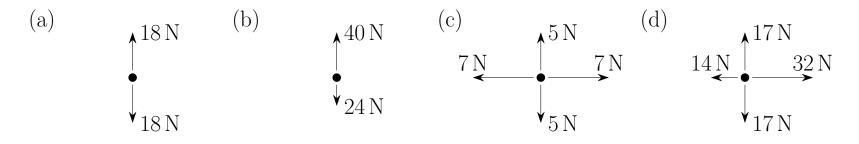
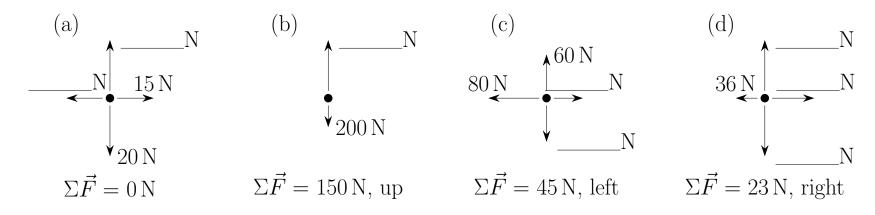
Task #1

In each of the free-body diagrams below, calculate the **magnitude** and **direction** of the net force and draw it.



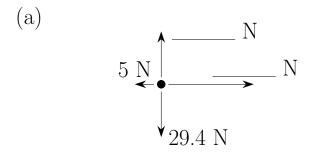
Task #2

In each of the free-body diagrams below, the net force is given, but one or more of the applied forces is missing. Find the missing forces.



Task #3

Fill in the blanks in each of the situations depicted below. Draw the net force.

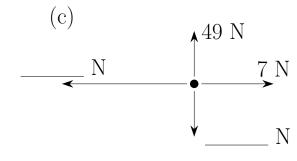


$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

 $a = \text{m/s}^2, \text{m}$
 $\Sigma \vec{F} = 23 \text{ N, right}$

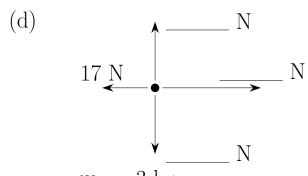
$$m = 2 \text{ kg}$$

 $a = 8 \text{ m/s}^2, \text{ left}$
 $\Sigma \vec{F} = \underline{\qquad} \text{ N}, \underline{\qquad}$



$$m = 5 \text{ kg}$$

 $a = 12 \text{ m/s}^2, \text{ left}$
 $\Sigma \vec{F} = \underline{\qquad} \text{ N}, \underline{\qquad}$

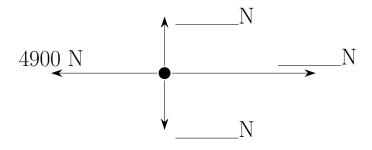


$$m = 3 \text{ kg}$$

 $a = 18 \text{ m/s}^2, \text{ right}$
 $\Sigma \vec{F} = \underline{\qquad} \text{ N, } \underline{\qquad}$

Task #4

A 900-kg car accelerates from rest to $45~\rm m/s$ in $6.8~\rm seconds$. Fill in the free-body diagram below, assuming that the average force against the motion of the car due to air drag and friction is $4900~\rm N$.



Task #5

Consider 15,000-kg rocket that is accelerating upward at $18.2 \,\mathrm{m/s^2}$. Fill in the forces on the free-body diagram below.

