

## Kalman filter formulas

Dynamics:

$$X_{n+1} = AX_n + W_n$$

Observation (measurement):

$$Z_{n+1} = CX_{n+1} + V_{n+1} .$$

Noise model:

$W_n$  and  $V_n$  independent Gaussian

$$\mathbb{E}[W_n] = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}[V_n] = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}[W_n W_n^t] = R$$

$$\mathbb{E}[V_n V_n^t] = Q$$

Estimate with update:

$$\hat{X}_n = \hat{X}_n(Z_1, \dots, Z_n) \quad , \quad \text{estimate of } X_n \text{ using the measurements}$$

$$Y_n = X_n - \hat{X}_n = \text{prediction error}$$

$$\hat{Z}_{n+1} = CA\hat{X}_n = \text{predicted observation using old data.}$$

$$\hat{X}_{n+1} = A\hat{X}_n + K_n(Z_n - \hat{Z}_n) = \text{updated prediction using dynamics and new measurement}$$

Optimal filter: find  $K$  to minimize prediction error  $Y$ . Three equivalent formulations (check this):

1. Minimize

$$\mathbb{E}[\|Y_n\|_n^2] = \mathbb{E}[Y_n Y_n^t]$$

2. Make  $Y_n$  independent of measurements  $Z_1, \dots, Z_n$ . This is equivalent (because everything is Gaussian) to making  $Y_n$  uncorrelated with  $Z_1, \dots, Z_n$

$$\mathbb{E}[Y_n Z_j^t] = 0 \quad , \quad j = 1, \dots, n$$

3. Take the conditional expectation of  $X_n$  given the measurements:

$$\hat{X}_n = \mathbb{E}[X_n \mid Z_1, \dots, Z_n]$$

**Solution:**

$$T_n = \mathbb{E}[Y_n Y_n^t] = \text{covariance matrix of prediction error.}$$

$$T_{n+1} = (A - K_n C) T_n (A - K_n C)^t + (I - K_n C) R (I - K_n C)^t + K_n Q K_n^t .$$

$$K_n = (A T_n A^t + R) C^t (C A T_n A^t C^t + C T_n C^t + Q)^{-1} .$$