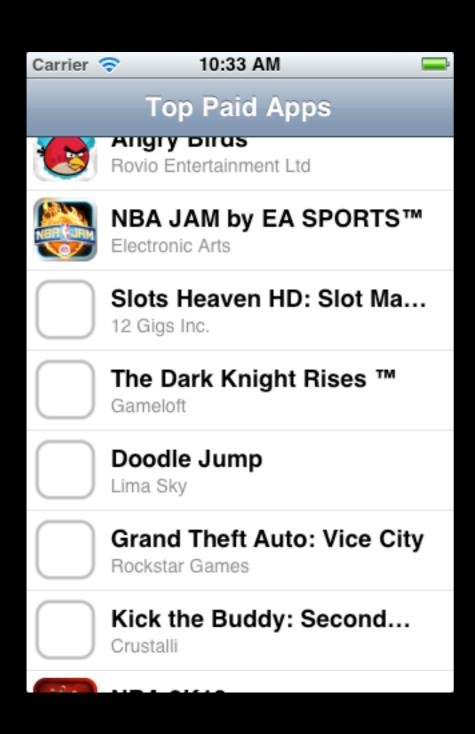
#### Beginning iOS 10 Application Development

# Concurrency & Networking

Yanping Zhao Nov. 2016

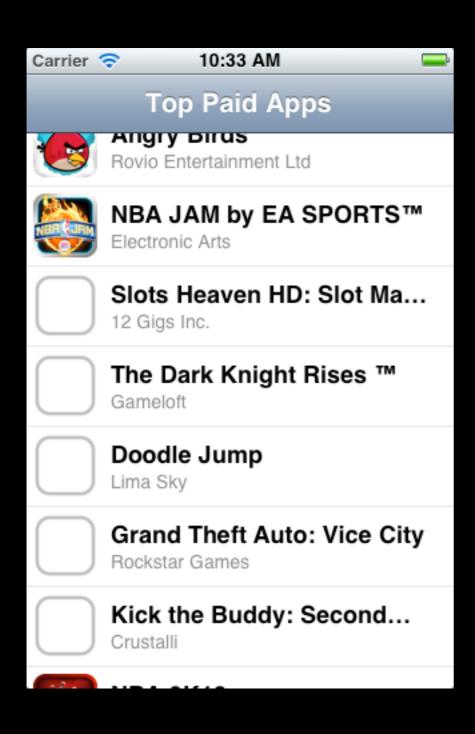
# Networking in Model

#### Where to Do Networking?



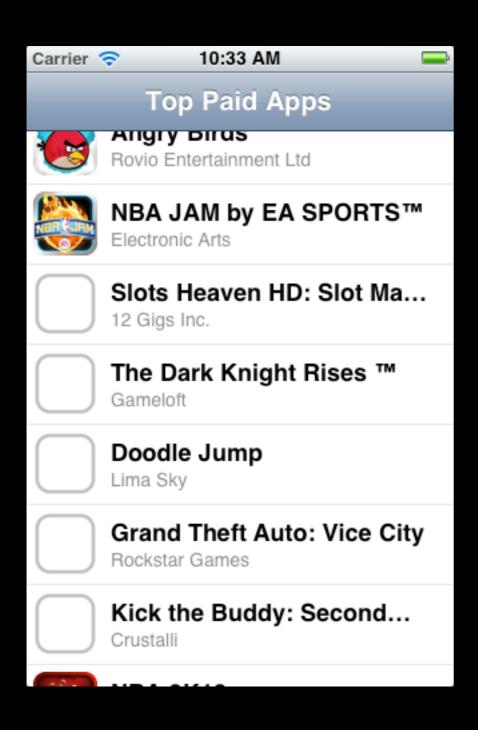
- Views
- Controllers
- Model

### Where to Do Networking?



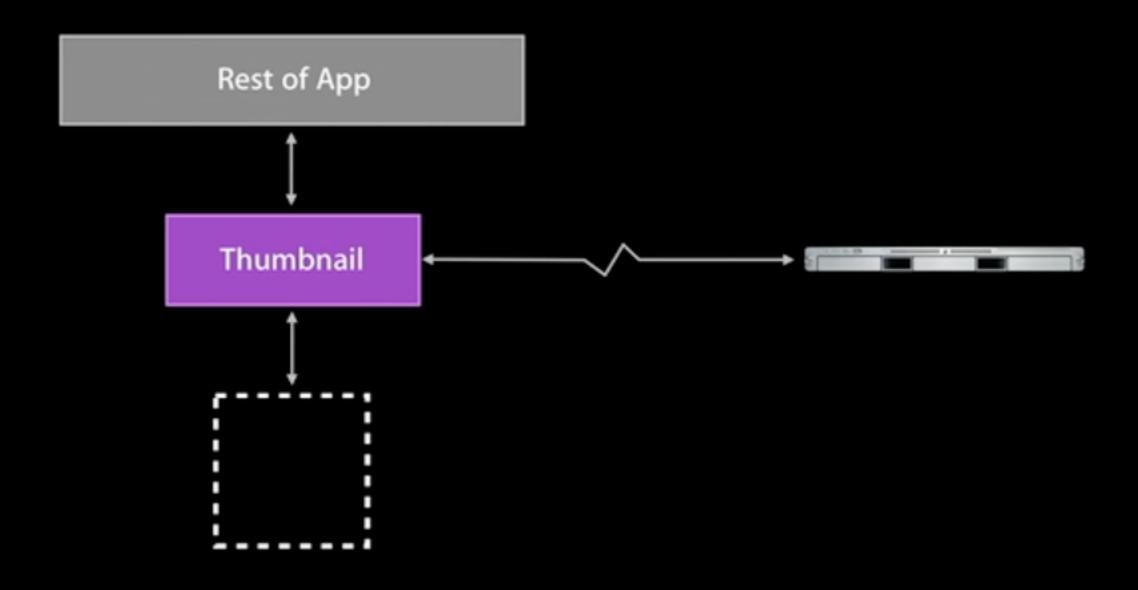
- Views
- Controllers
- Model

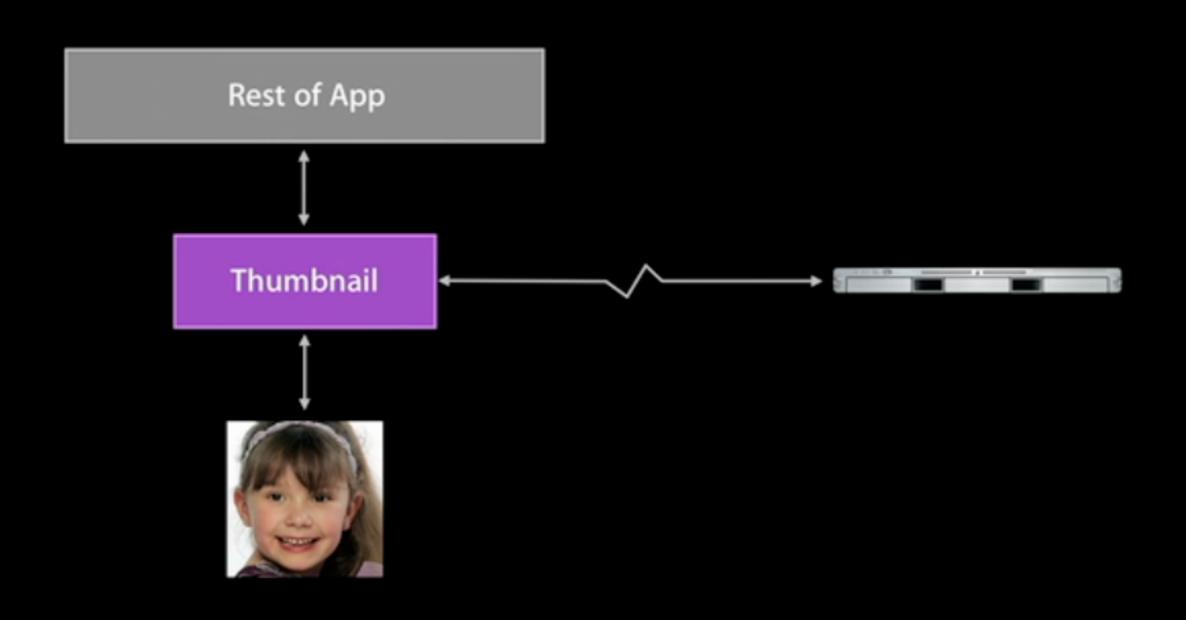
## Where to Do Networking?



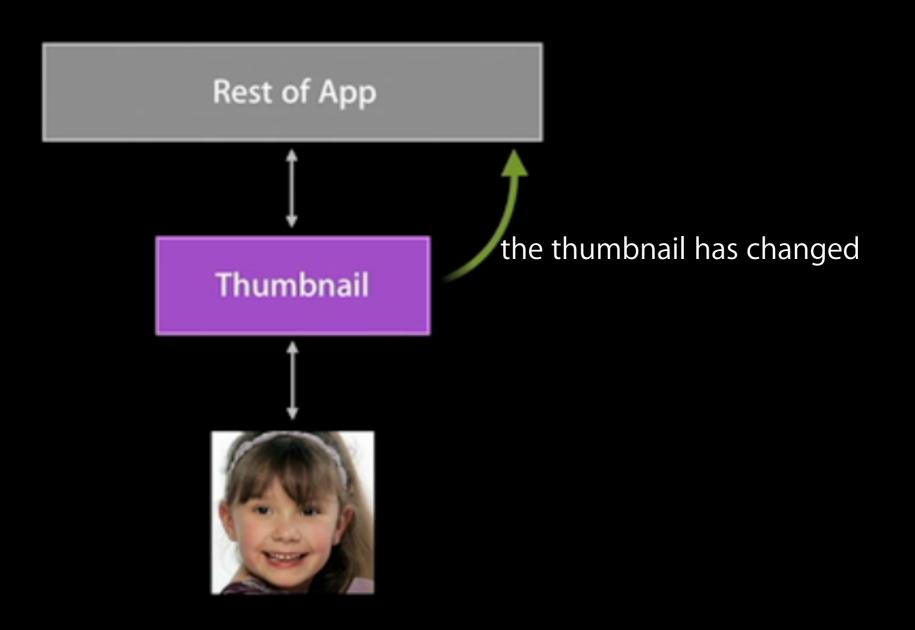
- Views
- Controllers
- Model

#### **Model Example**

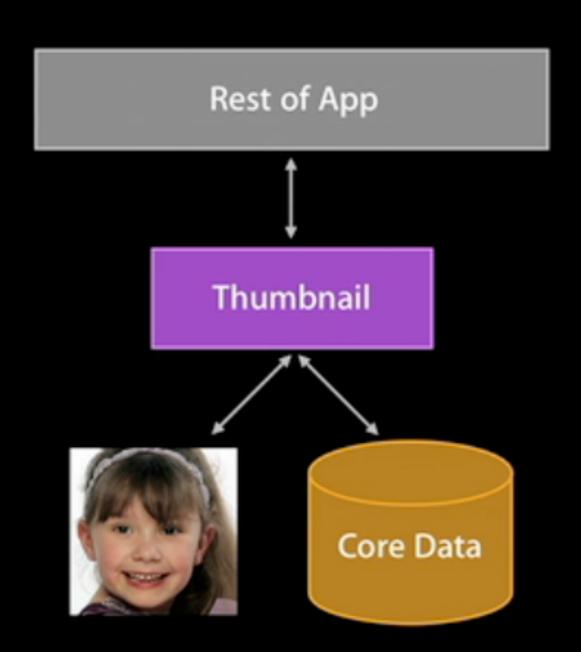




#### **Model Example**



# **Model Example**



# Notification Mechanisms

Mechanism	1:N	Granularity
Delegation	NO	Fine
NSNotification	YES	Coarse
Key-Value Observing	YES	Fine

# Networking in Model Advantages

- Isolates networking
- Persistence
- External changes
- Testing

# Asynchronous Networking Design Pattern

- The main thread handles user interactions
- CPU intensive code or blocking code -- other threads
- Call-Callback pattern -- interactions with UI should all happen on main thread

Main Thread

Touch Event

User Event

Main Queue

Main Thread Touch Event

User Event

Main Queue

**User-defined Queue** 

Main Thread Touch Event

**User Event** 

Main Queue

User Block {...}

**User-defined Queue** 

Main Thread Touch Event

**User Event** 

Main Queue

User Block {...}

User Block {...}

**User-defined Queue** 

Main Thread Touch Event

User Event

Main Queue

User Block {...}

User Block {...}

**User-defined Queue** 

CPU1

Main Thread

User Event

Main Queue

User Block {...}

User Block {...}

**User-defined Queue** 

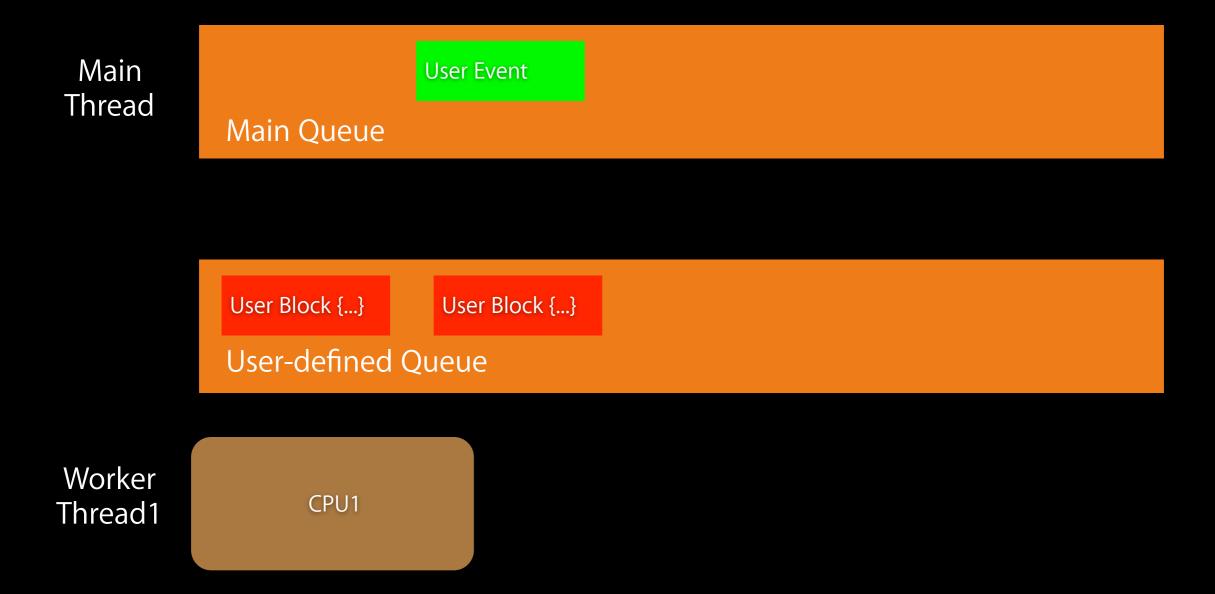
**Touch Event** 

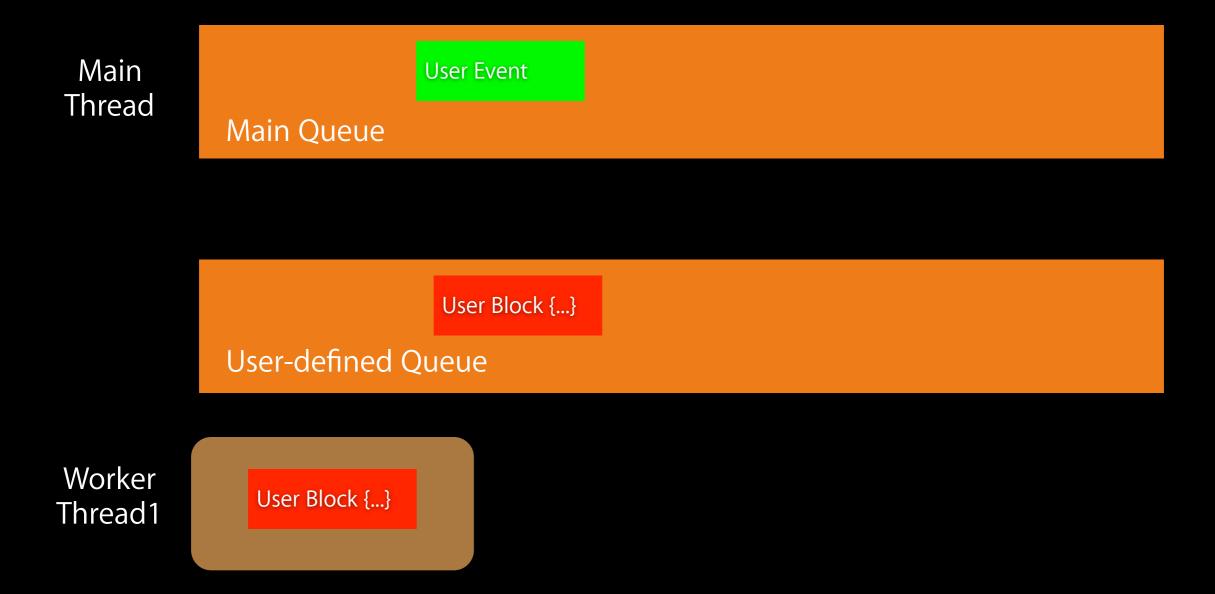
Main Thread User Event

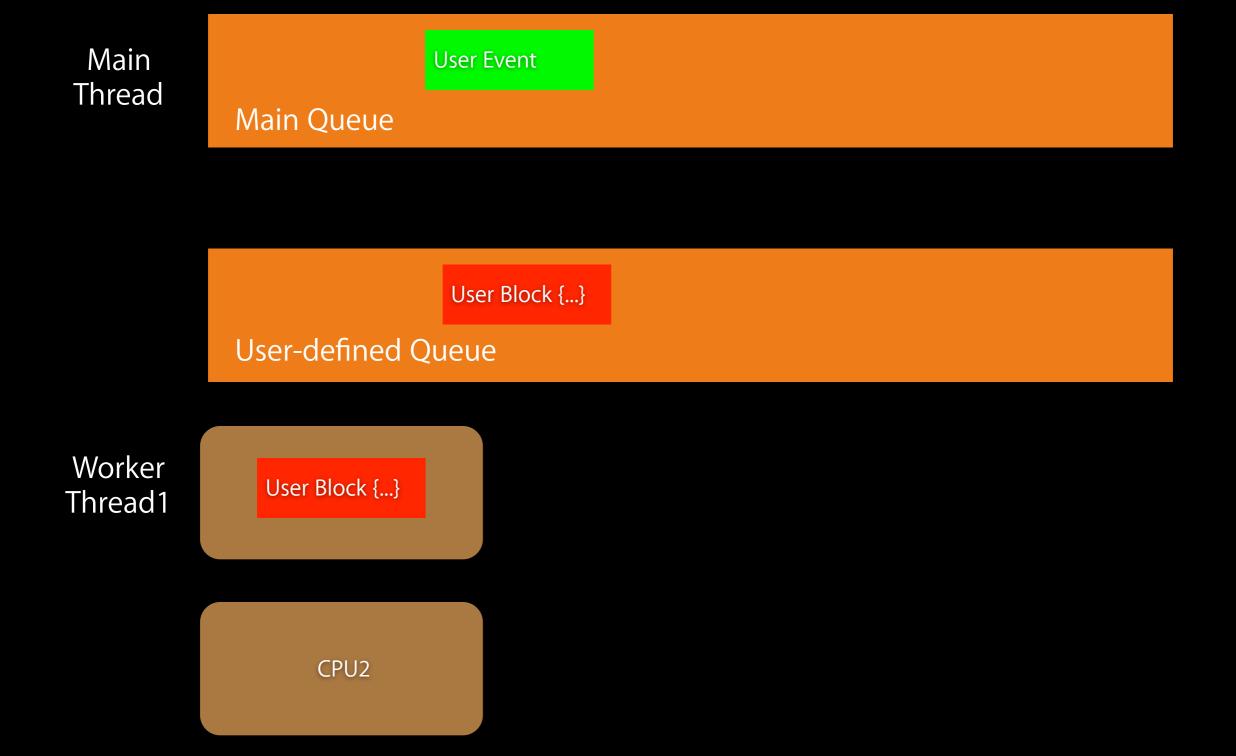
Main Queue

User Block {...}
User Block {...}
User-defined Queue

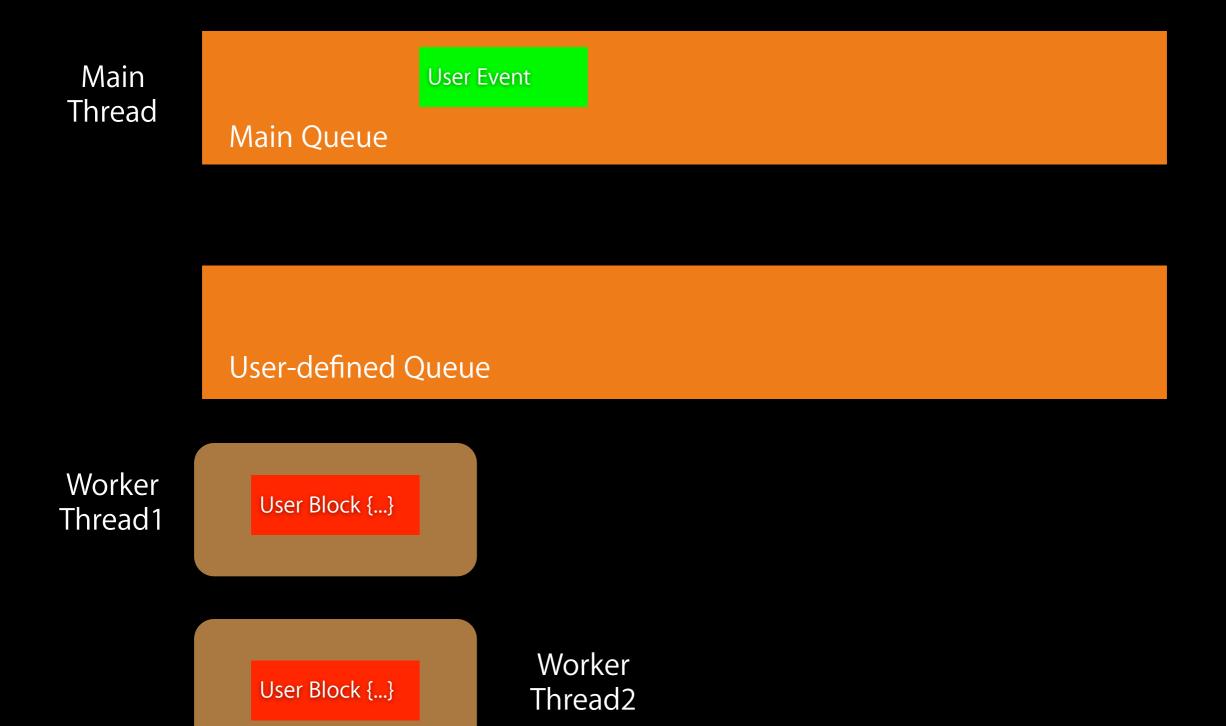
CPU1











Us UI Block Main User Event Thread Main Queue User-defined Queue CPU1

User Block {...}
Worker
Thread2

Main Thread

Main Queue

User Event

User

**User-defined Queue** 

CPU1

CPU2

#### **Custom Queues**

- NSOperationQueue
  - Objective-C API
  - in the Foundation framework
- Grand Central Dispatch Queues
  - C API
  - lower-level APIs than NSOperationQueue

#### **Operation Queues**

- First-in/first out thread-safe queues to execute Operations
- Higher-level APIs
- OperationQueue.main the queue running on main threads

#### Grand Central Dispatch (GCD) Queues

- First-in/first out thread-safe queues to execute user tasks
- Serial queues
  - execute one task at a time on a distinct thread
  - created by the user
- Concurrent queues
  - execute multiple tasks concurrently on distinct threads
  - System-defined global queues: DispatchQueue.global(qos)
- The main dispatch queue
  - a global serial queue that executes tasks on the main thread
  - DispatchQueue main

## User Tasks -- Dispatch Blocks

- No arguments
- No return value



#### Asynchronous Networking with GCD

```
DispatchQueue.global(qos: .userInitiated).async() {
    let imageData = try Data(contentsOf: url)
    print("received data for image \((self.imageName)"))

    DispatchQueue.main.async {
        self.ImageView.image = UIImage(data:imageData)
    }
    update UI
```

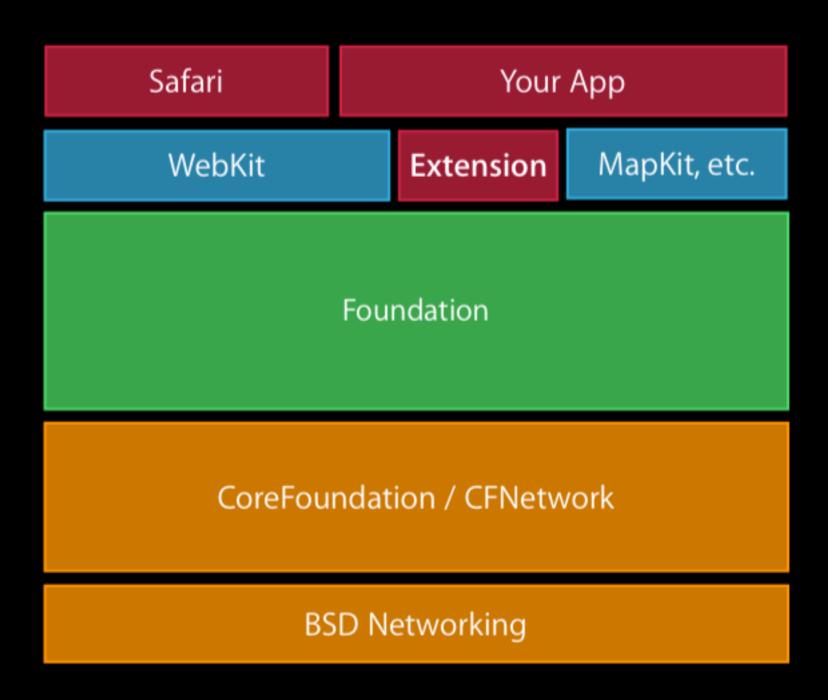
# Networking APIs

#### Synchronous Networking APIs

- Data(contentOfURL) synchronously download the content at the URL to a Data object
- String(contentOfURL) synchronously download the content at the URL to a String object
- Asynchronous networking with synchronous APIs

```
DispatchQueue.global(qos: .userInitiated).async() {
    let imageData = try Data(contentsOf: url)
    print("received data for image \((self.imageName)"))
}
```

## **Foundation Networking**



#### **Foundation Networking**

**Foundation** 

**NSURLConnection** 

**NSNetServices** 

**NSStream** 

CoreFoundation / CFNetwork

**CFHTTPReadStream** 

**CFNetServices** 

**CFStream** 

**BSD Networking** 

**BSD Sockets** 

### **Foundation Networking**

**Foundation** 

**NSURLSession** 

**NSNetServices** 

**NSStream** 

**CoreFoundation / CFNetwork** 

**CFHTTPReadStream** 

**CFNetServices** 

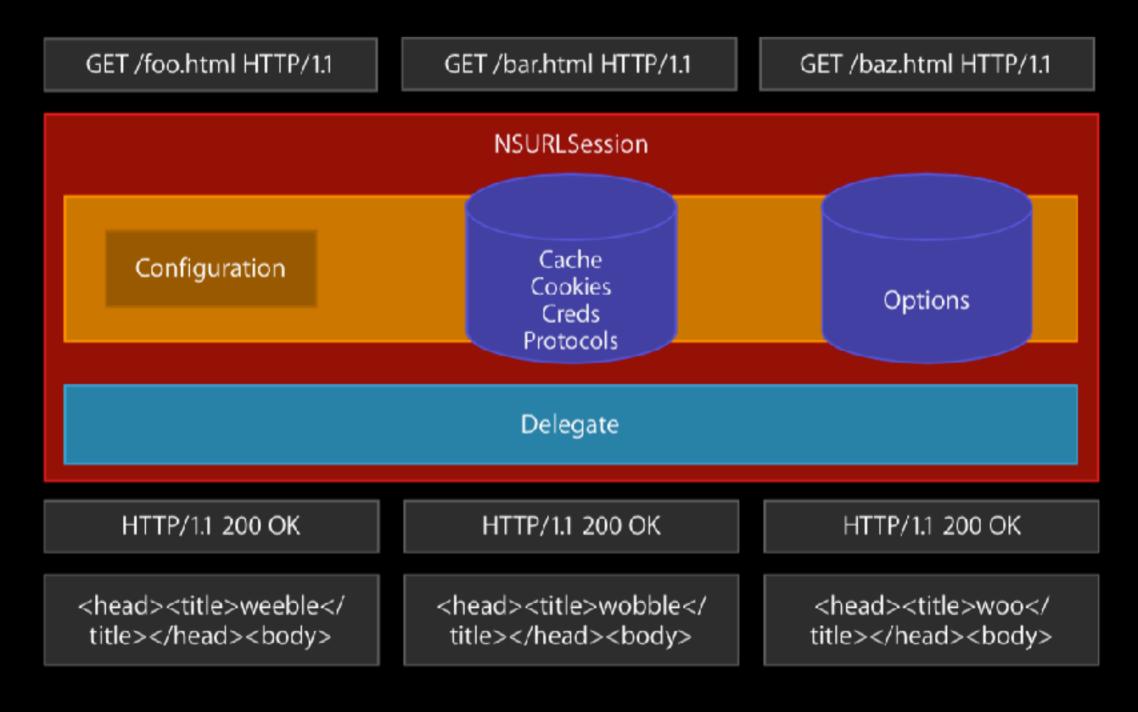
**CFStream** 

**BSD Networking** 

**BSD Sockets** 

#### NSURLSession

 A complete suite of networking APIs for uploading and downloading content via HTTP/HTTPS



#### **URLSession Types**

- A singleton shared session URLSession.shared()
  - Simply asynchronous requests
  - · No configuration, no delegate
- Default session
  - · Obtaining data incrementally using a delegate
  - · Session data: caches, cookies, credentials are on disk
  - Customizable
  - · URLSessionConfiguration.default()

#### **URLSession Types**

- Ephemeral session
  - · similar to the default configuration
  - All session-related data is stored in memory "private" session
- Background session
  - · Upload/download tasks in the background when the app is not running

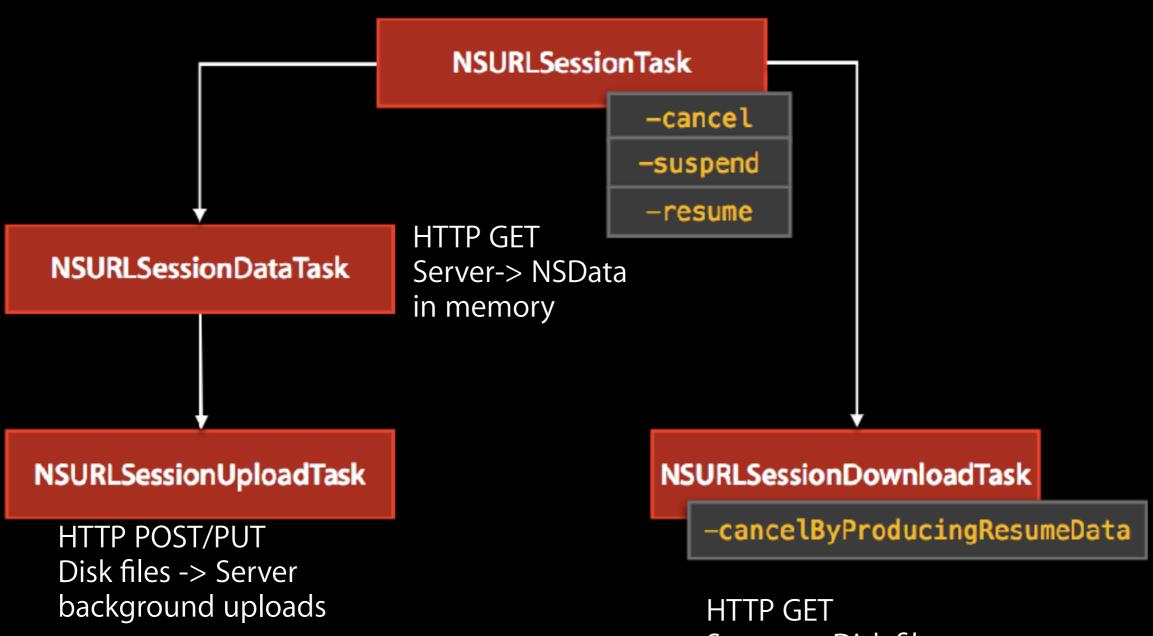
#### **URLSession Configuration**

- Defines connection behavior: max. # of simultaneous connections, whether to allow connections over a cellular network etc.
- Shared by all the tasks within a given URL session

#### **URLSession Tasks**

- Optionally upload data to a server
- Retrieve data from the server
  - · NSData objects in memory
  - · files in a temporary disk location

#### NSURLSessionTask



HTTP GET
Server -> Disk file at temporary
location
background uploads/downloads

#### URLSession is Asynchronous

- Via a completion handler when a task finishes either successfully or with an error
- Calling methods on a delegate the app sets upon session creation

#### Using an URL Session

- Create a session configuration
- Create a session, specifying a configuration object and, optionally, a delegate
- Create task objects each representing a request
  - · Each task starts out in a suspended state
  - · Calls *resume()* to begin the task
- Invalidate a session by calling
  - · invalidateAndCancel(): cancel outstanding tasks
  - finishTasksAndInvalidate(): allow outstanding tasks to finish before invalidating the object