



Instructor and Teaching Assistants

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Office: Educational Sciences Building 167

Office Hours: Monsday 9:00 a.m.-11:00 a.m.; and by appointment

Email: zief0002@umn.edu

Course Website: http://www.tc.umn.edu/~zief0002/8261.html

Course Description

EPsy 8261 is the first course of the two-semester Ph.D. level statistics sequence in Educational Psychology at the University of Minnesota. This course will cover statistical methods used in educational research. (See the course calendar for a more detailed list of topics that will be covered.) The course will emphasize the conceptual framework underlying these methods along with their application to education related research.

The course is applied, meaning the focus is on topics and issues pertinent to applied researchers, one of which is computing. We will devote considerable time, especially during the beginning of the course, to learning the computational skills that are, in today's world, an integral part of statistical work. This includes computations for data preparation, exploration, and analysis.

A consequence of the applied focus of the course is that the mathematical underpinnings of the methods will not be stressed (e.g. no mathematical proofs will be given in the course). When I believe that your understanding will be enhanced by knowing more about the mathematical underpinnings, I will offer (what I hope are) straightforward conceptual explanations that do not sacrifice intellectual rigor. The student wishing more mathematical rigor is referred to EPsy 8252.

Though this course is applied in nature, it is assumed that the student has at least a working knowledge of high school algebra. In addition, it is assumed that the student has had at least one undergraduate-level or masters' level introductory statistics

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course. If a student feels nervous about mathematics and has never had a statistics course, it is recommended that the student drop this course and enroll in the masters' level course sequence EPsy 5261 & 5262 (although these courses are not preparatory courses for EPsy 8261). Alternatively, the nervous student might consider dropping this course and enrolling in an appropriate college-level algebra course.

Some of our time in class will also be spent learning how to do data analysis. Good data analysis is craft knowledge; it involves more than using software to generate reams of output. Thoughtful analysis can be difficult and messy, raising delicate problems of model specification and parameter interpretation. We will confront such issues directly, offering concrete advice for sound decision making.

Finally, we will use class time to illustrate how to present statistical results in words, tables and figures. We will pay special attention to the presentation of results in the APA desired format.

Course Philosophy

In my mind, statistics is more than a particular methodology used in different disciplines; it is more than a just an application of mathematics. Statistics is a principled way of thinking about the world, in particular it is a principled approach to data collection, pre- diction, and scientific inference.

Statistics is a discipline that has, like many others, undergone a tremendous amount of growth and change in the last two decades. In today's dynamic and interdisciplinary world, success in confronting new analytical issues requires both substantial knowledge of a scientific or technological area and highly flexible problem-solving strategies.

Internalizing a disciplines' way of thinking about and solving problems is a time consuming process, with the key-word being "process". It is not something that can be taught to students in a semester or even year-long course. Learning "statistics" takes much more than memorizing formulae or R functions. It requires active participation and thought in and out of the classroom. I can pose questions, direct you to resources, provide you with opportunities to learn the material, and impart what little wisdom I have, but in the end, you will have to do all of the hard work.

Course Website

Readings, data files, etc. are available on the course website (http://www.tc.umn.edu/~zief0002/8261.html). There are some important things to note about using the website. First, the website works best with a recent version of Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome or Safari. Second, if you are using a Mac and seem to have problems downloading files, hold the option-key while clicking on the link. This should down-

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load the file to your desktop. If all else fails, the materials can be downloaded and printed in the *Educational Psychology Computer Lab* (see section below).

Textbook

The suggested textbook for the course is Zieffler, Harring & Long (2011). This book is optional, but highly recommended. There is also an e-version of the book (available through Wiley) and used copies are available through Amazon at a lower price point. To provide another perspective on the material being covered in class, I have ordered Dalgaard (2004). I also recommend purchasing the *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (Sixth Edition)*.

For additional reference books for learning R I find Dalgaard (2004) very useful. Teetor (2011) is another great option for an R reference manual. Lastly, for students who really want to develop their statistical programming skills (which can be very helpful on the job market), you can purchase Gentleman (2009).

- American Psychological Association. (2010). *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association (6th edition)*. Washington, DC: Author.
- Dalgaard, P. (2004). *Introductory statistics with R.* New York: Springer.
- Gentleman, R. (2009). *R Programming for Bioinformatics*. Boca Raton, FL: Chapman & Hall/CRC.
- Teetor, P. (2011). R cookbook. Sebastopol, CA: O'Reilly.
- Zieffler, A., Harring, J., & Long, J. D. (2011). *Comparing groups: Randomization and bootstrap methods using R.* New York: Wiley.

Statistical Computing & Technology

Statistical computing is an integral part of statistical work and subsequently EPsy 8261. To support your learning in this area, this course will emphasize the use of R. R is a free software environment for statistical computing and graphics. It compiles and runs on a wide variety of UNIX platforms, Windows and MacOS (http://www.r-project.org). I assume that everyone is comfortable using a computer to perform basic statistical analysis (although I don't assume that you have necessarily used R).

While I do teach some R programming during class time, there are also a lot of resources to help you learn how to program on your own at your own pace:

• The R code that produces the output included in each set of notes can be downloaded from the course website as a script file.

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You can download many tutorials and documentation from the Web (especially through the Contributed Documentation link on the R homepage). While students have found many useful materials online, I strongly encourage you to at least obtain the document called simpleR.

EPsy 8261 is technologically intensive, both during instruction and for homework. Student difficulty with obtaining or operating the various software programs and technologies will not be acceptable as an excuse for late work. Due to the variation in computer systems and the difficulty in assessing problems via email, the instructor and TA may not be able to assist in trouble shooting all problems you may have. In these cases, contact the university Academic and Distributed Computing Services (ADCS) or your systems administrator (if you have one).

Educational Psychology Computer Lab

The Peik Hall Computer Labs (Peik Hall 325 and Peik Hall 355) will have some open times during the week, including all day on Fridays. All the machines in the computer lab of Peik Hall 325 have R. There are other various computer labs on campus that have this program installed. You are encouraged to visit the Office of Information Technology (OIT) website to locate these computer labs.

Use of Personal Electronic Devices in the Classroom

Using personal electronic devices in the classroom setting can hinder instruction and learning, not only for the student using the device but also for other students in the class. To this end, the University establishes the right of each faculty member to determine if and how personal electronic devices are allowed to be used in the classroom. For complete information, please reference: http://policy.umn.edu/Policies/Education/Education/CLASSROOMPED.html.

Homework Assignments

To help you develop your analytic and computational skills, you will complete several graded homework assignments. Each assignment has you complete problems from the end of the textbook chapters. As part of each assignment, you will need to turn in a commented R script. Any necessary data sets will be available from the course website. General help with R is available from myself. *I can only help you produce the output. I will not help you answer the homework questions*.

Students are encouraged to work collaboratively and consult with one another on the homework assignments. If you work collaboratively, please turn in only one assignment for your group—no more than three students per group.

Each assignment will be graded using a holistic approach. Any writing should be clear and concise, integrating substance and statistics. Further information on grading can be found on the Evaluation of Student Labs document available on the

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course website.

Because I strive to read and return your assignments quickly, all assignments must be turned in on time. Late assignments will not be graded and will contribute 0 to your course grade.

Makeup Work for Legitimate Absences

Students will not be penalized for absence during the semester due to unavoidable or legitimate circumstances. Such circumstances include verified illness, participation in intercollegiate athletic events, subpoenas, jury duty, military service, bereavement, and religious observances. Such circumstances do not include voting in local, state, or national elections. For complete information, please see: http://policy.umn.edu/Policies/Education/Education/MAKEUPWORK.html.

Extensions will be granted in the case of a legitimate absence. If you find yourself in this position, please contact me before the assignment deadline to discuss alternative arrangements.

No labs will be accepted via e-mail or turned in to the instructor's or TA's mailbox without prior instructor approval. Any lab submitted in either of these manners without prior approval will be thrown away or deleted, and will be considered to have been not submitted with the appropriate penalties applied. If approval is granted to turn in a lab via e-mail, the only acceptable format is a PDF file.

Evaluation of Student Performance

You will be evaluated on the basis of your performance on the homework assignments only. Your course grade will be computed based on a weighted average across the seven homework assignments. Each homework assignment will count 1/7 of your course grade. While I use arithmetic computations to arrive at a first approximation of your course grade, in the end, I will look at your whole portfolio of work when assigning course grades. Grades will be assigned using the following criteria as a guideline:

Percentage Cutoff	Grade	Percentage Cutoff	Grade
92.5%	A	82.5%	В
89.5%	A-	80.5%	В-
86.5%	B+	Below 80.5%	C/F

Your class participation will be used as way of determining grades if you are between two grades. Class participation is an important part of learning, even in a relatively



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large lecture course like EPsy 8261. If you have a question, it is likely that others do as well. I encourage active participation and course grades will take into account students who make particularly strong contributions.

Shortly after the course, you may access your final grade online at http://www.onestop.umn.edu. To access your grade via telephone, call the Gopher Student Line at 612-624-5200. Uncollected labs will be retained for three weeks of the subsequent semester after the course, and then discarded.

Students fulfilling the Educational Psychology statistics core requirement are not allowed to take this course as satisfactory/unsatisfactory. If a student is not fulfilling a core requirement, he/she may choose to take the course on a satisfactory/unsatisfactory basis. Satisfactory performance requires an average of B— or better, and completion of all assignments.

Calendar

The calendar below lists the tentative dates of the lecture topics and the due dates for the homework assignments. These dates can change at the instructor's discretion.

Session	Date	Topic
1	Sept. 7	Introduction
2	Sept. 12	Introduction to R
3	Sept. 14	Introduction to R
4	Sept. 19	Data Representation and Preparation
5	Sept. 21	Data Representation and Preparation Chapter 1 Problems Due
6	Sept. 26	Density & Parameter Estimation
7	Sept. 28	Density & Parameter Estimation Chapter 2 Problems Due
8	Oct. 3	Density & Parameter Estimation
9	Oct . 5	Writing R Functions
10	Oct . 10	Randomization & Permutation Tests Chapter 3, 4 & 5 Problems Due
11	Oct . 12	Randomization & Permutation Tests



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Session	Date	Topic
12	Oct . 17	Parametric Bootstrap Test
13	Oct . 19	Parametric Bootstrap Test Chapter 6 Problems Due
14	Oct . 24	Independent Samples <i>t</i> -Test
15	Oct . 26	Independent Samples <i>t</i> -Test
16	Oct . 31	Nonparametric Bootstrap Test
17	Nov. 2	Nonparametric Bootstrap Test
18	Nov. 7	Bootstrap Intervals and Effect Sizes Chapter 7 Problems Due
19	Nov. 9	Bootstrap Intervals and Effect Sizes
20	Nov. 14	Dependent Samples Test
21	Nov. 16	Dependent Samples Test Chapter 9 Problems Due
22	Nov. 21	Planned Contrasts
	Nov. 23	No Class — Thanksgiving Holiday
23	Nov. 28	Planned Contrasts Chapter 10 Problems Due
24	Nov. 30	Planned Contrasts
25	Dec. 5	No Class
26	Dec. 7	Unplanned Contrasts Chapter 11 Problems Due
27	Dec. 12	Unplanned Contrasts
28	Dec. 14 Dec. 19	Unplanned Contrasts Chapter 12 Problems Due (12:00PM)



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Mission Statements

Quantitative Methods in Education (QME)

The Quantitative Methods in Education (QME) track offers educational opportunities in both quantitative and qualitative methods with a broad array of introductory and advanced coursework. Students who choose QME as their track within educational psychology may specialize in any of four areas: measurement, evaluation, statistics, and statistics education. The goal of QME is to provide students with broad but rigorous methodological skills so that they may conduct research on methodologies, may help to train others in methodology, or will have the skills necessary to conduct research in related fields.

Psychological Foundations of Education Program Mission Statement

To apply and generate knowledge of psychological processes and methodological procedures involved in learning and teaching for the betterment and improvement of humans in a wide range of situations.

Department of Educational Psychology Mission Statement

Educational psychology involves the study of cognitive, emotional, and social learning processes that underlie education and human development across the lifespan. Research in educational psychology advances scientific knowledge of those processes and their application in diverse educational and community settings. The department provides training in the psychological foundations of education, research methods, and the practice and science of counseling psychology, school psychology, and special education. Faculty and students provide leadership and consultation to the state, the nation, and the international community in each area of educational psychology. The department's scholarship and teaching enhance professional practice in schools and universities, community mental health agencies, business and industrial organizations, early childhood programs, and government agencies.

Adopted by the Dept. of Educational Psychology faculty October 27, 2004.

College of Education & Human Development Mission Statement

The new College of Education and Human Development is a world leader in discovering, creating, sharing, and applying principles and practices of multiculturalism and multidisciplinary scholarship to advance teaching and learning and to enhance the psychological, physical, and social development of children, youth, and adults across the lifespan in families, organizations, and communities.



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Policies and Statements

University Senate Grading Policy

The University of Minnesota's grading policy can be found at http://www.fpd.finop.umn.edu/groups/senate/documents/policy/gradingpolicy.html. For additional information, please refer to http://policy.umn.edu/Policies/Education/Education/GRADINGTRANSCRIPTS.html.

The University utilizes plus and minus grading on a 4.000 cumulative grade point scale in accordance with the following:

A	4.000	Represents achievement that is outstanding relative to the level necessary to meet course requirements
A-	3.667	
B+	3.333	
В	3.000	Represents achievement that is significantly above the level necessary to meet course requirements
B-	2.667	
C+	2.333	
С	2.000	Represents achievement that meets the course requirements in every respect
C-	1.667	
D+	1.333	
D	1.000	Represents achievement that is worthy of credit even though it fails to meet fully the course requirements
S		Represents achievement that is satisfactory, which is equivalent to a C- or better
F/N		Represents failure (or no credit) and signifies that the work was either (1) completed but at a level of achievement that is not worthy of credit or (2) was not completed and there was no agreement between the instructor and the student that the student would be awarded an I (see also I).
I	Incomplete	Assigned at the discretion of the instructor when, due to extraordinary circumstances, e.g., hospitalization, a student is prevented from completing the work of the course on time. Requires a written agreement between instructor and student.

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An incomplete for this course will be given on a case-by-case basis and require a written agreement between the student and instructor. The University's Senate Committee on Educational Policy states, the I (incomplete) shall be assigned "at the discretion of the instructor when, *due to extraordinary circumstances* (e.g., hospitalization), a student is prevented from completing the work of the course on time." Note the italicized phrase in the previous sentence. The most valid reason for an incomplete is an unforeseen event that gravely interferes with a student's ability to perform at an adequate level. Incompletes will not be given for avoidable problems such as unwise planning. The complete language covering the incomplete can be found in the online Policy Library.

Senate Academic Workload Policy

One conventional credit is hereby defined as equivalent to three hours of learning effort per week, averaged over an appropriate time interval, necessary for an average student taking that course to achieve an average grade in that course. It is expected that the academic work required of graduate and professional students will exceed three hours per credit per week or 45 hours per semester.

Scholastic Dishonesty

You are expected to do your own academic work and cite sources as necessary. Failing to do so is scholastic dishonesty. Scholastic dishonesty means plagiarizing; cheating on assignments or examinations; engaging in unauthorized collaboration on academic work; taking, acquiring, or using test materials without faculty permission; submitting false or incomplete records of academic achievement; acting alone or in cooperation with another to falsify records or to obtain dishonestly grades, honors, awards, or professional endorsement; altering, forging, or misusing a University academic record; or fabricating or falsifying data, research procedures, or data analysis. (Student Conduct Code: http://www1.umn.edu/regents/policies/academic/Student_Conduct_Code.html) If it is determined that a student has cheated, he or she may be given an "F" or an "N" for the course, and may face additional sanctions from the University. For additional information, please see: http://policy.umn.edu/Policies/Education/Education/INSTRUCTORRESP.html.

The Office for Student Conduct and Academic Integrity has compiled a useful list of Frequently Asked Questions pertaining to scholastic dishonesty: http://www1.umn.edu/oscai/integrity/student/index.html. If you have additional questions, please clarify with your instructor for the course. Your instructor can respond to your specific questions regarding what would constitute scholastic dishonesty in the context of a particular class—e.g., whether collaboration on assignments is permitted, requirements and methods for citing sources, if electronic aids are permitted or prohibited during an exam.

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Student Conduct Code

The University seeks an environment that promotes academic achievement and integrity, that is protective of free inquiry, and that serves the educational mission of the University. Similarly, the University seeks a community that is free from violence, threats, and intimidation; that is respectful of the rights, opportunities, and welfare of students, faculty, staff, and guests of the University; and that does not threaten the physical or mental health or safety of members of the University community.

As a student at the University you are expected adhere to Board of Regents Policy: Student Conduct Code. To review the Student Conduct Code, please see: http://www1.umn.edu/regents/policies/academic/Student_Conduct_Code.html. Note that the conduct code specifically addresses disruptive classroom conduct, which means "engaging in behavior that substantially or repeatedly interrupts either the instructor's ability to teach or student learning. The classroom extends to any setting where a student is engaged in work toward academic credit or satisfaction of program-based requirements or related activities."

Appropriate Student Use of Class Notes and Course Materials

Taking notes is a means of recording information but more importantly of personally absorbing and integrating the educational experience. However, broadly disseminating class notes beyond the classroom community or accepting compensation for taking and distributing classroom notes undermines instructor interests in their intellectual work product while not substantially furthering instructor and student interests in effective learning. Such actions violate shared norms and standards of the academic community. For additional information, please see: http://policy.umn.edu/Policies/Education/Education/CLASSNOTESSTUDENTS.html.

Sexual Harassment

"Sexual harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and/or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature. Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work or academic performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working or academic environment in any University activity or program. Such behavior is not acceptable in the University setting. For additional information, please consult Board of Regents Policy: http://www1.umn.edu/regents/policies/humanresources/SexHarassment.html.



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Equity, Diversity, Equal Opportunity, and Affirmative Action

The University will provide equal access to and opportunity in its programs and facilities, without regard to race, color, creed, religion, national origin, gender, age, marital status, disability, public assistance status, veteran status, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression. For more information, please consult Board of Regents Policy: http://www1.umn.edu/regents/policies/administrative/Equity_Diversity_EO_AA.html.

Disability Accommodations

The University is committed to providing quality education to all students regardless of ability. Determining appropriate disability accommodations is a collaborative process. You as a student must register with Disability Services and provide documentation of your disability. The course instructor must provide information regarding a course's content, methods, and essential components. The combination of this information will be used by Disability Services to determine appropriate accommodations for a particular student in a particular course. For more information, please reference Disability Services: http://ds.umn.edu/Students/index.html.

Mental Health Services

As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learning, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems, feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance and may reduce your ability to participate in daily activities. University of Minnesota services are available to assist you. You can learn more about the broad range of confidential mental health services available on campus via the Student Mental Health Website: http://www.mentalhealth.umm.edu.

Academic Freedom and Responsibility

Academic freedom is a cornerstone of the University. Within the scope and content of the course as defined by the instructor, it includes the freedom to discuss relevant matters in the classroom. Along with this freedom comes responsibility. Students are encouraged to develop the capacity for critical judgment and to engage in a sustained and independent search for truth. Students are free to take reasoned exception to the views offered in any course of study and to reserve judgment about matters of opinion, but they are responsible for learning the content of any course of study for which they are enrolled.*



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Reports of concerns about academic freedom are taken seriously, and there are individuals and offices available for help. Contact the instructor, the Department Chair (Susan Hupp; shupp@umn.edu), your adviser, the associate dean of the college (Kenneth R. Bartlett; bartlett@umn.edu), or the Vice Provost for Faculty and Academic Affairs in the Office of the Provost (Arlene Carney; carne005@umn.edu).

*Language adapted from the American Association of University Professors "Joint Statement on Rights and Freedoms of Students".

This publication/material is available in alternative formats upon request. Please contact the Educational Psychology Department, 250 Education Sciences Building, 612-624-6083.