

● Vocabulary Focus

I. Key Vocabulary

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the given words and expressions to complete the passage. Note that there are two more options than you need.

~~grateful~~

~~help ... out~~

~~bunch~~

~~muscle~~

~~hang out~~

~~drop out~~

~~knock~~

~~tough~~

~~disbelief~~

~~clean out~~

~~think the same of~~

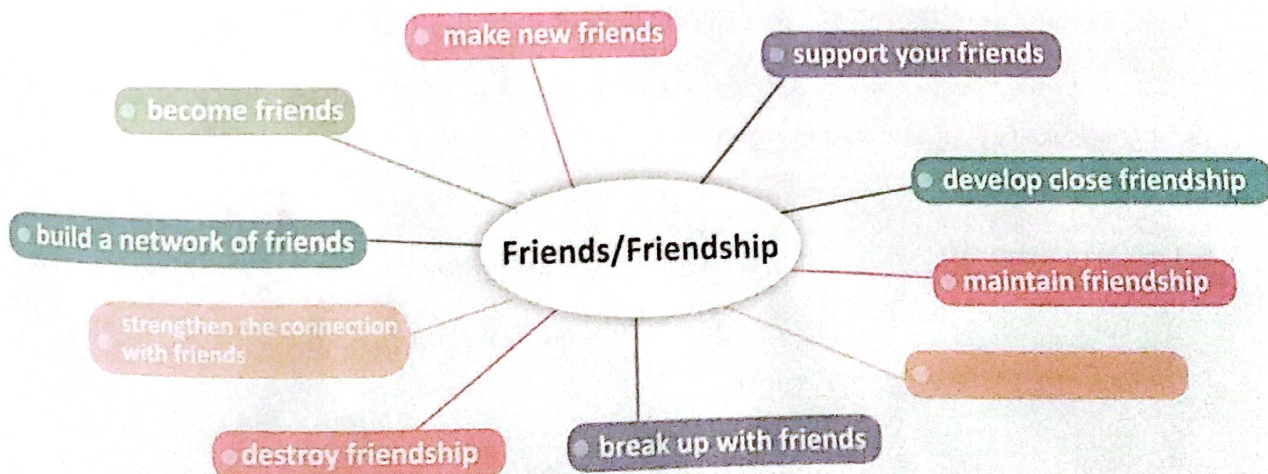
~~come to one's turn~~

Hello, everyone! I'm Kyle. I have been thinking about what I should say when it 1 comes to give a graduation speech. Now I just want to tell you a story. On a Friday afternoon, a sad freshman was carrying all his books back home from his new school. He had planned to 2 drop out of school because of the loneliness and sadness at the new place. He had 3 clean out his locker so he would never come back. And then, a(n) 4 bunch of kids ran towards him, 5 knock all his books out of his arms and tripped him so he landed in the dirt. His glasses went flying. While he was crawling around looking for the glasses, a guy handed him the glasses. They had a talk and found they lived quite near to each other. They 6 hang out all that weekend. From then on, they became best friends.

Yes, the sad freshman is me and that guy is my best friend, who is now looking at me in 7 disbelief. Every time he helped me through my 8 tough moments, I would look at him with a 9 grateful smile. However, I have never said "Thank you" to him. Today I finally get the chance to express my gratitude to him. It was you who 10 help me out. Thank you, my dear friend. Thank you all.

II. Topic-Related Expressions

1. Read the expressions and add more expressions related to the topic of friendship.



2. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the given expressions in Exercise 1 to complete the passage.

1. *make new friends* A friend is someone you trust and with whom you share a deep level of understanding. Whatever your age or gender, it's never too late to 1 _____.
 2. *To build a network of friends* Meanwhile, it's also important to keep in touch with old ones. 2 _____ can have a powerful impact on your physical health. Lack of close friendship may be as damaging as smoking or drinking too much. A recent study has found that, along with physical activity, 3 _____ can add significant years to your lifespan. Friends can also bring happiness into your life by reducing your stress and cheering you up. 4 _____ usually takes more time and effort than starting friendships. You need to do something to 5 _____ your friends. If you always 6 _____ when they need you, the friendships can be maintained for the long term even though you are unable to meet them regularly.

● Grammar in Use

Complex infinitives

1. Replace the underlined clauses in the sentences with the appropriate forms of infinitives. The first one has been done for you.

1. It seemed that he was carrying all of his books.

He seemed to be carrying all of his books.

2. I am proud that I had completed this work by the first day of June.

I'm proud to have completed this work.

3. I'm glad that I am sitting here.

I'm glad to be sitting here.

4. It was reported that Vincent was staying in Paris at that time.

Vincent was reported staying in Paris.

5. She was sorry that she had not met you.

She was sorry to have not met you.

6. I'm sorry that I kept you waiting for a long time last Friday.

I'm sorry to have kept you waiting for a long time.

7. I'm lucky that I have got my license.

I'm lucky to have got my license.

8. They are not something that you should be ashamed of.

There are not something you should be ashamed of.

Grammar Highlights

An infinitive can be simple, continuous or perfect, active or passive, positive or negative. For example:

		Active	Passive
Positive	Simple	(to) do	(to) be done
	Continuous	(to) be doing	_____
	Perfect	(to) have done	(to) have been done
Negative	Simple	not (to) write	not (to) be written
	Continuous	not (to) be writing	_____
	Perfect	not (to) have written	not (to) have been written

We use the continuous infinitive for actions in progress and the perfect infinitive for earlier actions. We use the passive infinitive for actions happening to the subject.

EXAMPLES

I happened to be waiting for the bus when the accident happened.

He pretended to have forgiven his partner.

He decided not to go to the frontier.

The carpet in the living room needs to be washed.



II. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the verbs given in brackets.

1. There are some people who always seem ed (surround) by friends, and there are others who always seem ing (stand) on the outside, looking in at the crowds of friends.

2. I am truly glad to meet (meet) Jessie. We have a lot in common. We seem knowing (know) each other for a long time.

3. Jimmy and Paul are thought ing (become) close friends when they were in high school. They are known inspiring (inspire) each other ever since.

4. Tom looks so sad. I feel that something needs to do (do). I don't want my best friend being hurt (hurt).

III. Read the following short conversations and complete the table with the appropriate forms of infinitives.

1	Jim: Do you want to be a volunteer? Ellen: Sure. I hope they choose me.	→	Ellen hopes _____ _____.
2	Erik: Is the petrol price declining? Alice: The newspaper says so.	→	The petrol price is reported _____ _____.
3	Monica: Do you know who took these photos? Phil: I only know they were not taken by Danny.	→	These photos are said _____ _____.