## Inpatient Internal Medicine Guidelines

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## **Expectations**

Be conscientious. Ask if you don't know something. *Contact me* at any time. I *like* being called about lots of things. Feel free to call me for any patient status changes, even if minor. Never worry, 'Is this a big enough status change to call him?' If you are ever wondering *whether* you should call, then please call.

Don't criticize or be negative about others while "on stage" in public.<sup>2</sup> It is OK to vent when we're "backstage" in the work room or somewhere at least as private.

The *ideal resident* is thinking ahead and has a plan. As resident, you should run the team. Keep us efficient. Be highly available to your interns (touch base a few times daily; more if needed). Review their orders. Give feedback. Balance the workload. The *ideal intern* is organized and diligent. Help your students. You are the default writer of orders and communicator (with your patients, with consultants) but the resident will balance this work as needed. The *ideal medical student* is inquisitive. Give the presentation every day on your own patients. Learn the basics and tell us what you learned.

Let me know if a patient makes you feel unsafe or uncomfortable. This can take many forms.<sup>3</sup> We are here to learn, but not at any cost.

## Recommendations

*Oral presentations:* On new patients, focus on the chief complaint. It's OK to use a short "with a history of..." phrase in your one-liner, but keep chief complaint *near* the beginning. On existing patients, often there is one diagnosis that explains why they are still in the hospital. This one diagnosis should be the bulk of your one-liner. No need to repeat anything on existing patient oral presentations.<sup>4</sup>

Written documentation: Work hard on including an accurate chief complaint on initial H&P notes. Good questions to ask of patients: "What do you do for work?" "Who lives with you at home?" If the patient is a transfer, know where he/she transferred from. Progress notes can be concise: no need to mention labs in detail, unless it helps you. For a very short admission, it is fine to have a very short discharge summary. I prefer to give feedback on written documentation using a paper copy.

- <sup>1</sup> Don't use personal devices to text medical information. Don't use personal devices to send photos of ECGs or rashes, even if no identifiers, per Dr. Catic, ACOS Education, March 2023.
- <sup>2</sup> "Others" means practically anyone: consultants, technicians, nurses, this hospital, "outside hospital," etc. Actual things I have heard in hallways or elevators at other hospitals: "I don't want this patient and am attempting to block." And: "This hospital runs so badly that my last attending basically refuses to work here." Also, "on stage" sometimes can include other learners on the team.
- <sup>3</sup> Such as casually bigoted, intentionally insulting, or objectifying comments. Further reading: Jain SH. The racist patient. *Ann Intern Med.* 2013 Apr 16;158(8):632. PMID: 23588752.
- <sup>4</sup> That means that if you've already stated the one-liner (problem representation) at the very beginning, then Assessment should go directly to Problem 1, rather than repeating.

*Teaching/EBM:* Be ready for rounds right on time. Team members may give a short ( $\sim$  10 minute) topic presentation. I aim to do these first thing and have set a goal to present more of them. The topic will probably relate to a question that came up on rounds. I will keep a watch for topics that fit this bill, but chime in if you want to present about a specific topic. If possible, make a very short (0.5-1 page, or <300 words) printout for us to read. Spend 30–60 minutes preparing this. We will try to make it a very directed question so it is answerable with this amount of effort.<sup>5</sup> We may also have very short questions that people look up and present the next day (no printout).

Daily routine: Since the pandemic, I usually "table round" in the morning. Then I'll "walk round"—generally with students and with/without house staff—on patients who are new, sick, or who have status changes, questions, or bedside teaching points. I don't need to see patients the morning before discharge. Let me know if workload prevents you from attending conferences. I usually "card flip" quickly with the resident only, in the afternoon. Afternoons sometimes involve topic presentations, radiology image review, observed student H&Ps, or feedback. On call days, we can staff patients the same day, or discuss by phone, or wait until morning rounds, based on the resident's judgment. We can change any aspect of rounds (e.g., the amount of bedside rounds) based on learning or work needs.

There are no "standard AM labs." Please look for reasons to stop telemetry and daily CBC or BMP rather than reasons to continue. This is especially true for patients who are "placement."

## About me

I grew up in Michigan. My undergraduate degree is in biochemistry from Michigan State. Medical school was at Washington University in St. Louis. Intern year was at University of Missouri-Columbia, and residency was at Saint Louis University, with an extra year for chief residency. I've worked in VAs since medical school. Attending roles have been mainly VA inpatient and non-VA urgent care.

About 75% of my time is research, specifically clinical research informatics, which means "using clinical and data warehouse expertise to make data repositories useful for others' studies." I completed a master's degree in biomedical informatics at Harvard Medical School and worked at VA Boston from 2014-2018. In Houston, I work at the IQuESt health services research center, developing electronic methods to detect and reduce diagnostic error; and at the clinical/translational institute, promoting use of BCM clinical data for research.

<sup>5</sup> Specialized things I can present include: diabetes management for inpatient medicine, diagnostic error, using medical record data in your research, medication adherence, prediction models, topics in machine learning, and interpretation of statistics.

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