标定分析.md 2019/11/3

计算机视觉第一次作业

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1.给图片加名字和学号

matlab代码:

```
imdata = imread('IMG_2012.JPG')
imshow(imdata)
text(60, 2800, '邹佳坤21951159', 'color', 'r', 'FontSize', 30)
```

效果展示:



偷偷吐槽一句: matlab导出的图片默认fig格式,这个需要注意一下

2.相机标定并对比分析结果

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toolbox标定

toolbox需要自己选定四个角点,结果如下:

```
%-- Focal length:
fc = [ 3134.330764302692400 ; 3127.320696388179800 ];
%-- Principal point:
cc = [2024.841857305883900; 1492.533869936377600];
%-- Skew coefficient:
alpha_c = 0.000000000000000;
%-- Distortion coefficients:
kc = [ 0.068083052888150 ; -0.167313457450124 ; 0.001577657433806 ;
0.000128956195833; 0.000000000000000];
%-- Focal length uncertainty:
fc_error = [ 13.892496763017606 ; 13.689599115970539 ];
%-- Principal point uncertainty:
cc_error = [ 11.355933135605547 ; 10.531576954480892 ];
%-- Skew coefficient uncertainty:
alpha_c_error = 0.000000000000000;
%-- Distortion coefficients uncertainty:
kc_error = [ 0.006586395445456 ; 0.014859677363690 ; 0.001031831565284 ;
0.001103537561356; 0.0000000000000000];
```

calibrator标定

calibrator标定直接导入图片,选色块尺寸即可,不需要选角点。

结果如下:

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cameraParams =

<u>cameraParameters</u> (具有属性):

Camera Intrinsics

IntrinsicMatrix: [3x3 double]

FocalLength: [3.1574e+03 3.1480e+03] PrincipalPoint: [2.0333e+03 1.4820e+03]

Skew: 0

Lens Distortion

RadialDistortion: [0.0756 -0.1587]

TangentialDistortion: [0 0]

Camera Extrinsics

RotationMatrices: [3x3x4 double]
TranslationVectors: [4x3 double]

Accuracy of Estimation

MeanReprojectionError: 0.9161

ReprojectionErrors: [88x2x4 double] ReprojectedPoints: [88x2x4 double]

比较分析

- 可以看到,其实两种标定方法结果差不多,相差都在3%以内
- toolbox标定的过程较为繁琐,需要对每张图片选定角点,而calibrator只需要添加图片即可
- toolbox图片导入成功率高,而calibrator我用了12张只有4张有效。。。calibrator会判断图片是否重复以及是否合格