

2.4 (1)

1. $y'' = 4x$

2. $y'' = -\frac{1}{16}x$ or $x'' = 0$

3. $y'' = -\frac{8}{3}x$ or $x'' = \frac{4}{3}y$

4. 4

5. 4

6. C

7. B

8. C

9. 1) $K(-5, 0)$ $\therefore y'' = -20x$

2) Let $y'' = \sin x$, $\therefore f = \sin(5 - \frac{1}{2}x)$ $|f| = 1$ or $y'' = \pm 2x$ or $y'' = \pm 4x$

10. $4x - y - 3 = 0$

11. $AB = x_1 + x_2 + 2z = 8$

12.

草稿

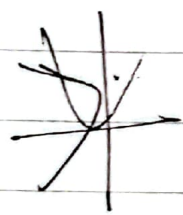
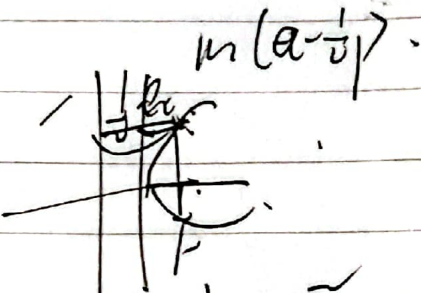


$$y = \sqrt{2}x$$

$$p = 1$$

$$x = \sqrt{2}y$$

$$p = 1$$



$$y = \sqrt{2}x$$

$$y = ax$$

$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y = \sqrt{2}x$$

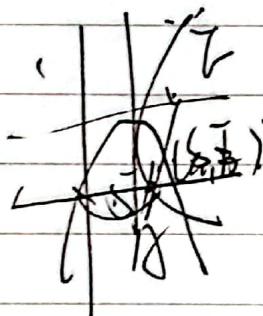
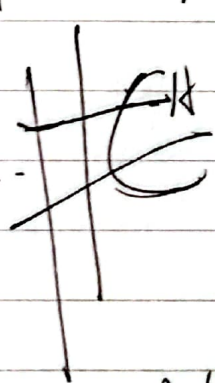
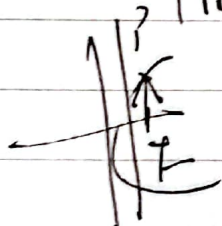


$$(X-1)^2 + y^2 = 1$$

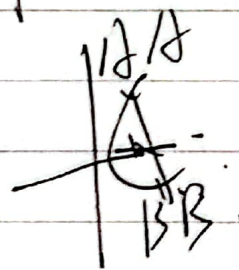
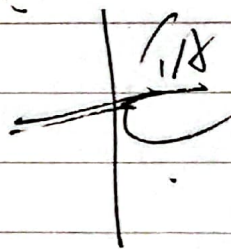
$$X = 1$$

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}p = -1$$

$$p = 1$$



$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}p = 1$$



$$5 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}p = 5 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}p$$

2.4 (1)

1. $y'' = 4x$

2. $y'' = -\frac{16}{x^3}$ or $x'' = 0$

3. $y'' = -\frac{2}{x}$ or $x'' = \frac{4}{y}$

4. ~~4~~ ✓

5. 4.

6. C

7. B

8. C

9. 1) $L(-5, 0)$ $\therefore y'' = -\frac{1}{x^2} = -\frac{1}{25}$

2) $y'' = 2px(p > 0)$, $\therefore f = 2p(5 - \frac{1}{p})$ $|p| = 1$ or $p = 1$
 $\therefore y'' = 2x$ or $y'' = 2x$

10. $4x - y - 3 = 0$

11. $AB = x_1 + x_2 + 2 = 8$

12.