in the presentation category over the category of projective graded right modules.

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