Experiment 04

Implementation of Tablespace in Oracle

1. Creating and Managing Tablespaces

- a. Create a new tablespace named emp_data with an initial size of 20MB.
- b. Check the size and status of the tablespace using an SQL query.

2. Resize the Tablespace

- a. Resize the emp_data tablespace to 50MB
- b. Verify the size change

3. Temporary Tablespace

- a. Create a temporary tablespace and assign it as the default.
- b. Check the size and status of the tablespace using an SQL query.

4. Undo Tablespace

- a. Create an undo tablespace.
- b. Check the size and status of the tablespace using an SQL guery.

5. Create user and assign Tablespace Quotas

- a. Create user hr_user on the emp_data tablespace and Assign a 10MB quota to HR_USER on the emp_data tablespace
- b. grant create session, create table to hr_user
- c. check max_bytes and used_data for hr_user

6. Create Table in tablespace

- a. Connect with hr_user
- b. Create table employee in table space with attributes emp_id, emp_name, emp_address
- c. Insert few records in employee table
- d. check max_bytes and free_space for hr_user

7. Updates to tablespace

- Take the emp_data tablespace offline and verify that the tablespace is offline
- Bring the emp_data tablespace back online and verify the tablespace status
- Remove the quota for HR_USER on the emp_data tablespace and verify the quota removal

Answers:

1. a.

```
CREATE TABLESPACE emp_data

DATAFILE 'emp_data.dbf' SIZE 20M

AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M MAXSIZE UNLIMITED;
```

1. b.

```
SELECT tablespace_name, ROUND(SUM(bytes) / 1024 / 1024, 2) AS
total_size_mb, status
   FROM dba_data_files
   WHERE tablespace_name = 'EMP_DATA'
   GROUP BY tablespace_name, status;
```

2. a.

```
ALTER DATABASE DATAFILE 'emp data.dbf' RESIZE 50M;
```

```
SQL> ALTER DATABASE DATAFILE 'c:\ADS\emp_data01.dbf' RESIZE 50M;
Database altered.
SQL> |
```

TOTAL_SIZE_MB STATUS

50 AVAILABLE

3. a.

TABLESPACE_NAME

EMP_DATA

SQL>

```
CREATE TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp_ts

TEMPFILE 'temp_ts.dbf' SIZE 10M

AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 5M MAXSIZE UNLIMITED;

ALTER DATABASE DEFAULT TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp_ts;
```

```
SQL> CREATE TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp_ts TEMPFILE 'c:\ADS\temp_ts.dbf' SIZE 20M;
Tablespace created.
```

3. b.

```
SELECT tablespace_name, ROUND(SUM(bytes) / 1024 / 1024, 2) AS
total_size_mb, status
    FROM dba_temp_files
    WHERE tablespace_name = 'TEMP_TS'
    GROUP BY tablespace_name, status;

SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, ROUND(SUM(bytes) / 1024 / 1024, 2) AS total_size_mb, status
    FROM dba_temp_files
```

4. a.

CREATE UNDO TABLESPACE undo_ts

DATAFILE 'undo_ts.dbf' SIZE 20M

AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M MAXSIZE UNLIMITED;

SQL> CREATE UNDO TABLESPACE undo_ts DATAFILE 'c:\ADS\undo_ts.dbf' SIZE 50M;
Tablespace created.

4. b.

```
SELECT tablespace_name, ROUND(SUM(bytes) / 1024 / 1024, 2) AS
total_size_mb, status
    FROM dba_undo_extents
    WHERE tablespace_name = 'UNDO_TS'
    GROUP BY tablespace_name, status;
```

5. a.

CREATE USER hr_user IDENTIFIED BY password DEFAULT TABLESPACE emp_data QUOTA 10M ON emp_data;

```
SQL> ALTER SESSION SET "_ORACLE_SCRIPT"=TRUE;

Session altered.

SQL> CREATE USER hr_user IDENTIFIED BY password DEFAULT TABLESPACE emp_data QUOTA 10M ON emp_data;

User created.

SQL>
```

5. b.

GRANT CREATE SESSION, CREATE TABLE TO hr_user;

```
SQL> GRANT CREATE SESSION, CREATE TABLE TO hr_user;
Grant succeeded.
SQL> |
```

```
5. c.
```

SELECT max_bytes, bytes FROM dba_ts_quotas WHERE username =
'HR_USER';

6. a.

CONNECT hr_user/password;

```
SQL> CONNECT hr_user/password;
Connected.
SQL> |
```

6. b.

```
CREATE TABLE employee (
emp_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
emp_name VARCHAR2(50),
emp_address VARCHAR2(100)
) TABLESPACE emp data;
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE employee (

2    emp_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,

3    emp_name VARCHAR2(50),

4    emp_address VARCHAR2(100)

5 ) TABLESPACE emp_data;

Table created.

SQL>
```

6. c.

```
INSERT INTO employee (emp_id, emp_name, emp_address) VALUES (1,
'Zyed Mulla', 'Kolhapur');
    INSERT INTO employee (emp_id, emp_name, emp_address) VALUES (2,
'Pankaj Adlinge', 'Sangola');
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO employee (emp_id, emp_name, emp_address) VALUES (1, 'Zyed Mulla', 'Kolhapur');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO employee (emp_id, emp_name, emp_address) VALUES (2, 'Pankaj Adlinge', 'Sangola');

1 row created.
```

```
6. d.
```

```
SELECT max_bytes, bytes FROM dba_ts_quotas WHERE username =
'HR_USER';

SELECT tablespace_name, ROUND(SUM(bytes) / 1024 / 1024, 2) AS
total_free_space_mb
    FROM dba_free_space
    WHERE tablespace_name = 'EMP_DATA'
    GROUP BY tablespace_name;

SQL> SELECT max_bytes, bytes FROM dba_ts_quotas WHERE username = 'HR_USER';
no rows selected
SOL>
```

SQL> SELECT tablespace_name, ROUND(SUM(bytes) / 1024 / 1024, 2) AS total_free_space_mb

48.88

TOTAL_FREE_SPACE_MB

EMP_DATA

SQL>

TABLESPACE_NAME

2 FROM dba_free_space

4 GROUP BY tablespace_name;

3 WHERE tablespace_name = 'EMP_DATA'

7. a.

ALTER TABLESPACE emp_data OFFLINE;

SELECT tablespace_name, status FROM dba_tablespaces WHERE
tablespace_name = 'EMP_DATA';

7. b.

ALTER TABLESPACE emp_data ONLINE;

SELECT tablespace_name, status FROM dba_tablespaces WHERE
tablespace_name = 'EMP_DATA';

7. c.

ALTER USER hr_user QUOTA 0 ON emp_data;

SELECT tablespace_name FROM dba_ts_quotas WHERE username =
'HR USER';

```
SQL> SELECT tablespace_name FROM dba_ts_quotas WHERE username = 'HR_USER';

TABLESPACE_NAME
______
EMP_DATA

SQL> ALTER USER hr_user QUOTA 0 ON emp_data;

User altered.

SQL> SELECT tablespace_name FROM dba_ts_quotas WHERE username = 'HR_USER';

no rows selected
```