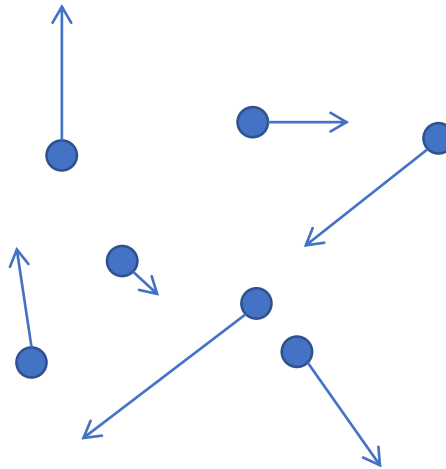


# Data Structures

## Programming Project #3

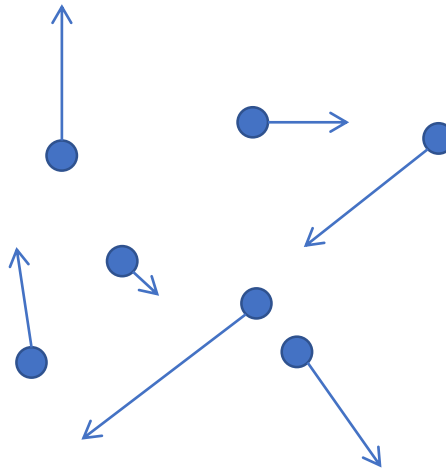
# Background

- Links in **wireless** networks
- Want to transmit the data in the same time slot
- **Impossible**  $\because$  the interference between links
- **Maximize** the #links in one time slot



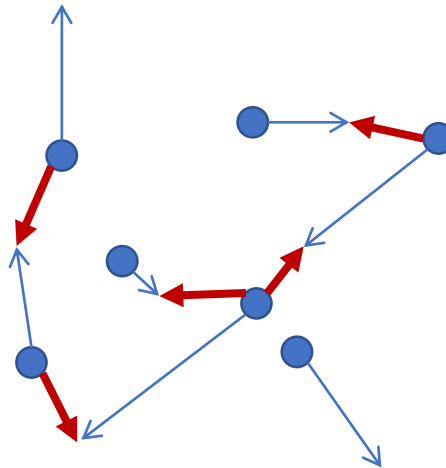
# Background

- How to model the interference between links
- Option 1. Use interference graph
- Two nodes can **interference** each other if there is an edge between them



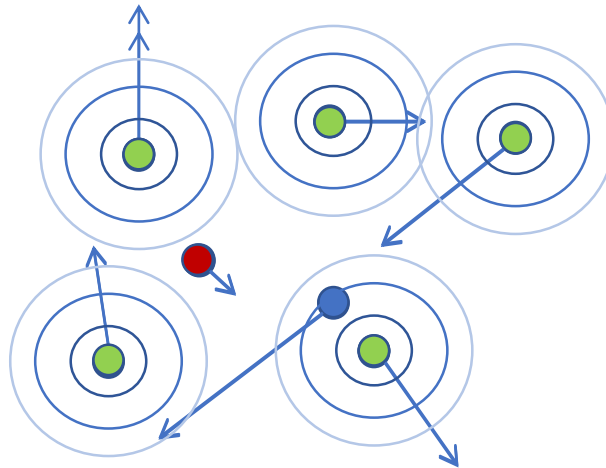
# Background

- How to model the interference between links
- Option 1. Use interference graph
- Two nodes can **interference** each other if there is an edge between them



# Background

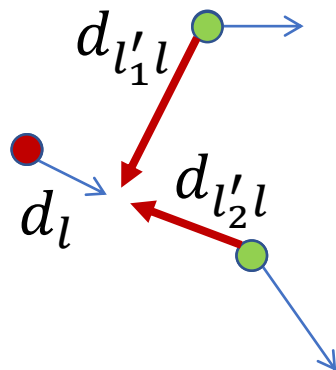
- How to model the interference between links
- Option 1. Use interference graph (inaccurate)
- Drawback: a node can be interfered with by many **far-away** nodes altogether



# Background

- How to model the interference between links
- Option 2. Use SINR

$$\text{SINR} : \frac{\frac{P}{d_l^3}}{\sum_{\text{other link } l' \text{ transmitted with } l} \frac{P}{d_{l'l}^3} + N} > 1$$

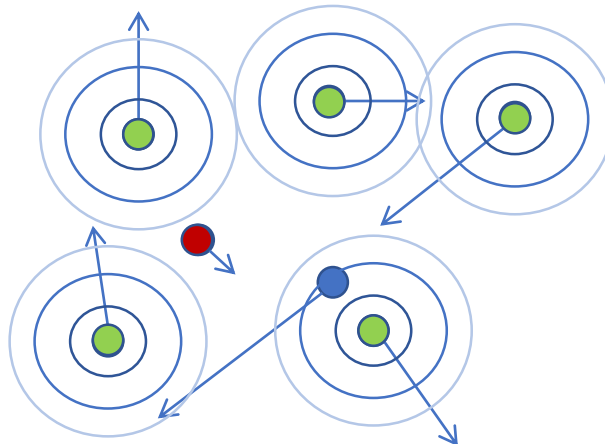


SINR of the red one: 
$$\frac{\frac{P}{d_l^3}}{\frac{P}{d_{l'_1 l}^3} + \frac{P}{d_{l'_2 l}^3} + N}$$

# Background

- How to model the interference between links
- Option 2. Use SINR

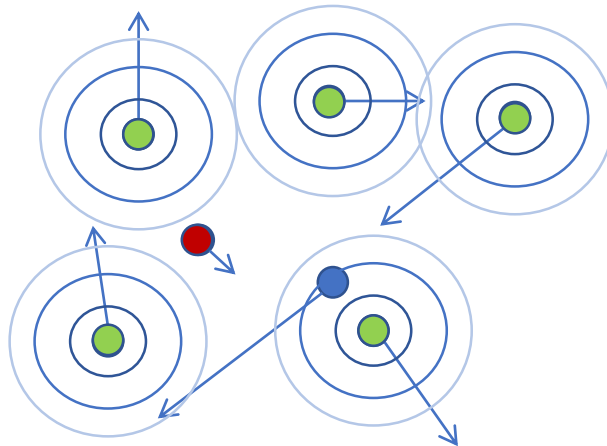
$$\text{SINR} : \frac{\frac{P}{d_l^3}}{\sum_{\text{other link } l' \text{ transmitted with } l} \frac{P}{d_{l'}^3} + N} > 1$$



# Background

- How to model the interference between links
- Option 2. Use SINR (better)

$$\text{SINR} : \frac{\frac{P}{d_l^3}}{\sum_{\text{other link } l' \text{ transmitted with } l} \frac{P}{d_{l'}^3} + N} > 1$$





# Background

- How to model the interference between links
- Option 2. Use SINR (better)

$$\text{SINR} : \frac{\frac{P}{d_l^3}}{\sum_{\text{other link } l' \text{ transmitted with } l} \frac{P}{d_{l' l}^3} + N} > 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\sum_{\text{other link } l' \text{ transmitted with } l} \frac{d_l^3}{d_{l' l}^3} + \frac{Nd_l^3}{P} < 1}$$

# Good News and Bad News

- We choose the option 2
- HW 3: 12% → 20%
- Make up for your midterm exam scores
- However, the problem is NP-hard
- The optimal solution (X)
- A near-optimal solution (O)

## A naïve solution

for (i = 0; i < n; i ++)

    select link i if all of selected links have SINR > 1

- Try your best to find a much better one

$$\text{SINR} : \frac{\frac{P}{d_l^3}}{\sum_{\text{other link } l' \text{ transmitted with } l} \frac{P}{d_{l'}^3} + N} > 1$$

# Programming Project #3:

## Select the wireless links

- Input:
  - All links between transmitters and receivers
  - Positions of transmitters and receivers
  - Power  $P$  and basic noise  $N$
- Procedure:
  - Determine a set of links to transmit in the same slot
- Output:
  - The # selected links
  - The links between transmitters and receivers
- The grade is proportional to **the # selected links (i.e., competition)**

# The Competition

- The grade is proportional to **the # selected links**
- **Basic: 75 (deadline)**
  - A feasible solution (no pair with  $\text{SINR} \leq 1$ )
  - **The # selected links is at least that by greedy algorithm**
- **Performance ranking** (decided after the deadline)
  - [0%, 50%) (bottom): +0
  - [50%, 75%): + 5
  - [75%, 90%): + 9
  - [90%, 95%): + 12
  - [95%, 100%] (top): + 15
- **Homework assistant** (superb deadline)
  - +10

# The Competition

- The grade is proportional to **the # selected links**
- **Basic: 75 (deadline)**
  - A feasible solution (no pair with  $\text{SINR} \leq 1$ )
  - **The # selected links is at least that by greedy**
- **Performance ranking** (decided after the game)
  - [0%, 50%) (bottom): +0
  - [50%, 75%): + 5
  - [75%, 90%): + 9
  - [90%, 95%): + 12
  - [95%, 100%] (top): + 15
- **Homework assistant** (superb deadline)
  - +10

We have  
TIME LIMIT!



# Input Sample: use scanf

Format:

#Nodes	#Links	Power	Baisc_Noise
Node_ID	X_Pos	Y_Pos	
...			
Link_ID	Link_End1	Link_End2	
...			

# Output Sample: use printf

Format:

#AcceptedLinks

Link_ID	Link_End1	Link_End2
---------	-----------	-----------

...



# Note

- Superb deadline: 12/14 Tue
- Deadline: 12/21 Tue
- Pass the test of our online judge platform
- Submit your code to E-course2
- Demonstrate your code remotely with TA
- C Source code (i.e., only .c)
- Show a good programming style