

Elementary Vocabulary S14

keep up 坚持，保持	abandon 放弃，离弃
becoming 相配的，合适的	involve 涉及，包含
figure out 解决，算出	expense 开销，花费
make sense 有道理，讲得通	calculate 计算，推测
attach 系，贴上，附在	appoint 任命，委任
keep an eye out 留意，瞪大眼睛	appetite 食欲，胃口
take into consideration 考虑到，顾及	position 位置，地位
appeal 上诉，申诉	diverse 多种多样的，不同的，相异的
get across 把…讲清楚，克服	resemble 类似于，看起来像
associate 联合，联想	keep pace with 跟上，齐步，与…步调一致
annoy 惹恼，骚扰	succeed 达到目的，实现目标，办到
react to 对…有反应	raise 提升，举起，提起
go with 与…一起存在，与…相配	arise 发生，出现
hand in hand 携着手的，密切的	make it 规定时间，成功
blame 责备，指责	refer to 查阅，参考
distinguish 区分，辨别	apart from 除了
adapt 适应，改编	take the risk of 冒险
in view 在视野中，在视图中	accomplish 完成
relate to 涉及，有关，理解	command 命令，指挥，统率
pass away 去世，消失	prosper 繁荣，兴旺

▲ keep up

phrv. 坚持, 保持

▷ keep up good state of mind in face of failure. 在失败面前保持良好的心态

▲ becoming [bɪ'kʌmɪŋ]

adj. 相配的, 合身的, 合适的, 与...相称的

eg. a becoming hat 一顶漂亮的帽子

▲ figure out

phrv. 解决, 算出, 想出, 理解, 断定

eg. You must figure out some way of getting some bread. 你必须想出某些赚钱的办法。

▲ make sense

phr. 有道理, 合乎情理, 可以理解, 讲得通

eg. If you think about it, it makes sense. 如果你仔细想想会发现这是有道理的。

▷ make no sense 没有意义

▲ attach [ə'tætʃ]

v. 系, 贴上, 附在

eg. Attach the coupon to the front of your letter. 把优惠券附在信的正面

▷ attach importance to 重视

eg. I attach great importance to this research. 我认为这项研究十分重要。

▷ attach to 喜爱, 爱慕, 依恋, 纠缠

eg. He attached himself to me at the party and I couldn't get rid of him.

在聚会上他老是缠着我, 我简直无法摆脱他。

▲ keep an eye out

phr. 留意, 瞪大眼睛, 密切注意

eg. Police have asked residents to keep an eye out for anything suspicious.

警方要求居民密切注意一切可疑的情况。

▷ keep an eye on sb/sth 留心/照看

eg. Keep an eye on her. 注意盯着她

▲ take into consideration

phr. 把...考虑进去, 考虑到, 顾及

eg. Taking everything into consideration, it's a good job. 总的来说, 这是一个不错的工作。

▷ sth be under consideration 某事正在考虑中

▷ in consideration of 考虑到, 由于

▷ on/under no consideration 绝不

▲ appeal [ə'pi:l]

v/n. 上诉，申诉；呼吁，吁请，恳求；吸引/吸引力，感染力，魅力

eg. The company is **appealing** against the ruling. 公司正对判决提出申诉。

eg. Nationalist leaders **appealed** for calm. 民族主义领袖们呼吁保持冷静。

eg. The prospect of living in a city holds little **appeal** for me. 将要住在城市里对我没有什么吸引力。

▲ get across

phrv. 通过，(使)被理解，把...讲清楚，克服

eg. The bridge was destroyed, so we couldn't **get across**. 桥被毁了，所以我们无法过桥。

eg. Would you please help me **get** the children **across** the stress. 你能帮我让孩子们克服压力吗？

▲ associate [ə'səʊsiət]

v/n. 联合，联想，联系，交往 + with

eg. I always **associate** the smell of baking with my childhood.

一闻到烘烤食物的味道我就想起了童年。

eg. I don't like you **associating** with those people. 我不喜欢你 and 那些人混在一起。

▲ annoy [ə'nɔɪ]

v. 惹恼，骚扰，打扰，使恼怒

eg. These flies are **annoying** me. 这些苍蝇烦死我了。

eg. I was **annoyed** with him because he kept interrupting me.

我对他很生气，因为他一直打断我。

▲ react to

phrv. 对...有反应 = respond to

eg. Some people can **react** badly **to** certain food additives.

有些人会对某些食品添加剂产生不良反应。

▲ go with

phrv. 与...一起存在，与...相配，伴随，与...相伴而生

eg. The hat **goes with** his clothes. 帽子和他的衣服相配。

▲ hand in hand

phr. 携着手的，密切的

eg. High unemployment and high crime often go **hand in hand**.

高失业率和高犯罪率往往相辅相成。

▲ blame [bleɪm]

v. 责备，指责，把...归咎于

▷ blame sb for sth 因...而责备某人

▷ blame sth on sb 把某事归咎在某人身上

eg. She doesn't **blame** anyone for her father's death. 她没把她父亲的死归罪于任何人

▷ be to blame for sth 对富有责任，应当收到责备

eg. I think it is your husband who is to **blame** for your spoiled son.

我认为你的丈夫应该为你被宠坏的儿子负责。

▲ **distinguish** [dɪ'stɪŋɡwɪʃ]

v. 区分，辨别

eg. **distinguish** A from B

eg. Sometimes reality and fantasy are hard to **distinguish**. 有时候现实和幻想很难区分。

▷ distinguish oneself 使...杰出，显出特色

eg. What was it that **distinguished** her from her classmates?

是什么使得她有别于班上其他同学呢？

▲ **adapt** [ə'dæpt]

v. 适应(新情况)，改编，使适合(新用途、新情况)，改写

eg. **adapt** to/ **adapt** oneself to 使...适应

▲ **in view**

phr. 在视野中，在视图中

eg. There was nobody **in view**. 一个人也看不见。

▷ in view of 鉴于，由于，基于

eg. **In view of** the weather, the event will now be held indoors.

由于天气的缘故，这项赛事将在室内进行。

▲ **relate to**

phrv. 涉及，有关，理解

eg. All these questions **relate to** philosophy. 这些问题都跟哲学有关。

eg. He is unable to **relate to** other people. 他无法理解他人的想法。

▲ **pass away**

phrv. 去世，逝世；消失，消逝

eg. He unfortunately **passed away** last year. 他去年不幸逝世。

▲ **abandon** [ə'bændən]

v. 放弃(信念)，离弃，遗弃，陷入，沉湎于 n. 放任，放纵

eg. The baby had been **abandoned** by its mother. 这个婴儿被母亲遗弃了。

eg. He **abandoned** himself to despair. 他陷入绝望。

▲ **involve** [ɪn'vɔ:l]

v. 涉及, 包含, 牵涉, 需要

eg. Many of the crimes **involved** drugs. 许多罪案都与毒品有关

eg. How many vehicles were **involved** in the crash? 这次撞车事故涉及多少辆汽车

▷ be involved in 从事, 忙于

▷ involvement [ɪn'vɔ:lvmənt] n. 参与, 加入, 插手

▲ **expense** [ɪk'spens]

n. 开销, 开支, 花费

eg. spare no **expense** 不惜代价/不惜花费

eg. at public/one's **expense** 公费/自费

▷ at the expense of 以...为代价/在损害...的情况下

▷ cut down one's expense 节省开支

▲ **calculate** ['kælkjuleɪt]

v. 计算, 核算, 预测, 推测

eg. It is **calculated** that about ten thousand people have visited the exhibition.

据计算, 大约有一万人参观了展览。

▲ **appoint** [ə'pɔɪnt]

v. 任命, 委任, 安排, 确定

eg. She has recently been **appointed** to the committee. 她最近获委为委员会成员。

▷ appointment n. 约会, 任命, 预约, 委任, 约定, 职务, 职位

▷ make an **appointment** with sb 与某人约会

▲ **appetite** ['æpɪtaɪt]

n. 食欲, 胃口, 强烈欲望

eg. He suffered from headaches and loss of **appetite**. 他患有头痛和食欲不振。

▷ have a good/bad appetite

▷ spoil/ruin /lose one's appetite

▷ to one's appetite 投某人所好, 适合某人口味

▲ **position** [pə'zɪʃn]

n. 位置, 地位, 职位, 主张, 见解

eg. in **positon**/out of **positon** 在位

eg. make one's **position** known 表明自己的立场

eg. put sb in a difficult/... **position** 把某人置于某个位置

▲ **diverse** [daɪ'vɜ:rs]

adj. 多种多样的, 不同的, 相异的, 形形色色的

eg. people from **diverse** cultures 不同文化背景的人

▲ **resemble** [rɪˈzembəl]

v. 类似于，像，看起来像，显得像

eg. The plant **resembles** grass in appearance. 这种植物的外形像草。

eg. She **resembles** her mother in the way she moves her hands when she talks.

她说话时手的动作很像她妈妈。

▲ **keep pace with**

phr. 跟上，齐步，与...步调一致

eg. We must **keep pace with** the new development of modern scientific researches.

我们必须跟上现代科学研究的新发展。

▲ **succeed** [səkˈsi:d]

v. 达到目的，实现目标，办到，做成

eg. Our plan **succeeded**. 我们的计划成功了。

eg. He **succeeded** in getting a place at art school. 他被艺术学校录取了。

▲ **raise** [reɪz]

v. 提升，举起，提起，抚养，饲养，建立起

eg. She **raised** the gun and fired. 她举枪射击

eg. They **raised** her (as) a Catholic. 他们让她从小就信天主教。

▲ **arise** [əˈraɪz]

v. 发生，出现，(由...)引起，(因...)产生

eg. A new crisis has **arisen**. 新危机已经出现。

▷ arise from 由...引起，由...产生

eg. Accidents often **arise from** carelessness. 事故常起因于粗心。

▲ **make it**

phrv. 规定时间，成功

eg. What time do you **make it**? 你估计现在几点了？

eg. She is determined to **make it** to the top. 她决心要出人头地。

▲ **refer to**

phrv. 查阅，参考，提到，谈到，涉及

eg. For details, **refer to** the Basis of Design. 详细情况，请查阅基本设计。

eg. They **refer to** more concrete things between them. 他们提到他们两个之间更具体的事情。

▲ **apart from**

phr. 除了，除了...还，此外 = except for

eg. I've finished **apart from** the last question. 除了最后一道题，我全做完了。

eg. **Apart from** their house in London, they also have a villa in Spain.

他们在伦敦有一座房子，此外在西班牙还有一座别墅。

▲ take the risk of

phrv. 冒险 + doing

eg. I couldn't **take the risk of** mucking up my chances. 我不能冒把自己的机会搞砸的危险。

▲ accomplish [ə'kɒmplɪʃ]

vt. 完成

eg. The first part of the plan has been safely **accomplished**. 计划的第一部分已顺利完成。

eg. **accomplish** one's purpose/goal 完成某人目标

▲ command [kə'mænd]

v/n 命令，指挥，统率

eg. Begin when I give the **command**. 我发出命令时开始。

eg. get **command** of 控制

▲ prosper ['prɒ:spər]

vi. 繁荣，兴旺，成功，发达

eg. The high street banks continue to **prosper**. 商业街上的银行仍旧一派繁荣景象。

▷ prosperity [prə:'sperəti] n. 兴旺，繁荣，成功，昌盛