ZIWEI CONG

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(For the most recent version, please go to https://ziweicong.github.io/assets/pdf/cv.pdf)

EDUCATION

Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Hong Kong

Ph.D. Candidate, Quantitative Marketing

M.Phil., Quantitative Marketing

June 2022 (Expected)

June 2018

Renmin University of China, Beijing, China

M.Phil., Economics

Exchange at the EDHEC Business School, Nice, France

B.Sc., Economics

June 2016

Fall 2014

June 2013

RESEARCH INTERESTS

Substantive: Content Economy, User Generated Content, Pricing, Recommendation Algorithms

Methodological: Causal Inference, Machine Learning, Quasi-Experimental Methods, Natural/Field Experiments

DISSERTATION

Title: Monetizing User Generated Content: Design and Incentive

Essay I: "Understanding Users' Content Contribution Behavior When Content Can Be Priced"

Essay II (Job Market Paper): "The Role of "Live" in Livestreaming Market: Evidence using Orthogonal Random Forest"

Co-chairs: Ying Zhao and Jia Liu

WORKING PAPERS (* INDICATES EQUAL AUTHORSHIP)

Cong, Ziwei, Jia Liu and Puneet Manchanda (2021), "The Role of "Live" in Livestreaming Markets: Evidence using Orthogonal Random Forest." (Job Market Paper) [Paper]

Liu, Jia* and Ziwei Cong* (2021), "The Daily Me versus The Daily Others: Can Social Recommender Systems Diversify User Interests?" Invited for revision at *Journal of Marketing Research* [Paper]

Cong, Ziwei, Ying Zhao and Zilei Zhang (2020), "Understanding Users' Content Contribution Behavior When Content Can Be Priced." Preparing for submission to *Marketing Science*

WORK IN PROGRESS

Cong, Ziwei and Jia Liu, "How Can Recommendation Algorithms Influence What Content Users Contribute? Evidence from a Quasi-Experiment." Model estimation in progress

"Understanding User Purchase of Paid Online Content using Free Content Consumption and Social Interaction Networks" with Jia Liu and Yue Wang. Model development in progress

HONORS AND AWARDS

Fellow, Marketing Science Doctoral Consortium 2021	$\mathrm{June}\ 2021$
Finalist, 2021 Best Doctoral Dissertation Proposal Competition, the American S	tatistical As-
sociation Section on Statistics in Marketing	January 2021
Dean's PhD Fellowship for Research Excellence 2020-21, HKUST	October 2020
UGC Research Travel Award $\times 3$, HKUST	2019, 2021
Postgraduate Studentship, HKUST	2016-2021
National Scholarship, Ministry of Education, China	2013-2015
Outstanding Student Award, Beijing Municipal Commission of Education, China	2013
Outstanding Undergraduate Thesis Award, Renmin University of China	2013
Honor of Excellent Student, Renmin University of China	2010-2012

INVITED TALKS

"Monetizing User Generated Content: Design and Incentive" (Dissertation)

Joint Statistics Meetings, American Statistical Association August 2021 (Scheduled)

CONFERENCE PRESENTATION

"The Role of "Live" in Livestreaming Markets: Evidence using Orthogonal Random Forest"

ISMS Marketing Science Conference, University of Rochester	June 2021
Conference on AI/ML, NYU, Temple & CMU University	December 2020
Journal of Marketing Research Development Workshop	April 2019

"The Daily Me versus The Daily Others: Can Social Recommender Systems Diversify User Interests?"

HKUST Marketing Brown Bag Seminar, HKUST

March 2021

"Content-based or Social Network-based Recommendation System? Evidence from a Natural Experiment on Knowledge Sharing Platform"

ISMS Marketing Science Conference, University of Roma Tre	June 2019
China Marketing International Conference	July 2019

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Teaching Interests

Digital Marketing, Marketing Analytics, Marketing Research, Marketing Management

Teaching Assistant, HKUST

Marketing Strategy and Policy (MBA), Joseph SALVACRUZ	2021
Marketing Research (Undergraduate), Jia Liu	2020
Consumer Behavior (Undergraduate), Rongrong Zhou	2020
Marketing Research (Undergraduate), Song Lin	2019

Teaching Assistant, Renmin University of China

The Economics of One Belt and One Road (Undergraduate Seminar)	Spring 2016
Business Negotiation (Undergraduate)	Fall 2015

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Zhihu, Beijing, China	June-August 2017
Research Intern	

PROGRAMMING

Python, Stata, R, SQL, PyTorch, Tensorflow, Skorch, Spark, HTML

GRADUATE COURSEWORK

Marketing and Business	
Quantitative Modeling	Ying Zhao
Experimental Design and Analysis	A V Muthukrishnan
Behavioral Decision Theory	A V Muthukrishnan
Consumer Research Seminar	Ralf Van Der Lans et al.
Analytic Models Useful in Marketing	Robert Zeithammer
Advanced MIS Research Seminar	Xiaoquan(Michael) Zhang
Consumer Behavior Seminar	En-Chung Chang
Corporate Finance	Peter MacKay

Economics

Microeconomics Theory I	Yuk-fai Fong
Microeconomics Theory II	Xiaojian Zhao
Econometrics	Jin Seo Cho
Demand Analysis	Xiaohua Yu
Empirical Industrial Organization	Lihong Yang
Current Topics in Industrial Organization	Lihong Yang

Economics of Regulation and Antitrust

Yongjun Chen
International Economics

Wentan Wang
Economic Change in Rural China

James Kung

Statistics and Computer Science

Introduction to Probability

Math for Bus & Econ

Zhou Lingzhi

Big Data Analytics

Rong Zheng

Applied Statistics in Economics and Business

Wuwu Qing

Programming with R (audit)

Yangguang Huang

Introduction to Social Computing (audit)

James Kwok

Deep Learning (audit)

Qifeng Chen

REFERENCES

Ying Zhao (Co-advisor)

Associate Professor of Marketing

HKUST Business School Phone: (852)2358-7701 Email: mkyzhao@ust.hk

Jia Liu (Co-advisor)

Assistant Professor of Marketing

HKUST Business School Phone: (852)2358-7709 Email: jialiu@ust.hk

Puneet Manchanda

Isadore and Leon Winkelman Professor of Marketing

Ross School of Business University of Michigan Phone: (734)936-2445

Email: pmanchan@umich.edu

Cong, Ziwei, Jia Liu, and Puneet Manchanda (2021), "The Role of "Live" in Livestreaming Markets: Evidence using Orthogonal Random Forest." (Job Market Paper)

Abstract: This paper examines price elasticity of demand for paid live content in a large livestreaming platform, where the recorded version of each live event is also available for purchase at the same price after being aired. We conduct causal estimation using a generalized Orthogonal Random Forest (ORF) framework which can deliver heterogeneous treatment effects in the presence of high-dimensional confounders whose relationships with the treatment policy (i.e., price) are complex but partially known. Our main result shows significant temporal dynamics in price elasticity of demand over temporal distance to the scheduled livestreaming day and after. Specifically, demand gradually becomes less price sensitive over time to the scheduled livestreaming day and is inelastic on the livestreaming day. Over the post-stream period, demand is still price elastic, but much less sensitive than the pre-stream period. We then provide suggestive evidence for the mechanisms driving the results. First, we attribute the inelastic demand on the livestreaming day to the immediate availability of real-time interaction with the creator during the livestream. Second, uncertainty reduction plays a role both for the temporal dynamics over the pre-stream period and for the much less sensitive demand over the post-stream period. Our findings are likely to be of value to both creators and platforms in the sense that they encourage them to provide both live and recorded content to enhance revenue and provide value to viewers. In addition, marketing efforts to reduce uncertainty about upcoming events could also be beneficial for all parties (creators, platform, viewers). Moreover, our findings on the value of livestreaming content over its entire life-cycle can be used by platforms and creators to implement dynamic pricing, promotion and targeting.

Liu, Jia*, and Ziwei Cong* (2021), "The Daily Me versus the Daily Others: Can Social Recommender Systems Diversify User Interests?" Invited for Revision at Journal of Marketing Research

Abstract: Recommender systems have been blamed for polarizing user attention and consumption. This paper examines this phenomenon, by leveraging a field intervention on the largest online Q&A community in China. The platform had been relying on content-based recommender system that recommends content based on user subscribed topics since its launch in 2011. In August 2012, without any public notifications to its users, the platform changed its recommender system to social filtering, which recommends content engaged by a user's online social connections (i.e., followees). We investigate the impact of social filtering in relative to content-based filtering by comparing user activities before and after the intervention. We find that the social filtering system could be a double-edged sword. The negative outcome we document is that social filtering intensifies popularity of already-popular users, leading to a rich-get-richer effect in the online community. In contrast, a positive outcome is that social filtering helps users explore niche content they would not discover on their own, by exposing users to content that is "filtered" by their followees who tend to have higher domain expertise and clearer lines of interests. Importantly, this finding suggests that the impact of social filtering might depend on characteristics of users and their online social network. More broadly, this research contributes to the debate centered around "filter bubble" and provides managerial implications for platforms' curation algorithm design.

Cong, Ziwei, Ying Zhao, and Zilei Zhang (2020), "Understanding Users' Content Contribution Behavior When Content Can Be Priced." Preparing for submission to *Marketing Science*

Abstract: With the rise of creator economy, many content platforms have been exploring ways for creators to monetize content. A recent and increasingly popular approach adopted by many platforms is to provide creators with freedom to launch paid content directly to viewers. For example, in August 2021, Facebook launched a new feature that allows users to host paid online event (e.g., online classes or tutorials) to generate revenue. This paper evaluates the implications (externalities) of monetizing content on a platform's "ecosystem." Specifically, We seek to understand whether and how giving creators the option to provide paid content influences creators' incentive in providing free content. Our empirical study is based on dataset from Zhihu, the largest knowledge-sharing platform in China. Zhihu started out as an online Q&A community that is based on users' voluntary contribution. It later introduced the Zhihu Live program that allows participants to deliver exclusive talks to paid customers. Using the difference-indifferences approach, we find that the content providers holding priced talks tend to contribute more free content on the main Q&A platform than those using the free Q&A platform only. We explore the robustness of this result against potential selection bias with four alternative approaches: propensity-score matching, Causal Forest (Athey et al., 2019), Rosenbaum bounds, and an approach developed by Altonji et al. (2002, 2005) that accesses the degree of omitted variables bias. We further show that the effect is more pronounced with the starting time of Live talks approaching and is larger for participants who have less-established reputation or face more intense competition. These findings suggest that participants strategically leverage free content to boost reputation and attract "eyeballs" for paid content. This research shed lights to the overall impact of content monetization on the entire platform "ecosystem," where free and paid content are interconnected parts and might have spillover effects to each other.

(* indicates equal authorship)