#### **Udacity Data Analyst Nanodegree: Data Wrangling Project**

- Data wrangling, which consists of:
  - Gathering data
  - Assessing data
  - Cleaning data
- Storing, analyzing, and visualizing your wrangled data
- Reporting on 1) your data wrangling efforts and 2) your data analyses and visualizations

#### **Gathering Data**

I gather the data from three sources in this project:

- twitter\_archive\_enhanced.csv
- image\_predictions.tsv
- tweet json.txt

## **Assessing Data**

I assess the data from these perspectives:

- df.info()
- df.shape
- df.describe()
- df.isnull().sum()
- df.duplicated().sum()
- df.nunique()
- df.head(2)

### **Cleaning Data**

I clean the data based on these 10 issues—8 quality issues and 2 tidiness issues:

Quality issues:

- 1. df\_twitter has has invalid entries in **name** column
- 2. df\_twitter hsas 181 columns of retweeted data that need to be dropped
- 3. Correct df\_twitter.timestamp datatype to **DateTime**
- 4. We only need tweets with image and should drop the one without image
- 5. Drop unrelated columns
- 6. Tweet\_id should be string data type
- 7. Drop any rows whose rate\_denominator is not 10
- 8. So many dogs missing name and cannot be corrected due to limited information

#### Tidiness issues:

- 1. Merge dog stages columns into one single columns
- 2. Merge 3 tables into one single table

## **Storing Data**

I Store the clean DataFrame(s) in a CSV file with the main one named 'twitter\_archive\_master.csv'

# **Analyzing, and Visualizing Data**

- 1. I analyze the most popular tweet picture and the highest retweet picture and it terms of they are the same picture
- 2. I also analyze and print out the picture with the lowest rating based on numerator and denominator
- 3. I visualize the number of tweets based on months
- 4. I visualize the relationship between favorite count and retweet count using scatter plot
- 5. Finally, I write everything I found into this report for the sake of readers.