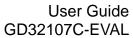
GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

GD32107C-EVAL User Guide V2.1



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1 Summary

GD32107C-EVAL uses GD32F107VCT6 as the main controller. It uses Mini USB interface or DC-005 connector to supply 5V power. SWD, Reset, Boot, User button key, LED, CAN, I2C, I2S, USART, RTC, LCD, SPI, ADC, DAC, EXMC, ENET, USBFS and Extension Pins are also included. For more details please refer to GD32107C-EVAL-V1.3 schematic.

2 Function Pin Assign

Table 1 Function pin assign

Function	Pin	Description
	PC0	LED2
LED	PC2	LED3
	PE0	LED4
	PE1	LED5
RESET		K1-Reset
	PA0	K2-Wakeup
KEY	PC13	K3-Tamper
	PB14	K4-User key
LICARTO	PA9	USART0_TX
USART0	PA10	USART0_RX
LICADTA	PA2	USART1_TX
USART1	PA3	USART1_RX
ADC	PC3	ADC012_IN13
DAC	PA4	DAC_OUT0
DAC	PA5	DAC_OUT1
I2C	PB6	I2C0_SCL
	PB7	I2C0_SDA
	PA5	SPI0_SCK
SPI	PA6	SPI0_MISO
	PA7	SPI0_MOSI
	PE3	SPI0_CS
	PA4	MSEL
	PA5	MCLK
128	PA7	MDIN
	PB12	I2S_WS
	PB13	I2S_CK
	PB15	I2S_DIN
	PC6	I2S_MCK
CAN0	PD0	CAN0_RX



		ODOZ 107 O E V/ L
	PD1	CAN0_TX
0.4514	PB5	CAN1_RX
CAN1	PB6	CAN1_TX
	PD14	EXMC_D0
	PD15	EXMC_D1
NAND Flash	PD0	EXMC_D2
	PD1	EXMC_D3
	PE7	EXMC_D4
	PE8	EXMC_D5
	PE9	EXMC_D6
	PE10	EXMC_D7
	PD11	EXMC_A16
	PD12	EXMC_A17
	PD4	EXMC_NOE
	PD5	EXMC_NWE
	PD6	EXMC_NWAIT
	PD7	EXMC_NCE1
	PD14	EXMC_D0
	PD15	EXMC_D1
	PD0	EXMC_D2
	PD1	EXMC_D3
	PE7	EXMC_D4
	PE8	EXMC_D5
	PE9	EXMC_D6
	PE10	EXMC_D7
	PE11	EXMC_D8
LCD	PE12	EXMC_D9
	PE13	EXMC_D10
	PE14	EXMC_D11
	PE15	EXMC_D12
	PD8	EXMC_D13
	PD9	EXMC_D14
	PD10	EXMC_D15
	PE2	EXMC_A23
	PD4	EXMC_NOE
	PD5	EXMC_NWE
	PD7	EXMC_NE0
ENET	PB11	RMII_TX_EN
	PB12	RMII_TXD0
	PB13	RMII_TXD1
	PC4	RMII_RXD0
	PC5	RMII_RXD1



ч			00021010 21112
		PA7	RMII_CRS_DV
		PC1	RMII_MDC
		PA2	RMII_MDIO
		PB0	RMII_INT
		PA1	RMII_REF_CLK
	USBFS	PA9	USB_VBUS
		PA11	USB_DM
		PA12	USB_DP
		PA10	USB_ID

3 Getting started

The EVAL board uses Mini USB connecter or DC-005 connector to get power DC +5V, which is the hardware system normal work voltage. A J-Link tool is necessary in order to download and debug programs. Select the correct boot mode and then power on, the LED1 will turn on, which indicates that the power supply is OK.

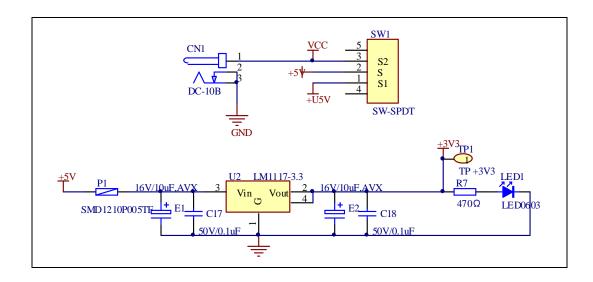
There are Keil version and IAR version of all projects. Keil version of the projects are created based on Keil MDK-ARM 4.74 uVision4. IAR version of the projects are created based on IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM 7.40.2. During use, the following points should be noted:

- 1. If you use Keil uVision4 to open the project, install the GD32F10x_Addon.2.0.0.exe to load the associated files.
- 2. If you use Keil uVision5 to open the project, there are two ways to solve the "Device Missing (s)" problem. One is to install GigaDevice.GD32F10x_DFP.2.0.0.pack. In Project menu, select the Manage sub menu, click on the "Version Migrate 5 Format..." menu, the Keil uVision4 project will be converted to Keil uVision5 project. Then add "C:\Keil_v5\ARM\Pack\ARM\CMSIS\4.2.0\CMSIS\Include" to C/C++ in Option for Target. The other is to install Addon directly. Select the installation directory of Keil uVision5 software, such as C:\Keil_v5, in Destination Folder of Folder Selection. Select the corresponding device in Device of Option for Target and add "C:\Keil_v5\ARM\Pack\ARM\CMSIS\4.2.0\CMSIS\Include" to C/C++ in Option for Target. 3. If you use IAR to open the project, install IAR_GD32F10x_Addon.2.0.0.exe to load the associated files.

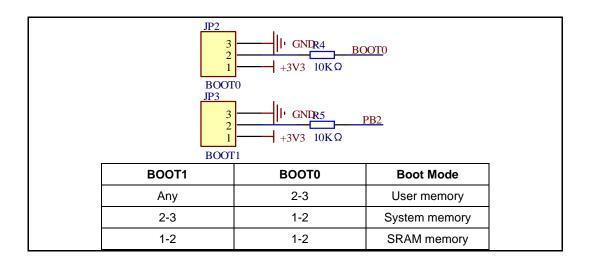


4 Hardware layout overview

4.1 Power

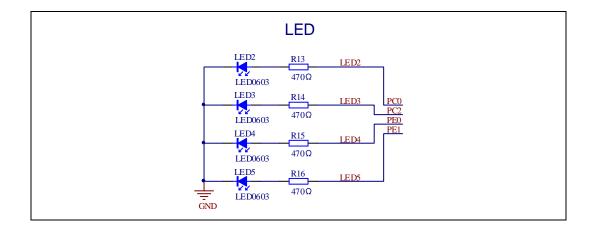


4.2 Boot

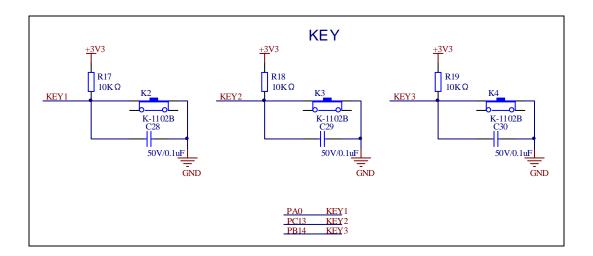




4.3 LED

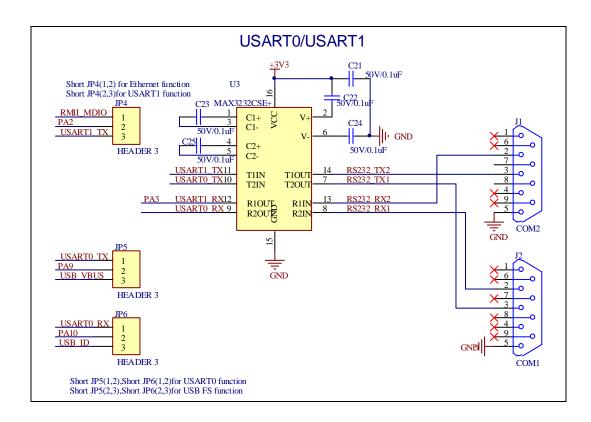


4.4 KEY

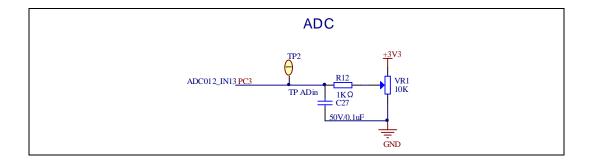




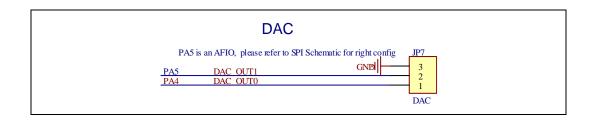
4.5 USART



4.6 ADC

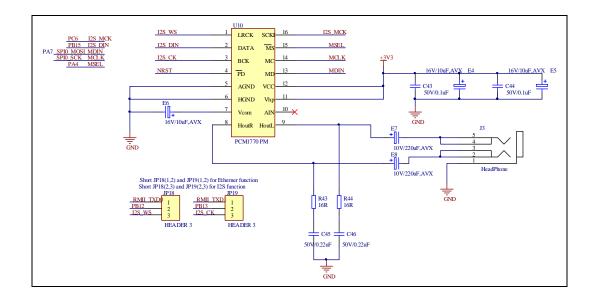


4.7 DAC

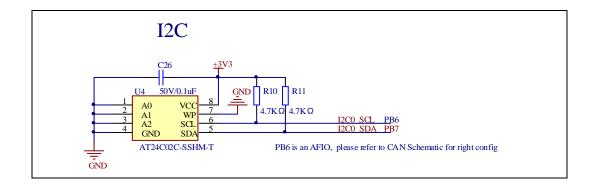




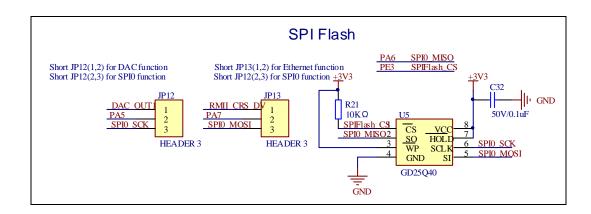
4.8 I2S



4.9 I2C

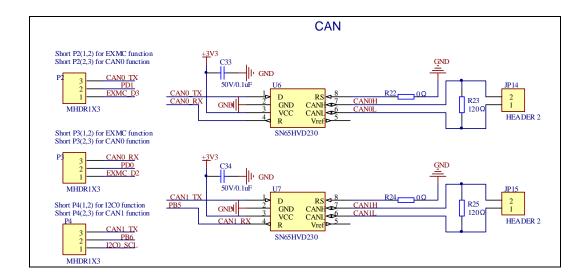


4.10 SPI

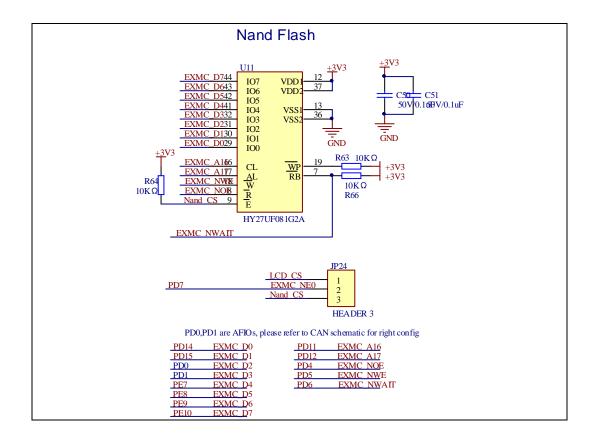




4.11 CAN

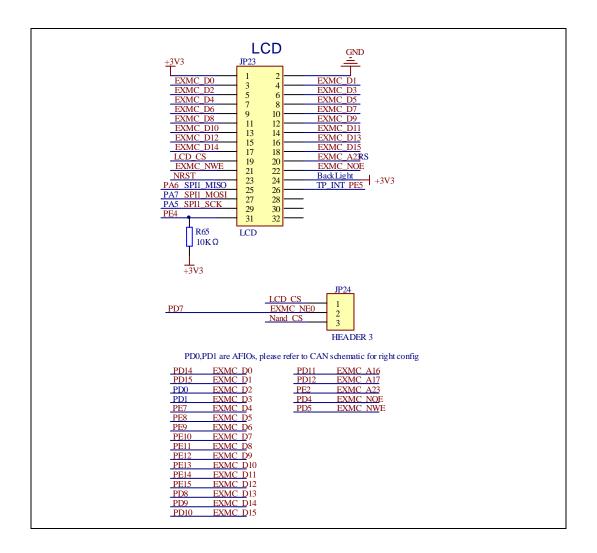


4.12 **NAND**



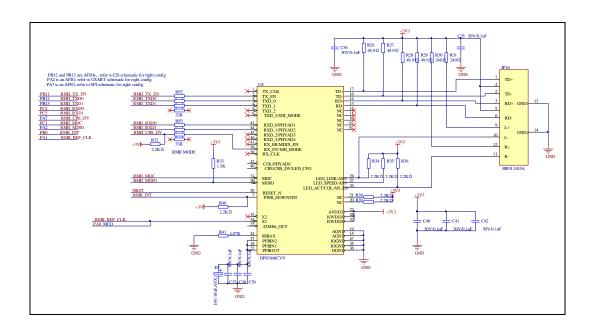


4.13 LCD

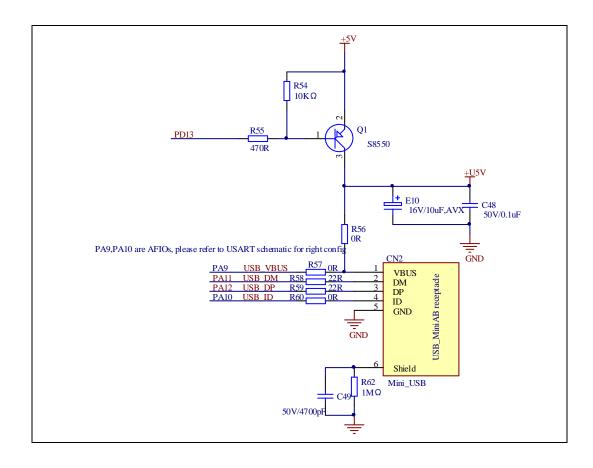




4.14 **ENET**

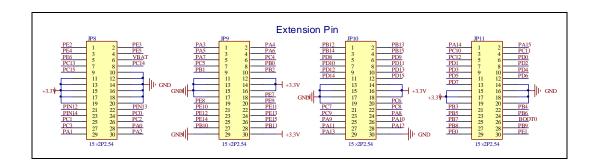


4.15 **USBFS**





4.16 Extension



5 Routine use guide

5.1 **GPIO_Runing_Led**

5.1.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32107C-EVAL board has four LEDs. The LED2, LED3, LED4 and LED5 are controlled by GPIO. This demo will show how to light the LEDs.

5.1.2 **DEMO** Running Result

Download the program <01_GPIO_Runing_Led> to the EVAL board, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 will turn on in sequence with interval of 200ms, and turn off together, 200ms later, repeat the process.

5.2 **GPIO_Keyboard_Polling_mode**

5.2.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32107C-EVAL board has four keys and four LEDs. The five keys are Reset key,



Tamper key, Wakeup key, User key. The LED2, LED3, LED4 and LED5 are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the Tamper key to control the LED3. When press down the Tamper Key, it will check the input value of the IO port. If the value is 0 and will wait for 50ms. Check the input value of the IO port again. If the value still is 0, it indicates that the button is pressed successfully and toggle LED3.

5.2.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <02_GPIO_KeyBoard_Polling_mode> to the EVAL board, press down the Tamper Key, LED3 will be turned on. Press down the Tamper Key again, LED3 will be turned off.

5.3 **GPIO_KeyBoard_Interrupt_mode**

5.3.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use EXTI to generate external interrupt

GD32107C-EVAL board has four keys and four LEDs. The five keys are Reset key, Tamper key, Wakeup key, User key. The LED2, LED3, LED4 and LED5 are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the EXTI interrupt line to control the LED3. When press down the Tamper Key, it will produce an interrupt. In the interrupt service function, the demo will toggle LED3.

5.3.2 **DEMO Running Result**

Download the program <03_GPIO_KeyBoard_Interrupt_mode> to the EVAL board, Press down the Tamper Key, LED3 will be turned on. Press down the Tamper Key again, LED3 will be turned off.



5.4 USART_Printf

5.4.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to retarget the C library printf function to the USART

5.4.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program < 04_USART_Printf > to the EVAL board, jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap and connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0. This implementation outputs "USART printf example: please press the Tamper key" on the HyperTerminal using EVAL_COM0. Press the Tamper key, serial port will output "USART printf example". The output information via the serial port is as following.

USART printf example: please press the Tamper key
USART printf example

5.5 USART_Echo_Interrupt_mode

5.5.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use the USART transmit and receive interrupts to communicate with the serial terminal tool

5.5.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program < 05_USART_Echo_Interrupt_mode > to the EVAL board, jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap and connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0. Firstly, all the LEDs are turned on and off for test. Then, the EVAL_COM0 sends the tx_buffer array (from 0x00 to 0xFF) to the serial terminal tool supporting hex format communication and waits for receiving data of BUFFER_SIZE bytes from the serial terminal. The data MCU have received is stored in the rx_buffer array. After that, compare tx_buffer with rx_buffer. If tx_buffer is same with rx_buffer, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 flash by turns. Otherwise, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 toggle together.

The output information via the serial port is as following.



00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 1C 1D 1E 1 F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 31 3**E** 3**F** 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4B 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 72 8E 8F 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F AO A1 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF BO B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF CO C1 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF DO D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD EO E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF FO F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF

5.6 USART_DMA

5.6.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use the USART transmit and receive data using DMA

5.6.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program < 06_USART_DMA > to the EVAL board, jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap and connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0. Firstly, all the LEDs are turned on and off for test. Then, the EVAL_COM0 sends the tx_buffer array (from 0x00 to 0xFF) to the serial terminal tool supporting hex format communication and waits for receiving data of same bytes as tx_buffer from the serial terminal. The data MCU have received is stored in the rx_buffer array. After that, compare tx_buffer with rx_buffer. If tx_buffer is same with rx_buffer, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 flash by turns. Otherwise, LED2, LED3, LED4, LED5 toggle together.

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 1C 1D 1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31 32 33
          3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 4O 41 42 43 44
   39
                                            45 46 47 48 49 4A
                                                                4B
                                                                   4C 4D
                                                                          4E
                                                                             4F 50 51
             58
                    5A 5B
                           5C
                              5D 5E 5F
                                        60
                                            61
                                               62
                                                   63
                                                      64 65
          73 74 75 76 77
                              79 7A 7B 7C
                                            7D 7E 7F 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B
                           78
                                                                          A2
   8D 8E 8F 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F AO A1
      AA AB AC AD AE AF BO B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF CO C1
      C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF DO D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF
   E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF F0 F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB
FC FD FE FF
```

5.7 ADC_Temperature_Vrefint

5.7.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the ADC to convert analog signal to digital data
- Learn to get the value of inner channel 16(temperature sensor channel) and channel



17 (VREFINT channel)

5.7.2 DEMO Running Result

Jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap, and then download the program <07_ADC_Temperature_Vrefint> to the GD32107C-EVAL board. Connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0, open the HyperTerminal.

When the program is running, HyperTerminal display the value of temperature and internal voltage reference (V_{REFINT}).

Notice: because there is an offset, when inner temperature sensor is used to detect accurate temperature, an external temperature sensor part should be used to calibrate the offset error.

```
the temperature data is 30 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.229V
the temperature data is 30 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.229V
the temperature data is 30 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.229V
the temperature data is 31 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.229V
the temperature data is 31 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.233V
the temperature data is 30 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.229V
the temperature data is 31 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.229V
the temperature data is 31 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.230V
the temperature data is 31 degrees Celsius
the reference voltage data is 1.230V
```

5.8 ADC0_ADC1_Follow_up_mode

5.8.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the ADC to convert analog signal to digital data
- Learn to use ADC0 and ADC1 follow-up mode

5.8.2 **DEMO** Running Result

Jump the JP5 to USART0 with the jumper cap, and then download the program



<08_ADC0_ADC1_Follow_up_mode> to the GD32107C-EVAL board. Connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0, open the HyperTerminal. PC3 and PC5 pin voltage access by external voltage.

TIMER0_CH0 is the trigger source of ADC0 and ADC1. When the rising edge of TIMER0_CH0 coming, ADC0 starts immediately and ADC1 starts after a delay of several ADC clock cycles. The values of ADC0 and ADC1 are transmitted to array adc_value[0] and adc_value[1] by DMA.

When the first rising edge of TIMER0_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the low half word of adc_value[0], and after a delay of several ADC clock cycles the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the high half word of adc_value[0]. When the second rising edge of TIMER0_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the low half word of adc_value[1], and after a delay of several ADC clock cycles the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the high half word of adc_value[1].

When the program is running, HyperTerminal display the regular value of ADC0 and ADC1 by adc_value[0] and adc_value[1].

```
the data adc_value[0] is 00040FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFD0005
the data adc_value[0] is 00010FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFE0002
the data adc_value[0] is 00040FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFD0005
the data adc_value[0] is 00050FFF
the data adc value[1] is OFFDOOOA
the data adc_value[0] is 00040FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFD0005
the data add value[0] is 00060FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFD0006
the data adc_value[0] is 00060FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFD0002
the data adc_value[0] is 00090FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFCOOOA
the data adc_value[0] is 00060FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFFC0001
```

5.9 ADC0_ADC1_Regular_Parallel_mode

5.9.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the ADC to convert analog signal to digital data
- Learn to use ADC0 and ADC1 regular parallel mode



5.9.2 DEMO Running Result

Jump the JP5 to USART0 with the jumper cap, and then download the program <09_ADC0_ADC1_Regular_Parallel_mode> to the GD32107C-EVAL board. Connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0, open the HyperTerminal. PC3 and PC5 pin connect to external voltage input.

TIMER0_CH0 is the trigger source of ADC0 and ADC1. When the rising edge of TIMER0_CH0 coming, ADC0 and ADC1 convert the regular channel group parallelly. The values of ADC0 and ADC1 are transmitted to array adc_value[0] and adc_value[1] by DMA.

When the first rising edge of TIMER0_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the low half word of adc_value[0], the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the high half word of adc_value[0]. When the second rising edge of TIMER0_CH0 coming, the value of the ADC0 conversion of PC5 pin is stored into the low half word of adc_value[1], the value of the ADC1 conversion of PC3 pin is stored into the high half word of adc_value[1].

When the program is running, HyperTerminal displays the regular value of ADC0 and ADC1 stored in adc_value[0] and adc_value[1].

```
the data adc_value[0] is 00030FFE
the data adc_value[1] is OFFA0005
the data add value[0] is 00050FFE
the data adc_value[1] is OFFA0003
the data adc_value[0] is 00040FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFF90004
the data adc_value[0] is 00040FFE
the data adc_value[1] is OFFA0004
the data adc_value[0] is 00030FFF
the data adc_value[1] is OFF80003
the data adc_value[0] is 00030FFE
the data adc_value[1] is OFFA0004
the data adc_value[0] is 00030FFE
the data adc_value[1] is OFF80003
the data adc_value[0] is 00070FFE
the data adc_value[1] is OFFA0000
```

5.10 DAC_Output_Voltage_Value

5.10.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use DAC to output voltage on DAC0 output



5.10.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program <10_DAC_Output_Voltage_Value> to the EVAL board and run, all the LEDs will turn on and turn off for test. The digital value is 0x7FF0, its converted analog voltage should be 1.65V (VREF/2), using the voltmeter to measure PA4 or DA0 on JP7, its value is 1.65V.

5.11 I2C_EEPROM

5.11.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the master transmitting mode of I2C module
- Learn to use the master receiving mode of I2C module
- Learn to read and write the EEPROM with I2C interface

5.11.2 DEMO Running Result

Jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap and the P4 to I2C, then download the program <11_I2C_EEPROM> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to COM0, and open the HyperTerminal to show the print message.

Firstly, the data of 256 bytes will be written to the EEPROM from the address 0x00 and printed by the serial port. Then, reading the EEPROM from address 0x00 for 256 bytes and the result will be printed. Finally, compare the data that were written to the EEPROM and the data that were read from the EEPROM. If they are the same, the serial port will output "I2C-AT24C02 test passed!" and the four LEDs lights flashing, otherwise the serial port will output "Err: data read and write aren't matching." and all the four LEDs light. The output information via the serial port is as following.



```
I2C-24C02 configured....
The I2CO is hardware interface
The speed is 400000
AT24CO2 writing
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C
                                                                  0x1D 0x1E
0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23
                    0x24 0x25
                              0x26
                                   0x27 0x28
                                             0x29 0x2A 0x2B
                                                             0x2C
                                                                  0x2D 0x2E
                                                                            0x2F
0x30 0x31
          0x32 0x33 0x34
                         0x35
                              0x36
                                   0x37
                                        0x38 0x39
                                                  Ox3A Ox3B
                                                             0x30
                                                                  Ox3D Ox3E
                                                                            0x3F
0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45
                              0x46
                                   0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B
                                                             0x4C
                                                                  Ox4D Ox4E
                                                                            0x4F
0x50 0x51
          0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55
                              0x56
                                   0x57
                                        0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B
                                                             0x50
                                                                  0x5D 0x5E
                                                                            0x5F
0x60 0x61
          0x62 0x63 0x64
                         0x65
                              0x66
                                   0x67
                                        0x68 0x69
                                                  Ox6A Ox6B
                                                             0x6C
                                                                  Ox6D Ox6E
                                                                            0x6F
0x70 0x71
          0x72 0x73 0x74
                         0x75
                              0x76
                                   0x77
                                        0x78 0x79
                                                  Ox7A Ox7B Ox7C
                                                                  0x7D 0x7E
                                                                            0x7F
0x80 0x81
          0x82
               0x83 0x84
                         0x85
                              0x86
                                   0x87
                                        0x88 0x89
                                                  0x8A
                                                        0x8B
                                                             0x8C
                                                                  0x8D
          0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95
                              0x96
                                   0x97
                                        0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C
0x90 0x91
                                                                  Ox9D Ox9E
0xx0
     0xA1
          0xA2
               0xA3
                    0xA4
                         0xA5
                              0xA6
                                   0xA7
                                         0xA8
                                             0xA9
                                                  OxAA OxAB
                                                             0xAC
                                                                  0xAD
                                                                       0xAE
0xB0 0xB1 0xB2 0xB3 0xB4 0xB5
                              0xB6
                                   0xB7
                                        OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC
                                                                  OxBD OxBE
OxCO OxC1
          0xC2
               0xC3 0xC4 0xC5
                              0xC6
                                   0xC7
                                        0xC8 0xC9
                                                  OxCA OxCB
                                                             0xCC
                                                                  OxCD OxCE
                                                                            0xCF
OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC
                                                                  OxDD OxDE OxDF
OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7
                                        OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC
                                                                  OxED OxEE
                                                                            OxEF
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFE
AT24C02 reading
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0E
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1E
l0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23
                    0x24 0x25
                              0x26
                                   0x27
                                        0x28
                                             0x29
                                                  Ox2A Ox2B
                                                             0x20
                                                                  0x2D 0x2E
                                                                            0x2F
0x30 0x31
          0x32 0x33 0x34
                         0x35
                              0x36
                                   0x37
                                        0x38 \ 0x39
                                                  Ox3A Ox3B
                                                             0x3C
                                                                  0x3D 0x3E 0x3F
0x40 0x41
          0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45
                              0x46
                                   0x47
                                        0x48 0x49
                                                  Ox4A Ox4B
                                                             0x4C
                                                                  Ox4D Ox4E
                                                                            0x4F
0x50 0x51
          0x52 0x53 0x54
                         0x55
                              0x56
                                   0x57
                                        0x58 0x59
                                                  0x5A 0x5B
                                                             0x5C
                                                                  0x5D 0x5E
                                                                            0x5F
0x60 0x61
          0x62 0x63 0x64
                         0x65
                              0x66
                                   0x67
                                        0x68 0x69
                                                  0x6A 0x6B
                                                             0x6C
                                                                  0x6D
                                                                       0x6E
                                                                            0x6F
0x70 0x71
          0x72 0x73 0x74
                         0x75
                              0x76
                                   0x77
                                        0x78 0x79
                                                  0x7A 0x7B 0x7C
                                                                  0x7D 0x7E
l0x80 0x81
          0x82
               0x83 0x84
                         0x85
                              0x86
                                   0x87
                                        0x88 0x89
                                                  Ox8A Ox8B
                                                             0x8C
                                                                  0x8D
          0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95
0x90 0x91
                              0x96
                                   0x97
                                        0x98 0x99
                                                  Ox9A Ox9B Ox9C
                                                                  0x9D 0x9E
OxAO OxA1
          0xA2
               0xA3
                    0xA4
                         0xA5
                              0xA6
                                   0xA7
                                         0xA8 0xA9
                                                  Oxaa Oxab
                                                             0xAC
                                                                  OxAD OxAE
OxBO OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5
                              0xB6
                                   0xB7
                                        OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC
                                                                  OxBD OxBE
                                                                            OxBE
0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5
                              0xC6
                                   0xC7
                                        0xC8 0xC9 0xCA 0xCB 0xCC
                                                                  OxCD OxCE
                                                                            0xCF
OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDF
OXEO OXE1 OXE2 OXE3 OXE4 OXE5 OXE6 OXE7 OXE8 OXE9 OXEA OXEB OXEC OXED OXEE OXEF
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF
|I2C-AT24C02 test passed!
```

5.12 SPI_SPI_Flash

5.12.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use the master mode of SPI unit to read and write NOR Flash with the SPI interface

5.12.2 DEMO Running Result

The computer serial port line connected to the COM0 port of development board, set the baud rate of HyperTerminal software to 115200, 8 bits data bit, 1 bit stop bit. At the same time you should jump the JP5 to USART, and jump the JP12 and JP13 to SPI.

Download the program <12_SPI_SPI_Flash> to the EVAL board, the HyperTerminal software can observe the operation condition and will display the ID of the flash, 256 bytes data which are written to and read from flash. Compare the data that were written to the flash and the data that were read from the flash. If they are the same, the serial



port will output "SPI-GD25Q16 Test Passed!", otherwise, the serial port will output "Err: Data Read and Write aren't Matching.". At last, turn on and off the leds one by one. The following is the experimental results.

```
GD32107C-EVAL-V1.3 System is Starting up...
GD32107C-EVAL-V1.3 Flash:256K
GD32107C-EVAL-V1.3 The CPU Unique Device ID: [34393633-6343433-600100]
GD32107C-EVAL-V1.3 SPI Flash:GD25Q16 configured...
The Flash_ID:0xC84015
Write to tx_buffer:
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F 0x10
0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21
|0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25
                    0x26 0x27 0x28
                                   0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C 0x2D 0x2E
                                                                 0x2F
                                                                      0x30 0x31
                                                                                 0x32
0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39
                                   Ox3A Ox3B Ox3C
                                                  Ox3D Ox3E Ox3F
                                                                 0x40 0x41 0x42
0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C 0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53
0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B
                                   0x5C 0x5D 0x5E 0x5F 0x60 0x61
                                                                 0x62 0x63 0x64
                                                                                 0x65
                                   0x6D 0x6E 0x6F 0x70 0x71 0x72
0x66 0x67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C
                                                                 0x73 0x74 0x75
                                                                                 0x76
|0x77
    0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C 0x7D
                                   0x7E 0x7F 0x80 0x81 0x82 0x83
                                                                 0x84 0x85
                                                                           0x86
                                                                                 0x87
0x88 0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C 0x8D 0x8E
                                   0x8F 0x90 0x91
                                                  0x92 0x93 0x94
                                                                 0x95
                                                                      0x96
                                                                           0x97
                                   OxAO OxA1 OxA2 OxA3 OxA4 OxA5 OxA6 OxA7 OxA8 OxA9
Ox99 Ox9A Ox9B Ox9C Ox9D Ox9E Ox9F
OxAA OxAB OxAC OxAD OxAE OxAF OxBO
                                   0xB1 0xB2 0xB3 0xB4 0xB5 0xB6
                                                                 OxB7 OxB8 OxB9 OxBA
OxBB OxBC OxBD OxBE OxBF OxCO OxC1 OxC2 OxC3 OxC4 OxC5 OxC6 OxC7
                                                                 OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB
OxCC OxCD OxCE OxCF OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC
OxDD OxDE OxDF OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC
OXEE OXEF OXFO OXF1 OXF2 OXF3 OXF4 OXF5 OXF6 OXF7 OXF8 OXF9 OXFA OXFB OXFC OXFD OXFE
0xFF
Read from rx_buffer:0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C
0x0D 0x0E 0x0F 0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19
                                                                 Ox1A Ox1B Ox1C
0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C 0x2D
                                                                                 0x2E
l0x2F 0x30 0x31 0x32
                    0x33 \ 0x34 \ 0x35
                                   0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B
                                                                 0x3C 0x3D 0x3E
                                                                                 0x3F
|0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46
                                   0x47
                                        0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C
                                                                 Ox4D Ox4E Ox4F
                                                                                 0x50
0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57
                                   0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C 0x5D 0x5E 0x5F 0x60 0x61
0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0x67 0x68
                                   0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C 0x6D 0x6E 0x6F
                                                                      0x70
                                                                           0x71
0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76 0x77
                         0x78 0x79
                                   Ox7A Ox7B Ox7C Ox7D Ox7E Ox7F
                                                                 0x80 0x81 0x82
                                                                                 0x83
                                   Ox8B Ox8C Ox8D Ox8E Ox8F Ox90
l0x84 0x85 0x86 0x87
                    0x88 0x89 0x8A
                                                                 0x91 0x92
                                                                           0x93
                                                                                 0x94
|Ox95 Ox96 Ox97 Ox98 Ox99 Ox9A Ox9B
                                   0x9C
                                        Ox9D Ox9E Ox9F OxAO OxA1
                                                                 0xA2
                                                                      0xA3 0xA4
                                                                                 0xA5
OxA6 OxA7 OxA8 OxA9 OxAA OxAB OxAC
                                   OxAD OxAE OxAF OxBO OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5
                                                                                 0xB6
OxB7 OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC OxBD OxBE OxBF OxCO OxC1 OxC2 OxC3 OxC4 OxC5
                                                                           0xC6
OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC OxCD OxCE OxCF OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8
OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDF OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9
OXEA OXEB OXEC OXED OXEE OXEF OXFO OXF1 OXF2 OXF3 OXF4 OXF5 OXF6 OXF7 OXF8 OXF9 OXFA
OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF
SPI-GD25Q16 Test Passed!
```

5.13 I2S_Audio_Player

5.13.1 DEMO Purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use I2S module to output audio file
- Parsing audio files of wav format

GD32107C-EVAL board integrates the I2S (Inter-IC Sound) module, and the module can communicate with external devices using the I2S audio protocol. This Demo mainly shows how to use the I2S interface of the board for audio output.



5.13.2 DEMO Running Result

Jump JP18 and JP19 to the I2S.

Download the program<13_I2S_Audio_Player>to the EVAL board, insert the headphone into the audio port, and then listen to the audio file.

5.14 EXMC_NandFlash

5.14.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use EXMC control the NAND flash

5.14.2 DEMO Running Result

GD32107C-EVAL board has EXMC module to control NAND flash. Before running the demo, JP5 must be fitted to USART, P2 and P3 must be fitted to the EXMC port, JP24 must be fitted to the Nand port. Download the program <14_EXMC_NandFlash> to the EVAL board. This demo shows the write and read operation process of NAND flash memory by EXMC module. If the test pass, LED2 will be turned on. Otherwise, turn on the LED4. Information via a HyperTerminal output as following:

```
NAND flash initialized!
Read NAND ID!
Nand flash ID:OxAD 0xF1 0x80 0x1D
Write data successfully!
Read data successfully!
Check the data!
Access NAND flash successfully!
The data to be read
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17
                                         0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C
                                                                   Ox1D Ox1E Ox1F
0x20 0x21
          0x22
               0x23 0x24 0x25
                              0x26 0x27
                                         0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
                                                                   0x2D 0x2E 0x2F
0x30 0x31
          0x32
               0x33 0x34 0x35
                               0x36 0x37
                                         0x38
                                              0x39 0x3A 0x3B
                                                             0x30
                                                                   0x3D 0x3E 0x3E
0x40 0x41
          0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45
                              0x46 0x47
                                         0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B
                                                             0x4C
                                                                   Ox4D Ox4E Ox4E
0x50 0x51
          0x52
               0x53 0x54 0x55
                              0x56 \ 0x57
                                         0x58
                                              0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C
                                                                   0x5D 0x5E 0x5E
0x60 0x61
          0x62
               0x63 0x64 0x65
                               0x66 0x67
                                         0x68
                                              Ox69 Ox64 Ox6B
                                                             0x6C
                                                                   Ox6D Ox6E Ox6E
0 \times 70
     0x71
          0x72
               0x73
                    0x74 0x75
                               0x76
                                    0x77
                                         0x78
                                              0x79 0x74 0x78
                                                             0x70
                                                                   0 \times 7D
                                                                        0x7E
                                                                             0x7F
0x80
     0x81
          0x82
               0x83
                    0x84 0x85
                               0x86
                                    0x87
                                         0x88
                                              0x89 0x8A 0x8B
                                                             0x8C
                                                                   Ox8D Ox8E
                                                                             0x8F
0x90
     0x91
                    0x94
                         0x95
                               0x96
                                         0x98
                                              0x99 0x9A 0x9B
                                                                   0x9D
                                                                        Ox9E Ox9E
          0x92
               0x93
                                    0x97
                                                             0x9C
0xx0
     0xA1
          0xA2
               0xA3
                    0xA4 0xA5
                               0xA6
                                    0xA7
                                         0xA8
                                              OxA9 OxAA
                                                         0xAB
                                                             0xAC
                                                                   0xAD
                                                                        0xAE
                                                                             0xAF
lo_{x}BO
     0xB1
          0xB2
               0xB3 0xB4 0xB5
                               0xB6
                                    0xB7
                                         0xB8
                                              OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC
                                                                   0xBD
                                                                        0xBE
                                                                             0xBF
                               0xC6
                                         0xC8
                                              OxC9 OxCA OxCB
OxCO OxC1
          0xC2
               0xC3 0xC4 0xC5
                                    0xC7
                                                             0xCC
                                                                   OxCD OxCE
                                                                             OxCF
OxDO OxD1
          0xD2 0xD3 0xD4 0xD5
                              0xD6 0xD7
                                         OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDE
               OxE3 OxE4 OxE5
                              0xE6 0xE7
                                         OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC
OxEO OxE1
          0xE2
                                                                   OxED OxEE OxEF
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5
                              0xF6 0xF7
                                         OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05
                              0x06 0x07
                                         0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C
                                                                   OxOD OxOE
                                                                             0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17
                                         0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D 0x1E 0x1F
0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25
                              0x26 0x27
                                         0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
                                                                   0x2D 0x2E 0x2E
0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C 0x3D 0x3E 0x3F
0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C 0x4D 0x4E
0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C 0x5D 0x5E 0x5F
```



5.15 EXMC_TouchScreen

5.15.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use EXMC control LCD

5.15.2 **DEMO Running Result**

GD32107C-EVAL board has EXMC module to control LCD. Before running the demo, JP12 and JP13 must be fitted to the SPI port, P2 and P3 must be fitted to the EXMC port. Download the program <15_EXMC_TouchScreen> to the EVAL board. This demo displays GigaDevice logo and four green buttons on the LCD screen by EXMC module. Users can touch the green button to turn on the corresponding LED on board, and then the color of button you had touched will change to red.



5.16 CAN_Network

5.16.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use the CAN0 communication between two boards



GD32107C-EVAL development board integrates the CAN(Controller Area Network) bus controller, which is a common industrial control bus. CAN bus controller follows the CAN bus protocol of 2.0 A and 2.0 B. This demo mainly shows how to communicate two EVAL boards through CAN0.

5.16.2 DEMO Running Result

This example is tested with two GD32F107C-EVAL boards. Jump the JP5 to USART and P2, P3 to CAN with the jumper cap. Connect L pin to L pin and H pin to H pin of JP14 on the boards for sending and receiving frames. Download the program <16_CAN_Network> to the two EVAL boards, and connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0. Firstly, the EVAL_COM0 sends "please press the Tamper key to transmit data!" to the HyperTerminal. The frames are sent and the transmit data are printed by pressing Tamper Key push button. When the frames are received, the receive data will be printed and the LED2 will toggle one time.

The output information via the serial port is as following.

```
please press the Tamper key to transmit data!

CANO transmit data: ab,cd

CANO receive data: ab,cd
```

5.17 RCU_Clock_Out

5.17.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to use the clock output function of RCU
- Learn to communicate with PC by USART

5.17.2 DEMO Running Result

Jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap, and download the program <17_RCU_Clock_Out> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to EVAL_COMO, open the HyperTerminal. When the program is running, HyperTerminal will display the initial information. Then user can choose the type of the output clock by pressing the TAMPER button. After pressing, the corresponding LED will be turned on and HyperTerminal will display which mode be selected. The frequency of the output clock



can be observed through the oscilloscope by PA8 pin. Information via a serial port output as following:

/-----Gigadevice Clock output Demo -----/
press tamper key to select clock output source
CK_OUTO: system clock
CK_OUTO: IRC8M
CK_OUTO: HXTAL
CK_OUTO: system clock

5.18 PMU_sleep_wakeup

5.18.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use the USART receive interrupt to wake up the PMU from sleep mode

5.18.2 DEMO Running Result

Download the program < 18_PMU_sleep_wakeup > to the EVAL board, jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap and connect serial cable to EVAL_COM0. After power-on, all the LEDs are off. The mcu will enter sleep mode and the software stop running. When the USART0 receives a byte of data from the HyperTerminal, the mcu will wake up from a receive interrupt. And all the LEDs will flash together.

5.19 RTC Calendar

5.19.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use RTC module to implement calendar and alarm function
- Learn to use USART module to implement time display

5.19.2 DEMO Running Result

Jump the JP5 to USART with the jumper cap, and download the program <19_RTC_Calendar> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to EVAL_COMO, open the HyperTerminal. After start-up, the program will ask to set the time on the HyperTerminal. The calendar will be displayed on the HyperTerminal. At the same time, set current time add 10 second as alarm time. After 10 second, the alarm note will displayed on the HyperTerminal and turn on LEDs.



```
This is a RTC demo.....
This is a RTC demo!
RTC not yet configured....
RTC configured..
    Please Set Hours: 10
Please Set Minutes: 11
Please Set Seconds:
Set Alarm Time: 10:11:22
Time: 10:11:12
Time: 10:11:12
Time: 10:11:13
Time: 10:11:14
Time: 10:11:15
Time: 10:11:16
Time: 10:11:17
Time: 10:11:18
Time: 10:11:19
Time: 10:11:20
Time: 10:11:21
==========RTC Alarm and turn on LED============
Time: 10:11:22
Time: 10:11:23
```

5.20 TIMER_Breath_LED

5.20.1 DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use Timer output PWM wave
- Learn to update channel value

5.20.2 DEMO Running Result

Use the DuPont line to connect the TIMER0_CH0 (PA8) and LED2 (PC0), and then download the program <20_TIMER_Breath_LED> to the GD32107C-EVAL board and run. PA8 should not be reused by other peripherals.

When the program is running, you can see LED2 lighting from dark to bright gradually and then gradually darken, ad infinitum, just like breathing as rhythm.



5.21 **ENET**

5.21.1 FreeRTOS_tcpudp

DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use Lwip stack
- Learn to use FreeRTOS operation system
- Learn to use netconn and socket API to handle with a task
- Learn how to realize a tcp server
- Learn how to realize a tcp client
- Learn how to realize a udp server/client
- Learn how to use DHCP to allocate ip address automatically

This demo is based on the GD32107C-EVAL evaluation board, it shows how to configure the enet peripherals to send and receive frames in normal mode and use lwip tcp/ip stack to realize ping, telnet and server/client functions.

JP4, JP13, JP18, JP19 must be fitted.

It is configured in RMII mode, and 25MHz oscillator is used, the system clock is configured to 108MHz.

This demo realizes three applications:

- 1) Telnet application, the eval board acts as tcp server. Users can link the client with the eval board server, using 8000 port. Users can see the reply from the server, and can send the name(should input enter key) to server.
- 2) top client application, the eval board acts as top client. Users can link the eval board client with the server, using 1026 port. Users can send information from server to client, then the client will send back the information.
- 3) udp application. Users can link the eval board with other station, using 1025 port. Users can send information to board from station, then the board will send back the information.

If users need dhcp function, it can be configured from the private defines in main.h. This function is closed by default.

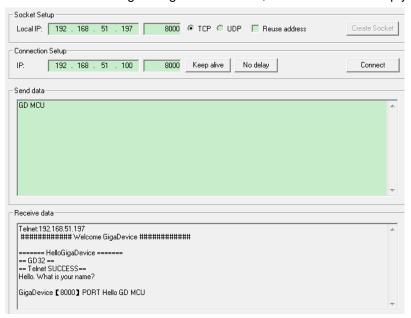
Note: Users should configure ip address, mask and gw of GD32107C-EVAL evaluation board or served according to the actual net situation from the private defines in main.h.



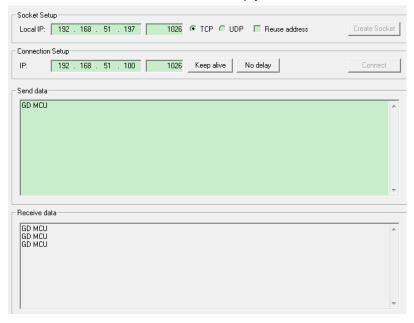
DEMO Running Result

Download the program <FreeRTOS_tcpudp> to the EVAL board, LED3 will light every 500ms.

Using Network assistant software, configure the pc side to tcp client, using 8000 port, and when send something through the assistant, users can see the reply from the server:

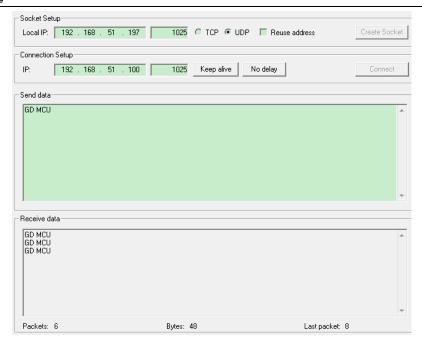


Using Network assistant software, configure the pc side to tcp server, using 1026 port (ensure that the port number is not occupied by other processes), and when send something through the assistant, users can see the echo reply from the client:



Using Network assistant software, configure to use udp protocol, using 1025 port (ensure that the port number is not occupied by other processes), and when send something through the assistant, users can see the echo reply from the board:





Open the DHCP function in main.h, using a router to connect the board with the pc, users can see the automatic allocated ip address of the board from the HyperTerminal.

5.21.2 Raw_tcpudp

DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use Lwip stack
- Learn to use raw API to handle with a task
- Learn how to realize a tcp server
- Learn how to realize a tcp client
- Learn how to realize a udp server/client
- Learn how to use DHCP to allocate ip address automatically
- Learn to handle with received packet in polling mode and in interrupt mode

This demo is based on the GD32107C-EVAL evaluation board, it shows how to configure the enet peripherals to send and receive frames in normal mode and use lwip tcp/ip stack to realize ping, telnet and server/client functions.

JP4, JP13, JP18, JP19 must be fitted. JP5 jump to USART0.

It is configured in RMII mode, and 25MHz oscillator is used, the system clock is configured to 108MHz.

This demo realizes three applications:

1) Telnet application, the eval board acts as tcp server. Users can link the client with the eval



board server, using 8000 port. Users can see the reply from the server, and can send the name(should input enter key) to server.

- 2) top client application, the eval board acts as top client. Users can link the eval board client with the server, using 1026 port. Users can send information to client from server, then the client will send back the information. If the server is not online at first, or is break during process, when the server is ready again, users can press tamper key to reconnect with server, and communicate.
- 3) udp application, Users can link the eval board with other station, using 1025 port. Users can send information from station to board, then the board will send back the information.

By default, the packet reception is polled in while(1). If users want to receive packet in interrupt service, uncomment the macro defined USE_ENET_INTERRUPT in main.h.

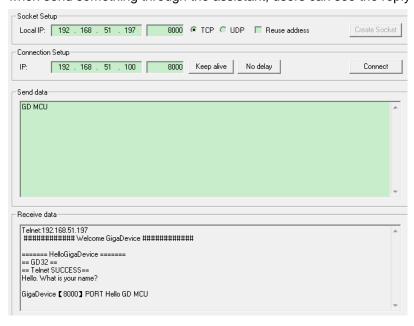
If users need dhcp function, it can be configured from the private defines in main.h. This function is closed in default.

Note: Users should configure ip address, mask and gw of GD32107C-EVAL evaluation board, or server according to the actual net situation from the private defines in main.h.

DEMO Running Result

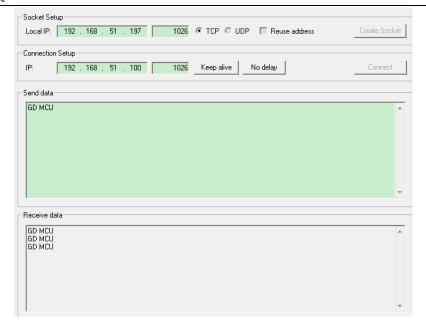
Download the program <Raw_tcpudp> to the EVAL board.

Using Network assistant software, configure the pc side to tcp client, using 8000 port, and when send something through the assistant, users can see the reply from the server:

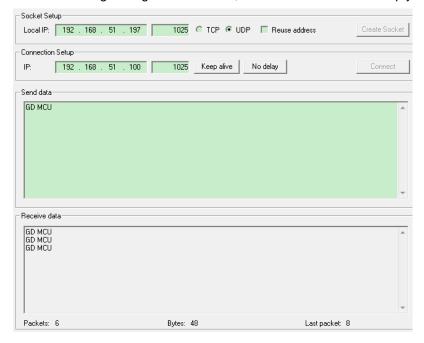


Using Network assistant software, configure the pc side to tcp server, using 1026 port, press the Tamper key, and when send something through the assistant, users can see the echo reply from the client:





Using Network assistant software, configure to use udp protocol, using 1025 port, and when send something through the assistant, users can see the echo reply from the board:



Open the DHCP function in main.h, using a router to connect the board with the pc, users can see the automatic allocated ip address of the board from the HyperTerminal.

5.21.3 Raw_webserver

DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:



- Learn to use Lwip stack
- Learn to use raw API to handle with a task
- Learn how to realize a web server
- Learn how to use a web server to control LEDs
- Learn how to use a web server to monitor the board VREFINT voltage
- Learn how to use DHCP to allocate ip address automatically
- Learn to handle with received packet in polling mode and in interrupt mode

This demo is based on the GD32107C-EVAL evaluation board, it shows how to configure the enet peripherals to send and receive frames in normal mode and use lwip tcp/ip stack to realize webserver application.

JP4, JP13, JP18, JP19 must be fitted. JP5 jump to USART0.

It is configured in RMII mode, and 25MHz oscillator is used, the system clock is configured to 108MHz.

This demo realizes webserver application:

Users can visit the eval board through Internet Explorer, the eval board acts as a webserver, and the url is the local ip address of the eval board. There are two experiments realized, one is the LEDs control, the other one is the ADC monitoring VREFINT voltage in real-time.

If users need dhcp function, it can be configured from the private defines in main.h. This function is closed by default. Users can use a router to connect the eval board, and use the COM port to print the automatic allocated ip address, then connect your mobile phone to the wifi which the router send. Users can visit the eval board and control it on your mobile phone.

By default, the packet reception is polled in while(1). If users want to receive packet in interrupt service, uncomment the macro define USE_ENET_INTERRUPT in main.h.

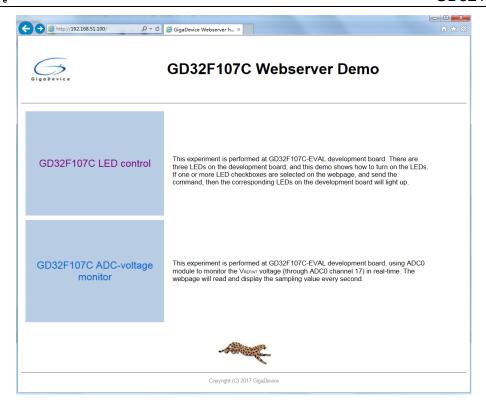
Note: Users should configure ip address, mask and gw of GD32107C-EVAL evaluation board according to the actual net situation from the private defines in main.h.

DEMO Running Result

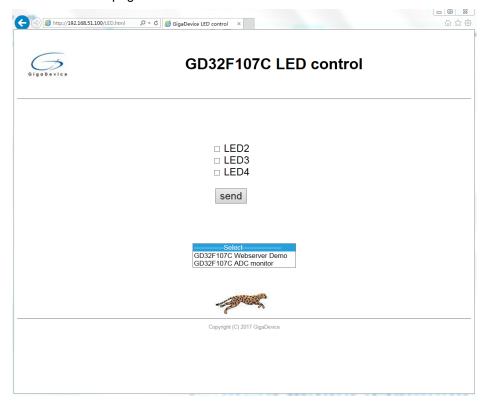
Download the program <Raw_webserver> to the EVAL board, using Internet Explorer software, enter in the ip address of the board, click on the LED control linker, choose the LED checkboxes users want to light, and "send", the corresponding LEDs will light. Click on the ADC monitor linker, the real-time VREFINT voltage is showed on the webpage, and the data refreshes every second automatically.

The web home page shows as below:



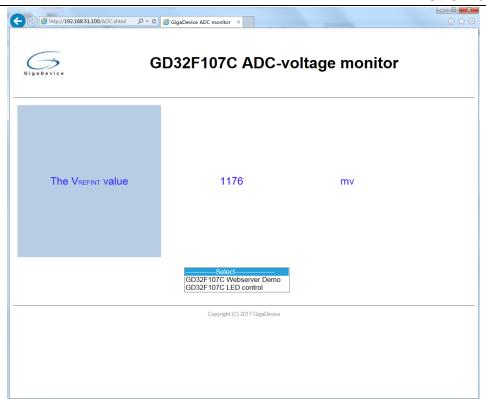


The LED control page shows as below:



The ADC monitor page shows as below:





Open the DHCP function in main.h, using a router to connect the board, and use the HyperTerminal to print the automatic allocated ip address, then connect your mobile phone to the wifi which the router send. Users can visit the eval board and control it on your mobile phone.

5.22 USBFS

5.22.1 Device(USB_Keyboard)

DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn how to use the USBFS peripheral mode
- Learn how to implement USB HID(human interface) device

GD32107C-EVAL board has four keys and one USB_FS interface. The five keys are Reset key, Wakeup key, Tamper key and User key. In this demo, the GD32107C-EVAL board is enumerated as an USB Keyboard, which uses the native PC Host HID driver, as shown below. The USB Keyboard uses three keys(wakeup key, tamper key and user key) to output three characters ('b', 'a' and 'c'). In addition, the demo also supports remote wakeup which is the ability of a USB device to bring a suspended bus back to the active condition, and the wakeup key is used as the remote wakeup source.





DEMO Running Result

Before running the demo, please ensure that jumper JP5 jump to OTG. After doing this, download the program <22_USBFS\Device(USB_Keyboard)> to the EVAL board and run. If you press the Wakeup key, will output 'b'. If you press the User key, will output 'c'. If you press the Tamper key, will output 'a'.

If you want to test USB remote wakeup function, you can do as follows:

- Manually switch PC to standby mode
- Wait for PC to fully enter the standby mode
- Push the Wakeup key
- If PC is ON, remote wakeup is OK, else failed.

5.22.2 Host(USB_MSC)

DEMO Purpose

This demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use the USBFS as a MSC host
- Learn the operation between the MSC host and the Udisk

GD32107C-EVAL board integrates the USBFS module, and the module can be used as a USB device, a USB host or an OTG device. This demo mainly shows how to use the USBFS as a USB MSC host to communicate with external Udisk.

DEMO Running Result

Jump the JP5 to OTG. Then insert the OTG cable to the USB port, download the program <22_USBFS\Host(USB_MSC)> to the EVAL board and run.

If an Udisk has been attached, the user will see the information of Udisk enumeration. First pressing the user key1 will see the Udisk information, next pressing the tamper key will see the root content of the Udisk, then press the wakeup key will write file to the Udisk, finally the user will see information that the msc host demo is end.



6 Revision history

Table 2 Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial Release	Dec. 26, 2014
2.0	Firmware Update	Jun. 30, 2017
2.1	Firmware Update, Consistency Update	Jul. 31, 2018



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