

1. Label-converting algorithm

* could handle edge-weight that are neg

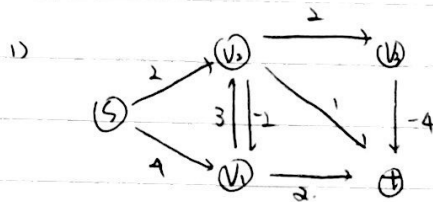
* assume no negative-weight directed cycle

1. Initialization: $ds=0$, $du=+\infty$, $pred$ undefined2. main body: * if $dv > du + c(u,v)$, then we reset $dv = du + c(u,v)$

check arch
consistency

$pred_v = u$

* else, consistent

* fixed an order: (s, v_2) (s, v_1) (v_1, v_2) (v_2, v_1) (v_1, t) (v_2, t) (v_2, v_3) (v_3, t) * Iteration 1:

	s	v ₁	v ₂	v ₃	t
V_j	0	∞	∞	∞	∞
$pred(j)$	-	-	-	-	-

	s	v ₁	v ₂	v ₃	t
	0	0	2	4	0
	-	v ₂	s	v ₂	v ₃

* (s, v_2) : $v_2 = \infty > s + c(s, v_2) = 0 + 2 = 2$ Set $v_2 = 2$, $pred(v_2) = s$ * (v_2, t) : $t = \infty < v_2 + c(v_2, t) = 2 + 1 = 3$

Inconsistent

* (s, v_1) : $v_1 = \infty > s + c(s, v_1) = 0 + 4 = 4$ Set $v_1 = 4$, $pred(v_1) = s$ * (v_2, v_3) : $v_3 = \infty > v_2 + c(v_2, v_3) = 2 + 2 = 4$ Set $v_3 = 4$, $pred(v_3) = v_2$ * (v_1, v_2) : $v_2 = 2 < v_1 + c(v_1, v_2) = 4 + 3 = 7$ consistent \Rightarrow unchanged* (v_3, t) : $t = \infty > v_3 + c(v_3, t) = 4 - 4 = 0$ Set $t = 0$, $pred(t) = v_3$ * (v_2, v_1) : $v_1 = 4 > v_2 + c(v_2, v_1) = 2 - 2 = 0$ Set $v_1 = 0$, $pred(v_1) = v_2$ * (v_1, t) : $t = \infty > v_1 + c(v_1, t) = 0 + 2 = 2$ Set $t = 2$, $pred(t) = v_1$

* Iteration 2

$$(S, V_2): V_2 = 2 = S + C(S, V_2) = 2$$

consistent \rightarrow unchanged

$$(V_1, t): t = 0 < V_1 + C(V_1, t) = 0 + 2$$

$$(V_2, t): t = 0 < V_2 + C(V_2, t) = 2 + 1$$

$$(S, V_1): V_1 = 0 < S + C(S, V_1) = 4$$

$$(V_2, V_3): V_3 = 4 = V_2 + C(V_2, V_3) = 2 + 2$$

$$(V_1, V_2): V_2 = 2 < V_1 + C(V_1, V_2) = 0 + 3 = 3$$

$$(V_3, t): t = 0 = V_3 + C(V_3, t) = 4 - 4 = 0$$

$$(V_2, V_1): V_1 = 0 = V_2 + C(V_2, V_1) = 2 - 2$$

Thus, all arcs are consistent in the 2nd iteration.

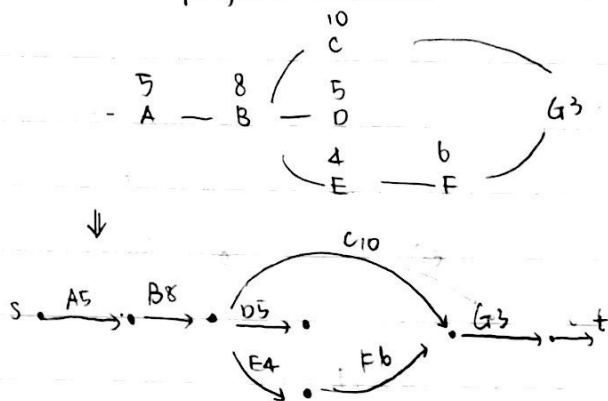
shortest path: $S - V_2 - V_3 - t$ with weight = 0

2) final table

	S	V_1	V_2	V_3	t
V_3	0	0	2	4	0
$pred(V_i)$	-	V_2	S	V_2	V_3

shortest path from V_1 to V_3 : unknown from the final table.shortest path from V_2 to t: $V_2 - V_3 - t$

* d. project network.



through expanding,

there are two critical paths

* $S - A - B - C - G - t$ * $S - A - B - E - F - G - t$

with weight 26

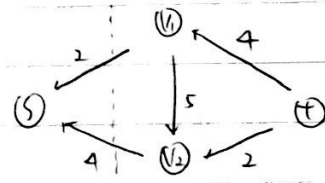
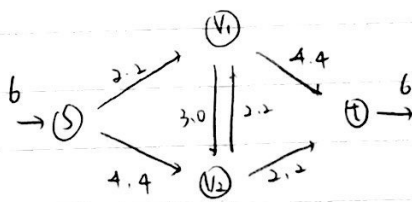
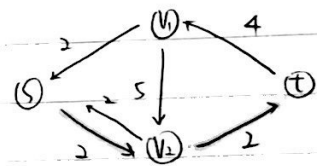
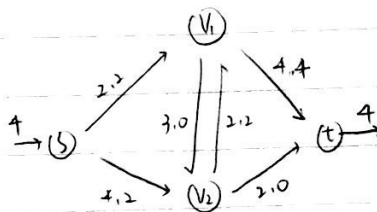
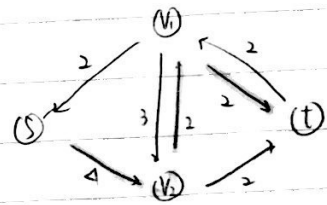
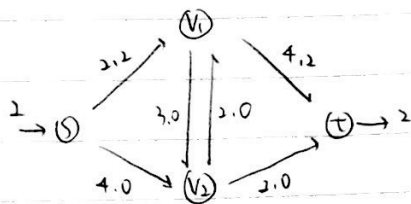
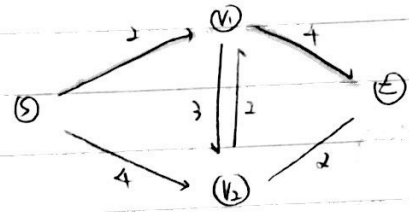
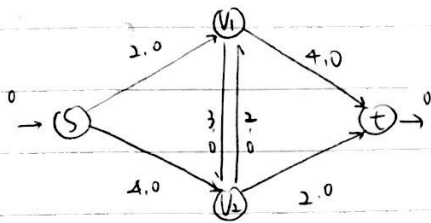
* feasible flow: arc上可以(设定)解通流的flow

No.

Date.

Residual Network

3.



the maximum flow is 6 (from s to t)

minimum cut $S = \{s\}$, $\bar{S} = \{v_1, v_2, t\}$

4. No, we can't

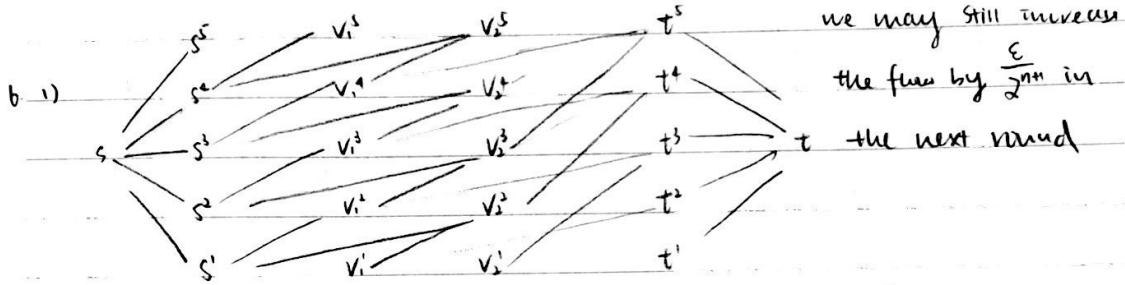


* It has 2 s-t flow of max value: $s-v_1-v_2-t$ & $s-v_2-v_1-t$

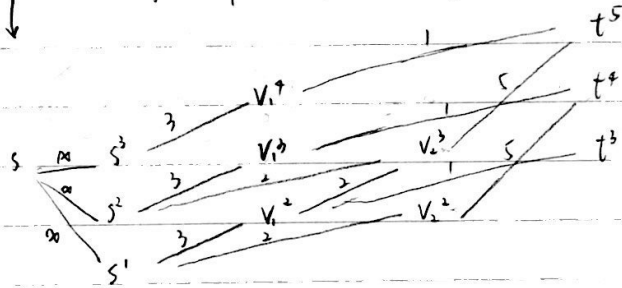
* However, the min cut $S = \{s\}$, $\bar{S} = \{v_1, v_2, v_3, t\}$ with capacity 1

and there's only one such case.

5. If we don't need to increase by an integer each time, then the number of iteration is infinite. For example, we increase the flow of residual network * wording by choosing $s-v_i \dots v_j-t$ path with capacity ϵ . Then, by algorithm, we only increase the flow by $\frac{\epsilon}{2}$ instead of ϵ . \Rightarrow the $s-v_i \dots v_j-t$ path still has capacity $\frac{\epsilon}{2}$. \Rightarrow we increase flow of the path by $\frac{\epsilon}{4}$. \Rightarrow for even iterations, we may still increase the flow by $\frac{\epsilon}{2^{nn}}$ in the next round.



\downarrow * all flows from left to right



2) maximum flow over time:
is 9

$$t^3: s^1 - v_1^2 - t^3: 1$$

$$t^4: s^1 - v_2^2 - t^4: 2$$

$$s^2 - v_1^3 - t^4: 1$$

$$t^5: s^3 - v_1^4 - t^5: 1$$

$$s^1 - v_1^2 - v_2^3 - t^5: 2$$

$$s^2 - v_2^3 - t^5: 2$$

3) (v_2, t) at $t=3$. 6 units of flows are traversing

7.2) let ij denotes the amount of money that bank i transfers to bank j

minimize

$$\text{object: } \sum_{i,j} 3 \times (ab+ac+da+ae+af+ag+bc+db+be+fg+gb+cd+ce+fc+cy+de+fd+dg+fe+ge+fg+ba+ca+ad+ea+fa+ga+cb+bd+eb+bf+bg+dc+ec+cf+gc+ed+df+gd+ef+eg+gf)$$

$$\text{constraints: } ab+ac+ad+ae+af+ag-(ba+ca+da+ea+fa+ga) = 62$$

$$ba+bc+bd+be+bf+bg-(ab+cb+db+eb+fb+gb) = -117$$

$$ca+cb+cd+ce+cf+cg-(ac+bc+dc+ec+fc+gc) = 81$$

$$da+db+dc+de+df+dg-(ad+bd+cd+ed+fd+gd) = 145$$

$$ea+eb+ec+ed+ef+eg-(ae+be+ce+de+fe+ge) = -128$$

$$fa+fb+fc+fd+fe+fg-(af+bf+cf+df+ef+gf) = 105$$

$$ga+gb+gc+gd+ge+gf-(ag+bg+cg+dg+eg+fg) = -148$$

$$ij \geq 0 \quad \forall i, j \in \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}$$

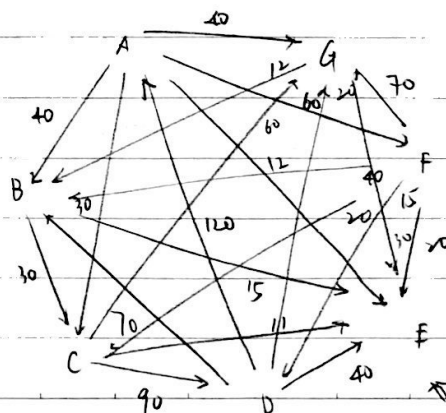
Using Curobi to solve the system, the I achieved the optimal objective as 1179 dollars

1). min-cost u_{ij} capacity of edge $(i, j) \in E$

ij = payment from bank (node) i to bank (node) j

* graph.

min-cost



Network $G=(V, E)$

$$\text{obj: } \min \sum_{i,j} ij \text{ where } i \neq j$$

Since each edge is in thousand of dollars

$$\text{transaction fee} = 0.003 \times 1000 = 3\$$$

Code

November 24, 2019

```
[1]: from gurobipy import *

# create a model
m = Model()

# create variables
ab = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ab", lb=0)
ac = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ac", lb=0)
da = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="da", lb=0)
ae = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ae", lb=0)
af = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="af", lb=0)
ag = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ag", lb=0)
bc = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="bc", lb=0)
db = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="db", lb=0)
be = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="be", lb=0)
fb = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="fb", lb=0)
gb = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="gb", lb=0)
cd = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="cd", lb=0)
ce = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ce", lb=0)
fc = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="fc", lb=0)
cg = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="cg", lb=0)
de = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="de", lb=0)
fd = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="fd", lb=0)
dg = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="dg", lb=0)
fe = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="fe", lb=0)
ge = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ge", lb=0)
fg = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="fg", lb=0)

ba = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ba", lb=0)
ca = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ca", lb=0)
ad = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ad", lb=0)
ea = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ea", lb=0)
fa = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="fa", lb=0)
ga = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ga", lb=0)
cb = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="cb", lb=0)
bd = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="bd", lb=0)
```

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eb = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="eb", lb=0)
bf = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="bf", lb=0)
bg = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="bg", lb=0)
dc = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="dc", lb=0)
ec = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ec", lb=0)
cf = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="cf", lb=0)
gc = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="gc", lb=0)
ed = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ed", lb=0)
df = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="df", lb=0)
gd = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="gd", lb=0)
ef = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="ef", lb=0)
eg = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="eg", lb=0)
gf = m.addVar(vtype=GRB.INTEGER, name="gf", lb=0)

# integrate new variables
m.update()

# set objective
m.setObjective(
    3*(ab + ac + da + ae + af + ag + bc + db + be + fb + gb + cd + ce + fc + cg
    →+ de + fd + dg + fe + ge +
        fg + ba + ca + ad + ea + fa + ga + cb + bd + eb + bf + bg + dc + ec + cf
    →+ gc + ed + df + gd + ef + eg + gf),
    GRB.MINIMIZE
)

# add constraints
m.addConstr(ab + ac + ad + ae + af + ag - (ba + ca + da + ea + fa + ga) == 62)
m.addConstr(ba + bc + bd + be + bf + bg - (ab + cb + db + eb + fb + gb) == -117)
m.addConstr(ca + cb + cd + ce + cf + cg - (ac + bc + dc + ec + fc + gc) == 81)
m.addConstr(da + db + dc + de + df + dg - (ad + bd + cd + ed + fd + gd) == 145)
m.addConstr(ea + eb + ec + ed + ef + eg - (ae + be + ce + de + fe + ge) == -128)
m.addConstr(fa + fb + fc + fd + fe + fg - (af + bf + cf + df + ef + gf) == 105)
m.addConstr(ga + gb + gc + gd + ge + gf - (ag + bg + cg + dg + eg + fg) == -148)

# optimize
m.optimize()
print("Model status: ", m.status)

# print out decision variables
for v in m.getVars():
    print(v.varName, v.x, "\n")

print("-"*15)
print("Obj Value: ", m.objVal)

```

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 Optimize a model with 7 rows, 42 columns and 84 nonzeros
 Variable types: 0 continuous, 42 integer (0 binary)

Coefficient statistics:

Matrix range [1e+00, 1e+00]
 Objective range [3e+00, 3e+00]
 Bounds range [0e+00, 0e+00]
 RHS range [6e+01, 1e+02]

Found heuristic solution: objective 2370.0000000

Presolve time: 0.02s

Presolved: 7 rows, 42 columns, 84 nonzeros

Variable types: 0 continuous, 42 integer (0 binary)

Root relaxation: objective 1.179000e+03, 6 iterations, 0.01 seconds

Nodes		Current Node		Objective Bounds			Work	
Expl	Unexpl	Obj	Depth	IntInf	Incumbent	BestBd	Gap	It/Node Time
*	0	0		0	1179.0000000	1179.00000	0.00%	- 0s

Explored 0 nodes (6 simplex iterations) in 0.13 seconds

Thread count was 4 (of 4 available processors)

Solution count 2: 1179 2370

Optimal solution found (tolerance 1.00e-04)

Best objective 1.179000000000e+03, best bound 1.179000000000e+03, gap 0.0000%

Model status: 2

ab 12.0

ac -0.0

da -0.0

ae 47.0

af -0.0

ag 3.0

bc -0.0

db -0.0

be -0.0

fb 105.0

gb -0.0
cd -0.0
ce 81.0
fc -0.0
cg -0.0
de -0.0
fd -0.0
dg 145.0
fe -0.0
ge -0.0
fg -0.0
ba -0.0
ca -0.0
ad -0.0
ea -0.0
fa -0.0
ga -0.0
cb -0.0
bd -0.0
eb -0.0
bf -0.0
bg -0.0
dc -0.0
ec -0.0

cf -0.0

gc -0.0

ed -0.0

df -0.0

gd -0.0

ef -0.0

eg -0.0

gf -0.0

Obj Value: 1179.0

[]: