I	nstructions
ar av at to	e results that e currently ailable for your tempt are listed the right.
Lege	end
√ C	orrect Response
× I	ncorrect Response
→ C	orrect Answer
-	

Chapter 10 Study Guide			
Quizzes Home Summary Submissions Reports			
KEITH GABLE (username: keithwg)			
○ To Submissions			
Attempt 1			
Written: Dec 10 at 11:55 PM - Dec 11 at 12:00 AM, 2007			
Submission View			
Your quiz has been submitted successfully.			
Question 1 6.67 / 6.67 points			
You use DDL to create, modify, and delete the of a database.			
Answer: objects 🗸			
Question 2 6.67 / 6.67 points			
The CREATE DATABASE statement creates two files on the hard drive of the server: a data file and a/an file.			
Answer: transaction log 🗸			
Question 3 6.67 / 6.67 points			
When you use the CREATE TABLE statement to create a table, you can also define the attributes and for the columns of the table.			
Answer: constraints 🗸			
Question 4 6.67 / 6.67 points			
Unless you specify otherwise, the CREATE INDEX statement creates a/an index for the specified column or columns.			
Answer: nonclustered 🗸			
Question 5 6.67 / 6.67 points			
An index can improve performance when SQL Server does a/an or a join based on a specific value in the indexed column.			
Answer: search 🗸			
Question 6 6.67 / 6.67 points			
A constraint that limits the values that can be stored in a column is called a/an constraint.			
Answer: check			
Question 7 6.67 / 6.67 points			
A constraint that enforces referential integrity between tables is called a/an constraint.			
Answer: references ✓			
Question 8 6.67 / 6.67 points			
When you code a table-level check constraint, the constraint can refer to data in more than one			
Answer: column 🗸			
Question 9 6.67 / 6.67 points			
If you omit both NULL and NOT NULL from the list of column attributes in a CREATE TABLE statement, the default setting is			

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Answer: NULL 🗸	
Question 10 6.0	67 / 6.67 points
To modify the structure of an existing table, you use thestatement.	
Answer: ALTER TABLE 🗸	
Question 11 6.0	66 / 6.66 points
When you create a script for creating a database, you can use the keyword to signal the end of a batch and cause all the statements in the batexecuted.	tch to be
Answer: GO 🗸	
Question 12 6.0	66 / 6.66 points
The CREATE TABLE statement	
 specifies attributes for an existing table 	
✓ ⊙ creates a new table in the current database	
 creates a new table in the specified database 	
○ all of the above	
Question 13 6.0	66 / 6.66 points
Each of the following column attributes is a column constraint, except	
✓ ⊙ DEFAULT	
○ UNIQUE	
O NOT NULL	
O PRIMARY KEY	
Question 14 6.	66 / 6.66 points
When you define a foreign key constraint, you can specify all but one of the Which one is it?	he following.
that the insertion of a row in a foreign key table that has a foreign low of matched in the primary key table should be cascaded up to the printable	
that the deletion of a related row in a primary key table should be down to the rows in the foreign key table	cascaded
that the updating of a primary key in a primary key table should be down to the rows in the foreign key table	cascaded
that no action should be taken and an error should be returned whe row in a related table is deleted or updated	n a related
Question 15 6.0	66 / 6.66 points
When you create a script for creating a database,	
 you need to create the indexes before you create the tables that the 	y apply to
 you can create the tables in whatever sequence you prefer 	
 you need to code the primary key column first in each table 	
you need to create the referred to tables before you create the table to them	s that refer
Attempt Score: 1 Overall Grade (highest attempt): 1	

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