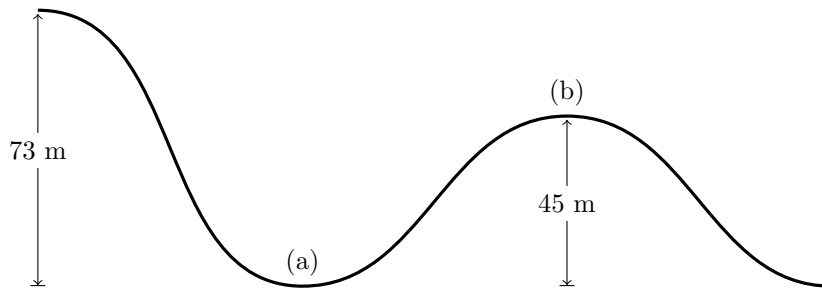


Energy #4

1. A 1300-kg roller coaster starts at rest on the top of a 73-meter hill. The track goes down to ground level before going up a second hill with a height of 45 meters. There is no friction.



- (a) How fast is the coaster travelling at the bottom of the first hill?

Solution:

$$mgh_i = \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2$$

$$930\,020 = 650v_f^2$$

$$37.8\text{ m/s} = v_f$$

- (b) How fast is the coaster travelling at the top of the second hill?

Solution:

$$mgh_i = \frac{1}{2}mv_f^2 + mgh_f$$

$$930\,020 = 650v_f^2 + 573\,300$$

$$23.4\text{ m/s} = v_f$$

- (c) Now, let's add friction to this problem. With friction, the roller coaster does not make it to the top of the second hill; instead, it only reaches a height of 32 m before stopping. How much work is done by friction?

Solution:

$$mgh_i + W = mgh_f$$

$$930\,020 + W = 407\,680$$

$$W = -522\,340\text{ J}$$

Name: _____

Date: _____

Period: _____

2. A 2-kg block is kicked up a ramp with an initial speed of 5 m/s.



- (a) Assuming no friction, how high up the ramp would the block reach?

Solution: 1.28 m

- (b) Instead, the block only makes it up 1.1 meters. How much work was done by friction?

Solution: 3.44 J

3. Thomas the Tank Engine ($m = 11\,500\text{ kg}$) is barreling down the track at a speed of 45 m/s. Batman's Batmobile has stalled at a level crossing 600 meters in front of him. Thomas applies the brakes and comes to a stop just before running over the Batmobile.

- (a) How much work did Thomas's brakes do?

Solution: $-11\,643\,750\text{ J}$

- (b) What was the force of Thomas's brakes?

Solution: $-19\,406\text{ N}$