# **Problem Set 7**

#### **Problem 1**

 $x_1[n]$  has the highest DT frequency and  $x_3[n]$  has the lowest DT frequency.

# **Problem 2**

(a) Consider a discrete signal  $x[n]=(-1)^nx_d[n]=e^{jn\pi}x_d[n]=x_c(nT)$ 

According to frequency shifting property we can obtain

$$X(e^{j\Omega}) = X_d(e^{j(\Omega - \pi)})$$

The relationship between Fourier transforms of x[n] and  $x_c(nT)$  is

$$X(e^{j\Omega}) = rac{1}{T} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} X_c(j(\Omega-2\pi k)/T)$$

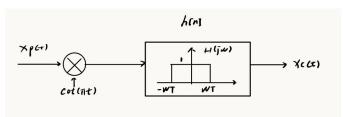
So we can obtain

$$X_d(e^{j\Omega}) = rac{1}{T} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} X_c(j(\Omega+\pi-2\pi k)/T)$$

**(b)** To avoid the occurrence of aliasing, we have to ensure  $2\pi \geq 2WT$ , so

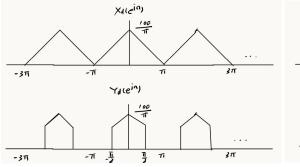
$$W_{max} = \frac{\pi}{T}$$

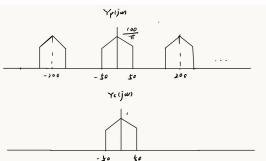
(c) The process of reconstruction is shown below



### **Problem 3**

$$X_d(e^{j\Omega})=rac{1}{T}X_c(jw)|_{w=rac{\Omega}{T}}=rac{100}{\pi}X_c(jrac{100\Omega}{\pi})$$





# **Problem 4**

Since  $w(t)=x_1(t)x_2(t)$ , we can obtain

$$W(jw)=rac{1}{2\pi}X_1(jw)*X_2(jw)$$

So W(jw)=0 when  $|w|\geq w_1+w_2$ 

$$T_{max} = rac{2\pi}{w_{smin}} = rac{2\pi}{2w} = = rac{\pi}{w_1 + w_2}$$

#### **Problem 5**

(a) p(t) is a periodic signal, of which the Fourier coefficients

$$a_k = rac{1}{2\Delta}\int_{-rac{\Delta}{2}}^{rac{3\Delta}{2}}p(t)e^{-jkrac{\pi}{\Delta}t}dt = rac{1}{2\Delta}(1-e^{-jk\pi})$$

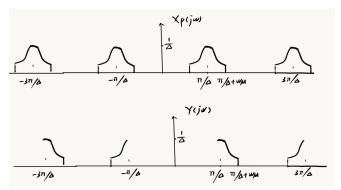
So the Fourier transform

$$P(jw) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(w-kw_0) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} rac{\pi}{\Delta} (1-e^{-jk\pi}) \delta(w-krac{\pi}{\Delta})$$

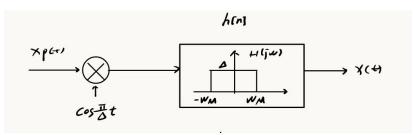
According to the property of convolution

$$X_p(jw) = rac{1}{2\pi}P(jw)*X(jw) = rac{1}{2\Delta}\sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty}(1-e^{-jk\pi})X(j(w-krac{\pi}{\Delta}))$$

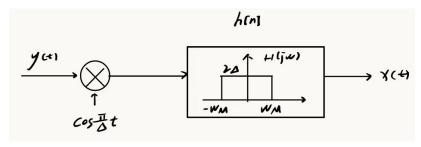
Since  $\Delta < rac{\pi}{2w_m}$  we can plot the figure of  $X_p(jw)$  and Y(jw)



**(b)** The process of reconstruction is shown below



(c) The process of reconstruction is shown below



(d) We have to ensure  $rac{\pi}{\Delta}-w_M\geq 0$  so

$$\Delta_{max} = rac{\pi}{w_M}$$