

$$\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}$$

5.9 作业——特殊数列求和问题

1. 在数列  $\{a_n\}$  中,  $a_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}+\sqrt{n+1}}$ , 且  $S_n = 9$ , 则  $n = 10$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1}} \quad \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{4} + \dots + \sqrt{n-1} - \sqrt{n} = \sqrt{n-1} - 1 = 9$$

2. 在数列  $\{a_n\}$  中,  $a_n = \frac{1}{n \cdot (n+2)}$ , 则  $S_n = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n+2} \right)$

$$\frac{1}{n(n+2)} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+2} \right) \quad \left( \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+2} \right)$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{1+2} + \frac{1}{1+2+3} + \dots + \frac{1}{1+2+3+\dots+n} = 2 - \frac{2}{n+1}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \frac{(1+n)n}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \frac{1}{2} = a_n = \frac{2}{n(n+1)} = 2 \left( \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1} \right)$$

$$4. \text{ 设 } S_n = -1 + 3 - 5 + 7 - \dots + (-1)^n (2n-1), \text{ 则 } S_n = \frac{1 - (-1)^{n+1} (2n+1)}{2}$$

$$S_n = -1 + 3 - 5 + 7 - \dots + (-1)^n (2n-1) \quad 2S_n = -1 - (-1)^{n+1} (2n-1) + 2$$

5. 已知数列  $\{a_n\}$  的通项公式  $a_n = n + 5$ , 从  $\{a_n\}$  中依次取出第 3, 9, 27, ... 项, 按原来的

顺序排成一个新的数列, 则此数列的前  $n$  项和为  $-\frac{3}{2}(1-3^n) + 5n$

$$b_n = 6n + 3 \cdot 3^n + 5 \quad b_n = 5 + 3^n \quad \frac{3(1-3^{n+1})}{1-3} + 5n$$

$$6. \text{ 已知 } f(x) = \frac{9^x}{9^x + 3}$$

(1) 证明:  $f(x) + f(1-x) = 1$ ;

(2) 计算  $f\left(\frac{1}{2013}\right) + f\left(\frac{2}{2013}\right) + \dots + f\left(\frac{2012}{2013}\right)$

$$1) \frac{9^x}{9^x + 3} + \frac{9^{1-x}}{9^{1-x} + 3}$$

$$= \frac{9^x}{9^x + 3} + \frac{9 \cdot \frac{1}{9^x}}{12 + \frac{1}{9^x}}$$

$$= \frac{9^x}{9^x + 3} + \frac{9}{12 \cdot 9^x + 1} = 1$$

$$2) S = \left[ f\left(\frac{1}{2013}\right) + f\left(\frac{2012}{2013}\right) \right] \cdot 2012$$

$$= 1006$$



$$2^0 + \dots + 2^n = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \cdot (2n-1) \cdot \frac{7}{4} + \frac{2}{8} \cdot 2 \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{2^{n+1}}\right)^{n+1}\right)$$

7. 求数列:  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \dots, \frac{2n-1}{2^n}, \dots$  的前  $n$  项和  $S_n$

$$S_n = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{8} + \dots + \frac{2n-1}{2^n}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} S_n = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{8} + \dots + \frac{2n-1}{2^{n+1}}$$

$$\Rightarrow S_n = 1 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1} (2n-1) + 1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$$

8. 求数列  $1, 1+2, 1+2+2^2, \dots, 1+2+2^2+\dots+2^{n-1}$  的和  $S_n$

$$S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n a_k = \frac{1(1-2^n)}{1-2} = 2^n - 1$$

$$S_n = \frac{2(1-2^n)}{1-2} + (-1) \cdot n = 2^{n+1} - n - 2$$

9. 设  $\{a_n\}$  是等差数列,  $\{b_n\}$  是各项都为正数的等比数列, 且

$$a_1 = b_1 = 1, a_3 + b_3 = 21, a_5 + b_5 = 13$$

(1) 求  $\{a_n\}, \{b_n\}$  的通项公式;

(2) 求数列  $\left\{\frac{a_n}{b_n}\right\}$  的前  $n$  项和  $S_n$

$$\begin{cases} 1+3p+1 \cdot q^4=21 \\ 1+5p+1 \cdot q^2=13 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} p=2 \\ q=2 \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = 1 + (n-1) \cdot 2 \quad b_n = 1 \cdot 2^{n-1}$$

10. 已知数列  $\{a_n\}$  的前  $n$  项和  $S_n = 12n - n^2$ , 求数列  $\{a_n\}$  的前  $n$  项和  $T_n$

$$a_1 = S_1 = 11$$

$$a_n = S_n - S_{n-1} = 12n - n^2 - [12(n-1) - (n-1)^2]$$

$$= 13 - 2n$$

$$\Rightarrow a_6 = 1, a_7 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow T_n = \begin{cases} 12n - n^2 & n \leq 7 \\ 6 + \frac{(1+2n)(n-6)}{2} & n \geq 7 \end{cases}$$