计算机视觉第三次作业

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language: C++

前处理

通过双边滤波去除高斯噪声。

使用opencv实现:

```
cv:: bilateralFilter(img, out2, 25, 25 * 2, 25 / 2);
```

自适应维纳滤波

通过自适应维纳滤波处理运动模糊。

$$\mu = \frac{1}{NM} \sum_{n_1, n_2 \in \eta} src(n_1, n_2)$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{NM} \sum_{n_1, n_2 \in \eta} src^2(n_1, n_2) - \mu^2$$

$$dst(n_1, n_2) = \mu + \frac{\max(0, \sigma^2 - \nu^2)}{\max(\sigma^2, \nu^2)} (src(n_1, n_2) - \mu)$$

维纳滤波实现代码如下 (opencv):

```
cv::boxFilter(src, means, CV_64F, block, cv::Point(-1, -1), true,
cv::BORDER_REPLICATE);
    cv::sqrBoxFilter(src, sqrMeans, CV_64F, block, cv::Point(-1, -1), true,
cv::BORDER REPLICATE);
    cv::Mat1d means2 = means.mul(means);
    variances = sqrMeans - (means.mul(means));
    if (noiseVariance < 0) {
        cv::reduce(variances, avgVarianceMat, 1, CV_REDUCE_SUM, -1);
        cv::reduce(avgVarianceMat, avgVarianceMat, ∅, CV_REDUCE_SUM, -1);
        noiseVariance = avgVarianceMat(∅, ∅) / (h * w);
    }
    for (int r = 0; r < h; ++r) {
        uchar const *const srcRow = src.ptr<uchar>(r);
        uchar *const dstRow = dst.ptr<uchar>(r);
        double *const varRow = variances.ptr<double>(r);
        double *const meanRow = means.ptr<double>(r);
        for (int c = 0; c < w; ++c) {
            dstRow[c] = cv::saturate_cast<uchar>(
                    meanRow[c] +
                    std::max(0., varRow[c] - noiseVariance) / std::max(varRow[c],
noiseVariance) *
                    (srcRow[c] - meanRow[c])
            );
        }
    }
    return noiseVariance;
}
void WienerFilter(const cv::Mat &src, cv::Mat &dst, double noiseVariance = 10000,
const cv::Size &block = cv::Size(3, 3)) {
    WienerFilterImpl(src, dst, noiseVariance, block);
    return;
}
```

效果展示

处理前:



处理后:

