LATIHAN PRAKTIKUM 5 SQL

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1. Gunakan semua JOIN (Inner join, left join, right join, dan full outer join) yang menampilkan minimal penggabungan 2 tabel (tabel yang digunakan bebas). Masukan data ke dalam tabel

a. INNER JOIN

SELECT b.id, p.nama_pelanggan, b.total_harga, b.status_booking FROM booking b INNER JOIN pelanggan p ON b.id_pelanggan = p.id;

++ id	total_harga	status_booking
1 Budi Santoso 2 Ani Wijaya		Confirmed Pending
2 rows in set (0.008 sec)		
MariaDB [gor]>		

b. LEFT JOIN

SELECT b.id, p.nama_pelanggan, b.total_harga, b.status_booking FROM booking b LEFT JOIN pelanggan p ON b.id pelanggan = p.id;

c. RIGHT JOIN

SELECT b.id, p.nama_pelanggan, b.total_harga, b.status_booking FROM booking b RIGHT JOIN pelanggan p ON b.id_pelanggan = p.id;

d. FULL OUTER JOIN

```
SELECT b.id, p.nama_pelanggan, b.total_harga, b.status_booking
FROM booking b

LEFT JOIN pelanggan p ON b.id_pelanggan = p.id

UNION

SELECT b.id, p.nama_pelanggan, b.total_harga, b.status_booking
FROM booking b

RIGHT JOIN pelanggan p ON b.id_pelanggan = p.id;
```

2. Buatlah tabel baru bernama 'transaksi' dengan atribut sebagai berikut, dan masukkan data minimal 3:

```
INSERT INTO transaksi (id_booking, id_pelanggan, id_barang, id_kegiatan, status_pembayaran) VALUES (1, 2, 4, 1, 'pending'), (2, 1, 5, 2, 'lunas'), (1, 1, 6, 2, 'batal');
```

3. Buatlah query sql agar menghasilkan output join yang diinginkan

```
SELECT id, id_pelanggan, total_harga,
   (SELECT AVG(total_harga)
   FROM booking b2
   WHERE b2.id_pelanggan = b1.id_pelanggan
   AND b2.id BETWEEN 3 AND 7) AS rata_rata_pendapatan_pelanggan,
   SUM(total_harga) OVER (PARTITION BY id_pelanggan) AS
total_pendapatan_pelanggan
FROM booking b1
WHERE id BETWEEN 3 AND 7
ORDER BY id;
```

```
MariaDB [gor]> SELECT id, id_pelanggan, total_harga,
-> (SELECT AVG(total_harga)
-> FROM booking b2
-> WHERE b2.id_pelanggan = b1.id_pelanggan
-> AND b2.id BETWEEN 3 AND 7) AS rata_rata_pendapatan_pelanggan,
-> SUM(total_harga) OVER (PARTITION BY id_pelanggan) AS total_pendapatan_pelanggan
      -> FROM booking b1
-> WHERE id BETWEEN 3 AND 7
-> ORDER BY id;
   id
              id_pelanggan | total_harga |
                                                              rata_rata_pendapatan_pelanggan | total_pendapatan_pelanggan
                                                200000
                                                                                                                                                      450000
                                1
                                                                                              225000.0000
                                1
2
2
2
                                                250000
                                                                                              225000.0000
                                                                                                                                                      450000
                                                300000
                                                                                              216666.6667
                                                                                                                                                      650000
                                                150000
                                                                                              216666.6667
                                                                                                                                                       650000
                                                200000
                                                                                              216666.6667
                                                                                                                                                       650000
5 rows in set (0.004 sec)
MariaDB [gor]>
```