Honors Physics Equation Sheet (Spring Final Exam)

Momentum

$$p \equiv mv$$

$$J \equiv F \Delta t$$

$$\Sigma F = \frac{\Delta p}{t}$$

$$\Sigma p = \Sigma p$$

$$v_A + v_A' = v_B + v_B'$$

$$p \equiv mv \qquad J \equiv F\Delta t \qquad \Sigma F = \frac{\Delta p}{t} \qquad \Sigma p = \Sigma p' \qquad v_A + v_A' = v_B + v_B' \qquad x_{CM} = \frac{\Sigma m_i x_i}{m_i}$$

Rotational Motion

$$\omega \equiv \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t}$$

$$v = r\omega$$

$$1 \text{ rev} = 360^{\circ} = 2\pi \text{ rad}$$

$$\alpha \equiv \frac{\Delta\omega}{\Delta t}$$

$$a_T = r\alpha$$

$$1 \text{ rpm} = 0.1047 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\tau = I\alpha$$

$$\tau \equiv rF_{\perp}$$

$$I = mr^2$$

$$L=I\omega$$

$$a_C = \omega^2 r$$

$$I_{\text{hoop}} = MR^2$$

$$I_{\rm disc} = \frac{1}{2}MR^2$$

$$I_{\text{sphere}} = \frac{2}{5}MR^2$$

$$\omega = \omega_0 + \alpha t$$

$$\theta = \theta_0 + \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha t^2$$

$$\omega^2 = \omega_0^2 + 2\alpha(\theta - \theta_0)$$

Simple Harmonic Motion & Waves

$$F_S = -kx$$

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 $KE = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$ $PE_e = \frac{1}{2}kx^2$ $PE_g = mgy$

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$$PE_g = mgy$$

$$f_s = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \qquad \qquad f_p = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}$$

$$f_p = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g}{L}}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$x(t) = A\cos\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$$

$$v(t) = -A\omega\sin\left(\omega t + \phi\right)$$

$$x(t) = A\cos(\omega t + \phi)$$
 $v(t) = -A\omega\sin(\omega t + \phi)$ $a(t) = -A\omega^2\cos(\omega t + \phi)$

$$v=f\lambda$$

$$f_n = \frac{nv}{2L} = nf_1 \qquad \qquad f_{BEAT} = |f_1 - f_2|$$

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Electricity

$$F = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2}$$

$$F = \frac{kq_1q_2}{r^2} \qquad \qquad E \equiv \frac{F}{q} = \frac{kq}{r^2} \qquad \qquad I \equiv \frac{\Delta q}{t}$$

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$$V = IR$$

$$k = 9.0 \times 10^9 \, \text{Nm/C}^2$$

$$e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}$$

Magnetism

$$F = BII$$

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

$$F = BIL$$
 $\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$ $B_{\text{wire}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$ $V = IR$

$$V = IR$$

$$\mathcal{E} = -\frac{\Delta \Phi}{\Delta t}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = -\frac{\Delta\Phi}{\Delta t} \qquad \qquad \frac{F}{\ell} = \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2}{2\pi d} \qquad \qquad \vec{a} \times \vec{b} = ab \sin \theta$$

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = ab\sin\theta$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{Tm}^2/\mathrm{A}$$

$$e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}$$

Optics

$$n = \frac{c}{v}$$

$$\frac{1}{d_i} + \frac{1}{d_o} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$n = \frac{c}{v}$$

$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{d_o} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$m \equiv \frac{h_i}{h_o} = -\frac{d_i}{d_o}$$

$$c = 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\sin \theta_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

$$P \equiv \frac{1}{f}$$