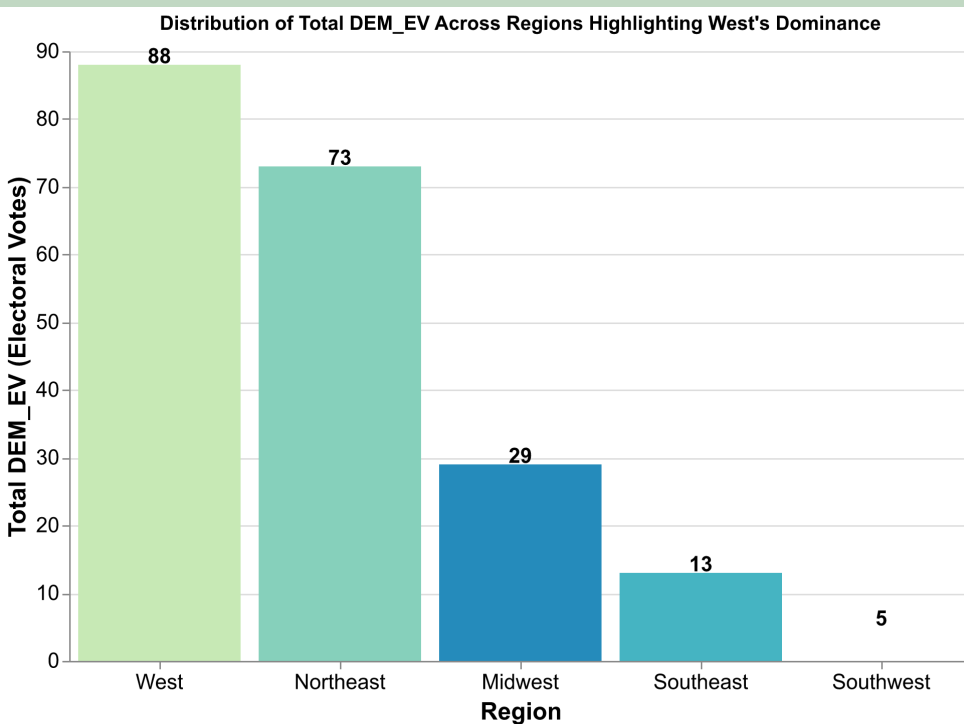


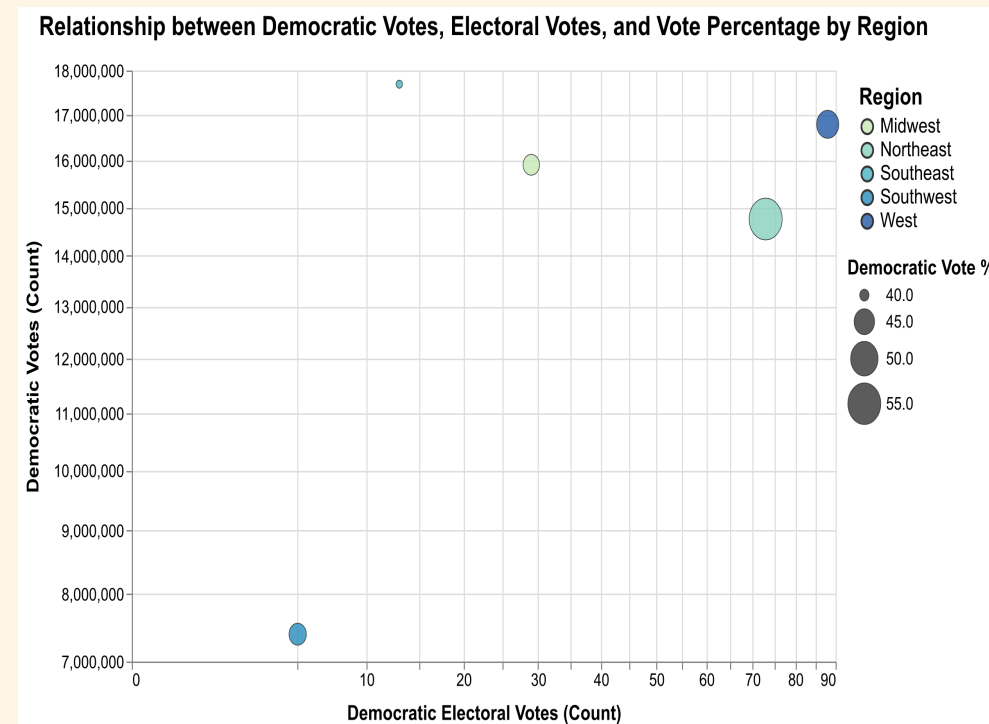
Introduction

This poster examines regional differences in Democratic electoral vote allocation. It explores how vote distributions impact electoral outcomes across regions. Visualizations highlight West's dominance and vote share relationships between parties.

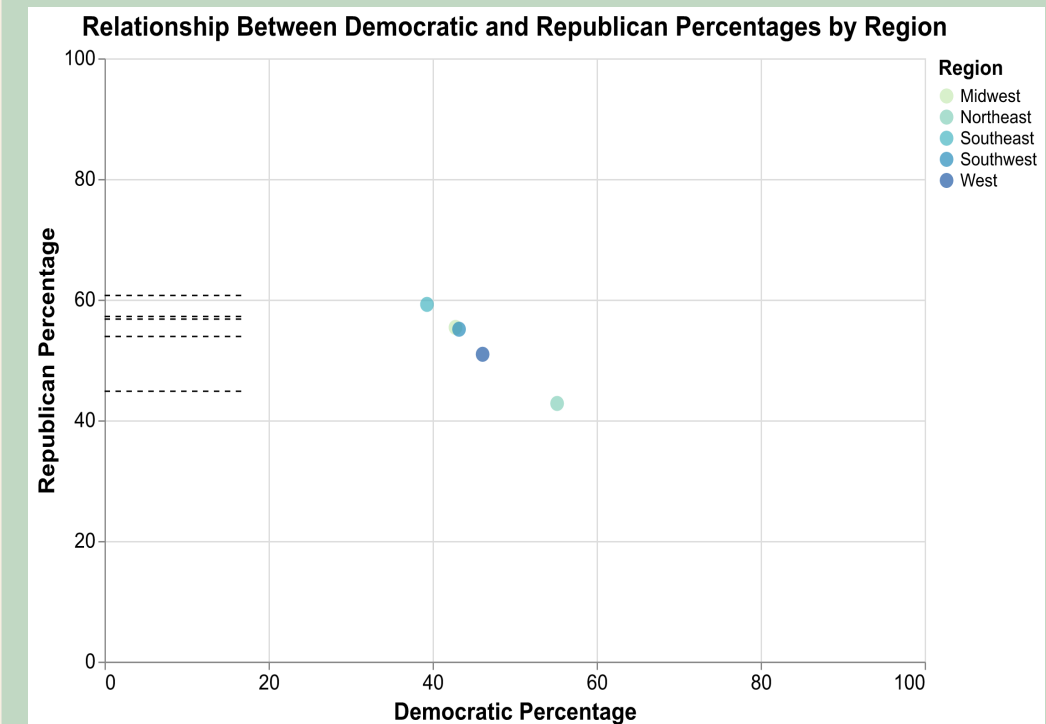
Does Regional Vote Distribution Shape Democratic Electoral Success?



The West leads with 88 DEM_EV, followed by Northeast 73, Midwest 29, Southeast 13, and Southwest 5.



Democratic electoral votes generally increase with votes and percentage, but Northeast and Southeast regions are notable exceptions.



All regions show an inverse relationship: higher Democratic percentages correspond with lower Republican percentages.

Conclusion

The West leads with the highest Democratic electoral votes at 88. Northeast and Southeast show unique vote and electoral vote patterns. All regions reveal an inverse relationship between Democratic and Republican vote percentages. Regional vote distributions significantly affect Democratic electoral vote allocation. The West's dominance highlights regional influence on electoral outcomes. Vote share differences explain variations in Democratic vote allocations. Understanding these patterns helps clarify regional electoral strategies. Regional dynamics are key to Democratic electoral success. Vote distributions shape the allocation of Democratic electoral votes across regions.