Elementary Vocabulary S11

1 1	take breath away	使…惊叹,瞠目结舌	21	leave alone	听…自便,不打扰
2	itch	发痒,渴望,热望	22	take a chance	冒险,碰运气
3	think fit	认为合适,认为得体	23	by turns	时而,间或
4	now and then	时而,有时	24	as a result	结果,因此
5	cool down	变凉,冷却,冷静	25	leave behind	留下,遗忘
6	be tired of	厌烦,厌倦	26	resist	抵制,阻挡
7	downtown	市中心,在市中心	27	plain	朴素的,清楚的
8	look into	调查,研究,观察	28	representative	代表,典型的,有代表的
9	upset	沮丧的,难过	29	proud	自豪的,骄傲的
10	prejudice	偏见,成见	30	dawn	黎明,拂晓,破晓
11	be subject to	受…支配,遭受	31	vain	自负的,徒劳的,
12	speak for	代表…讲话,支持	32	do justice to sb	公正对待某人
13	necessary	必需的,必要的	33	take away	拿走,带走,离开
14	regardless	不管,不顾	34	greedy	贪婪的,贪心的
15	demand	需要,强烈要求	35	pass through	穿过,经历
16	prison	监狱,牢笼	36	compare notes	与交换意见
17	join hands	联手,携手	37	in addition to	除此之外,另外,加之
18	arrest	逮捕 , 拘留 , 阻止	38	work out	锻炼,得到,了解
19	forbid	禁止,不准	39	feast	盛宴,宴会,尽情享用
20	set an example	树立榜样	40	There is no need	何须,没有必要,不必

▲ take sb's breath away

phrv. (美或惊讶得)令(人)喘不过气来,使(人)惊叹,使(人)瞠目结舌

eg. She was so beautiful and it took my breath away. 她太漂亮了,让我很惊叹。

▷ hold/catch one's breath 屏住呼吸 ▷ lose one's breath 上气不接下气

▷ take breath 歇息,喘口气 ▷ save/waste one's breath 别白费/浪费口舌,

▲ itch [ɪtʃ]

vi/n. (使)发痒,渴望,热望

eg. My left foot itched. 我的左脚发痒。

eg. I have an itch on my left foot.我的左脚发痒。

▷ itch for/to do 渴望

eg. Most people have an itch for romance. 大多数人都渴望浪漫。

eg. I'm itching to tell you the news. 我很想告诉你这个消息。

▲ think fit

phrv. 认为合适,认为得体 = see fit

eg. You must do as you think fit. 你认为怎么合适就怎么干。

eg. The newspaper didn't think fit to publish my letter. 报纸认为不适合刊登我的信。

▲ now and then

phr. 时而,有时 = now and again

eg. We do meet now and then but not regularly. 我们偶尔见面,但不定期。

▲ cool down

phrv. 温度下降, 天气变凉, 冷却; (氛围)冷淡, (情绪)冷静,镇静;

eg. I won't see him until his anger has cooled down/off.

在他的怒气平息之前,我不会见他。

▲ be tired of

phr. 厌烦, 厌倦

eg. I must have a rest for I'm tired of typing. 我必须休息一下,因为我打字累了。

▷ tire v. (使)疲劳,疲倦

eg. Hard-working tired me out. 努力工作使我筋疲力尽。

▷ tiring adj. 令人疲劳的 ▷ tiresome adj. 令人厌烦的

▲ downtown [daʊnˈtaʊn]

n. 市中心, 市中心区, 市中商业区; adv. 在市中心, 往市中心 adj. 闹市区的;

- eg. He lived downtown. 他住在市中心。
- ▷ uptown adj/adv. 离开市中心,在(或向)市郊
- ▷ go up to town 上城
- ▷ go down to the countryside 下乡
- eg. He lives downtown, so you must go up to town to find him. 他住在市中心,所以你必须进城去找他。

▲ look into

phrv. 调查,研究,观察

eg. The police are looking into the murder. 警方正在调查这起谋杀案。

▲ upset [∧p'set]

- adj. 沮丧的,失望的; vt. 使烦恼,使生气; n. (意外的)混乱,困扰,麻烦;
- eg. Losing the gold ring upset her. 丢失金戒指使她心烦意乱。

▲ prejudice ['predʒudɪs]

- n. 偏见,成见; vt. 使怀有(或形成)偏见,损害,有损于;
- eg. I admit that I have a strong prejudice. 我承认我有强烈的偏见。

▲ be subject to

phr. 受...支配, 受...影响; 遭受;

- eg. We are all subject to the rules of the school. 我们都要遵守学校的规定。
- eg. Are you subject to colds? 你经常感冒吗?
- ▷ subject n. 主题, 题目, 科目; adj. 可能受...影响; 易遭受...的;

▲ speak for

phrv. 代表…讲话,为…辩护,支持;(事实替某人说话)证明;

- eg. I'm speaking for him when I say he hates wars. 当我说他讨厌战争时,我是在替他说话。
- eg. These facts speak well for his honesty. 这些事实证明了他的诚实。

▲ necessary ['nesəseri]

- adj. 必需的,必要的,必然的,无法避免的;
- eg. It may be necessary to buy a new one. 也许有必要买个新的了。

▲ regardless [rɪˈgɑːrdləs]

- adv. 不管,不顾,不加理会 = in spite of
- eg. The weather was terrible but we carried on regardless.

天气非常恶劣,但我们并不理会,照常进行。

- ▷ regardless of 不管,不顾,不理会
- eg. He went ahead and did it, regardless of the consequences. 他说干就干了,没有考虑后果。

▲ demand [dɪˈmænd]

v/n. 需要, 强烈要求 +for

eg. The worker's demand for higher pay seems reasonable.

工人要求加薪似乎是合理的。

eg. This new aircraft makes great demands of the pilot. 这架新飞机对飞行员的要求很高。

▷ on demand 一经要求,承索

eg. The check is payable on demand. 支票见票即付。

▷ in demand 很受欢迎,需求量大

eg. Oil is in great demand these days. 这些天石油需求量很大。

▷ demanding adj. 要求高的, 苛求的, 要高技能(或耐性等)的, 费力的, 要求极严的 eg. a demanding boss 要求苛刻的老板

▲ prison ['prɪzn]

- n. 监狱、看守所,难以脱身的地方(或处境),牢笼; v. 监禁,关押,紧紧抱住;
- eg. I hate school, it's a prison to me. 我讨厌学校,它对我来说是个监狱。
- vt. 监禁, 关押
- eg. They were imprisoned for possession of drugs. 他们因拥有毒品而被监禁。

▲ join hands

phrv. 联手, 携手

eg. Don't waste our energies, let's join hands in the business. 不要浪费精力,让我们携手合作吧。

▷ join forces 会师, 齐心协力, 合作;

eg. The two firms joined forces/hands to win a major contract. 这两家公司联合起来赢得了一份主要合同。

▲ arrest [əˈrest]

v/n. 逮捕,拘留,阻止

- eg. After the match, three youths were arrested. 比赛结束后,三名年轻人被捕。
- ▷ under arrest 被捕,逮捕,被捕了,被逮捕
- eg. She was under arrest on suspicion of murder. 她因涉嫌谋杀而被逮捕。

▲ forbid [fərˈbɪd]

- vt. 禁止,不准,妨碍,阻碍,阻止
- eg. We forbid his son using his car. 我们禁止他儿子使用他的汽车。
- eg. We are forbidden to walk on the lawn. 我们被禁止在草坪上行走。

▲ set an example

phrv. 为某人树立了榜样 = set sb an example for/to sb

eg. He worked hard and set a good example to the other students. 他学习努力,为其他学生树立了好榜样。

▲ leave alone

phrv. 听...自便, 随...去, 不打扰

- eg. Sarah hoped he'd take the hint and leave her alone. 萨拉希望他能明白她的意思,不来打扰她
- ▷ let alone 更不用说
- eg. He hasn't enough money for food, let alone amusements. 他没有足够的钱买食物,更不用说娱乐了。

▲ take a chance

phrv. 冒险,碰运气 (on sth)

- eg. We take a chance from time to time. 我们时不时地碰着运气
- ▷ take the opportunity to do sth 利用这个机会,趁此机会
- eg. I'd like to take the opportunity to learn from you. 我想借此机会向你学习。

▲ by turns

phr.(表示两种感情或品质的交替)时而,间或

- eg. When I had a fever last week, I felt cold and hot by turns. 当我上周发烧时,我感到又冷又热。
- ▷ in turn 依次,轮流,逐个,相应地,转而,反之,反过来,结果,后来
- eg. They answered the teacher's questions in turn. 他们依次回答了老师的问题。
- eg. The theory is based on practice and in turn, serves the practice.

理论以实践为基础,反过来又为实践服务。

▲ as a result

phr. 结果,因此

eg. He fell off his bike, and as a result, he died. 他从自行车上摔下来,结果死了。

▷ as a result of 由于

eg. As a result of the fall off his bike, he died. 由于从自行车上摔下来,他死了。

▲ leave behind

phrv. 留下, 遗忘,把...抛在后面

eg. It won't rain, you can leave your umbrella behind.

天不会下雨,你可以把伞放在后面。

eg. I left my coat behind on the bus. 我把外套忘在公共汽车上了。

▲ resist [rɪˈzɪst]

v. 抵制,阻挡,反抗,回击,抵抗,忍住,抵挡,使不受...的伤害

eg. They are determined to resist pressure to change the law.

他们决心顶住要求改革法律的压力

▷ resistance n. 抵抗力, 电阻

▷ resistant adj. 抵抗的,有抵抗力的,抵制的

▲ plain [pleɪn]

adj. 清楚的,明显的;朴素的;浅白的,坦诚的,直率的,直接的

eg. He made it plain that we should leave. 他明确表示要我们离开。

eg. a plain but elegant dress 朴素淡雅的连衣裙

eg. plain food 清淡的食物

eg. a politician with a reputation for plain speaking 说话直率出了名的一个政治人物

▲ representative [repri'zentətɪv]

n. 代表,销售代表; adj. 典型的,有代表性的

eg. a representative of the UN 联合国代表

eg. This painting is representative of his work. 这幅画是他的代表作。

▲ proud [praʊd]

adj. 自豪的,骄傲的,得意的,满足的,引以为荣的,傲慢的

▷ be proud of / take pride in / pride oneself on 引以为豪

▲ dawn [do:n]

- n. 黎明, 拂晓, 破晓
- eg. They start work at dawn. 天一亮他们就开始干活了。
- ▷ from dawn to dark 不分昼夜

▲ vain [veɪn]

- adj. 自负的, 自视过高的; 徒劳的, 枉然的, 无结果的; 无价值的, 无意义的;
- eg. Playing cards seems a vain pastime to me. 在我看来,打牌是一种徒劳的消遣。
- eg. It is vain to resist. 抵抗是徒劳的。
- ▷ in vain 徒劳无益 ▷ vanity n. 空虚
- eg. We shouldn't pass out life in vain. 我们不应该虚度生命。

▲ do justice to sb

phrv. 公正对待某人 = do sb justice

- ▷ do sb an injustice 使某人受屈,冤枉某人
- eg. He did me an injustice by calling me a liar. 他骂我撒谎,对我不公平。

▲ take away

phrv. 拿走, 带走; 离开; 使...消失; 有损于, 损害;

- eg. Take 2 away from 4, and you get 2. 从4中减去2,得到2。
- eg. Some business took me away from the city. 一些生意使我离开了这个城市。
- eg. The scandal took away greatly from his public image. 这件丑闻大大损害了他的公众形象。

▲ greedy [ˈgriːdi]

- adj. 贪婪的, 贪心的, (小孩)贪吃的, 渴望的 + for
- eg. The shareholders are greedy for profit. 股东们都利欲熏心。

▲ pass through

- v. 穿过, 经过; 经历, 经验, 遭受;
- eg. They had to pass through the forest to get to the river. 他们必须穿过森林才能到达河边。

▲ compare notes

phrv. + with sb 与某人交换意见、心得、看法;

eg. They often compare notes with each other on their studies. 他们经常相互交换学习心得。

▲ in addition to

adv. 除此之外, 另外, 加之

eg. Aunt Mary gave us a bag of cookies in the addition to sandwiches for out picnic. 丽阿姨给了我们一袋饼干,外加我们野餐用的三明治。

▲ work out

phrv. 锻炼;得到,想出,计算出;了解,弄清,弄明白;发生,进展(顺利);

- eg. Don't worry it will all work out in the end. 别担心,最终一切都会解决的。
- eg. I work out regularly to keep fit. 我经常锻炼以保持健康。
- eg. No one can work out how the fire started. 没有人能弄清火灾是怎么发生的。

▲ feast [fiːst]

- n. 盛宴,宴会;节日,节期,使人欢快的事物;vi. 尽情享用(美味佳肴)
- ▷ a feast for the eyes = feast one's eyes on sth 大饱眼福, 赏心悦目
- eg. Snow-capped mountains are a feast for the eyes. 雪山是赏心悦目的盛宴。

▲ There is no need

sent. 何须,没有必要,不必 + for sb to do sth

eg. There is no need to hurry, we have plenty of time left.

没有必要着急,我们还有很多时间。