

CS 525 - ASD

# Advanced Software Development

**MS.CS Program**  
Department of Computer Science  
Rene de Jong, MsC.



Maharishi University  
OF MANAGEMENT

CS 525 - ASD

# Advanced Software Development


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# Lesson 8

- 
- L1: ASD Introduction
  - L2: Strategy, Template method
  - L3: Observer pattern
  - L4: Composite pattern, iterator pattern
  - L5: Command pattern
  - L6: State pattern
  - L7: Chain Of Responsibility pattern

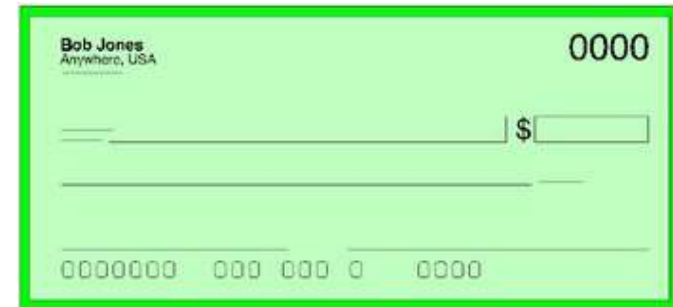
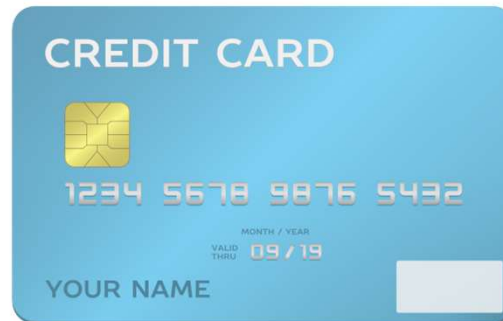
## Midterm

- L8: Proxy, Adapter, Mediator**
- L9: Factory, Builder, Decorator, Singleton
- L10: Framework design
- L11: Framework implementation
- L12: Framework example: Spring framework
- L13: Framework example: Spring framework

## Final

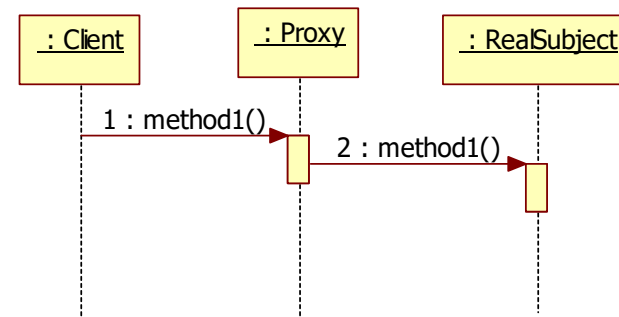
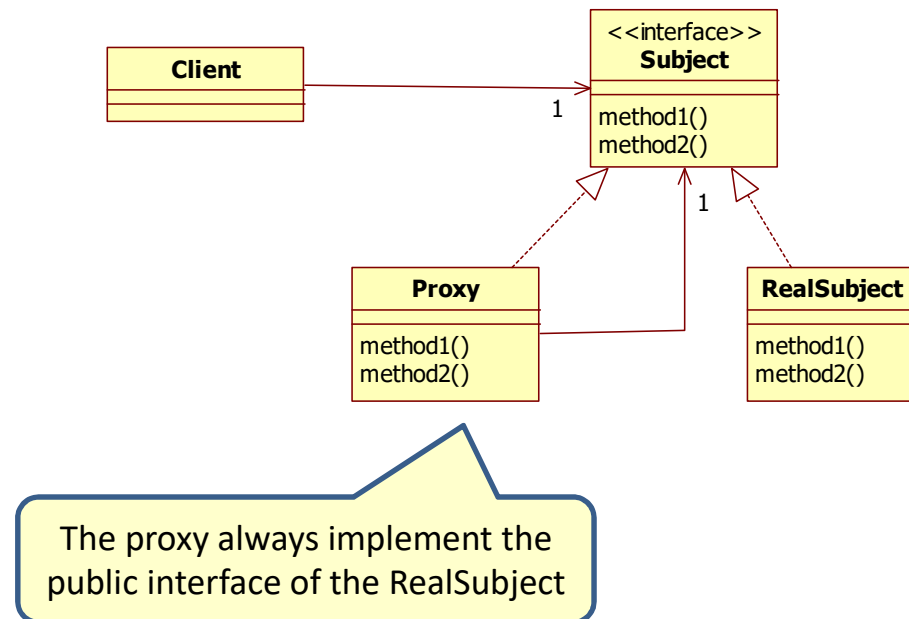
# Proxy pattern

- Provides a surrogate or placeholder for another object.

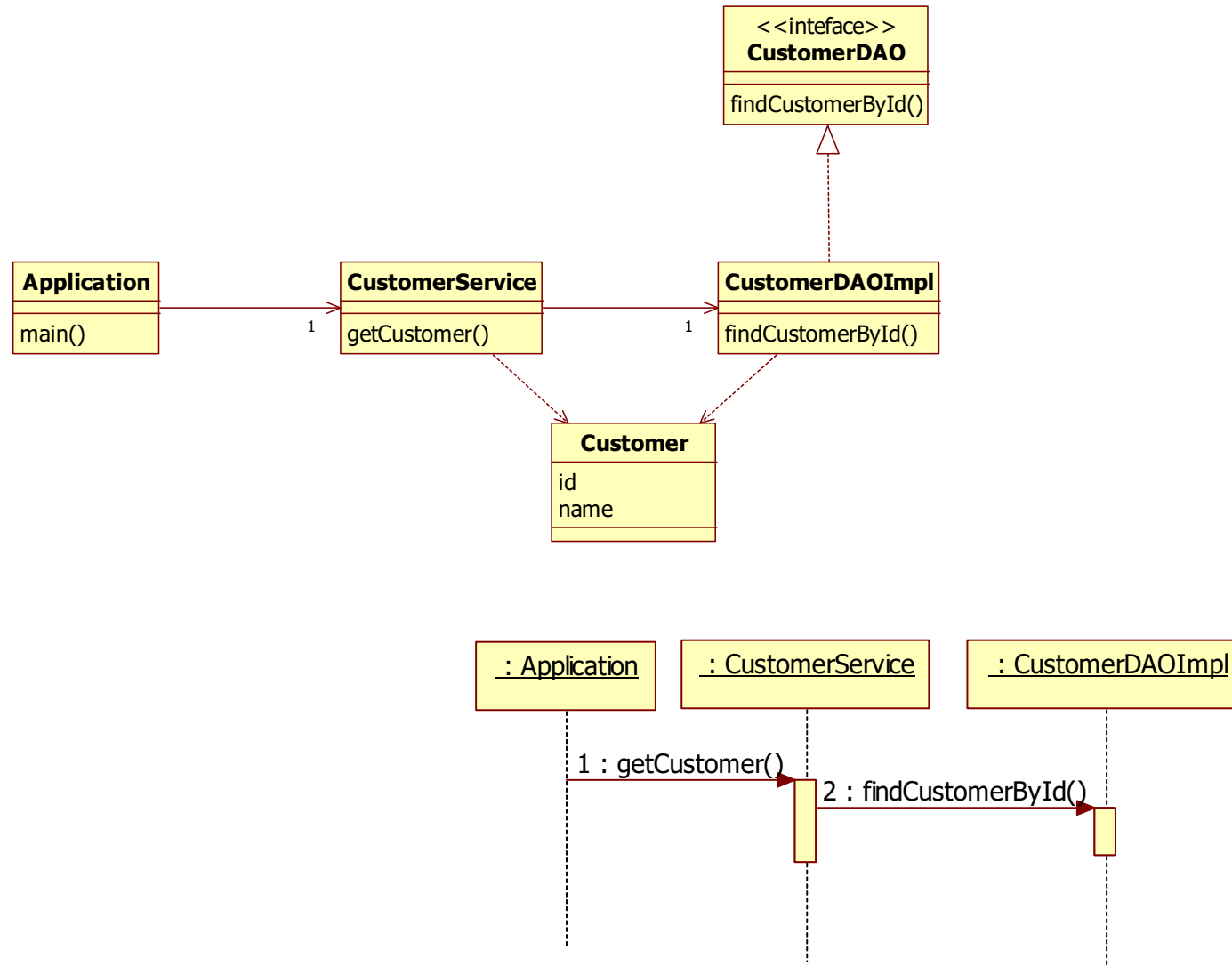


# Proxy pattern

- Remote proxy
- Caching proxy
- Synchronization proxy
- Security proxy
- Transactional proxy
- Lazy load proxy
- Logging proxy
- ...



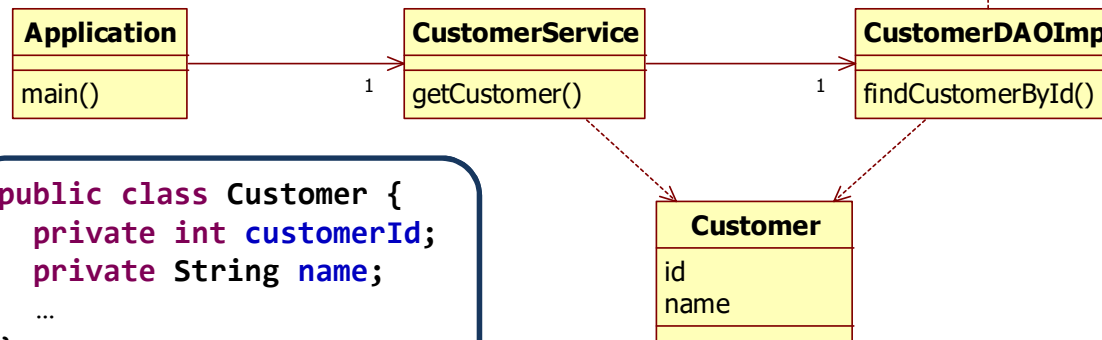
# Example without proxy



# Example without proxy

```
public interface CustomerDAO {  
    Customer findCustomerById(int customerId);  
}
```

```
public class CustomerService {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO = new CustomerDAOImpl();  
    public Customer getCustomer(int customerId) {  
        return customerDAO.findCustomerById(customerId);  
    }  
}
```

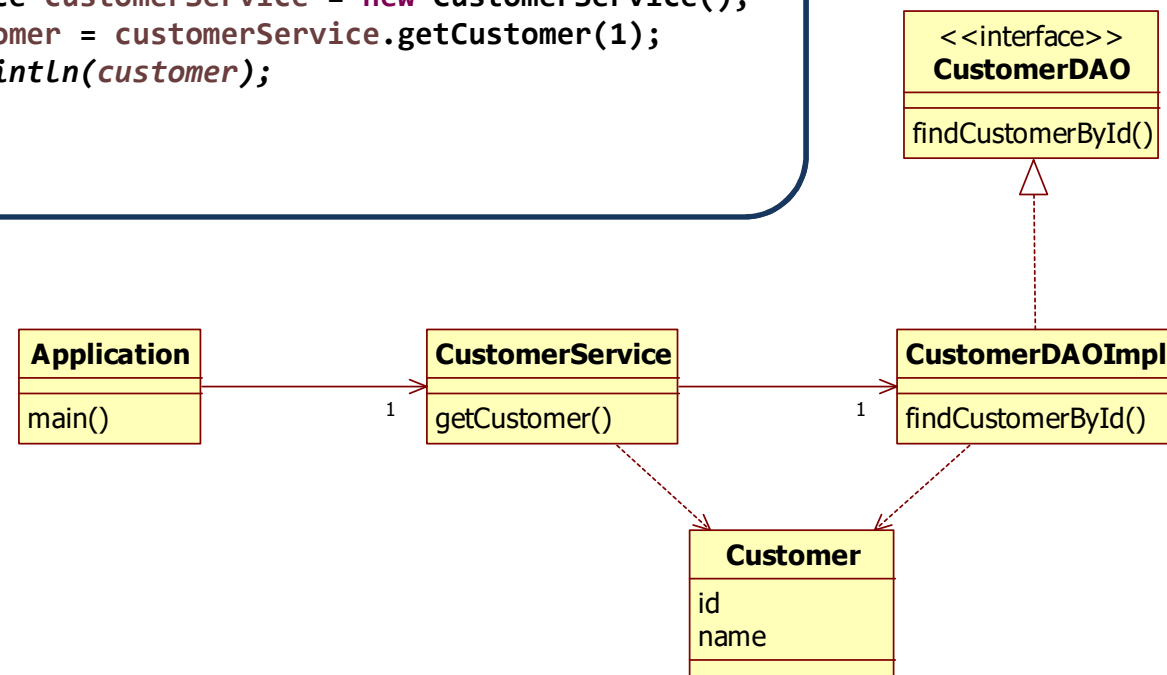


```
public class Customer {  
    private int customerId;  
    private String name;  
    ...  
}
```

```
public class CustomerDAOImpl implements CustomerDAO {  
    public Customer findCustomerById(int customerId) {  
        return new Customer(customerId, "Frank Brown");  
    }  
}
```

# Example without proxy: application

```
public class Application {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        CustomerService customerService = new CustomerService();  
        Customer customer = customerService.getCustomer(1);  
        System.out.println(customer);  
    }  
}
```

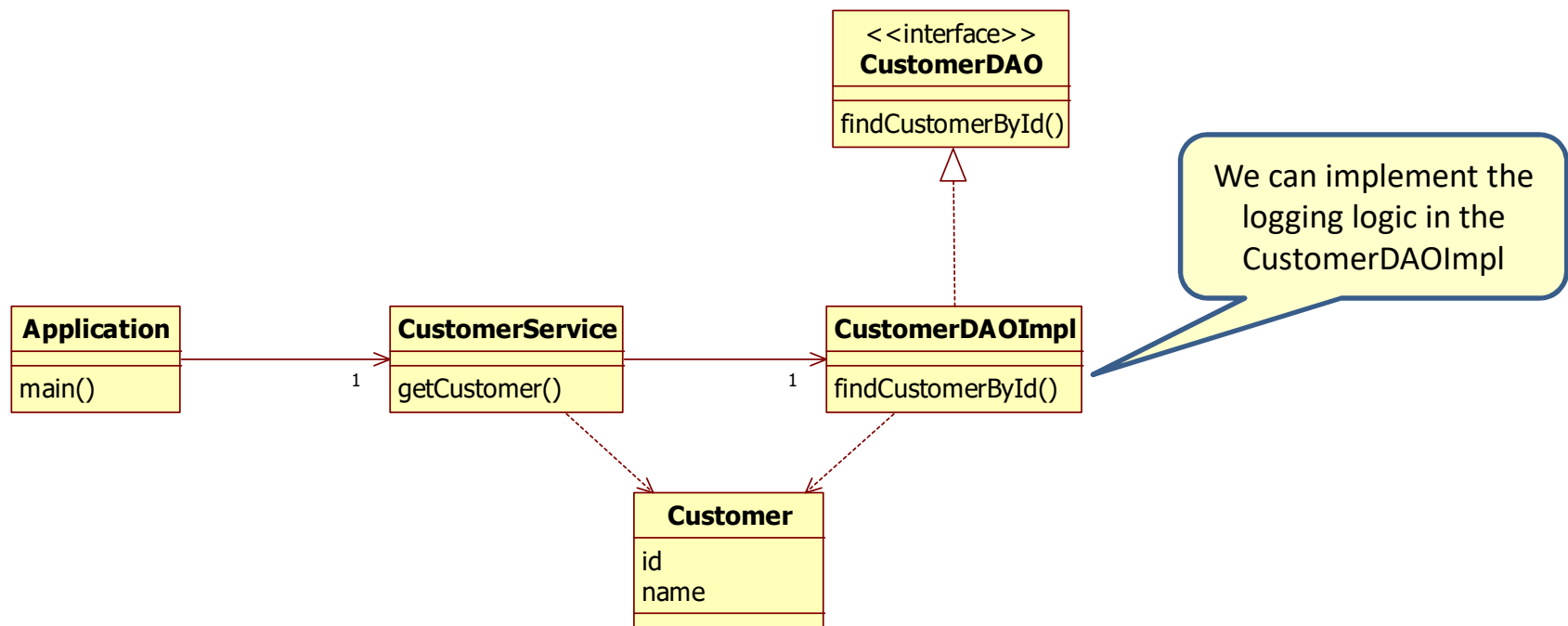


Customer [customerId=1, name=Frank Brown]



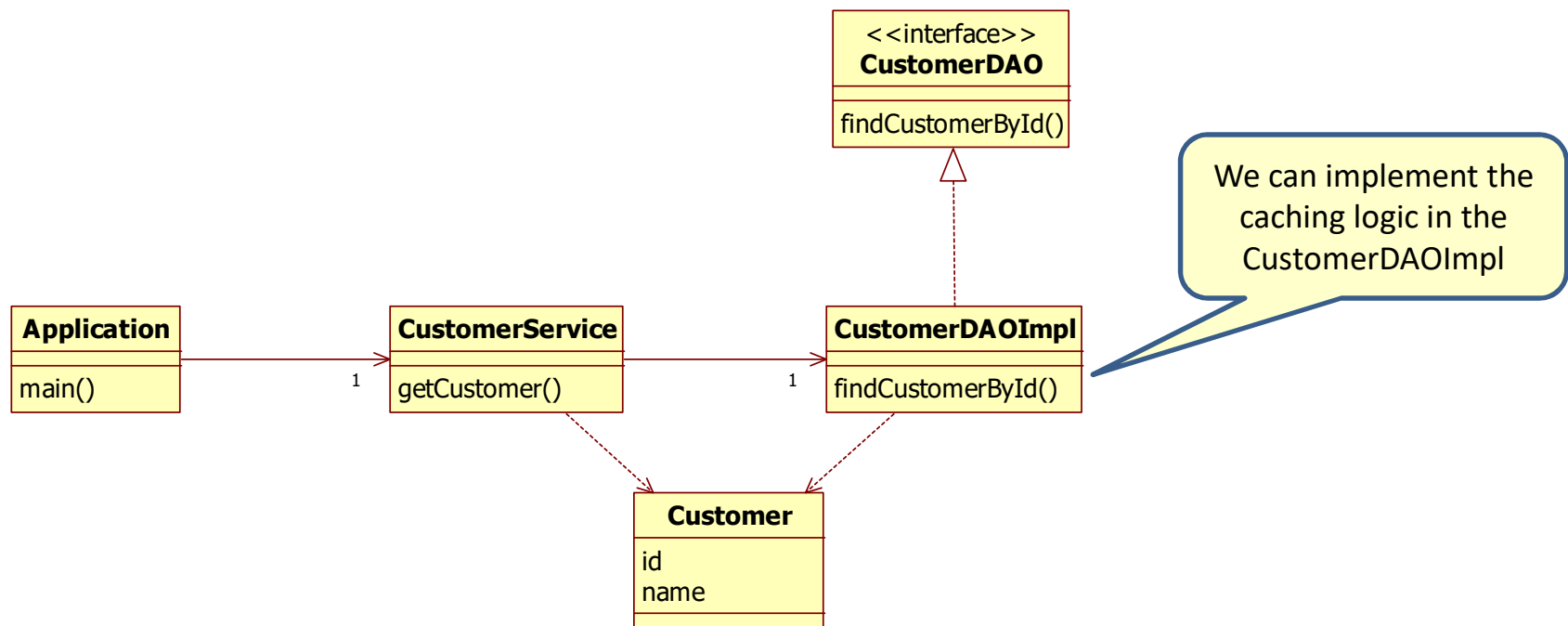
# New requirement: logging

- For maintainability reasons we want to log every action on the database



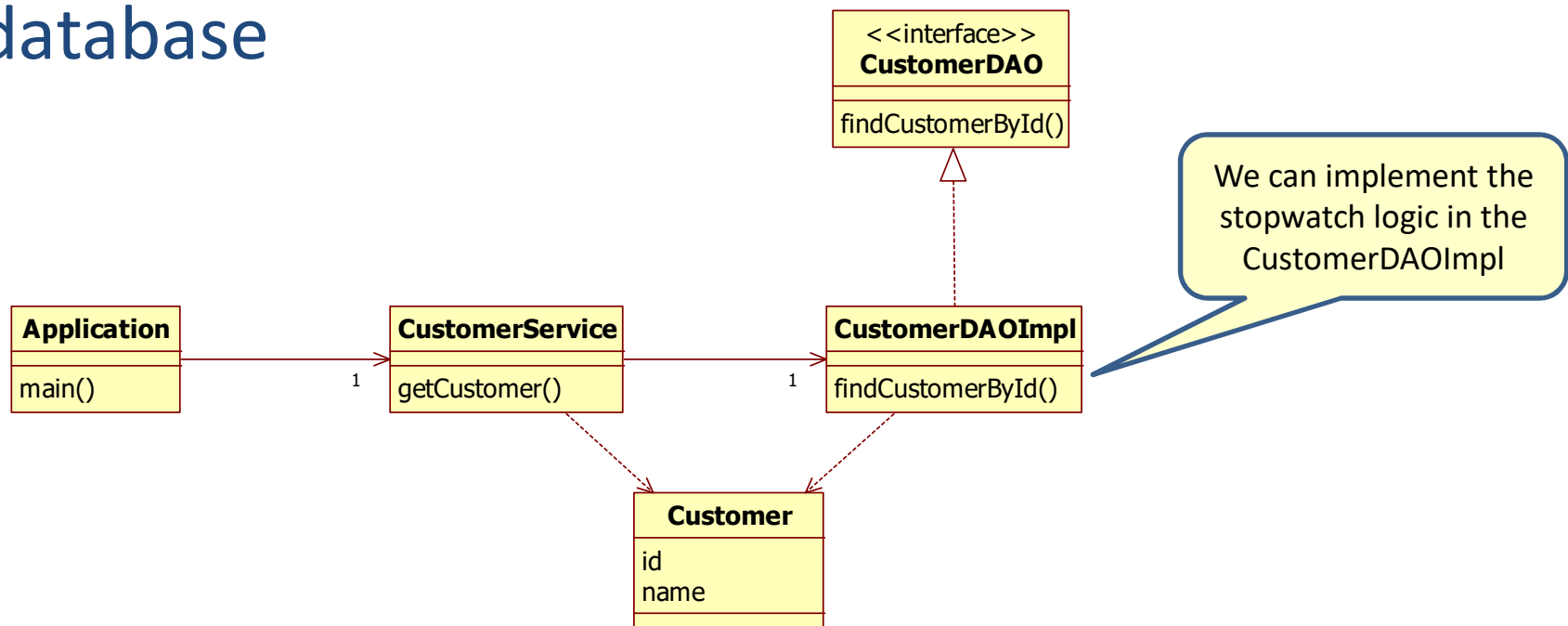
# New requirement: caching

- For performance reasons we want to cache the Customers we retrieve from the database



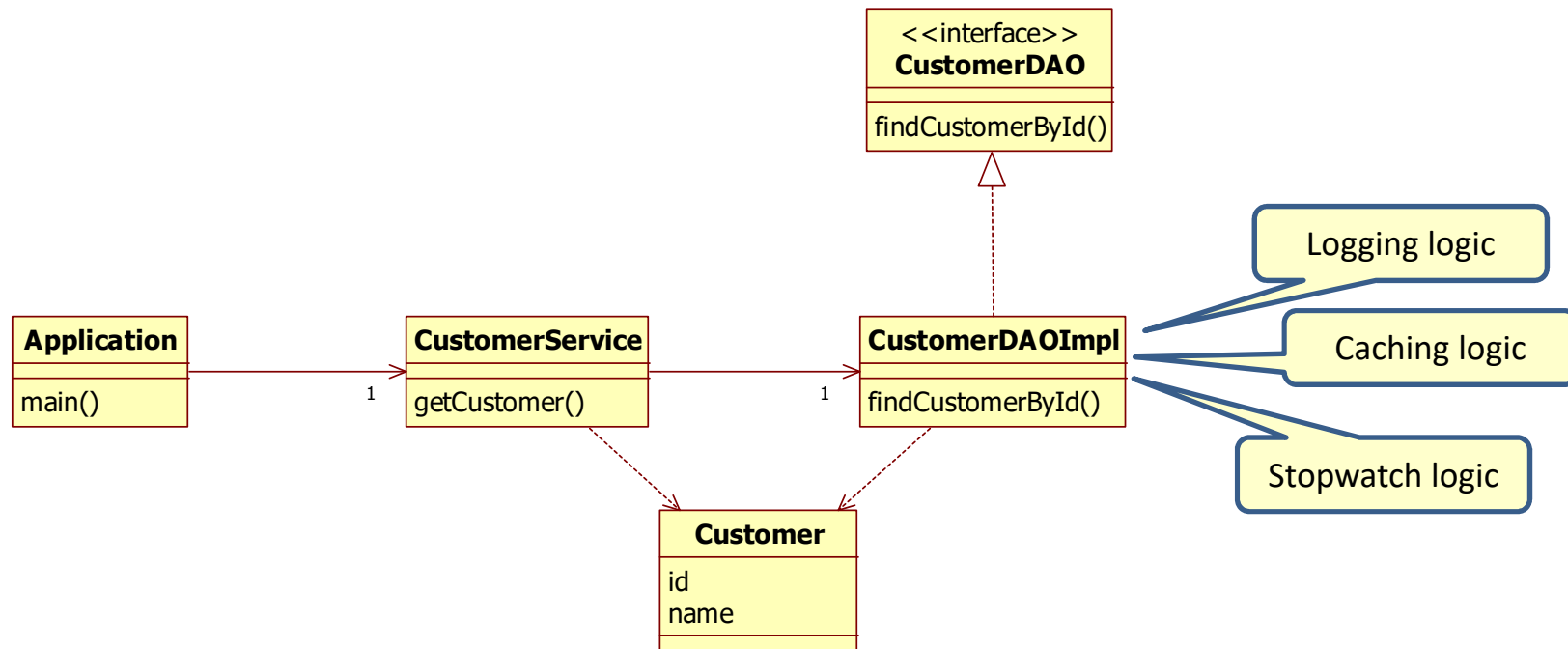
# New requirement: time measurement

- For performance management reasons we want to measure the time of every call to the database



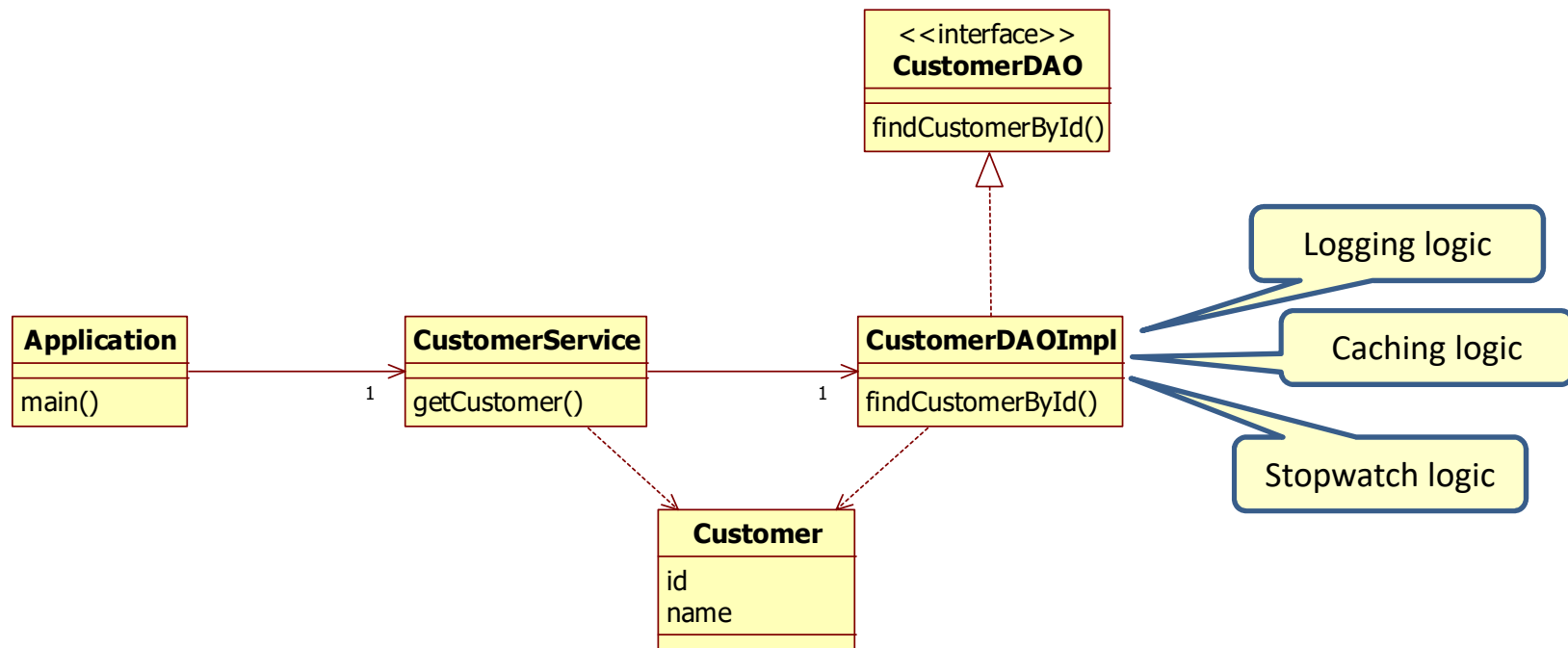
# Single responsibility

- A class has one reason to change

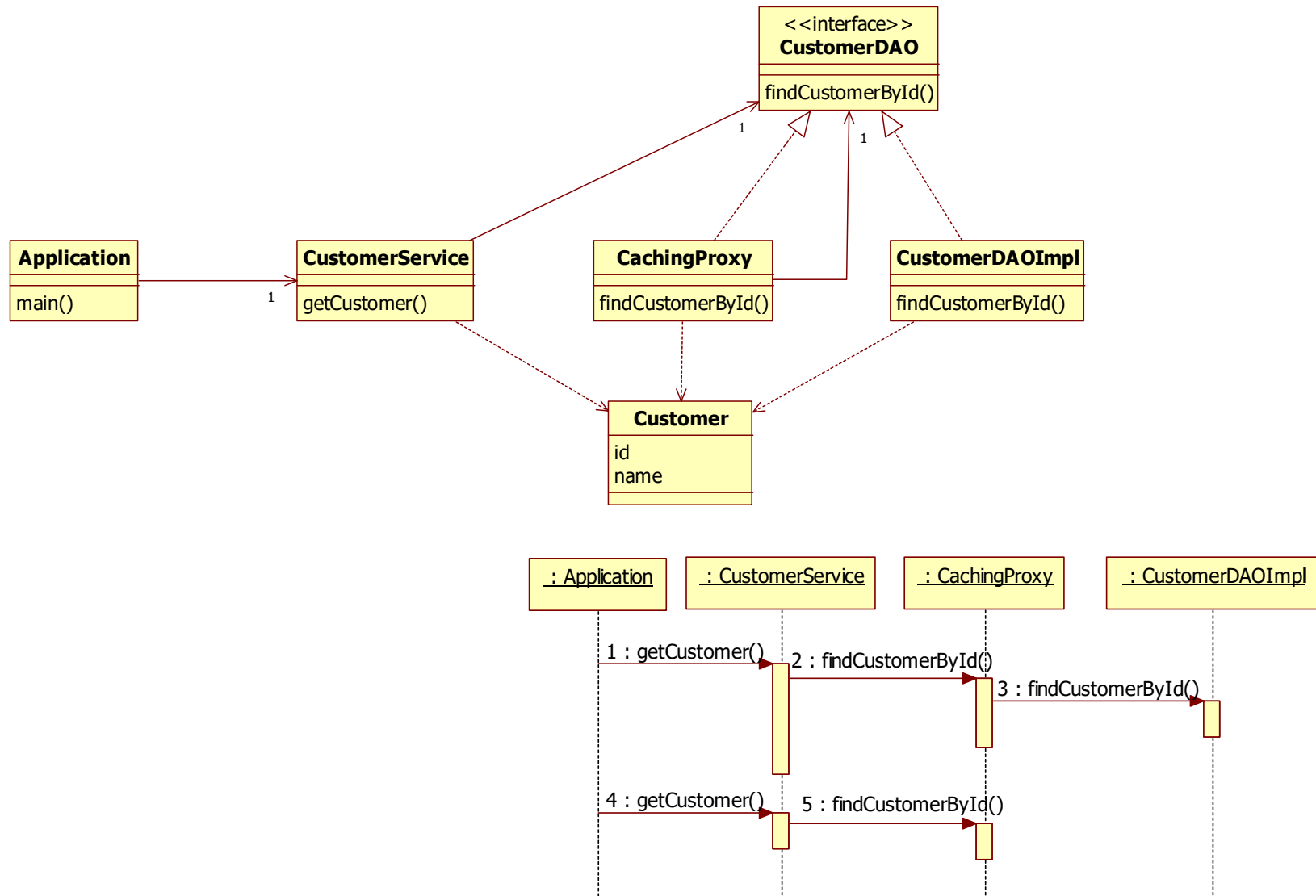


# Open-closed principle

- Your design should be open for extension, but closed for change



# Caching proxy

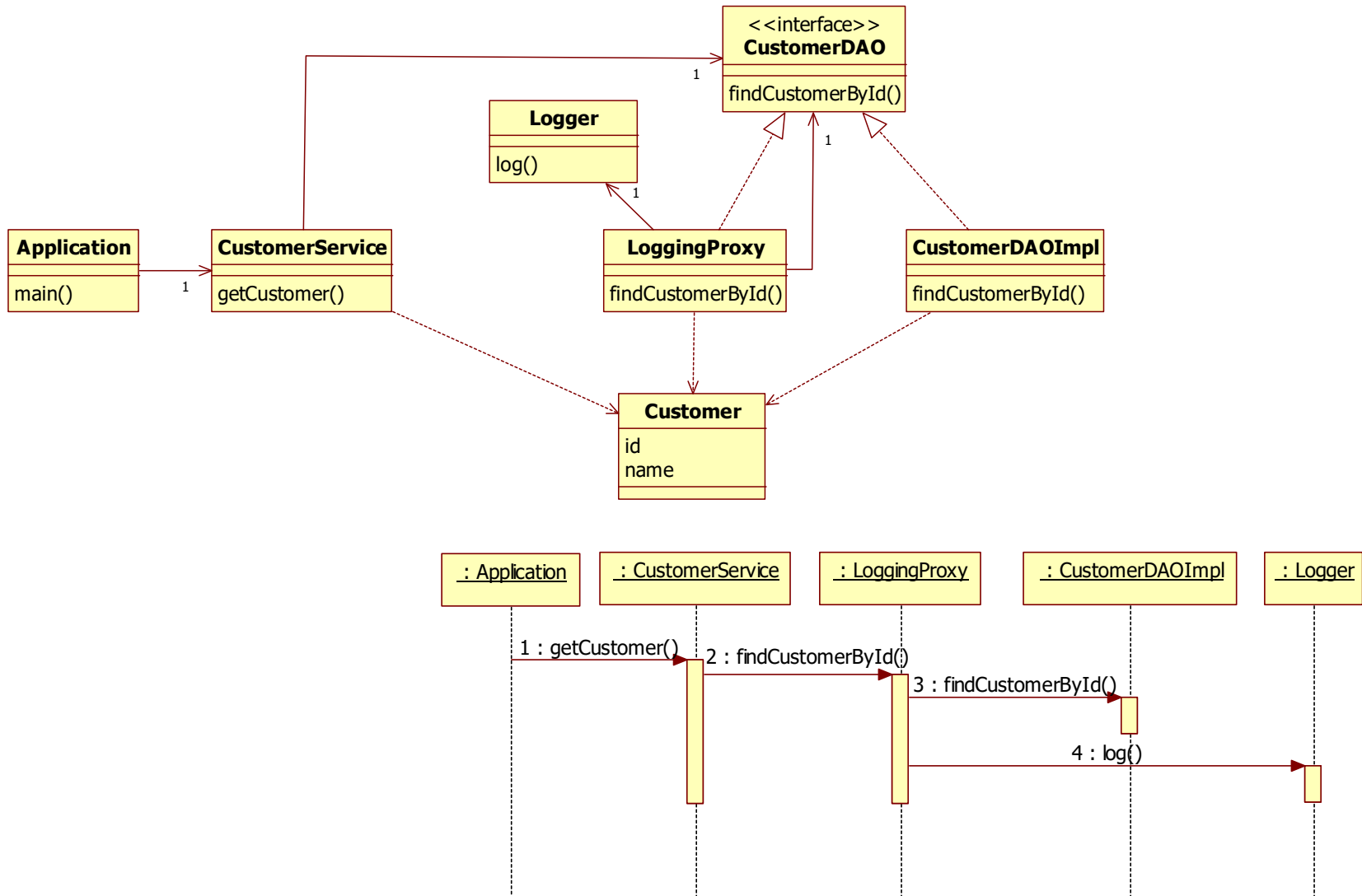


# Caching proxy code

```
public class CustomerService {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO = new CustomerDAOImpl();  
    CustomerDAO cachingProxy = new CachingProxy(customerDAO);  
  
    public Customer getCustomer(int customerId) {  
        return cachingProxy.findCustomerById(customerId);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class CachingProxy implements CustomerDAO{  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO;  
    Map<Integer, Customer> customerCache = new HashMap<Integer, Customer>();  
  
    public CachingProxy(CustomerDAO customerDAO) {  
        this.customerDAO = customerDAO;  
    }  
    public Customer findCustomerById(int customerId) {  
        Customer cachedCustomer = customerCache.get(customerId);  
        if (cachedCustomer == null) {  
            Customer customer = customerDAO.findCustomerById(customerId);  
            customerCache.put(customerId, customer);  
            return customer;  
        }  
        else  
            return cachedCustomer;  
    }  
}
```

# Logging proxy





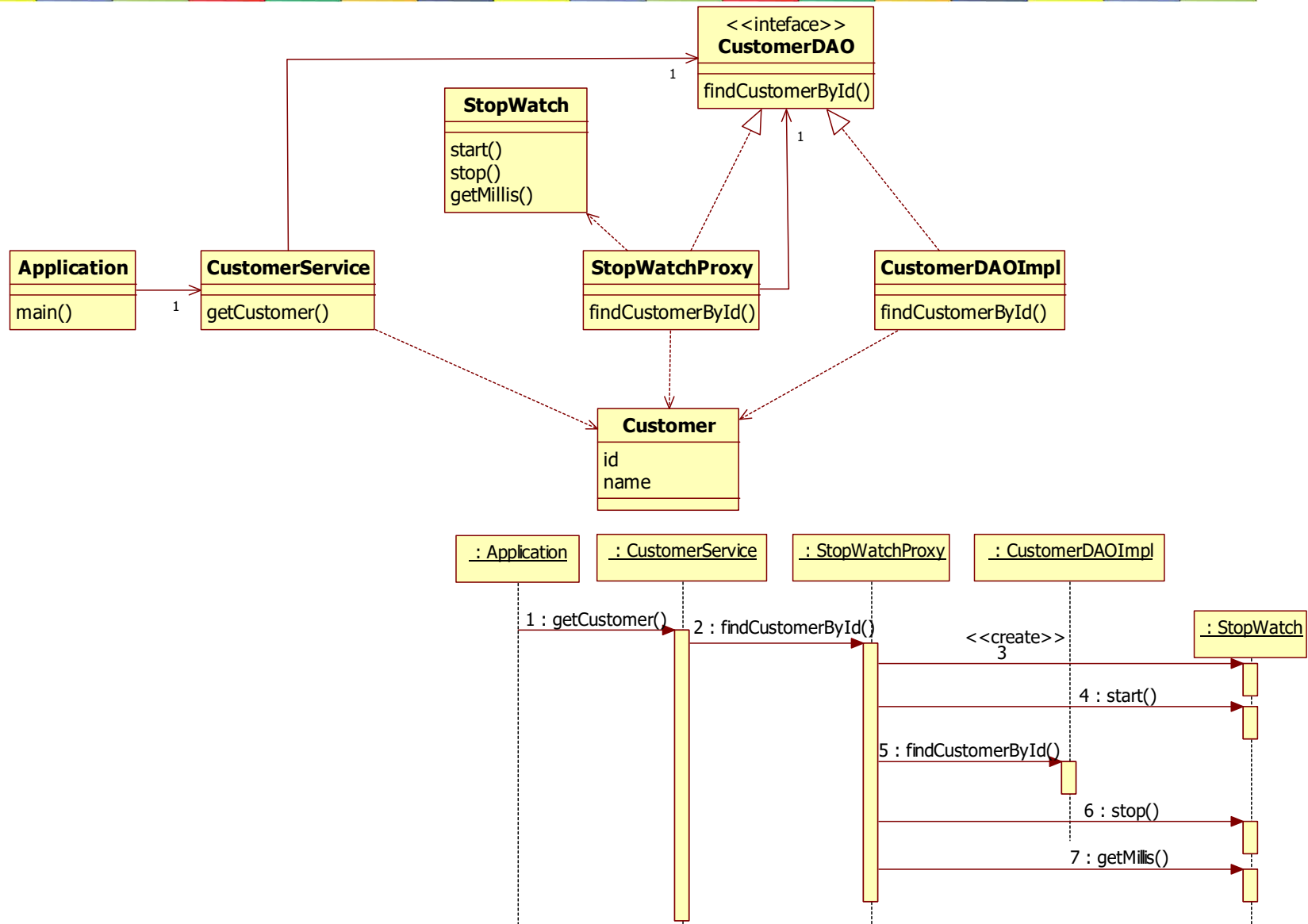
# Logging proxy code

```
public class CustomerService {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO = new CustomerDAOImpl();  
    CustomerDAO loggingProxy = new LoggingProxy(customerDAO);  
  
    public Customer getCustomer(int customerId) {  
        return loggingProxy.findCustomerById(customerId);  
    }  
}
```

```
public class LoggingProxy implements CustomerDAO {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO;  
    Logger logger = new Logger();  
  
    public LoggingProxy(CustomerDAO customerDAO) {  
        this.customerDAO = customerDAO;  
    }  
  
    public Customer findCustomerById(int customerId) {  
        Customer customer = customerDAO.findCustomerById(customerId);  
        logger.log("getting customer with id= " + customerId);  
        return customer;  
    }  
}
```

```
public class Logger {  
    public void log(String message) {  
        System.out.println(message);  
    }  
}
```

# Stopwatch proxy



# StopWatch proxy code

```
public class CustomerService {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO = new CustomerDAOImpl();  
    CustomerDAO stopWatchProxy = new StopWatchProxy(customerDAO);  
  
    public Customer getCustomer(int customerId) {  
        return stopWatchProxy.findCustomerById(customerId);  
    }  
}
```

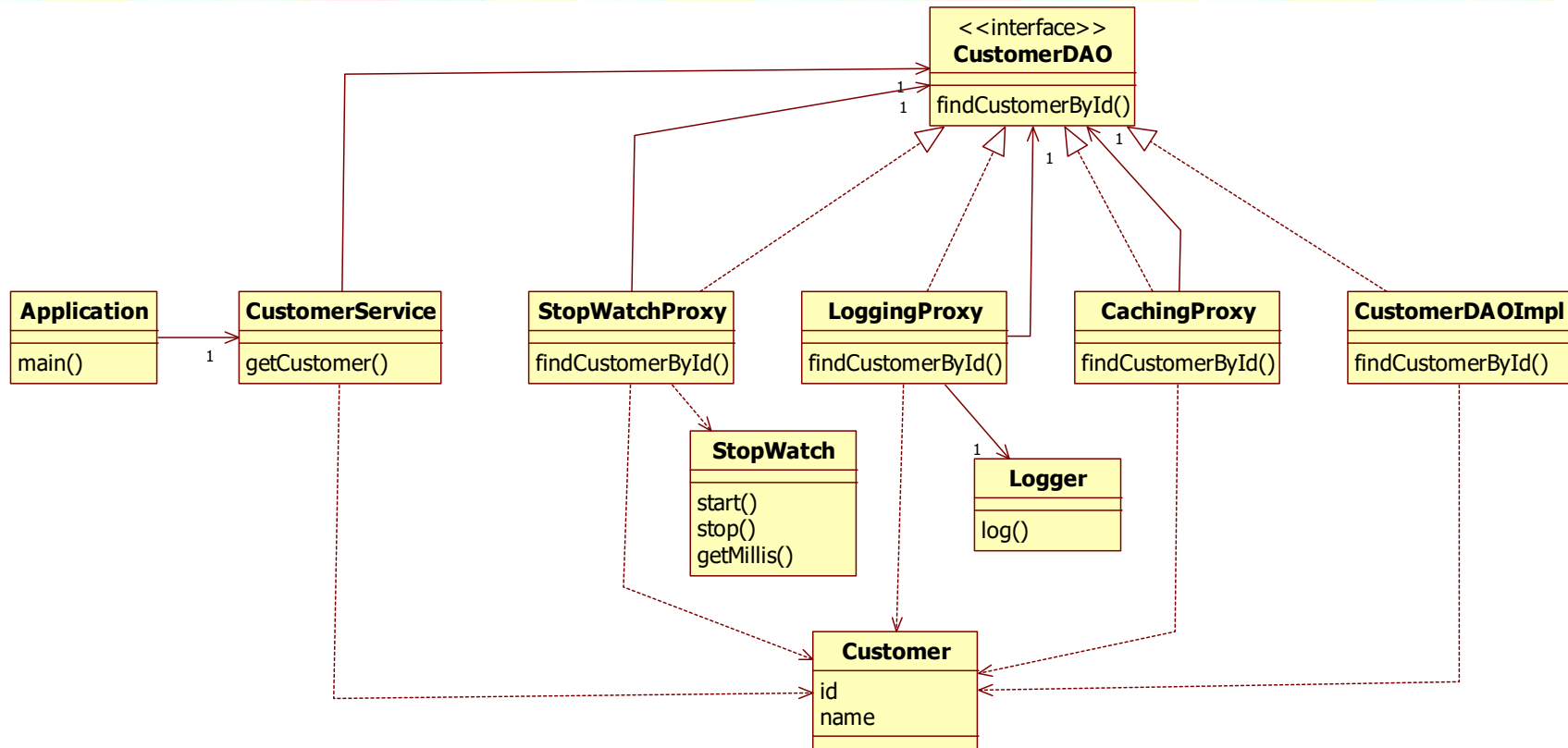
```
public class StopWatchProxy implements CustomerDAO {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO;  
  
    public StopWatchProxy(CustomerDAO customerDAO) {  
        this.customerDAO = customerDAO;  
    }  
  
    public Customer findCustomerById(int customerId) {  
        Stopwatch stopwatch = new Stopwatch();  
        stopwatch.start();  
        Customer customer = customerDAO.findCustomerById(customerId);  
        stopwatch.stop();  
        System.out.println("The method CustomerDAO.getCustomer took  
                           "+stopwatch.getMillis()+" ms");  
        return customer;  
    }  
}
```

# StopWatch code

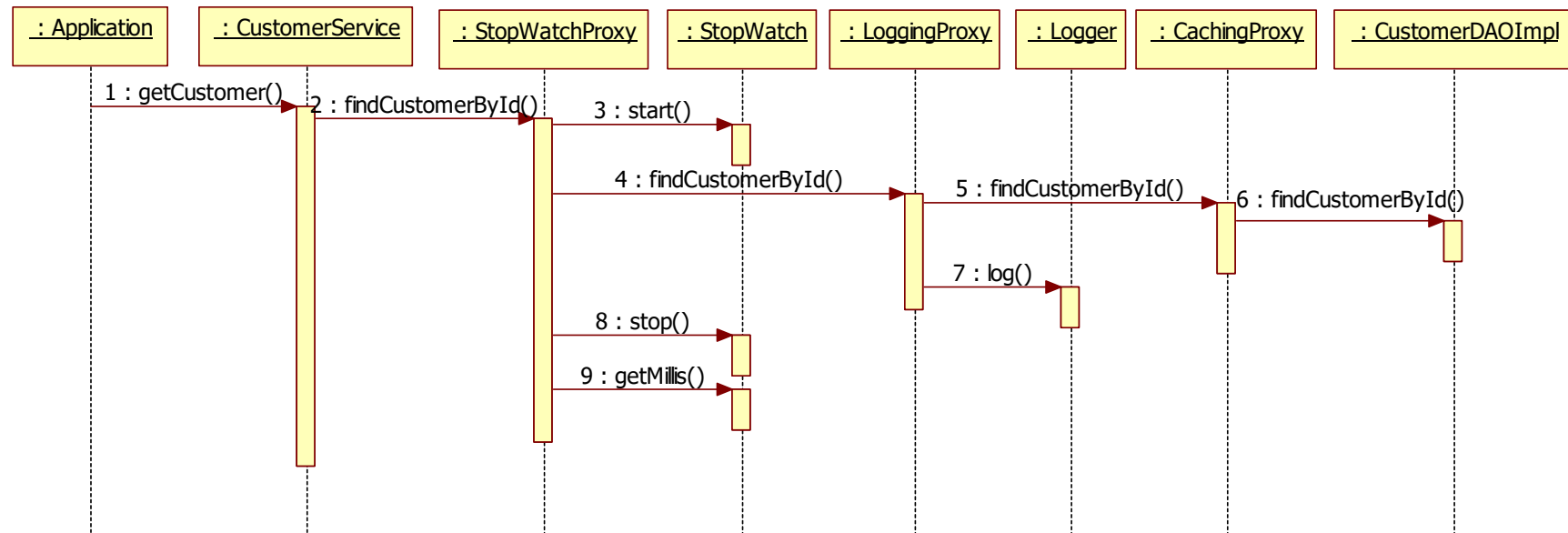
---

```
public class Stopwatch {  
  
    private long start = 0;  
    private long finish = 0;  
    private long timeElapsed = 0;  
  
    public void start() {  
        start = System.currentTimeMillis();  
    }  
    public void stop() {  
        finish = System.currentTimeMillis();  
    }  
    public long getMillis() {  
        timeElapsed = finish - start;  
        return timeElapsed;  
    }  
}
```

# Multiple proxies class diagram



# Multiple proxies scenario



# Nested proxies

---

```
public class CustomerService {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO = new CustomerDAOImpl();  
    CustomerDAO cachingProxy = new CachingProxy(customerDAO);  
    CustomerDAO loggerProxy = new LoggingProxy(cachingProxy);  
    CustomerDAO stopWatchProxy = new StopWatchProxy(loggerProxy);  
  
    public Customer getCustomer(int customerId) {  
        return stopWatchProxy.findCustomerById(customerId);  
    }  
}
```

Creating a chain of nested proxies

# Problem with simple proxy

```
public class LoggingProxy implements CustomerDAO {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO;  
    Logger logger = new Logger();  
  
    public LoggingProxy(CustomerDAO customerDAO) {  
        this.customerDAO = customerDAO;  
    }  
  
    public Customer findCustomerById(int customerId) {  
        Customer customer = customerDAO.findCustomerById(customerId);  
        logger.log("getting customer with id= " + customerId);  
        return customer;  
    }  
}
```

This proxy can only be used in front of classes that implement the CustomerDAO interface

- We want a generic proxy that can be used in front of any class
  - Dynamic proxy



# Dynamic stopwatch proxy

```
import java.lang.reflect.*;

public class StopwatchProxy implements InvocationHandler {
    private Object target;

    public StopwatchProxy(Object target) {
        this.target = target;
    }

    @Override
    public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) throws Throwable {
        Stopwatch stopwatch = new Stopwatch();
        stopwatch.start();
        // invoke the method on the target
        Object returnValue = method.invoke(target, args);

        stopwatch.stop();
        System.out.println("The method " + method.getName() + " took " + stopwatch.getMillis() + " ms");
        return returnValue;
    }
}
```

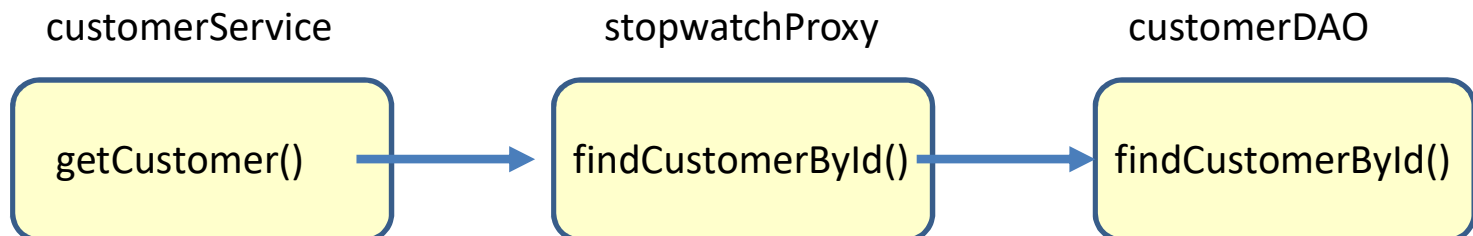
Reflection: A technique to examine or modify the behavior of methods, classes, interfaces at runtime.

# Invoking the dynamic proxy

```
import java.lang.reflect.Proxy;
```

```
public class CustomerService {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO = new CustomerDAOImpl();  
    ClassLoader classLoader = CustomerDAO.class.getClassLoader();  
    CustomerDAO stopWatchProxy = (CustomerDAO)  
        Proxy.newProxyInstance(classLoader,  
                               new Class[] { CustomerDAO.class },  
                               new StopwatchProxy(customerDAO));  
  
    public Customer getCustomer(int customerId) {  
        return stopWatchProxy.findCustomerById(customerId);  
    }  
}
```

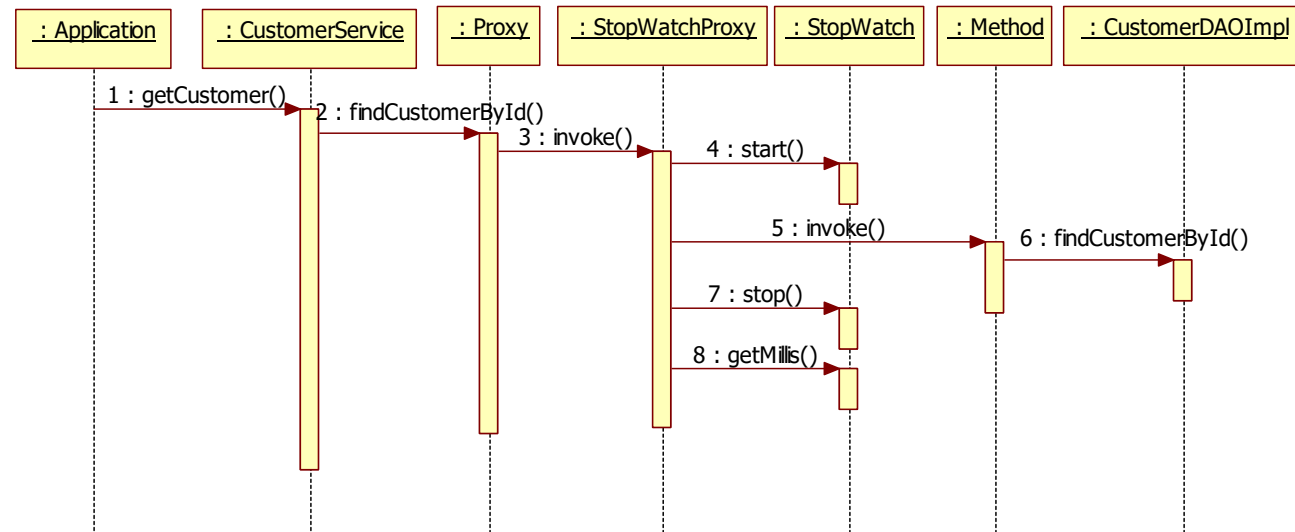
Create a Proxy



# What really happens

@Override

```
public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) throws Throwable {  
    Stopwatch stopwatch = new Stopwatch();  
    stopwatch.start();  
    // invoke the method on the target  
    Object returnValue = method.invoke(target, args);  
  
    stopwatch.stop();  
    System.out.println("The method " + method.getName() + " took " + stopwatch.getMillis() + " ms");  
    return returnValue;  
}
```



# Proxy vs. dynamic proxy

```
public class StopwatchProxy implements CustomerDAO {  
    CustomerDAO customerDAO;  
  
    public StopwatchProxy(CustomerDAO customerDAO) {  
        this.customerDAO = customerDAO;  
    }  
  
    public Customer findCustomerById(int customerId) {  
        Stopwatch stopwatch = new Stopwatch();  
        stopwatch.start();  
        Customer customer = customerDAO.findCustomerById(customerId);  
        stopwatch.stop();  
        System.out.println("The method CustomerDAO.getCustomer took  
                           "+stopwatch.getMillis()+" ms");  
  
        return customer;  
    }  
}
```

This proxy can only be used in front of classes that implement the CustomerDAO interface

You need to implement all interface methods

Is very specific in what you want to do on a CustomerDAO class

# Proxy vs. dynamic proxy

```
public class StopwatchProxy implements InvocationHandler {  
    private Object target;
```

```
    public StopwatchProxy(Object target) {  
        this.target = target;  
    }
```

```
@Override
```

```
public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) throws Throwable {
```

```
    Stopwatch stopwatch = new Stopwatch();
```

```
    stopwatch.start();
```

```
    // invoke the method on the target
```

```
    Object returnValue = method.invoke(target, args);
```

```
    stopwatch.stop();
```

```
    System.out.println("The method " + method.getName() + " took " + stopwatch.getMillis() + " ms");
```

```
    return returnValue;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

This proxy can be used in front of every class

You only need to implement the invoke() method

Must be very generic if you want to apply this proxy for any other class

# Dynamic logging proxy

```
public class LoggingProxy implements InvocationHandler {
    private Object target;
    Logger logger = new Logger();

    public LoggingProxy(Object target) {
        this.target = target;
    }

    @Override
    public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) throws Throwable {
        // invoke the method on the target
        Object returnValue = method.invoke(target, args);
        logger.log("Calling method" + method.getName() + " with argument(s):");
        for(int p=0; p<args.length;p++){
            logger.log(" Param[" + p + "]: " + args[p].toString());
        }
        return returnValue;
    }
}
```

# Dynamic caching proxy

```
public class CachingProxy implements InvocationHandler {
    private Object target;
    Map<String, Object> cache = new HashMap<String, Object>();

    public CachingProxy(Object target) {
        this.target = target;
    }

    @Override
    public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) throws Throwable {
        String key = ""+args[0];
        Object cachedObject = cache.get(key);
        if (cachedObject == null) {
            Object result = method.invoke(target, args);
            cache.put(key, result);
            return result;
        } else
            return cachedObject;
    }
}
```

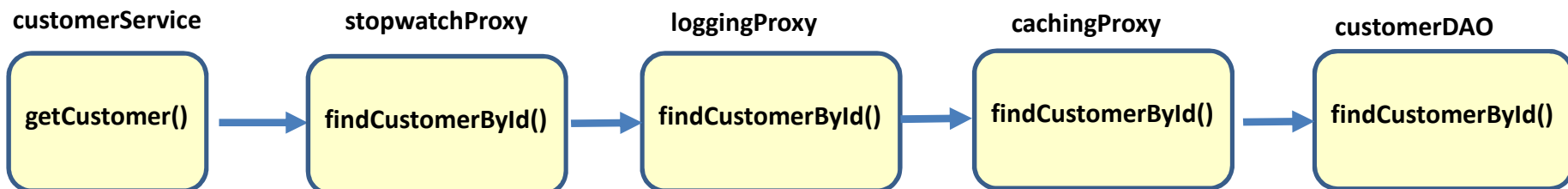
# Nested dynamic proxies

```
public class CustomerService {
    CustomerDAO customerDAO = new CustomerDAOImpl();
    ClassLoader classLoader = CustomerDAO.class.getClassLoader();
    CustomerDAO cachingProxy =
        (CustomerDAO) Proxy.newProxyInstance(classLoader,
            new Class[] { CustomerDAO.class },
            new CachingProxy(customerDAO));

    CustomerDAO loggingProxy =
        (CustomerDAO) Proxy.newProxyInstance(classLoader,
            new Class[] { CustomerDAO.class },
            new LoggingProxy(cachingProxy));

    CustomerDAO stopwatchProxy =
        (CustomerDAO) Proxy.newProxyInstance(classLoader,
            new Class[] { CustomerDAO.class },
            new StopwatchProxy(loggingProxy));

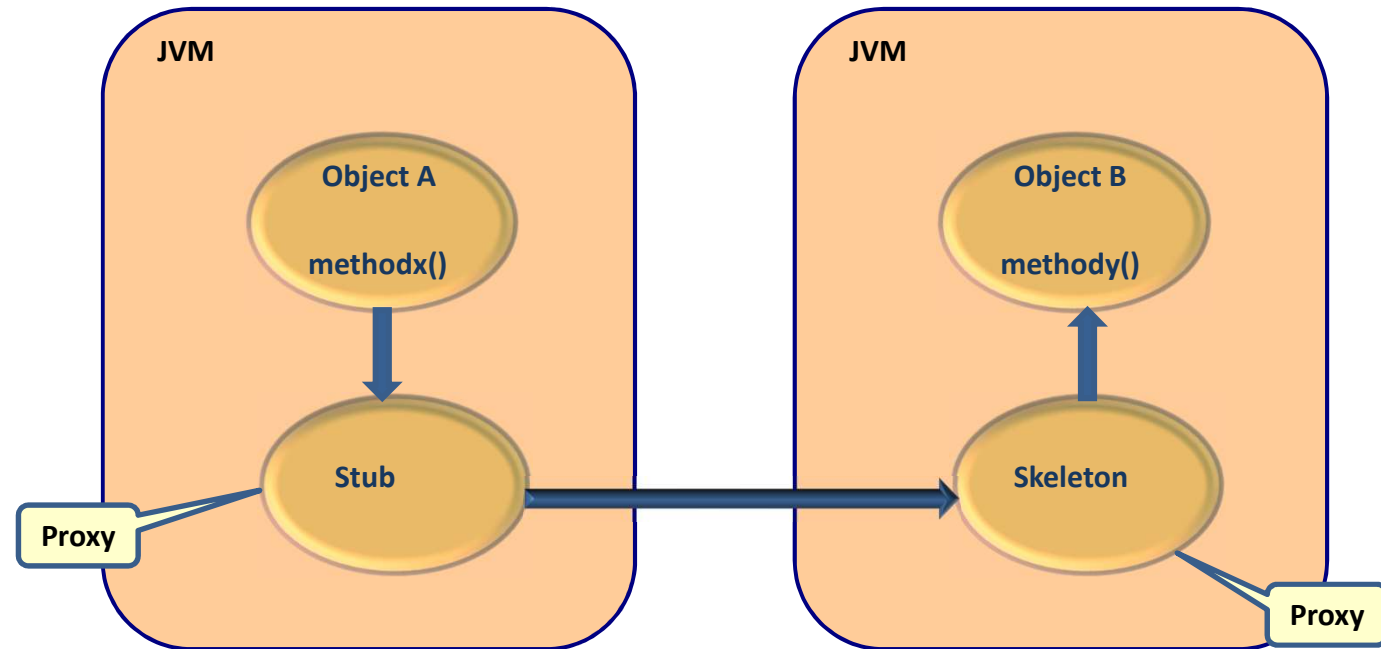
    public Customer getCustomer(int customerId) {
        return stopwatchProxy.findCustomerById(customerId);
    }
}
```





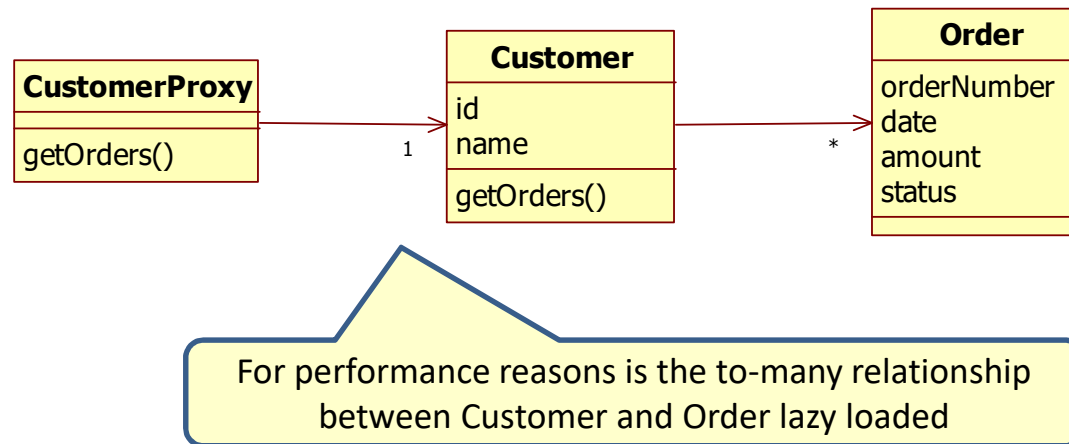
# Where are proxies used: RPC

- Remote Procedure Calls
  - Remote Method Invocation (RMI)



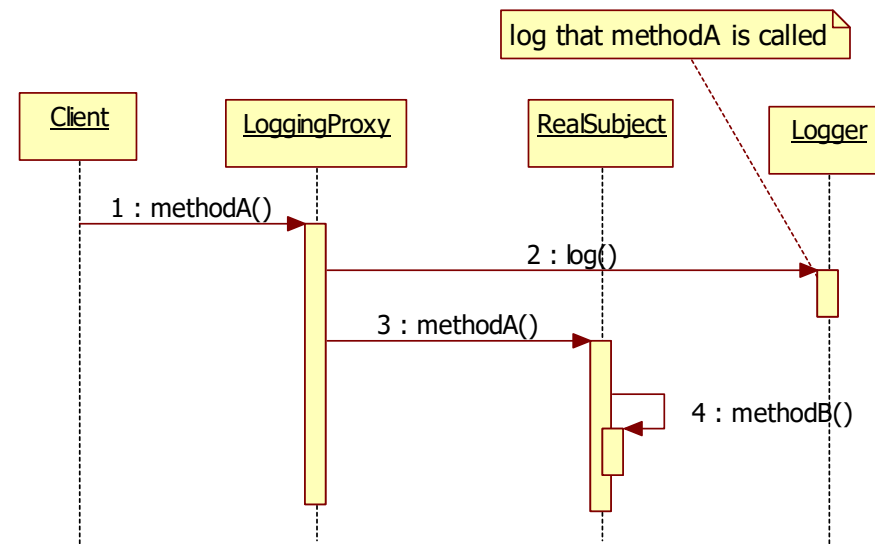
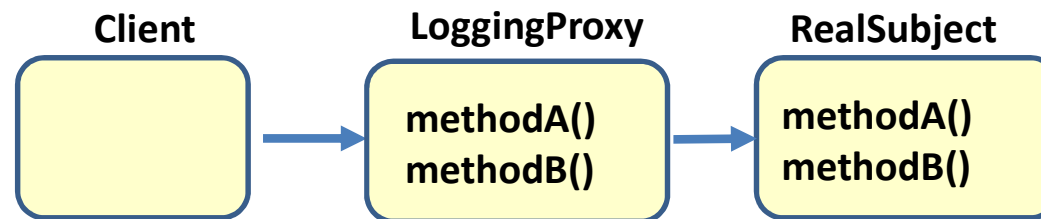
# Where are proxies used: Hibernate

- Hibernate is an Object Relational Mapper (ORM) framework used for persisting objects
- It uses lazy loading using proxies



# Issue with a proxy

- If a method of the real subject calls a method of itself, this will not go through the proxy.



# Main point

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- The Proxy pattern provides a surrogate or placeholder for another object to control access to it.
- In Unity Consciousness one realizes that every relative object you see around you, is just an expression of the same Pure Consciousness you experience within yourself.