Computer Vision hw8

B05902050

黃子源

I use PIL to complete the homework. In my program, I use function getpixel() and putpixel() to get the value of every pixel.

Gaussian:

the new image is the original pixel plus amplitude*gaussian random variable, I use numpy.random.normal to calculate N(0,1) to done this work.

Principal code fragment:

```
def Gaussian(img, img2, amp, w, h):
    for j in range(h):
        for i in range(w):
            gaus = img.getpixel((i,j)) + amp*np.random.normal(0,1,None)
            img2.putpixel((i,j),int(gaus))
    return
```

Salt and Pepper:

The new image is decide from whether uniform(0,1) is smaller than threshold, I use numpy.random.uniform to calculate uniform(0,1) to done this work.

Principal code fragment:

```
def Salt(img, img2, threshold, w, h):
    for j in range(h):
        if range(w):
            if np.random.uniform(0,1,None) < threshold:
                salt = 0
                elif np.random.uniform(0,1,None) > 1-threshold:
                      salt = 255
                      else:
                      salt = img.getpixel((i,j))
                      img2.putpixel((i,j),salt)
                      return
```

Box filter:

I do this part by calculating the average value in the box. If the box is over the image range, I will put value 0 in the out-of-range pixel.

Principal code fragment:

Median filter:

I do this part by calculating the median value in the box. If the box is over the image range, I will put value 0 in the out-of-range pixel.

Principal code fragment:

Opening and Closing:

The method doing opening and closing are taught in the gray scale morphology homework: opening is do dilation after erosion and closing is do erosion after dilation. So I just simply modify some part of the code and this part is done. Principal code fragment:

```
def dilation(img, kernal, w, h, state):
    dil = np.zeros((w,h))
    for j in range(h):
         for i in range(w):
             maxpixel = 0
             for x in kernal:
                 x2 = i + x[0]

y2 = j + x[1]
                 if 0 \le x^2 \le w and 0 \le y^2 \le h:
                      if state == 1:
                          pix = img.getpixel((x2,y2))
                      else:
                          pix = img[x2][y2]
                      if pix > maxpixel:
                          maxpixel = pix
             dil[i][j] = maxpixel
    return dil
def erosion(img, kernal, w, h, state):
    ero = np.zeros((w,h))
    for j in range(h):
         for i in range(w):
             minpixel = 255
             for x in kernal:
                 x2 = i + x[0]
                 y2 = j + x[1]
                 if 0 \le x^2 \le w and 0 \le y^2 \le h:
                      if state == 1:
                          pix = img.getpixel((x2,y2))
                      else:
                          pix = img[x2][y2]
                      if pix < minpixel:</pre>
                          minpixel = pix
             ero[i][j] = minpixel
    return ero
```

```
def open(img, kernal, w, h, state):
    ero = erosion(img, kernal, w, h, state)
    opens = dilation(ero, kernal, w, h, 0)
    return opens

def close(img, kernal, w, h, state):
    dil = dilation(img, kernal, w, h, state)
    closes = erosion(dil, kernal, w, h, 0)
    return closes
```

SNR:

I do this part by the formula downward, and I use math.log and math.sqrt to do the log and square calculation.

$$VS = \frac{\sum_{\forall n} (I(i, j) - \mu)^{2}}{\|n\|}$$

$$\mu = \frac{\sum_{\forall n} I(i, j)}{\|n\|}$$

$$VN = \frac{\sum_{\forall n} (I_{N}(i, j) - I(i, j) - \mu_{N})^{2}}{\|n\|}$$

$$\mu_{N} = \frac{\sum_{\forall n} (I_{N}(i, j) - I(i, j))}{\|n\|}$$

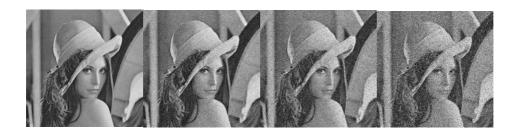
$$SNR = 20 \log_{10} \frac{\sqrt{VS}}{\sqrt{VN}}$$

Principal code fragment:

```
def snr(origin, noise):
    w,h = origin.size
    vs = 0
    mu = 0
    vn = 0
    mun = 0
    snrr = 0
    for i in range(w):
        for j in range(h):
            mu += origin.getpixel((i,j))
            mun += noise.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,j))
    mu /= w*h
    mun /= w*h
    for j in range(w):
        for i in range(h):
            vs += (origin.getpixel((i,j))-mu)*(origin.getpixel((i,j))-mu)
            vn += (noise.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,j)) - mun)*(noise.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,j)) - mun)*(noise.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,j)) - mun)*(noise.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,j)) - origin.getpixel((i,
```

Results:

Noise (gaussian10, gaussian30, salt0.05, salt0.1):



3x3 Box filter (gaussian10, gaussian30, salt0.05, salt0.1):



5x5 Box filter (gaussian10, gaussian30, salt0.05, salt0.1):



3x3 Median filter (gaussian10, gaussian30, salt0.05, salt0.1):



5x5 Median filter (gaussian10, gaussian30, salt0.05, salt0.1):



Opening and closing (gaussian10, gaussian30, salt0.05, salt0.1):



Closing and opening (gaussian10, gaussian30, salt0.05, salt0.1):



SNR:

```
[ziyuan@huangziyuan hw8]$ python hw8.py
gaussian10: 13.59335119311553
gaussian30: 4.190585012826462
salt005: 1.0482054127632339
salt01: -1.890589308556059
box3x3_guassian10: 16.406331980818422
box3x3_guassian30: 12.179844891499469
box3x3 salt005: 9.35334915998479
box3x3 salt01: 6.470124423833874
box5x5 guassian10: 13.604894045914893
box5x5 guassian30: 12.387333824640978
box5x5 salt005: 10.632135504188474
box5x5 salt01: 8.381494491908803
median3x3 guassian10: 17.58138614723215
median3x3 guassian30: 11.026366317660738
median3x3 salt005: 18.614050884460497
median3x3 salt01: 14.938010158567472
median5x5 guassian10: 15.827991297925365
median5x5 guassian30: 12.599505887371322
median5x5 salt005: 15.861036084989484
median5x5 salt01: 14.411764252537418
open close gaussian10: 13.24995510861089
open_close_gaussian30: 11.194096841358158
open close salt005: 5.734908553532692
open_close_salt01: -2.2469874534304077
close open gaussian10: 13.590529356157528
close open gaussian30: 11.168191259397869
close open salt005: 6.1499873691235685
close open salt01: -1.9271395570947847
```