# PCPP: PRACTICAL CONCURRENT & PARALLEL PROGRAMMERING

#### **MESSAGE PASSING CONCURRENCY I / II**



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## Introduction

## **Problem:**

Sharing && Mutability!



## **Solutions:**

- 1) Atomic access (shared res.):
  - a) Locking
  - b) Transactions
- 2) Eliminate mutability:
  - E.g., functional programming
- 3) Eliminate sharing...:

"synchronized"

(pessimistic concurrency)

(optimistic concurrency)

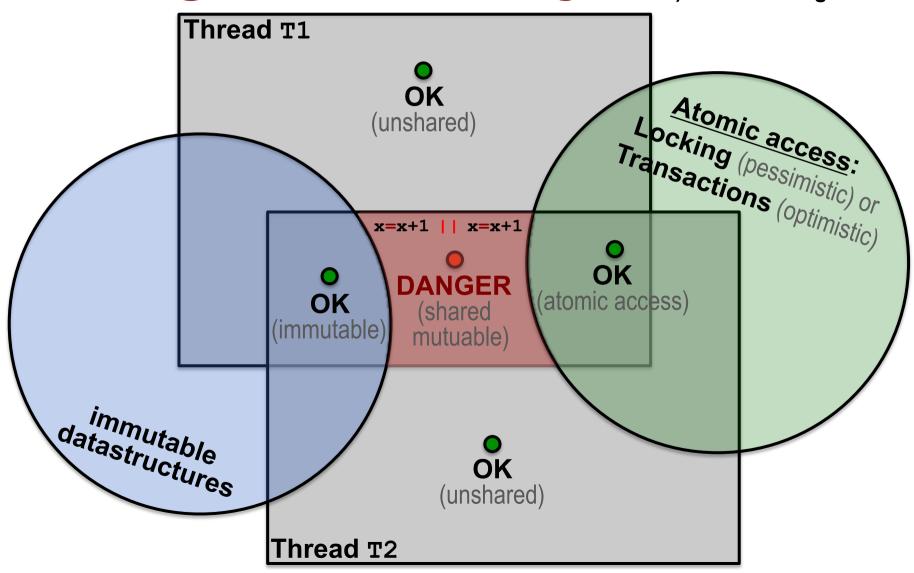
"final"

message passing concurrency

## **PROBLEM: Sharing && Mutability!**

#### **SOLUTIONS:**

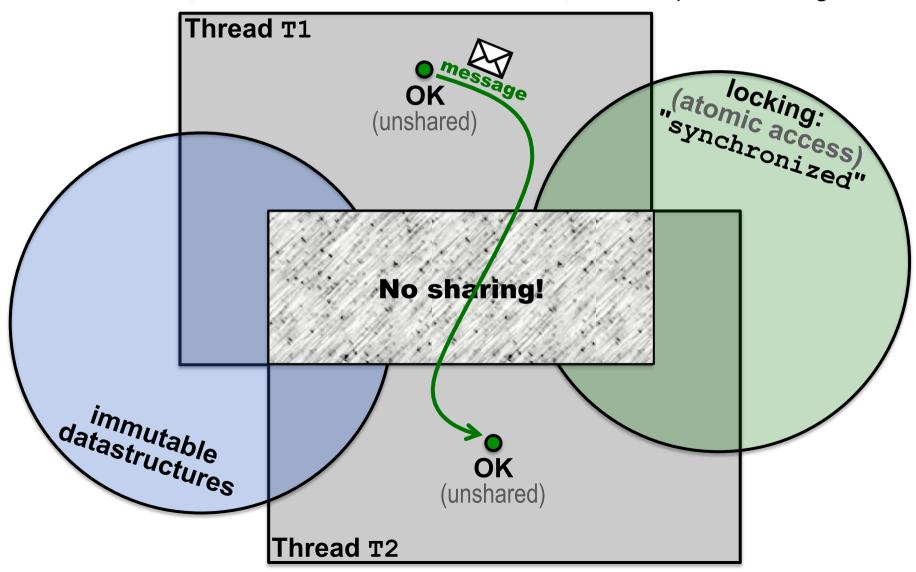
- 1) atomic access!
  locking or transactions
  NB: avoid deadlock!
- 2) avoid mutability!3) avoid sharing...



## **PROBLEM: Sharing && Mutability!**

#### **SOLUTIONS:**

- 1) atomic access!
  locking or transactions
  NB: avoid deadlock!
- 2) avoid mutability!3) avoid sharing...



## World Wide Web...

# In a distributed setting, there's <u>no</u> shared memory:

Communication is achieved via "message passing"





## Message Passing Concurrency:

- Same idea (message passing) usable in non-distributed setting:
  - (between processes, inside a server)



## Forms of Message Passing

#### Operations:

- send
- receive

#### Symmetry:

- symmetric (send and receive)
- asymmetric (send xor receive)

#### Synchronicity:

- synchronous (e.g., phone)
- asynchronous (e.g., email)
- rendez-vous (e.g., barrier)

#### Buffering:

- unbuffered (e.g., blocking)
- buffered (e.g., non-blocking)

#### Multiplicity:

- one-to-one
- one-to-many (or many-to-one)
- many-to-many

#### Addressing:

- direct (naming processes)
- indirect (naming addresses)

#### Reception:

- unconditional (all messages)
- selective (only certain msgs)

#### Anonymity:

- anonymous
- non-anonymous

# **Synchronous Message Passing!**









#### Send:

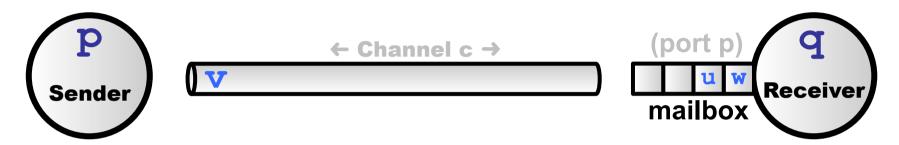
```
send v to q ;
```

- Sender process p sends value v to receiver process q
- Sending process p blocked until process q receives v

```
Receive: v = receive();
```

- Receiver process q attempts to receive a value v
- Receiver process q is blocked until value received
- Synchronous (i.e., no message buffering)!

# **Asynchronous Message Passing!**



#### Send:

```
send v to q;
```

- Sender process p sends value v to process q's mailbox
- Sending process p continues after sending

```
Receive: V = receive();
```

- Receiver process q attempts to receive v from its inbox
- Receiver process q is blocked until inbox is non-empty
- Asynchronous (i.e., messages are buffered)!

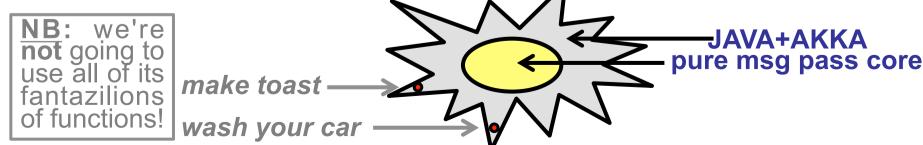
## Philosophy & Expectations!

#### ERLANG:

- We'll use as message passing specification language
- You have to-be-able-to read simple ERLANG programs
  - (i.e., not *write*, nor *modify*)

#### JAVA+AKKA:

- We'll use as msg passing implementation language
- You have 2-b-a-2 read/write/modify JAVA+AKKA p's
- However, we'll use its "pure msg pass core" only !





## **An ERLANG Tutorial**

## "Concurrent Programming in ERLANG"

( Joe Armstrong, Robert Virding, Claes Wikström, Mike Williams )
[ Ericsson 1994 ]

## **ERLANG**

Named after Danish mathematician Agner Krarup ERLANG:

...credited for inventing:

- traffic engineering
- queueing theory
- telephone network analysis



[ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agner Krarup Erlang ]

■ The ERLANG language:

[ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Erlang %28programming language%29 ]

by Ericsson in 1986

(Ericsson Language? :-)

## The ERLANG Language (1986)

- Functional language with...:
  - message passing concurrency !!!
  - garbage collection
  - eager evaluation
  - single assignment
  - dynamic typing

"Though all concurrency is explicit in ERLANG, processes communicate using message passing instead of shared variables, which removes the need for explicit locks."

-- Wikipedia

- Designed by Ericsson to support...: distributed, fault-tolerant, soft-real-time, non-stop applications
- It supports "hot swapping":
  - i.e., code can be changed without stopping a system!

## **Hello World**

Hello World (in ERLANG)

```
% hello world program:
-module(helloworld)
-export([start/0]).

start() ->
   io:fwrite("Hello world!\n").
```

Output:

Hello world!

Try it out:

www.tutorialspoint.com/compile erlang online.php ]

An actor named

## **Online ERLANG Compiler**

## Online ERLANG Compiler:

[ www.tutorialspoint.com/compile erlang online.php ]

#### Documentation:

```
[ http://www.erlang.org/doc/man/io.html ]
```

## Simple usage:

- One module called: helloworld
- Export one function called: start/0
- Call your code from start() and io:write output

## **Factorial**

Factorial (in ERLANG)

```
% factorial program:
-module(mymath).
-export([start/0, factorial/1]).

factorial(0) -> 1;
factorial(N) -> N * factorial(N-1).

start() -> io:write(factorial(6)).
```

Usage:

```
> mymath:factorial(6).
720
```

```
Try it out:
```

> mymath:factorial(25).
15511210043330985984000000

[ www.tutorialspoint.com/compile erlang online.php ]

## **Modularization: Import / Export**

Factorial (in ERLANG)

```
-module(mymath).
-export([double/1]).

double(X) -> times(X, 2). % public

times(X, N) -> X * N. % private
```

Usage:

```
> mymath:double(10).
20
```

```
> mymath:times(5,2).
** undef'd fun': mymath:double/2 **
```

Try it out:

[ www.tutorialspoint.com/compile erlang online.php ]

## **Pattern Matching**

```
> Thing = {triangle, 6, 7, 8}.
{triangle,6,7,8}
> mymath:area(Thing).
20.3332
```

## Values (with lists and tuples)

```
Numbers: 42, -99, 3.1415, 6.626e-34, ...
Atoms: abc, 'with space', hello_world, ...
Tuples: {}, { 1, 2, 3 }, { { x, 1}, { 2, y, 3 } }
Lists: [], [ 1, 2, 3 ], [ [ x, 1 ], [ 2, y, 3 ] ]
```

```
PCPP =

{course, "Practical Concurrent and Parallel Programming",

{master, 7.5, { fall, 2016 } }

{ teachers, [ 'Peter Sestoft', 'Claus Brabrand' ] },

{ students, [ aaa, bbb, ccc, ... ] }

}
```

Recall: dynamically typed

## Lists: member/2

- [H|T] is (standard) "head-tail constructor":
  - H is the *head*; i.e., *the first element* (one element)
  - **T** is the *tail*; i.e., *the rest of the list* (zero-or-more)

```
> mylists:member(3, [1,3,2]).
true
```

```
> mylists:member(4, [1,3,2]).
false
```

## Lists: append/2

- [H|T] is (standard) "head-tail constructor":
  - H is the *head*; i.e., *the first element* (one element)
  - **T** is the *tail*; i.e., *the rest of the list* (zero-or-more)

```
-module(mylists).
-export([append/2]).
construction
de-construction
append([], L) -> L;
append([H|L1], L2) -> [H|append(L1, L2)]. and re-construction
```

```
> mylists:append([], [a,b])
[a,b]
```

```
> mylists:append([1,2], [3,4])
[1,2,3,4]
```

## Message Passing in ERLANG!

## Actor: Send / Receive / Spawn

#### Send:

- Pid! M // Message M is sent to process Pid
- Pid ! {some, {complex, structured, [m,s,g]}, 42}

#### Receive:

pattern1 -> ...

;
 pattern2 -> ...
end

```
receive
    {init,N} when N>0 -> ...
;
    {init,N} -> ...
end
```

#### Spawn:

MyActorId = spawn (mymodule, myactor, [a,r,g,s])

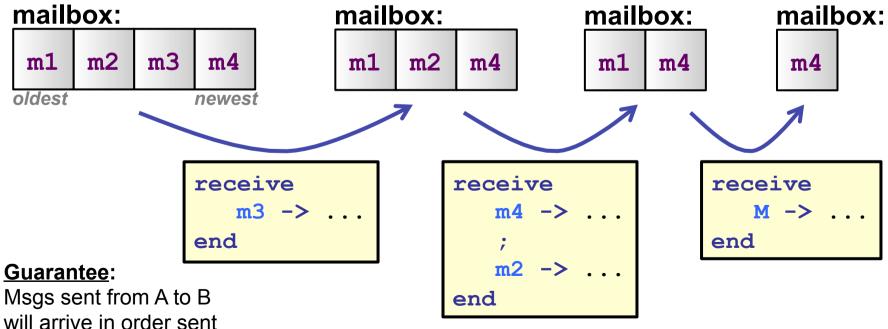
## Order of Receiving Messages

#### Semantics:

```
for (M: message) {
   for (P: pattern) {
      M~P (i.e., M matches P)?
   }
}
```

This is what happens inside each actor.

## Example:



## 5 Examples (ERLANG & JAVA+AKKA)

## 1) HelloWorld:

The "Hello World" of message passing; one message is sent to one actor.

## **2)** Ecco:

A *person actor* sends a msg to an *ecco actor* that responds with three suffix messages (used for ye olde "hvad drikker møller" kids joke).

## 3) Broadcast:

Three *person actors* unsubscribe/subscribe to a *broadcast actor* that forwards subsequent incoming msgs to subscribed persons.

## 4) Primer:

An actor primer is created that when initialized with N=7 creates a list[] of that many slave actors to factor primes for it. Main bombards the prime actor with msgs ( $p \in [2..100]$ ) that are evenly distributed among the slaves according to list[p%n].

## **5) ABC:**

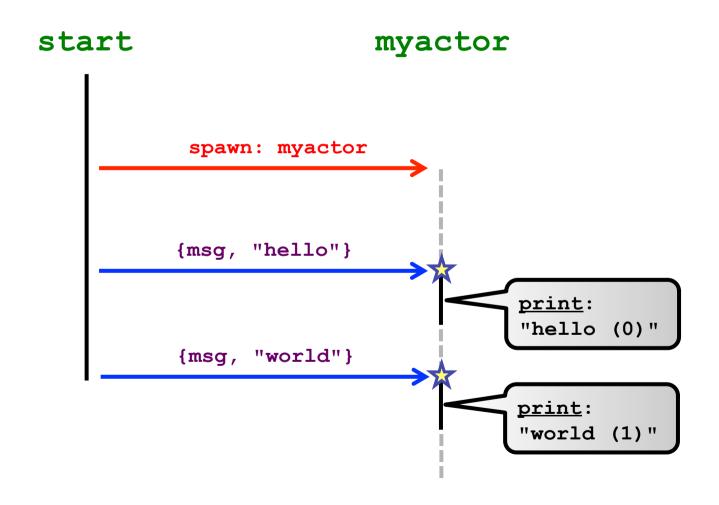
[lecture-#06]

Two *clerk actors* each bombard a *bank actor* with 100 transfer-random-amount-x-from-an-account-to-other-account msgs. The banks transfer the money by sending deposit(+x) to one *account actor* and deposit(-x) to the other *account actor*. (The system is called ABC as in Account/Bank/Clerk.)

## 1) HelloWorld

## LEGEND: send, receive, msgs

actors, spawn, rest.



## 1) HelloWorld.erl

```
print:
-module (helloworld) .
                                                                          "hello (0)"
                                                          {msq, "world"}
-export([start/0,myactor/1]).
                                                                         print:
                                                                          "world (1)"
myactor(Count) -> %% can have (local) state
   receive
       \{msq, Msq\} \rightarrow
          io:fwrite(Msg ++ " ("),
          io:write(Count),
          io:fwrite(")\n"),
         myactor(Count + 1)
   end.
start() ->
   MyActor = spawn(helloworld, myactor, [0]),
                                                                  hello (0)
   MyActor ! {msg, "hello"},
                                                                  world (1)
   MyActor ! {msq, "world"}.
```

main

myactor

spawn: hello

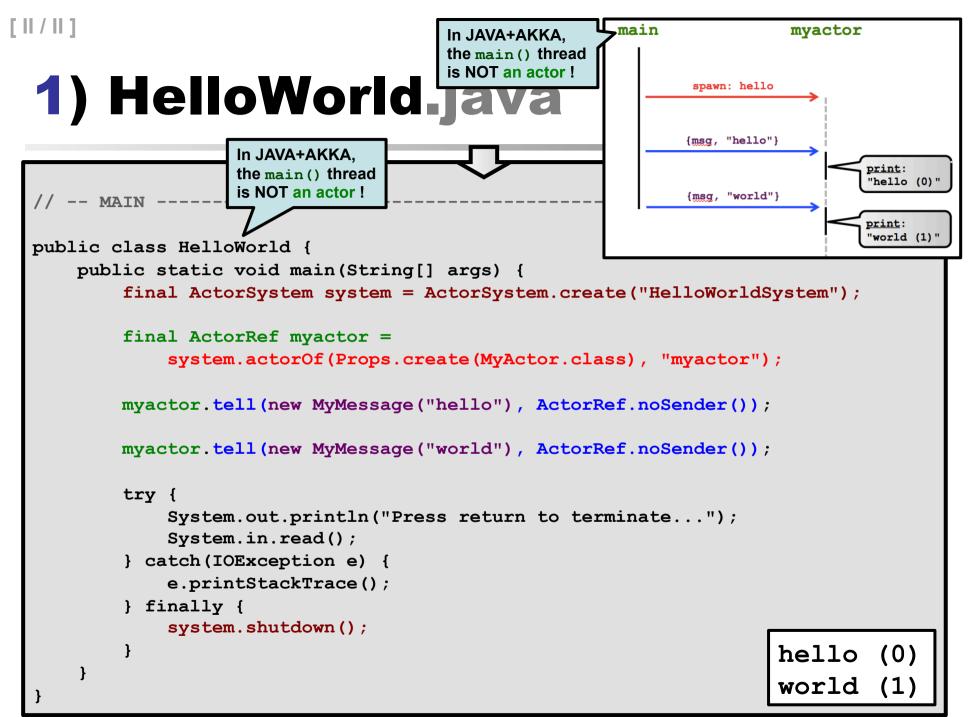
{msq, "hello"}

#### 

## 1) HelloWorld.java

```
main
                         myactor
           spawn: hello
          {msq, "hello"}
                                     "hello (0)"
          {msq, "world"}
                                     print:
                                      'world (1)"
```

```
import java.io.*;
import akka.actor.*;
                            Otherwise.
              In JAVA+AKKA.
// -- MESSAGE we want to pass
                            we're back to
              immutable msgs
                            shared mutable!
class MyMessage Implements Serializable { // must be Serializable:
    public final String s;
    public MyMessage(String s) { this.s = s; }
// -- ACTOR --
class MyActor extends UntypedActor {
    private int count = 0; // can have (local) state
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception { // reacting to message:
         if (o instanceof MyMessage) {
             MyMessage message = (MyMessage) o;
             System.out.println(message.s + " (" + count + ")");
             count++;
                                                                     hello (0)
                                                                     world (1)
```



## 1) HelloWorld.java

### Compile:

```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar HelloWorld.java
```

#### Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. HelloWorld
```

## Output:

```
hello (0) world (1)
```

## 2) Ecco



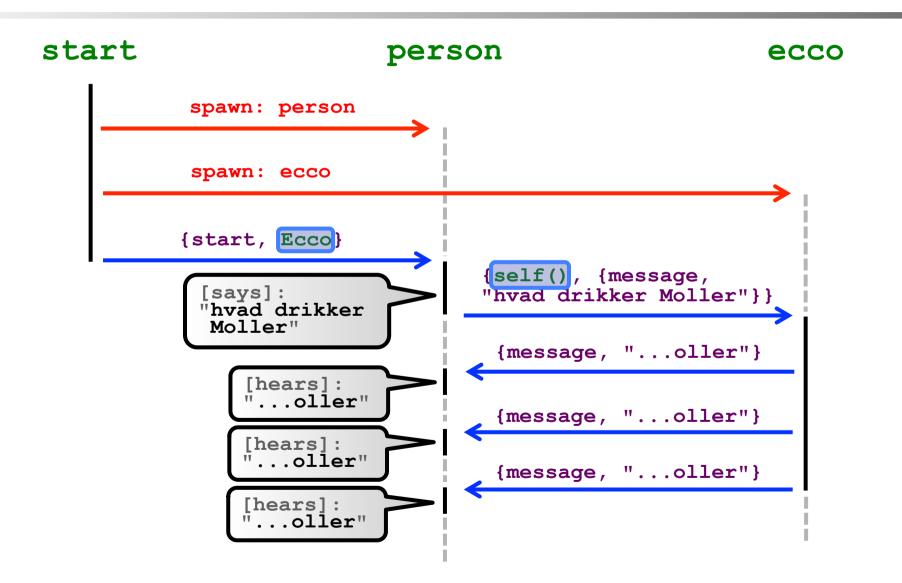
- From Old Danish Kids Joke:
  - [ http://www.tordenskjoldssoldater.dk/ekko.html ]

Huge graffiti in Nordhavnen, Copenhagen:



https://www.flickr.com/photos/unacivetta/5745925102/

## 2) Ecco



## 2) Ecco.erl

```
-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0,person/0,ecco/0]).
person() ->
   receive
      {start, Pid} ->
         S = "hvad drikker Moller",
         io:fwrite("[says]: " ++ S ++ "\n"),
         Pid ! {self(), {message,S}};
      {message, S} ->
         io:fwrite("[hears]: " ++ S ++ "\n")
   end,
  person().
ecco() ->
   receive
      {Sender, {message, S}} ->
         Sub = substr(S),
         Sender ! {message,Sub},
         Sender ! {message,Sub},
         Sender ! {message,Sub},
         ecco()
   end.
start() ->
   Person = spawn(helloworld,person,[]),
  Ecco = spawn(helloworld,ecco,[]),
   Person ! {start, Ecco}.
```

```
start
                                 person
                                                                      ecco
              spawn: person
              spawn: ecco
             {start, Ecco}
                                          {self(), {message,
"hvad drikker Moller"}}
                [says]:
'hvad drikker
                Moller'
                                            {message, "...oller"}
                   [hears]:
"...oller"
                                           {message, "...oller"}
                   [hears]:
"...oller"
                                            {message, "...oller"}
                   [hears]:
                    ...oller
```

```
substr(S) when length(S) < 6 -> "..." ++ S; substr([\_|T]) -> substr(T).
```

```
[says]: hvad drikker Moller
[hears]: ...oller
[hears]: ...oller
```

 $\Gamma I / III 1$ 

## 2) Ecco.java

```
self() is added
                                                             spawn: ecco
                                                                                   in tell command!
                                                            {start, Ecco}
import java.io.*;
                                                                                 {self(), {message,
"hvad drikker Moller"}}
import akka.actor.*;
                                                              [says]:
'hvad drikker
                                                              Moller"
                                                                                  {message, "...oller"}
                                                                 [hears]:
"...oller"
                                                                                  {message, "...oller"}
                                                                [hears]:
"...oller
                                                                                 {message, "...oller"}
                                                                [hears]:
                                                                 ...oller"
// -- MESSAGES -
class StartMessage implements Serializable {
    public final ActorRef ecco;
    public StartMessage(ActorRef ecco) {
           this.ecco = ecco;
class Message implements Serializable {
                                                            [says]: hvad drikker Moller
    public final String s;
                                                            [hears]: ...oller
    public Message(String s) {
           this.s = s;
                                                            [hears]: ...oller
                                                            [hears]: ...oller
                         Used for ...:
                         person 

ecco
                         ...and also for:
                         person → ecco
```

start

person

In JAVA+AKKA,

spawn: person

ecco

[ || / ||| ]

## 2) Ecco.java

```
{self(), {message,
"hvad drikker Moller"}}
                                                                      [says]:
"hvad drikker
// -- ACTORS -
                                                                                    {message, "...oller"}
                                                                        [hears]:
"...oller"
class PersonActor extends UntypedActor {
                                                                                    {message, "...oller"}
                                                                        [hears]:
"...oller"
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
                                                                                    {message, "...oller"}
         if (o instanceof StartMessage) {
             StartMessage start = (StartMessage) o;
             ActorRef ecco = start.ecco;
             String s = "hvad drikker moller";
             System.out.println("[says]: " + s);
             ecco.tell(new Message(s), getSelf());
         } else if (o instanceof Message) {
             Message m = (Message) o;
             System.out.println("[hears]: " + m.s);
class EccoActor extends UntypedActor {
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
         if (o instanceof Message) {
             Message m = (Message) o;
             String s = m.s;
             Message reply;
             if (s.length()>5) reply = new Message("..." + s.substring(s.length()-5));
             else reply = new Message("...");
             getSender().tell(reply, getSelf());
             getSender().tell(reply, getSelf());
                                                               [savs]: hvad drikker Moller
             getSender().tell(reply, getSelf());
                                                               [hears]: ...oller
                                                               [hears]: ...oller
                        Here, could also have been:
                                                               [hears]: ...oller
                        ActorRef.noSender()
```

start

person

spawn: person

spawn: ecco

{start, Ecco}

In JAVA+AKKA,

self() is added

in tell command!

ecco

[ ||| / ||| ]

```
spawn: person
                                                                       spawn: ecco
2) Ecco.java
                                                                       {start, Ecco}
                                                                                     {self(), {message,
"hvad drikker Moller"}}
                                                                        [says]:
'hvad drikker
Moller"
                                                                                      {message, "...oller"}
                                                                         [hears]:
"...oller"
                                                                                      {message, "...oller"}
                                                                         [hears]:
"...oller"
                                                                                      {message, "...oller"]
public class Ecco {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         final ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create("EccoSystem");
         final ActorRef person =
              system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "person");
         final ActorRef ecco =
              system.actorOf(Props.create(EccoActor.class), "ecco");
         person.tell(new StartMessage(ecco), ActorRef.noSender());
         try {
              System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
              System.in.read();
         } catch(IOException e) {
              e.printStackTrace();
                                                          [says]: hvad drikker Moller
         } finally {
                                                          [hears]: ...oller
              system.shutdown();
                                                          [hears]: ...oller
                                                          [hears]: ...oller
```

start

person

ecco

## 2) Ecco.java

#### Compile:

```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar Ecco.java
```

#### Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. Ecco
```

#### Output:

```
Press return to terminate...

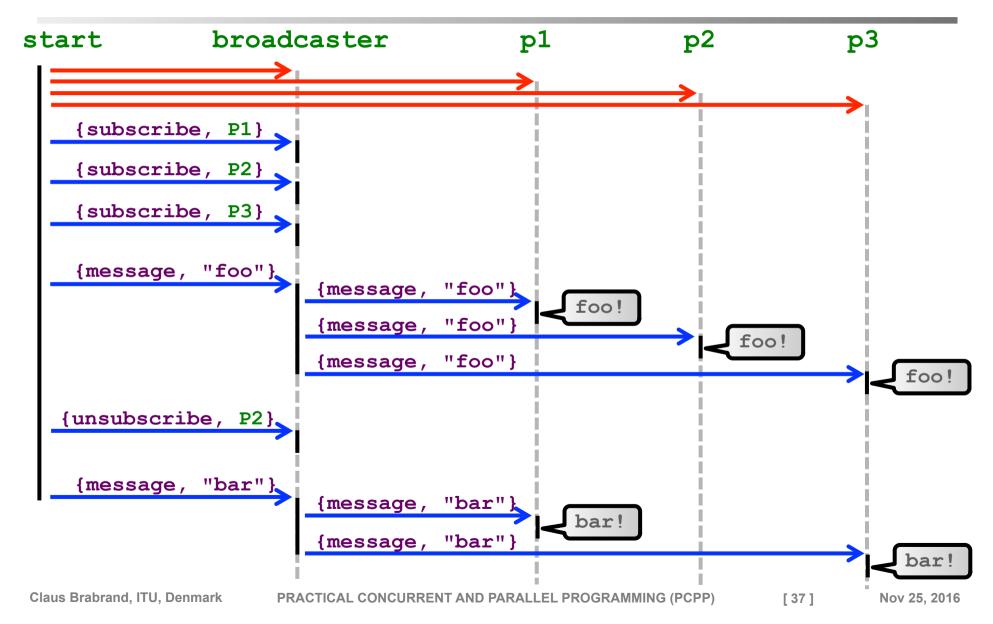
[says]: hvad drikker moller

[hears]: ...oller

[hears]: ...oller

[hears]: ...oller
```

### 3) Broadcast



#### 3) Broadcast.erl

```
{subscribe, P3}
                                                     {message, "foo"}
                                                                 {message, "foo"}
-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0,person/0,broadcaster/1]).
                                                                                     foo!
                                                                 {message, "foo"
                                                                                              foo!
                                                    {unsubscribe, P2}.
person() ->
  receive
                                                     {message, "bar"]
                                                                 {message, "bar"}
    {message,M} ->
                                                                 {message, "bar
       io:fwrite(M ++ "\n"),
       person()
                                      start() ->
  end.
                                        Broadcaster = spawn(helloworld, broadcaster, [[]]),
                                        P1 = spawn(helloworld, person, []),
broadcast([], ) -> true;
                                       P2 = spawn(helloworld,person,[]),
broadcast([Pid|L],M) ->
                                        P3 = spawn(helloworld, person, []),
   Pid ! {message,M},
                                        Broadcaster ! {subscribe, P1},
   broadcast(L,M).
                                        Broadcaster ! {subscribe, P2},
                                        Broadcaster ! {subscribe,P3},
broadcaster(L) ->
                                        Broadcaster ! {message, "Purses half price!"},
   receive
                                        Broadcaster ! {unsubscribe, P2},
      {subscribe, Pid} ->
                                        Broadcaster ! {message, "Shoes half price!!"}.
          broadcaster([Pid|L]);
      {unsubscribe,Pid} ->
          broadcaster(lists:delete(Pid,L));
       {message,M} ->
                                                                          purses half price!
          broadcast (L,M),
                                                                          purses half price!
          broadcaster(L)
                                                                          purses half price!
   end.
                                                                          shoes half price!!
```

start

{subscribe, P1}.

{subscribe, P2}

broadcaster

р1

shoes half price!!

р3

[ | / ||| ]

### 3) Broadcast.java

```
{message, "foo"}
                                                                      {message, "foo"}
import java.util.*;
                                                                      {message, "foo"
                                                                                         foo!
                                                                      {message, "foo"}
import java.io.*;
                                                                                                foo!
                                                          {unsubscribe, P2}
import akka.actor.*;
                                                           {message, "bar"}
                                                                      {message, "bar"}
// -- MESSAGES
                                                                      {message, "bar"
class SubscribeMessage implements Serializable {
    public final ActorRef subscriber;
    public SubscribeMessage(ActorRef subscriber) {
          this.subscriber = subscriber:
class UnsubscribeMessage implements Serializable {
    public final ActorRef unsubscriber;
    public UnsubscribeMessage(ActorRef unsubscriber) {
          this.unsubscriber = unsubscriber;
class Message implements Serializable {
    public final String s;
                                                                            purses half price!
    public Message(String s) {
                                                                            purses half price!
          this.s = s;
                                                                            purses half price!
                                                                            shoes half price!!
                                                                            shoes half price!!
```

start

{subscribe, P1}

{subscribe, P3}

broadcaster

[ || / ||| ]

### 3) Broadcast.java

```
{message, "foo"}
                                                                     {message, "foo" }
                                                                     (message, "foo"
                                                                                       foo!
                                                                     {message, "foo"
// -- ACTORS -
                                                                                               foo!
                                                         {unsubscribe, P2}
class BroadcastActor extends UntypedActor {
                                                          {message, "bar"}
                                                                     {message, "bar"}
    private List<ActorRef> list =
        new ArrayList<ActorRef>();
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
          if (o instanceof SubscribeMessage) {
              list.add(((SubscribeMessage) o).subscriber);
          } else if (o instanceof UnsubscribeMessage) {
              list.remove(((UnsubscribeMessage) o).unsubscriber);
          } else if (o instanceof Message) {
              for (ActorRef person : list) {
                    person.tell(o, getSelf());
class PersonActor extends UntypedActor {
    public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
                                                                          purses half price!
          if (o instanceof Message) {
                                                                          purses half price!
              System.out.println(((Message) o).s);
                                                                          purses half price!
                                                                          shoes half price!!
                                                                           shoes half price!!
```

start

{subscribe, P1}

{subscribe, P3}

broadcaster

### 3) Broadcast.java

```
{subscribe, P3}
                                                         {message, "foo"}
                                                                   {message, "foo"}
                                                                    (message, "foo"
                                                                                     foo!
                                                                   {message, "foo"
                                                                                             foo!
                                                        {unsubscribe, P2}
public class Broadcast {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                         {message, "bar"}
                                                                   {message, "bar"}
                                                                              bar!
        final ActorSystem system =
                                                                   {message, "bar"
                                                                                            bar
            ActorSystem.create("EccoSystem");
        final ActorRef broadcaster =
             system.actorOf(Props.create(BroadcastActor.class), "broadcaster");
        final ActorRef p1 = system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "p1");
        final ActorRef p2 = system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "p2");
        final ActorRef p3 = system.actorOf(Props.create(PersonActor.class), "p3");
        broadcaster.tell(new SubscribeMessage(p1), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new SubscribeMessage(p2), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new SubscribeMessage(p3), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new Message("purses half price!"), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new UnsubscribeMessage(p2), ActorRef.noSender());
        broadcaster.tell(new Message("shoes half price!!"), ActorRef.noSender());
        try {
             System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
             System.in.read();
        } catch(IOException e) {
             e.printStackTrace();
                                                                         purses half price!
        } finally {
                                                                         purses half price!
             system.shutdown();
                                                                         purses half price!
                                                                         shoes half price!!
                                                                         shoes half price!!
```

start

{subscribe, P1} {subscribe, P2}

broadcaster

р1

#### 3) Broadcast.java

#### Compile:

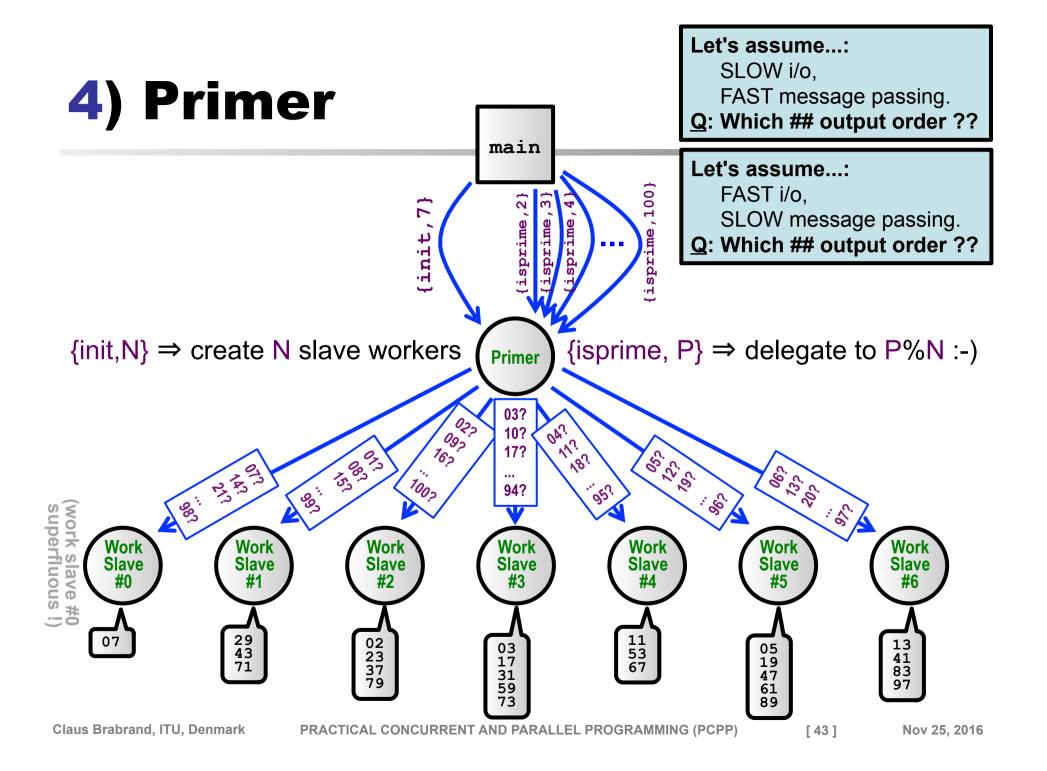
```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar Broadcast.java
```

#### Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. Broadcast
```

#### Output:

```
purses half price!
purses half price!
purses half price!
shoes half price!!
shoes half price!!
```



### 4) Primer.erl

```
Slave
-module(helloworld).
-export([start/0,slave/1,primer/1]).
is prime loop(N,K) ->
   K2 = K * K, R = N rem K,
   case (K2 = < N) and (R /= 0) of
      true -> is prime loop(N, K+1);
      false -> K
   end.
is prime(N) ->
K = is prime loop(N,2),
   (N \ge 2) and (K*K > N).
n2s(N) \rightarrow
   lists:flatten(io lib:format("~p",[N])).
slave(Id) ->
   receive
      {isprime, N} ->
         case is prime(N) of
          true -> io:fwrite("(" ++
n2s(Id) ++ ") " ++ n2s(N) ++ "\n");
           false -> []
         end,
         slave (Id)
   end.
```

```
Prime
create slaves(Max,Max) -> [];
create slaves(Id,Max) ->
   Slave = spawn(helloworld, slave, [Id]),
   [Slave|create slaves(Id+1,Max)].
primer(Slaves) ->
   receive
      {init, N} when N=<0 ->
         throw({nonpositive,N});
      {init, N} ->
         primer(create slaves(0,N));
      {isprime, } when Slaves == [] ->
         throw({uninitialized}) ;
      {isprime, N} when N=<0 ->
         throw({nonpositive,N});
      {isprime, N} ->
         SlaveId = N rem length(Slaves),
         lists:nth(SlaveId+1, Slaves)
            ! {isprime,N},
         primer(Slaves)
   end.
spam( , N, Max) when N>=Max -> true;
spam(Primer, N, Max) ->
   Primer ! {isprime, N},
   spam(Primer, N+1, Max).
start() ->
   Primer =
      spawn(helloworld, primer, [[]]),
   Primer ! {init,7},
   spam (Primer, 2, 100).
```

```
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
import akka.actor.*;
class InitializeMessage implements Serializable {
    public final int number of slaves;
    public InitializeMessage(int number of slaves) {
         this.number of slaves = number of slaves;
class IsPrimeMessage implements Serializable {
   public final int number;
   public IsPrimeMessage(int number) {
         this.number = number;
```

```
-- SLAVE ACTOR
class SlaveActor extends UntypedActor {
   private boolean isPrime(int n) {
        int k = 2;
        while (k * k \le n \& k != 0) k++;
        return n \ge 2 \&\& k * k > n;
   private int delay(int n) {
        int res = 0:
                                                  artificial
        for (int i=0; i<10000000*n; i++) {
                                                  delay
            res = res + i;
        return res:
   public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
        if (delay(p) == p) System.out.println("will not happen: ");  // artificial delay
        if (o instanceof IsPrimeMessage) {
            int p = ((IsPrimeMessage) o).number;
            if (isPrime(p)) System.out.println("(" + p%7 + ") " + p); %% HACK: 7 !
```

```
// -- PRIME ACTOR ----
class PrimeActor extends UntypedActor {
   List<ActorRef> slaves:
   private List<ActorRef> createSlaves(int n) {
        List<ActorRef> slaves = new ArrayList<ActorRef>();
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
            ActorRef slave =
                getContext().actorOf(Props.create(SlaveActor.class), "p" + i);
                slaves.add(slave);
        return slaves:
   public void onReceive(Object o) throws Exception {
        if (o instanceof InitializeMessage) {
            InitializeMessage init = (InitializeMessage) o;
            int n = init.number of slaves;
            if (n<=0) throw new RuntimeException("*** non-positive number!");
            slaves = createSlaves(n);
            System.out.println("initialized (" + n + " slaves ready to work)!");
        } else if (o instanceof IsPrimeMessage) {
            if (slaves==null) throw new RuntimeException("*** uninitialized!");
            int n = ((IsPrimeMessage) o).number;
            if (n<=0) throw new RuntimeException("*** non-positive number!");
            int slave id = n % slaves.size();
            slaves.get(slave id).tell(o, getSelf());
```

```
public class Primer {
   private static void spam(ActorRef primer, int min, int max) {
        for (int i=min; i<max; i++) {</pre>
            primer.tell(new IsPrimeMessage(i), ActorRef.noSender());
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        final ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create("PrimerSystem");
        final ActorRef primer =
            system.actorOf(Props.create(PrimeActor.class), "primer");
        primer.tell(new InitializeMessage(7), ActorRef.noSender());
        try {
            System.out.println("Press return to initiate...");
            System.in.read();
            spam(primer, 2, 100);
            System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
            System.in.read();
        } catch(IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            system.shutdown();
```

#### Compile:

```
javac -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar Primer.java
```

#### Run:

```
java -cp scala.jar:akka-actor.jar:akka-config.jar:. Primer
```

#### Output:

```
press return to initiate...
initialized (7 slaves ready to work)!

(2) 2
(3) 3
Press return to terminate...
(0) 7
(5) 5
(4) 11
(6) 13
(3) 17
(5) 19
(2) 23
(1) 29
(3) 31
```

```
(2) 37

(6) 41

(1) 43

(5) 47

(4) 53

(3) 59

(5) 61

(4) 67

(1) 71

(3) 73

(2) 79

(6) 83

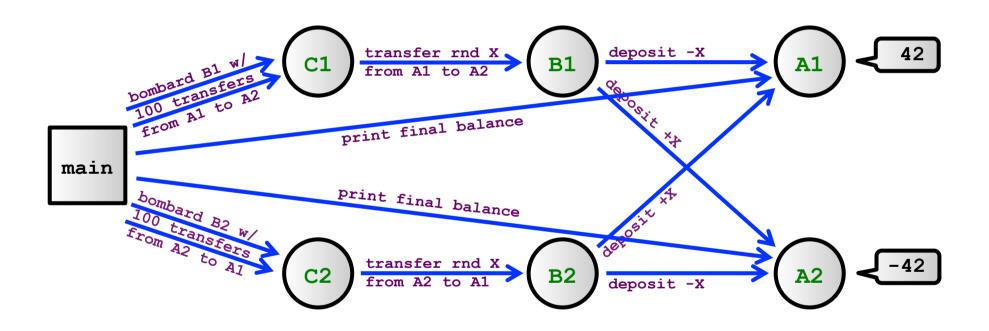
(5) 89

(6) 97
```

#### **Mandatory Hand-in Exercise**

For Message Passing

# 5) ABC (Clerk/Bank/Account)



### 5) ABC.erl

```
-module (helloworld).
-export([start/0,
         account/1,bank/0,clerk/01).
%% -- BASIC PROCESSING -----
n2s(N) -> lists:flatten( %% int2string
   io lib:format("~p", [N])). %% HACK!
random(N) -> random:uniform(N) div 10.
%% -- ACTORS -----
account(Balance) ->
   receive
      {deposit,Amount} ->
         account(Balance+Amount) ;
      {printbalance} ->
         io:fwrite(n2s(Balance) ++ "\n")
   end.
bank() ->
   receive
      {transfer, Amount, From, To} ->
         From ! {deposit, -Amount},
         To ! {deposit, +Amount},
         bank()
   end.
```

```
ntransfers(0, , , ) -> true;
ntransfers(N,Bank,From,To) ->
   R = random(100),
   Bank ! {transfer,R,From,To},
   ntransfers (N-1, Bank, From, To).
clerk() ->
   receive
      {start,Bank,From,To} ->
         random: seed (now()),
         ntransfers (100, Bank, From, To),
         clerk()
   end.
start() ->
   A1 = spawn(helloworld,account,[0]),
   A2 = spawn(helloworld,account,[0]),
   B1 = spawn(helloworld,bank,[]),
   B2 = spawn(helloworld,bank,[]),
   C1 = spawn(helloworld,clerk,[]),
   C2 = spawn(helloworld,clerk,[]),
   C1 ! {start, B1, A1, A2},
   C2 ! {start, B2, A2, A1},
   timer:sleep(1000),
   A1 ! {printbalance},
   A2 ! {printbalance}.
```

### 5) ABC.java

### (Skeleton)

```
import java.util.Random;
                          import java.io.*;
                                              import akka.actor.*;
class StartTransferMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }
class TransferMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }
class DepositMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }
class PrintBalanceMessage implements Serializable { /* TODO */ }
// -- ACTORS -----
class AccountActor extends UntypedActor { /* TODO */ }
class BankActor extends UntypedActor { /* TODO */ }
class ClerkActor extends UntypedActor { /* TODO */ }
public class ABC { // Demo showing how things work:
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        final ActorSystem system = ActorSystem.create("ABCSystem");
        /* TODO (CREATE ACTORS AND SEND START MESSAGES) */
        try {
           System.out.println("Press return to inspect...");
           System.in.read();
           /* TODO (INSPECT FINAL BALANCES) */
           System.out.println("Press return to terminate...");
           System.in.read();
        } catch(IOException e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
           system.shutdown();
```

#### **MANDATORY HAND-IN!**

- a) Implement ABC.java (as close to ABC.erl as possible, but without using "tail-recursion")
- **b) Answer question:**What happens if we replace
  {deposit, ±Amount} w/ the msgs?:

```
B -{inspect} - A
-{Balance} - A
```

```
*** OUTPUT ***

Press return to inspect...

Press return to terminate...

Balance = 42

Balance = -42
```

#### Thx!

#### Questions?

#### Four Conditions ⇔ Deadlock!

- 1) Mutual exclusion condition (aka. "Serially reusable resources"):
- Processes involved share resources which they use under mutual exclusion.
- 2) Hold-and-wait condition (aka. "Incremental acquisition"):
- Processes hold on to resources already allocated to them while waiting to acquire additional resources.
- 3) No pre-emption condition:
- Resources cannot be "pre-empted" (i.e., forcibly withdrawn) once acquired by a process, but are only released voluntarily.
- 4) Circular-wait condition (aka. "Wait-for cycle"):
- a circular chain (cycle) of processes exists such that each process holds a resource which its successor in the cycle is waiting to acquire.