

Survival of Gentrification / Depreciation in Restaurants

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September 4, 2016

1 Abstract

2 Introduction

Yelp Dataset Papers:

[Alghunaim, 2015, Byers et al., 2012, Cawkwell et al., 2015, Chepurna and Makrehchi, 2015, Feng and Qian, 2013, Gutierrez, 2014, Hajas et al., 2014, Hu et al., 2014, Liu et al., 2015, Mashhadi et al., 2012, Quattrone et al., 2015]

Zillow Dataset Papers:

Has previously been combined with the yelp dataset Bonnar et al..

Our goal is to use the correlation of two time-series:

1. The monthly median rent, as tracked by Zillow Rental Data. 2. The median restaurant review rating (stars) for each restaurant in a neighborhood.

Zillow rental data can be used to detect appreciating, and depreciating neighborhoods.

As rents rise in a given neighborhood, which types of businesses fare / worse better in the reviews? As rents fall in a given neighborhood, which types of business fare / worse better in the reviews?

We hope to present concrete suggestions to restaurant owners to improve the survivability of their businesses in times of strong appreciation / depreciation in the housing market.

3 Data

3.1 Yelp Academic Dataset

The Yelp Academic Dataset contains five files.

3.2 Zillow Public Dataset

The Zillow Public Dataset (hereafter Zillow dataset) contains many files.

Zillow divides homes into geographic “neighborhoods” with well defined boundaries. The ZHVI, and rental data is reported for every neighborhood, on a monthly basis.

4 Methods

4.1 Combination of Datasets

Each Yelp business is tagged with a geographic (latitude, longitude) coordinate. Each Zillow neighborhood has geographic boundaries. We sort each Yelp business into its appropriate Zillow neighborhood.

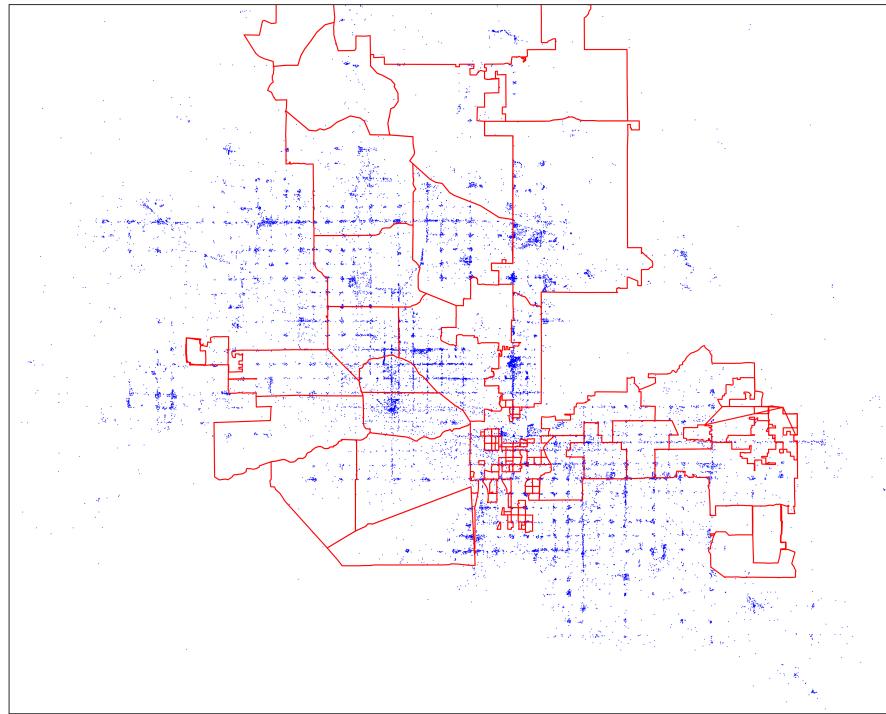


Figure 1: default

4.2 Determination of Most Common Yelp Tags

Each Yelp business has user-generated tags, that allow other users to determine what genre the business is. For restaurants, common tags are "Mexican", "Chinese", etc.

4.3 Computation of Price Trend

References

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