Left panel: $Q^2 = 0.5\ GeV$, plot of $R_L\ (GeV^{-1})$ versus $\nu\ (GeV)$, with inset showing $W = 0.93$, $W = 1.07$, $W = 1.23$.

Right panel: $Q^2 = 0.5\ GeV$, plot of $R_T\ (GeV^{-1})$ versus $\nu\ (GeV)$, with inset showing $W = 0.93$, $W = 1.07$, $W = 1.23$.

Figure showing R_L (GeV^{-1}) and R_T (GeV^{-1}) as functions of ν (GeV) at $Q^2 = 0.8$ GeV. Insets mark $W = 0.93$, $W = 1.07$, and $W = 1.23$.

$Q^2 = 1.25\ GeV$ (left panel, R_L vs ν)

$Q^2 = 1.25\ GeV$ (right panel, R_T vs ν)

Inset labels: $W = 0.93$, $W = 1.07$, $W = 1.23$

Figure showing R_L (left) and R_T (right) as functions of ν (GeV) at $Q^2 = 1.75\ GeV$. Insets show the region $W = 0.93$, $W = 1.07$, $W = 1.23$.

Figure showing R_L (left) and R_T (right) as functions of ν (GeV) at $Q^2 = 2.25$ GeV.

—— RL(total), RT(total) Christy-Bodek Fit	◆ RL,RT JLab e04-001	▬ RL,RT QE NuWRo-SF
⋯⋯ RL(QE), RT(QE+TE) Christy-Bodek Fit	◆ RL,RT this analysis	