CS 525 - ASD Advanced Software Development

MS.CS Program

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Lesson 8 Adapter pattern



L1: ASD Introduction

L2: Strategy, Template method

L3: Observer pattern

L4: Composite pattern, iterator pattern

L5: Command pattern

L6: State pattern

L7: Chain Of Responsibility pattern

Midterm

L8: Proxy, Adapter, Mediator

L9: Factory, Builder, Decorator, Singleton

L10: Framework design

L11: Framework implementation

L12: Framework example: Spring framework

L13: Framework example: Spring framework

Final

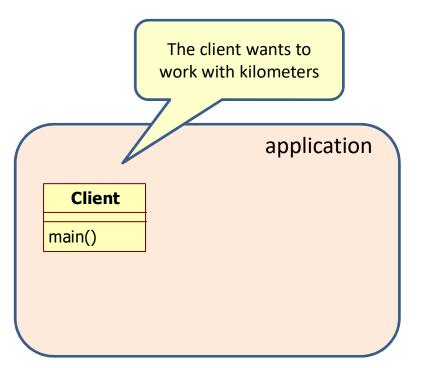
Adapter pattern

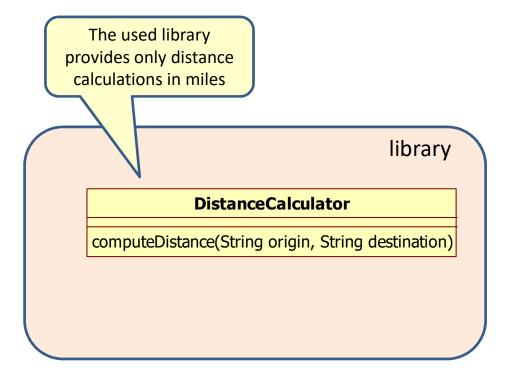
- Translates the existing interface of a class into an interface that the client requires.
 - (Reusable) wrapper





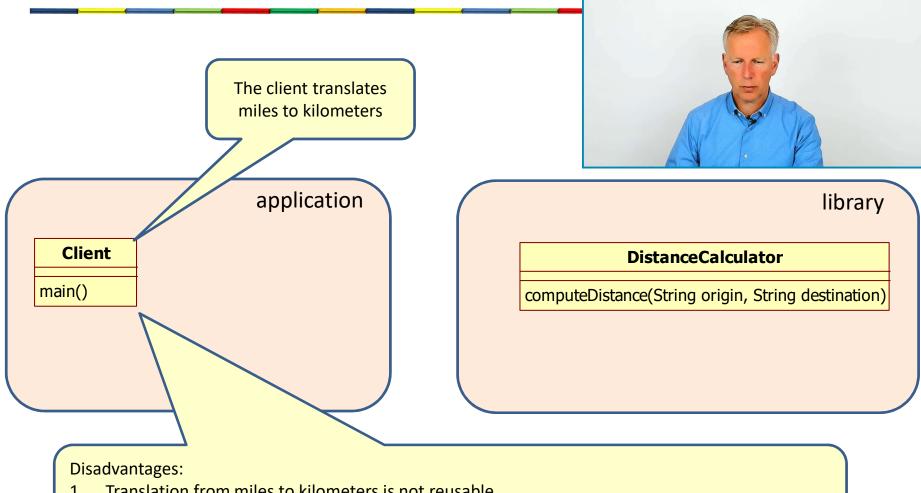
Design problem





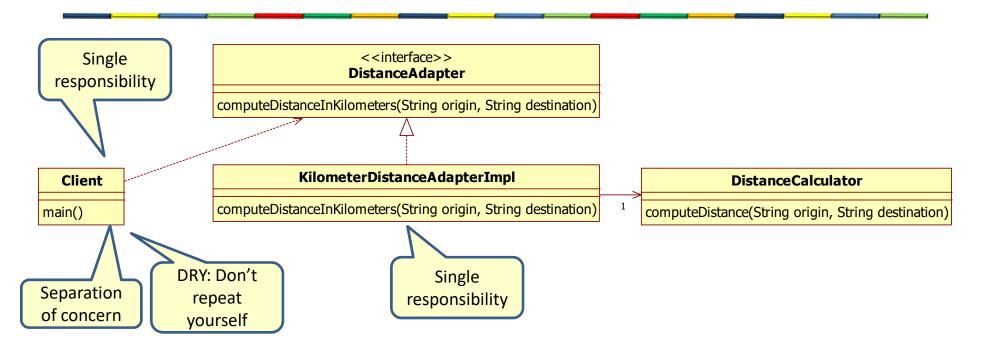


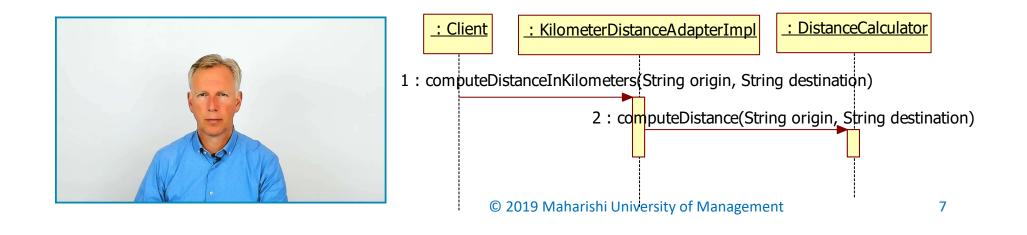
Solution



- Translation from miles to kilometers is not reusable.
 Every client that uses this library has to implement the translation (DRY: don't repeat yourself)
- 2. The client does multiple things (single responsibility)

Better solution: Adapter





Adapter + Adaptee

```
public class DistanceCalculator {
  public double computeDistance(String origin, String destination) {
    return (new Random()).nextInt(100);
  }
}
```

```
public interface DistanceAdapter {
  double computeDistanceInKilometers(String origin, String destination);
  void setDistanceCalculator(DistanceCalculator distanceCalculator);
}
```

```
public class KilometerDistanceAdapterImpl implements DistanceAdapter {
   private DistanceCalculator distanceCalculator;

public double computeDistanceInKilometers(String origin, String destination) {
    double distanceInMiles = distanceCalculator.computeDistance(origin, destination);
    return distanceInMiles * 1.609344;
   }

public void setDistanceCalculator(DistanceCalculator distanceCalculator) {
    this.distanceCalculator = distanceCalculator;
   }
}
```

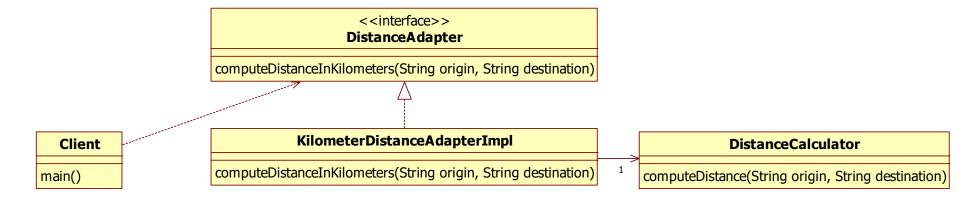
Client

```
public class Client {

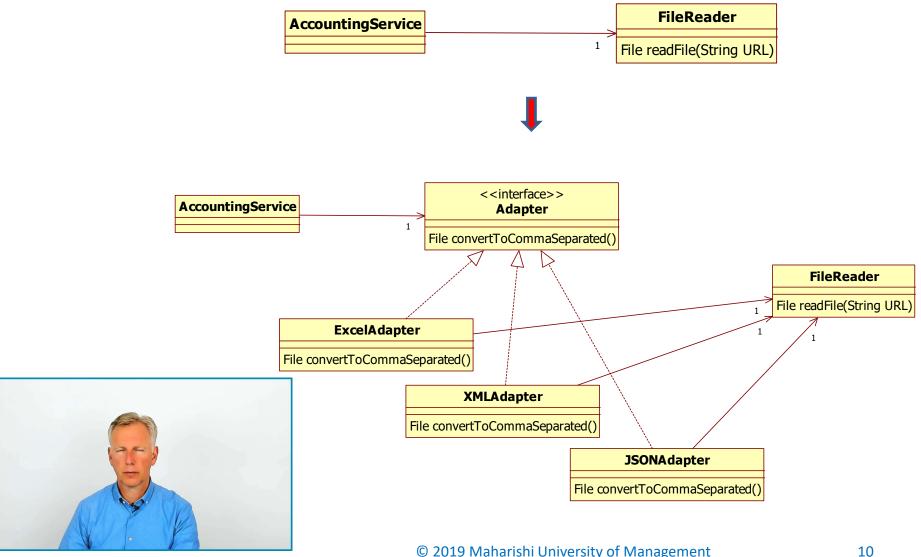
public static void main(String[] args) {
    DistanceCalculator distanceCalculator = new DistanceCalculator();
    double distanceInMiles = distanceCalculator.computeDistance("city1", "city2");
    System.out.println("The distance between city1 and city2 ="+distanceInMiles+" miles");

DistanceAdapter distanceAdapter = new KilometerDistanceAdapterImpl();
    distanceAdapter.setDistanceCalculator(distanceCalculator);

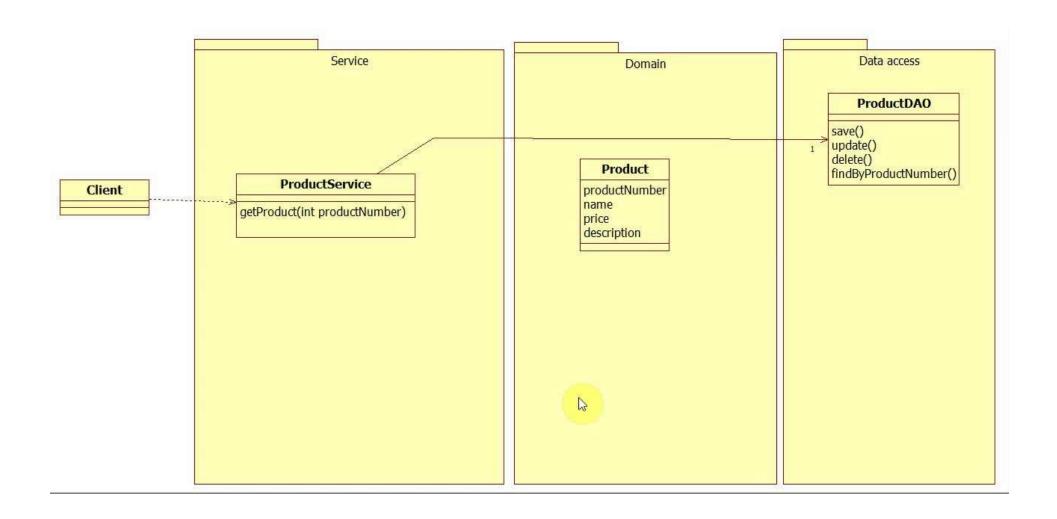
double distanceInKilometers = distanceAdapter.computeDistanceInKilometers("city3", "city4");
    System.out.println("The distance between city3 and city4 ="+distanceInKilometers+" kilometers");
}
```



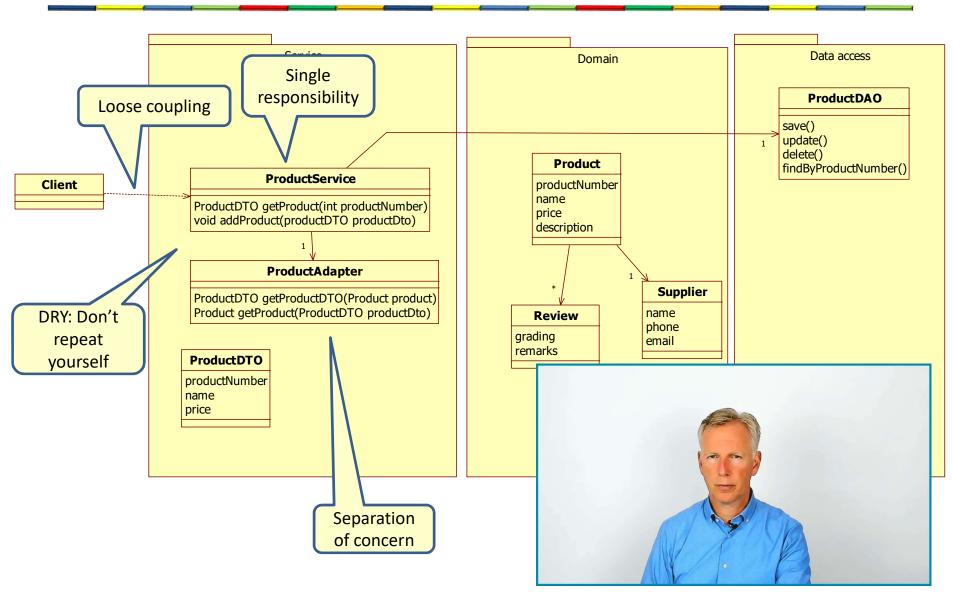
Where are adapters used



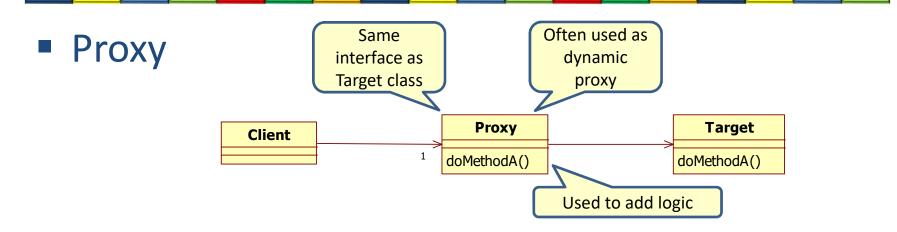
Where are adapters used

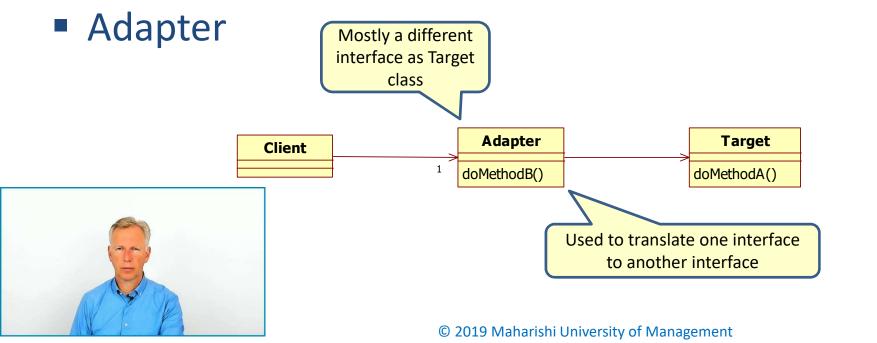


Where are adapters used



Adapter and Proxy: wrapper





Main point

- The Adapter translates an existing interface to a required interface.
- Life is found in layers, from the most abstract transcendental layer (Unified Field) to the most concrete layer.