Homework 4

Instructions

- This homework focuses on understanding and applying CoCoOp for CLIP prompt tuning. It consists of **four questions** designed to assess both theoretical understanding and practical application.
- Please organize your answers and results for the questions below and submit this jupyter notebook as a .pdf file.
- Deadline: 11/26 (Sat) 23:59

Preparation

- Run the code below before proceeding with the homework (Q1, Q2).
- · If an error occurs, click 'Run Session Again' and then restart the runtime from the beginning.

```
!git clone https://github.com/mlvlab/ProMetaR.git
%cd ProMetaR/
!git clone https://github.com/KaiyangZhou/Dassl.pytorch.git
%cd Dassl.pytorch/
# Install dependencies
!pip install -r requirements.txt
!cp -r dassl ../
# Install this library (no need to re-build if the source code is modified)
# !python setup.py develop
%cd ..
!pip install -r requirements.txt
%mkdir outputs
%mkdir data
%cd data
%mkdir eurosat
!wget http://madm.dfki.de/files/sentinel/EuroSAT.zip EuroSAT.zip
!unzip -o EuroSAT.zip -d eurosat/
%cd eurosat
!gdown 1Ip7yaCWFi0eaOFUGga0lUdVi_DDQth1o
%cd ../../
import os.path as osp
from collections import OrderedDict
{\tt import\ math}
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
from torch.nn import functional as F
from torch.cuda.amp import GradScaler, autocast
from PIL import Image
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
import torch
from clip import clip
from clip.simple_tokenizer import SimpleTokenizer as _Tokenizer
import time
from tqdm import tqdm
import datetime
import argparse
from dassl.utils import setup_logger, set_random_seed, collect_env_info
from dassl.config import get_cfg_default
from dassl.engine import build_trainer
from dassl.engine import TRAINER_REGISTRY, TrainerX
from dassl.metrics import compute_accuracy
from dassl.utils import load_pretrained_weights, load_checkpoint
from dassl.optim import build_optimizer, build_lr_scheduler
# custom
{\tt import\ datasets.oxford\_pets}
import datasets.oxford_flowers
import datasets.fgvc_aircraft
import datasets.dtd
import datasets.eurosat
import datasets.stanford cars
import datasets.food101
import datasets.sun397
immort datasets caltech101
```

```
import datasets.ucf101
import datasets.imagenet
import datasets.imagenet_sketch
import datasets.imagenetv2
import datasets.imagenet_a
import datasets.imagenet_r
def print_args(args, cfg):
   print("***********")
   print("** Arguments **")
   print("***********")
   optkeys = list(args.__dict__.keys())
   optkeys.sort()
   for key in optkeys:
       print("{}: {}".format(key, args.__dict__[key]))
   print("*********")
   print("** Config **")
   print("**********")
   print(cfg)
def reset_cfg(cfg, args):
   if args.root:
       cfg.DATASET.ROOT = args.root
   if args.output_dir:
       cfg.OUTPUT_DIR = args.output_dir
   if args.seed:
       cfg.SEED = args.seed
   if args.trainer:
       cfg.TRAINER.NAME = args.trainer
   cfg.DATASET.NUM_SHOTS = 16
   cfg.DATASET.SUBSAMPLE_CLASSES = args.subsample_classes
   cfg.DATALOADER.TRAIN_X.BATCH_SIZE = args.train_batch_size
   cfg.OPTIM.MAX_EPOCH = args.epoch
def extend_cfg(cfg):
   Add new config variables.
   from yacs.config import CfgNode as CN
   cfg.TRAINER.COOP = CN()
   cfg.TRAINER.COOP.N CTX = 16 # number of context vectors
   cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CSC = False # class-specific context
   cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CTX_INIT = "" # initialization words
   cfg.TRAINER.COOP.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
cfg.TRAINER.COOP.CLASS_TOKEN_POSITION = "end" # 'middle' or 'end' or 'front'
   cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP = CN()
   cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.N_CTX = 4 # number of context vectors
   cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.CTX_INIT = "a photo of a" # initialization words
   cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR = CN()
   cfq.TRAINER.PROMETAR.N CTX VISION = 4 # number of context vectors at the vision branch
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.N_CTX_TEXT = 4 # number of context vectors at the language branch
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.CTX_INIT = "a photo of a" # initialization words
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PREC = "fp16" # fp16, fp32, amp
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PROMPT_DEPTH_VISION = 9 # Max 12, minimum 0, for 0 it will be using shallow IVLP prompting (J=1)
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.PROMPT_DEPTH_TEXT = 9 # Max 12, minimum 0, for 0 it will be using shallow IVLP prompting (J=1)
   cfg.DATASET.SUBSAMPLE_CLASSES = "all" # all, base or new
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.ADAPT_LR = 0.0005
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.LR RATIO = 0.0005
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.FAST\_ADAPTATION = False
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.MIXUP_ALPHA = 0.5
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.MIXUP BETA = 0.5
   cfg.TRAINER.PROMETAR.DIM_RATE=8
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET = CN()
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.NAME = "adam"
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.LR = 0.0003
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WEIGHT_DECAY = 5e-4
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.MOMENTUM = 0.9
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.SGD_DAMPNING = 0
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.SGD_NESTEROV = False
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.RMSPROP_ALPHA = 0.99
   cfg.OPTIM VNET.ADAM BETA1 = 0.9
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.ADAM_BETA2 = 0.999
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.STAGED_LR = False
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.NEW_LAYERS = ()
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.BASE_LR_MULT = 0.1
   # Learning rate scheduler
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.LR_SCHEDULER = "single_step"
   # -1 or 0 means the stepsize is equal to max_epoch
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.STEPSIZE = (-1, )
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.GAMMA = 0.1
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.MAX_EPOCH = 10
```

```
# Set WARMUP_EPUCH larger than 0 to activate warmup training
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_EPOCH = -1
   # Either linear or constant
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_TYPE = "linear"
   # Constant learning rate when type=constant
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_CONS_LR = 1e-5
   # Minimum learning rate when type=linear
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_MIN_LR = 1e-5
   # Recount epoch for the next scheduler (last_epoch=-1)
   # Otherwise last_epoch=warmup_epoch
   cfg.OPTIM_VNET.WARMUP_RECOUNT = True
def setup_cfg(args):
   cfg = get_cfg_default()
   extend_cfg(cfg)
   # 1. From the dataset config file
   if args.dataset_config_file:
       cfg.merge_from_file(args.dataset_config_file)
   # 2. From the method config file
   if args.config_file:
       cfg.merge_from_file(args.config_file)
   # 3. From input arguments
   reset_cfg(cfg, args)
   cfa.freeze()
   return cfg
_tokenizer = _Tokenizer()
def load_clip_to_cpu(cfg): # Load CLIP
   backbone_name = cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME
   url = clip._MODELS[backbone_name]
   model_path = clip._download(url)
   try:
       # loading JIT archive
       model = torch.jit.load(model_path, map_location="cpu").eval()
        state_dict = None
   except RuntimeError:
       state_dict = torch.load(model_path, map_location="cpu")
   if cfg.TRAINER.NAME == "":
     design\_trainer = "CoOp"
   else:
     design_trainer = cfg.TRAINER.NAME
   design_details = {"trainer": design_trainer,
                      "vision_depth": 0,
                     "language_depth": 0, "vision_ctx": 0,
                     "language_ctx": 0}
   model = clip.build_model(state_dict or model.state_dict(), design_details)
    return model
from dassl.config import get_cfg_default
cfg = get_cfg_default()
cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME = "ViT-B/16" # Set the vision encoder backbone of CLIP to ViT.
clip_model = load_clip_to_cpu(cfg) # load pre-trained clip model
class TextEncoder(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, clip_model): # 초기화 하는 함수
        super().__init__()
        self.transformer = clip_model.transformer
        self.positional_embedding = clip_model.positional_embedding
        self.ln_final = clip_model.ln_final
        self.text_projection = clip_model.text_projection
        self.dtype = clip_model.dtype
   def forward(self, prompts, tokenized_prompts): # 모델 호출
       x = prompts + self.positional_embedding.type(self.dtype)
        x = x.permute(1, 0, 2) # NLD -> LND
       x = self.transformer(x)
       x = x.permute(1, 0, 2) # LND -> NLD
       x = self.ln_final(x).type(self.dtype)
       # x.shape = [batch_size, n_ctx, transformer.width]
        # take features from the eot embedding (eot_token is the highest number in each sequence)
       x = x[torch.arange(x.shape[0]), tokenized_prompts.argmax(dim=-1)] @ self.text_projection
       return x
```

```
@TRAINER REGISTRY.register(force=True)
class CoCoOp(TrainerX):
    def check_cfg(self, cfg):
        assert cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC in ["fp16", "fp32", "amp"]
    def build_model(self):
        cfg = self.cfg
        classnames = self.dm.dataset.classnames
        print(f"Loading CLIP (backbone: {cfg.MODEL.BACKBONE.NAME})")
        clip_model = load_clip_to_cpu(cfg)
        if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "fp32" or cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "amp":
            # CLIP's default precision is fp16
            clip_model.float()
        print("Building custom CLIP")
        self.model = CoCoOpCustomCLIP(cfg, classnames, clip_model)
        print("Turning off gradients in both the image and the text encoder")
        name_to_update = "prompt_learner"
        for name, param in self.model.named_parameters():
            if name_to_update not in name:
                param.requires_grad_(False)
        # Double check
        enabled = set()
        for name, param in self.model.named_parameters():
            if param.requires_grad:
                enabled.add(name)
        print(f"Parameters to be updated: {enabled}")
        if cfg.MODEL.INIT_WEIGHTS:
            load_pretrained_weights(self.model.prompt_learner, cfg.MODEL.INIT_WEIGHTS)
        self.model.to(self.device)
        # NOTE: only give prompt_learner to the optimizer
        self.optim = build_optimizer(self.model.prompt_learner, cfg.OPTIM)
        self.sched = build_lr_scheduler(self.optim, cfg.OPTIM)
        self.register_model("prompt_learner", self.model.prompt_learner, self.optim, self.sched)
        self.scaler = GradScaler() if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "amp" else None
       # Note that multi-gpu training could be slow because CLIP's size is
        # big, which slows down the copy operation in DataParallel
        device_count = torch.cuda.device_count()
        if device_count > 1:
            print(f"Multiple GPUs detected (n_gpus={device_count}), use all of them!")
            self.model = nn.DataParallel(self.model)
    def before_train(self):
        directory = self.cfg.OUTPUT_DIR
        if self.cfg.RESUME:
            directory = self.cfg.RESUME
        self.start_epoch = self.resume_model_if_exist(directory)
        # Remember the starting time (for computing the elapsed time)
        self.time_start = time.time()
    def forward_backward(self, batch):
        image, label = self.parse_batch_train(batch)
       model = self.model
        optim = self.optim
        scaler = self.scaler
        prec = self.cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC
        loss = model(image, label) # Input image 모델 통과
        optim.zero_grad()
        loss.backward() # Backward (역전파)
        optim.step() # 모델 parameter update
        loss_summary = {"loss": loss.item()}
        if (self.batch_idx + 1) == self.num_batches:
            self.update_lr()
        return loss_summary
    def parse_batch_train(self, batch):
        input = batch["img"]
        label = batch["label"]
```

)

```
input = input.to(self.device)
        label = label.to(self.device)
        return input, label
    def load_model(self, directory, epoch=None):
        if not directory:
            print("Note that load_model() is skipped as no pretrained model is given")
        names = self.get_model_names()
        # By default, the best model is loaded
       model_file = "model-best.pth.tar"
        if epoch is not None:
            model_file = "model.pth.tar-" + str(epoch)
        for name in names:
            model_path = osp.join(directory, name, model_file)
            if not osp.exists(model_path):
                raise FileNotFoundError('Model not found at "{}"'.format(model_path))
            checkpoint = load_checkpoint(model_path)
            state_dict = checkpoint["state_dict"]
            epoch = checkpoint["epoch"]
            # Ignore fixed token vectors
            if "token_prefix" in state_dict:
                del state_dict["token_prefix"]
            if "token_suffix" in state_dict:
                del state_dict["token_suffix"]
            print("Loading weights to {} " 'from "{}" (epoch = {})'.format(name, model_path, epoch))
            # set strict=False
            self._models[name].load_state_dict(state_dict, strict=False)
    def after_train(self):
     print("Finish training")
      do_test = not self.cfg.TEST.NO_TEST
      if do test:
          if self.cfg.TEST.FINAL_MODEL == "best_val":
              print("Deploy the model with the best val performance")
              self.load_model(self.output_dir)
              print("Deploy the last-epoch model")
          acc = self.test()
     # Show elapsed time
      elapsed = round(time.time() - self.time_start)
      elapsed = str(datetime.timedelta(seconds=elapsed))
     print(f"Elapsed: {elapsed}")
     # Close writer
      self.close_writer()
      return acc
    def train(self):
        """Generic training loops."""
        self.before_train()
        for self.epoch in range(self.start_epoch, self.max_epoch):
            self.before_epoch()
            self.run_epoch()
           self.after_epoch()
        acc = self.after_train()
        return acc
parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
parser.add_argument("--root", type=str, default="data/", help="path to dataset")
parser.add_argument("--output-dir", type=str, default="outputs/cocoop3", help="output directory")
parser.add_argument(
    "--seed", type=int, default=1, help="only positive value enables a fixed seed"
parser.add argument(
    "—-config—file", type=str, default="configs/trainers/ProMetaR/vit_b16_c2_ep10_batch4_4+4ctx.yaml", help="path to config f
parser.add_argument(
    "--dataset-config-file",
    type=str,
   default="configs/datasets/eurosat.yaml",
    haln-"nath to confin file for datacet cetur"
```

return acc

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Q1. Understanding and implementing CoCoOp

- We have learned how to define CoOp in Lab Session 4.
- The main difference between CoOp and CoCoOp is meta network to extract image tokens that is added to the text prompt.
- Based on the CoOp code given in Lab Session 4, fill-in-the-blank exercise to test your understanding of critical parts of the CoCoOp.

```
import torch.nn as nn
class CoCoOpPromptLearner(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, cfg, classnames, clip_model):
       super().__init__()
       n_{cls} = len(classnames)
       n_ctx = cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.N_CTX
       ctx_init = cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.CTX_INIT
       dtype = clip_model.dtype
       ctx_dim = clip_model.ln_final.weight.shape[0]
       vis_dim = clip_model.visual.output_dim
       clip_imsize = clip_model.visual.input_resolution
       cfg_imsize = cfg.INPUT.SIZE[0]
       assert cfg_imsize == clip_imsize, f"cfg_imsize ({cfg_imsize}) must equal to clip_imsize ({clip_imsize})"
       if ctx_init:
           # use given words to initialize context vectors
           ctx_init = ctx_init.replace("_", " ")
           n_ctx = len(ctx_init.split(" "))
           prompt = clip.tokenize(ctx_init)
           with torch.no_grad():
               embedding = clip_model.token_embedding(prompt).type(dtype)
           ctx_vectors = embedding[0, 1: 1 + n_ctx, :]
           prompt_prefix = ctx_init
       else:
           # random initialization
           ctx_vectors = torch.empty(n_ctx, ctx_dim, dtype=dtype)
           nn.init.normal_(ctx_vectors, std=0.02)
           prompt_prefix = " ".join(["X"] * n_ctx)
       print(f'Initial context: "{prompt_prefix}"')
       print(f"Number of context words (tokens): {n_ctx}")
       self.ctx = nn.Parameter(ctx_vectors) # Wrap the initialized prompts above as parameters to make them trainable.
       ### Tokenize ###
       classnames = [name.replace("_", " ") for name in classnames] # 예) "Forest"
       name_lens = [len(_tokenizer.encode(name)) for name in classnames]
       prompts = [prompt_prefix + " " + name + "." for name in classnames] # 예) "A photo of Forest."
       tokenized_prompts = torch.cat([clip.tokenize(p) for p in prompts]) # 예) [49406, 320, 1125, 539...]
       ###### Q1. Fill in the blank ######
       ######## Define Meta Net ########
       self.meta_net = nn.Sequential(OrderedDict([
           #("linear1", "fill in here"(vis_dim, vis_dim // 16)),
           ("linear1", nn.Linear(vis_dim, vis_dim // 16)),
           ("relu", nn.ReLU(inplace=True)),
           ("linear2", nn.Linear(vis_dim // 16, ctx_dim))
       ## Hint: meta network is composed to linear layer, relu activation, and linear layer.
       if cfg.TRAINER.COCOOP.PREC == "fp16":
           self.meta_net.half()
       with torch.no_grad():
           embedding = clip_model.token_embedding(tokenized_prompts).type(dtype)
       # These token vectors will be saved when in save_model(),
       # but they should be ignored in load_model() as we want to use
       # those computed using the current class names
```

```
self.register_buffer("token_prefix", embedding[:, :1, :]) # SOS
       self.register_buffer("token_suffix", embedding[:, 1 + n_ctx:, :]) # CLS, EOS
       self.n cls = n cls
       self.n_ctx = n_ctx
       self.tokenized_prompts = tokenized_prompts # torch.Tensor
       self.name_lens = name_lens
   def construct_prompts(self, ctx, prefix, suffix, label=None):
       # dim0 is either batch_size (during training) or n_cls (during testing)
      # ctx: context tokens, with shape of (dim0, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
       # prefix: the sos token, with shape of (n_cls, 1, ctx_dim)
       # suffix: remaining tokens, with shape of (n_cls, *, ctx_dim)
       if label is not None:
          prefix = prefix[label]
          suffix = suffix[label]
       prompts = torch.cat(
          [
              prefix, # (dim0, 1, dim)
              ctx, # (dim0, n_ctx, dim)
              suffix, \# (dim0, *, dim)
          1.
          dim=1.
       )
       return prompts
   def forward(self, im_features):
       prefix = self.token_prefix
       suffix = self.token_suffix
       ctx = self.ctx # (n_ctx, ctx_dim)
       ######## 02,3. Fill in the blank #######
       #bias = self.meta_net("Fill in here, Hint: Image feature is given as input to meta network") # (batch, ctx_dim)
       bias = self.meta_net(im_features) # (batch, ctx_dim)
       bias = bias.unsqueeze(1) # (batch, 1, ctx_dim)
       ctx = ctx.unsqueeze(0) # (1, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
       #ctx_shifted = ctx + "Fill in here, Hint: Add meta token to context token" # (batch, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
       ctx_shifted = ctx + bias # (batch, n_ctx, ctx_dim)
       # Use instance-conditioned context tokens for all classes
       prompts = []
       for ctx_shifted_i in ctx_shifted:
          ctx_i = ctx_shifted_i.unsqueeze(0).expand(self.n_cls, -1, -1)
          pts_i = self.construct_prompts(ctx_i, prefix, suffix) # (n_cls, n_tkn, ctx_dim)
          prompts.append(pts_i)
       prompts = torch.stack(prompts)
       return prompts
class CoCoOpCustomCLIP(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self, cfg, classnames, clip_model):
       super().__init__()
       self.prompt_learner = CoCoOpPromptLearner(cfg, classnames, clip_model)
       self.tokenized_prompts = self.prompt_learner.tokenized_prompts
       self.image_encoder = clip_model.visual
       self.text_encoder = TextEncoder(clip_model)
       self.logit_scale = clip_model.logit_scale
       self.dtype = clip_model.dtype
   def forward(self, image, label=None):
       tokenized_prompts = self.tokenized_prompts
       logit_scale = self.logit_scale.exp()
       image_features = self.image_encoder(image.type(self.dtype))
       image_features = image_features / image_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
       ######### 04. Fill in the blank #######
       #prompts = self.prompt_learner("Fill in here")
       prompts = self.prompt_learner(image_features)
```

```
logits = []
for pts_i, imf_i in zip(prompts, image_features):
    text_features = self.text_encoder(pts_i, tokenized_prompts)
    text_features = text_features / text_features.norm(dim=-1, keepdim=True)
    l_i = logit_scale * imf_i @ text_features.t()
    logits.append(l_i)
logits = torch.stack(logits)

if self.prompt_learner.training:
    return F.cross_entropy(logits, label)

return logits
```

Q2. Training CoCoOp

In this task, you will train CoCoOp on the EuroSAT dataset. If your implementation of CoCoOp in Question 1 is correct, the following code should execute without errors. Please submit the execution file so we can evaluate whether your code runs without any issues.

```
# Train on the Base Classes Train split and evaluate accuracy on the Base Classes Test split.
args.trainer = "CoCoOp"
args.train_batch_size = 4
args.epoch = 100
args.output_dir = "outputs/cocoop"
args.subsample_classes = "base"
args.eval_only = False
cocoop_base_acc = main(args)
   Loading trainer: CoCoOp
    Loading dataset: EuroSAT
    Reading split from /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split_zhou_EuroSAT.json
    Creating a 16-shot dataset
    Creating a 4-shot dataset
    Saving preprocessed few-shot data to /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split fewshot/shot 16-seed 1.pkl
    SUBSAMPLE BASE CLASSES!
    Building transform_train
    + random resized crop (size=(224, 224), scale=(0.08, 1.0))
    + random flip
    + to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
    + normalization (mean=[0.48145466, 0.4578275, 0.40821073], std=[0.26862954, 0.26130258, 0.27577711])
    Building transform_test
    + resize the smaller edge to 224
    + 224x224 center crop
    + to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
    + normalization (mean=[0.48145466, 0.4578275, 0.40821073], std=[0.26862954, 0.26130258, 0.27577711])
    Dataset
               EuroSAT
    # classes
    # train_x
               80
    # val
               20
               4,200
    # test
    Loading CLIP (backbone: ViT-B/16)
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py:617: UserWarning: This DataLoader will create 8 w
      warnings.warn(
    Building custom CLIP
    Initial context: "a photo of a"
    Number of context words (tokens): 4
    Turning off gradients in both the image and the text encoder
    Parameters to be updated: {'prompt_learner.ctx', 'prompt_learner.meta_net.linear1.weight', 'prompt_learner.meta_net.line
    Loading evaluator: Classification
    No checkpoint found, train from scratch
    /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/lr_scheduler.py:62: UserWarning: The verbose parameter is deprecated
      warnings.warn(
    epoch [1/100] batch [20/20] time 0.092 (0.338) data 0.000 (0.054) loss 0.2744 (1.1881) lr 2.5000e-03 eta 0:11:08
    epoch [2/100] batch [20/20] time 0.126 (0.140) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.8384 (0.8970) lr 2.4994e-03 eta 0:04:33
    epoch [3/100] batch [20/20] time 0.094 (0.123) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.6382 (0.7859) lr 2.4975e-03 eta 0:03:58
    epoch [4/100]
                  batch [20/20] time 0.098 (0.123) data 0.000 (0.018) loss 0.5044 (0.7151) lr 2.4945e-03 eta 0:03:56
    epoch [5/100]
                  batch [20/20] time 0.149 (0.185) data 0.000 (0.037)
                                                                       loss 0.5703 (0.6317) lr 2.4901e-03 eta 0:05:51
    epoch [6/100]
                  batch [20/20] time 0.091 (0.124) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.6060 (0.6009) lr 2.4846e-03 eta 0:03:53
    epoch [7/100] batch [20/20] time 0.092 (0.124) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.3853 (0.6638) lr 2.4779e-03 eta 0:03:51
    epoch [8/100] batch [20/20] time 0.102 (0.121) data 0.000 (0.016) loss 1.4082 (0.6633) lr 2.4699e-03 eta 0:03:43
    epoch [9/100] batch [20/20] time 0.125 (0.138) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.1780 (0.4582) lr 2.4607e-03 eta 0:04:10
    epoch [10/100] batch [20/20] time 0.136 (0.193) data 0.000 (0.035) loss 1.2285 (0.5051) lr 2.4504e-03 eta 0:05:46
    epoch [11/100] batch [20/20] time 0.141 (0.179) data 0.000 (0.029) loss 0.2539 (0.5013) lr 2.4388e-03 eta 0:05:18
    epoch [12/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.131) data 0.000 (0.024) loss 1.1484 (0.4657) lr 2.4261e-03 eta 0:03:51
    epoch [13/100] batch [20/20] time 0.093 (0.126) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 0.8467 (0.5009) lr 2.4122e-03 eta 0:03:39
    epoch [14/100] batch [20/20] time 0.137 (0.167) data 0.000 (0.027) loss 0.5547 (0.4495) lr 2.3972e-03 eta 0:04:47
    epoch [15/100]
                   batch [20/20] time 0.093 (0.127) data 0.000 (0.017) loss 1.0430 (0.5549) lr 2.3810e-03 eta 0:03:35
    epoch [16/100] batch [20/20] time 0.091 (0.123) data 0.000 (0.015) loss 1.3906 (0.4799) lr 2.3638e-03 eta 0:03:26
    epoch [17/100] batch [20/20] time 0.097 (0.156) data 0.000 (0.021) loss 0.0238 (0.3497) lr 2.3454e-03 eta 0:04:19
    epoch [18/100] batch [20/20] time 0.155 (0.143) data 0.000 (0.019) loss 0.1337 (0.2804) lr 2.3259e-03 eta 0:03:54
```

```
epoch [19/100] batch [20/20] time 0.148 (0.192) data 0.000 (0.029) loss 1.0420 (0.3864) lr 2.3054e-03 eta 0:05:10
     epoch [20/100] batch [20/20] time 0.095 (0.131) data 0.000 (0.023) loss 0.3484 (0.4984) lr 2.2839e-03 eta 0:03:29
     epoch [21/100] batch [20/20] time 0.092 (0.126) data 0.000 (0.020) loss 0.8184 (0.3434) lr 2.2613e-03 eta 0:03:18
# Accuracy on the New Classes.
args.model_dir = "outputs/cocoop"
args.output_dir = "outputs/cocoop/new_classes"
args.subsample_classes = "new"
args.load epoch = 100
args.eval_only = True
coop_novel_acc = main(args)

    → Loading trainer: CoCoOp

     Loading dataset: EuroSAT
     Reading split from /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split_zhou_EuroSAT.json
     Loading preprocessed few-shot data from /content/ProMetaR/data/eurosat/split_fewshot/shot_16-seed_1.pkl
     SUBSAMPLE NEW CLASSES!
     Building transform_train
     + random resized crop (size=(224, 224), scale=(0.08, 1.0))
     + random flip
     + to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
     + \ \text{normalization (mean=} [ \underline{0.48145466}, \ 0.4578275, \ 0.40821073 ], \ \text{std=} [ 0.26862954, \ 0.26130258, \ 0.27577711 ] ) \\
    Building transform_test
     + resize the smaller edge to 224
     + 224x224 center crop
     + to torch tensor of range [0, 1]
     + \ \text{normalization (mean=[0.48145466, 0.4578275, 0.40821073], std=[0.26862954, 0.26130258, 0.27577711])})
    Dataset
                EuroSAT
     # classes
                80
    # train_x
                20
     # val
                3,900
    # test
    Loading CLIP (backbone: ViT-B/16)
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/utils/data/dataloader.py:617: UserWarning: This DataLoader will create 8 w
       warnings.warn(
     /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/torch/optim/lr_scheduler.py:62: UserWarning: The verbose parameter is deprecated
      warnings.warn(
     /content/ProMetaR/dassl/utils/torchtools.py:102: FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with `weights_only=False` (th
      checkpoint = torch.load(fpath, map_location=map_location)
     Building custom CLIP
     Initial context: "a photo of a"
    Number of context words (tokens): 4
     Turning off gradients in both the image and the text encoder
     Parameters to be updated: {'prompt_learner.ctx', 'prompt_learner.meta_net.linear1.weight', 'prompt_learner.meta_net.line
    Loading evaluator: Classification
     Loading weights to prompt_learner from "outputs/cocoop/prompt_learner/model.pth.tar-100" (epoch = 100)
     Evaluate on the *test* set
                    | 39/39 [01:00<00:00, 1.55s/it]=> result
     100%|
    * total: 3,900
    * correct: 1,687
    * accuracy: 43.3% * error: 56.7%
```

Q3. Analyzing the results of CoCoOp

* macro_f1: 39.0%

Compare the results of CoCoOp with those of CoOp that we trained in Lab Session 4. Discuss possible reasons for the performance differences observed between CoCoOp and CoOp.

=> While CoOp utilizes static context embeddings that are not image-dependent, CoCoOP uses dynamic context embeddings that are conditioned on image features. Therefore, CoCoOp adapts better to specific instances in the input data, leading to better performance in cases with significant intra-class variation or ambiguous class definitions. The adding of meta network increases generalization power to unseen classes