CS 525 - ASD Advanced Software Development

MS.CS Program

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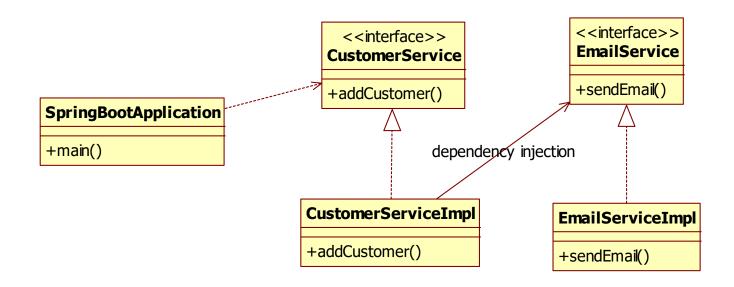


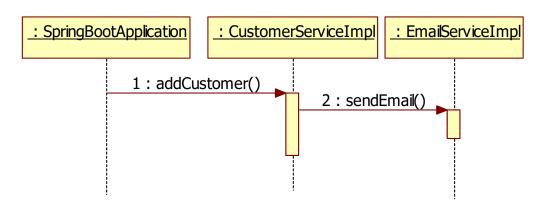
SPRING BOOT

Spring boot

 Framework that makes it easy to configure and run spring applications

Example application





Using annotations

```
public interface EmailService {
 void sendEmail();
@Service
public class EmailServiceImpl implements EmailService{
  public void sendEmail() {
    System.out.println("Sending email");
public interface CustomerService {
 void addCustomer();
@Service
public class CustomerServiceImpl implements CustomerService{
  @Autowired
  private EmailService emailService;
  public void addCustomer() {
    emailService.sendEmail();
```

Spring Boot option 1

Same as
@Configuration,
@ComponentScan
@EnableAutoConfiguration

```
@SpringBootApplication
public class SpringBootApplication {

public static void main(String[] args) {

   ApplicationContext context = new

        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(SpringBootApplication.class);

   CustomerService customerService = context.getBean("customerServiceImpl",CustomerService.class);
   customerService.addCustomer();
   }
}
```

Spring Boot option 2

```
@SpringBootApplication
public class SpringBootApplication {

public static void main(String[] args) {
   ApplicationContext context = new
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
   CustomerService customerService =
        context.getBean("customerServiceImpl",CustomerService.class);
   customerService.addCustomer();
   }
}
```

```
@Configuration
@ComponentScan("customers")
public class AppConfig {
}
```

Spring Boot option 3

Spring Boot configuration

 Spring Boot uses application.properties as the default configuration file

```
SpringBootProject [boot]

SpringBootProject
```

```
papplication.properties 
1 smtpserver=smtp.mydomain.com
2
```

application.properties

```
public interface EmailService {
  void sendEmail();
 @Service
 public class EmailServiceImpl implements EmailService{
   @Value(" ${smtpserver}")
                                                                  Inject the value from the
   String smtpServer;
                                                                 properties file
   public void sendEmail() {
     System.out.println("Sending email using smtp server "+smtpServer);

    application.properties 

    □

1smtpserver=smtp.mydomain.com
```

STRATEGY WITH SPRING

DI example

```
@Service
public class GreetingService {
                                             Spring does not know
  @Autowired
                                             which class to inject
  private Greeting greeting;
  public String getTheGreeting() {
    return greeting.getGreeting();
                                                       public interface Greeting {
@Component
public class GreetingOne implements Greeting{
                                                         String getGreeting();
  public String getGreeting() {
    return "Hello World";
@Component
public class GreetingTwo implements Greeting{
  public String getGreeting() {
    return "Hi World";
```

DI example

```
@SpringBootApplication
public class DemoProjectApplication implements CommandLineRunner {
    @Autowired
    private GreetingService greetingService;

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(DemoProjectApplication.class, args);
    }

    @Override
    public void run(String... args) throws Exception {
        System.out.println(greetingService.getTheGreeting());
    }
}
```

Description:

Field greeting in demo.GreetingService required a single bean, but 2 were found:

- greetingOne: defined in file [C:\springtraining\workspace\DemoProject\target\classes\demo\GreetingOne.class]
- greetingTwo: defined in file [C:\springtraining\workspace\DemoProject\target\classes\demo\GreetingTwo.class]

Solution 1: use qualifier

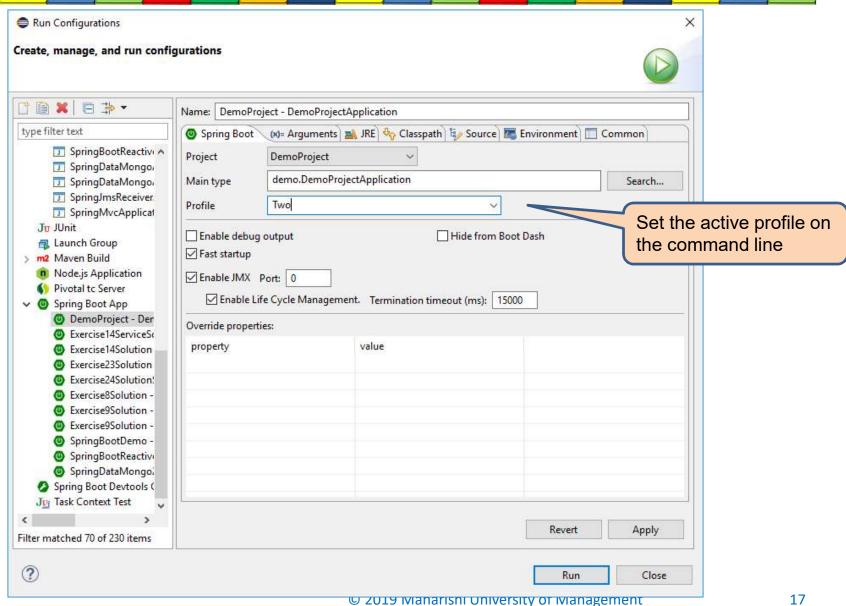
```
@Service
public class GreetingService {
    @Autowired
    @Qualifier(value="greetingOne")
    private Greeting greeting;

public String getTheGreeting() {
    return greeting.getGreeting();
    }
}
```

Solution 2: use profiles

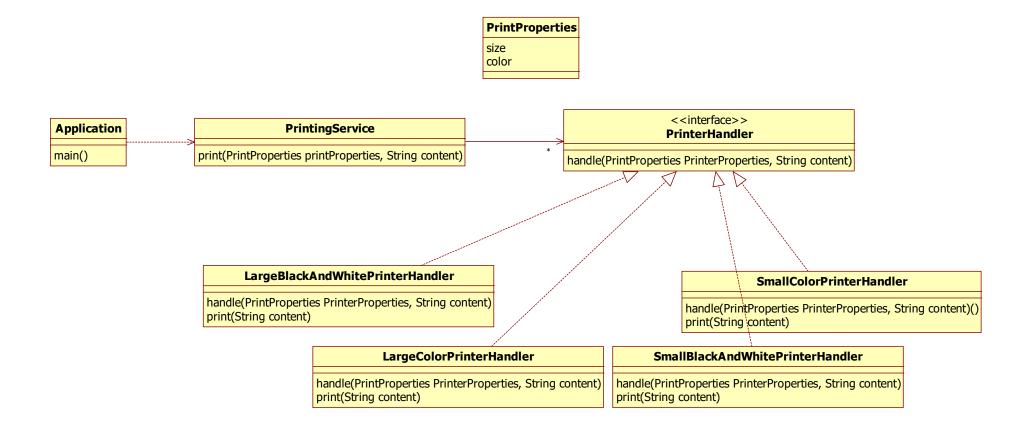
```
@Service
public class GreetingService {
                                                     Set the active profile in
   @Autowired
                                                     application.properties
   private Greeting greeting;
   public String getTheGreeting() {
     return greeting.getGreeting();
                                                   1 spring.profiles.active=One
@Component
                                                       Define a profile
@Profile("One")
public class GreetingOne implements Greeting{
  public String getGreeting() {
    return "Hello World";
@Component
                                                       Define a profile
@Profile("Two")
public class GreetingTwo implements Greeting{
  public String getGreeting() {
    return "Hi World";
                                                     ishi University of Management
                                                                                         16
```

Activate a profile



CHAIN OF RESPONSIBILITY WITH SPRING

Chain of Responsibility with Spring



LargeBlackAndWhitePrinterHandler

```
Component
public class LargeBlackAndWhitePrinterHandler implements PrinterHandler{
  public void print(String content){
   System.out.println("Large black and white printer prints: "+content);
  public boolean handle(PrintProperties printerProperties, String content) {
    if (isBlackAndWhitePrinter(printerProperties ) &&
        isLargePrinter(printerProperties)) {
     print(content);
     return true;
   return false;
  private boolean isLargePrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
    return PrinterProperties.getSize()==Size.LARGE;
  private boolean isBlackAndWhitePrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
   return PrinterProperties.getColor()==Color.BLACKANDWHITE;
```

LargeColorPrinterHandler

```
Component
public class LargeColorPrinterHandler implements PrinterHandler{
  public void print(String content){
   System.out.println("Large color printer prints: "+content);
  public boolean handle(PrintProperties printerProperties, String content) {
  if (isColorPrinter(printerProperties ) &&
        isLargePrinter(printerProperties)) {
     print(content);
     return true;
   return false;
  private boolean isLargePrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
     return PrinterProperties.getSize()==Size.LARGE;
  private boolean isColorPrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
   return PrinterProperties.getColor()==Color.COLOR;
```

SmallBlackAndWhitePrinterHandler

```
@Component
public class SmallBlackAndWhitePrinterHandler implements PrinterHandler{
  public void print(String content){
    System.out.println("Large black and white printer prints: "+content);
  public boolean handle(PrintProperties printerProperties, String content) {
  if (isBlackAndWhitePrinter(printerProperties ) &&
        isSmallPrinter(printerProperties)) {
      print(content);
     return true;
   return false;
  private boolean isSmallPrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
    return PrinterProperties.getSize()==Size.SMALL;
  }
  private boolean isBlackAndWhitePrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
   return PrinterProperties.getColor()==Color.BLACKANDWHITE;
```

SmallColorPrinterHandler

```
@Component
public class SmallColorPrinterHandler implements PrinterHandler{
  public void print(String content){
   System.out.println("Small color printer prints: "+content);
  public boolean handle(PrintProperties printerProperties, String content) {
    if (isColorPrinter(printerProperties ) && isSmallPrinter(printerProperties)) {
     print(content);
     return true;
    return false;
  private boolean isSmallPrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
    return PrinterProperties.getSize()==Size.SMALL;
  private boolean isColorPrinter(PrintProperties PrinterProperties) {
   return PrinterProperties.getColor()==Color.COLOR;
```

PrinterHandler and PrinterProperties

```
public interface PrinterHandler {
  public void handle(PrintProperties PrinterProperties, String content);
}
```

```
public class PrintProperties {
    enum Size {
        SMALL, LARGE
    }

    enum Color {
        BLACKANDWHITE, COLOR
    }

    private Size size;
    private Color color;

    public PrintProperties(Size size, Color color) {
        this.size = size;
        this.color = color;
    }

    ...
}
```

PrintingService

```
@Service
public class PrintingService {
    @Autowired
    List<PrinterHandler> printerHandlers;

public void print(PrintProperties printProperties, String content) {
    for (PrinterHandler printerHandler: printerHandlers) {
        if (printerHandler.handle(printProperties, content))
            break;
        }
    }
}
```

Application

```
@SpringBootApplication
public class Application implements CommandLineRunner {

    @Autowired
    private PrintingService printingService;

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(Application.class, args);
    }

    @Override
    public void run(String... args) throws Exception {
        printingService.print(new PrintProperties(Size.SMALL, Color.COLOR), "Hello world");
        printingService.print(new PrintProperties(Size.LARGE, Color.COLOR), "Hello world");
        printingService.print(new PrintProperties(Size.SMALL, Color.BLACKANDWHITE), "Hello world");
        printingService.print(new PrintProperties(Size.LARGE, Color.BLACKANDWHITE), "Hello world");
    }
}
```

```
Small color printer prints: Hello world
Large color printer prints: Hello world
Small black and white printer prints: Hello world
Large black and white printer prints: Hello world
```

Main point

- The Chain of responsibility can be implemented in Spring with list injection
- We enliven those aspects in creation where we put our attention on.

Connecting the parts of knowledge with the wholeness of knowledge

- 1. The Spring framework instantiates your objects and wires them together with dependency injection.
- 2. Profiles allow you to change the wiring of beans using an external properties file
- **3. Transcendental consciousness** is the field of pure consciousness which is home to all the laws of nature.
- 4. Wholeness moving within itself: In unity consciousness one enjoys a permanent state of fulfilment while spontaneously benefiting oneself and society