

习题 6.3

1. (2) $z = \frac{1}{\sin x} + \frac{1}{\cos y}$

定义域为 $\{(x, y) \mid x \neq k\pi, y \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

该函数为二元初等函数故在 $\{(x, y) \mid x \neq k\pi, y \neq \frac{\pi}{2} + k\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ 上连续

3. 不妨设 $f(x_1, y_1) \leq f(x_2, y_2) \leq \dots \leq f(x_n, y_n)$

则 $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i, y_i) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i, y_i)$

$= \frac{1}{n} \left\{ \underbrace{[f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_2, y_2)]}_{\sum} + \underbrace{[f(x_{n-1}, y_{n-1}) + f(x_n, y_n)]}_{\sum} + \dots + \underbrace{[f(x_1, y_1) + f(x_n, y_n)]}_{\sum} \right\}$

$\therefore \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i, y_i) \in (f(x_1, y_1), f(x_n, y_n))$

由介值定理知 $\exists \xi, \delta$ s.t. $f(\xi, \delta) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x_i, y_i) \in (f(x_1, y_1), f(x_n, y_n))$

证毕

4. 证: 由题知当 $\exists \delta, \varepsilon$ 使得 $|x - x_0| \leq \delta, |y - y_0| \leq \delta$, 则有 $|f(x, y) - f(x_0, y_0)| \leq \varepsilon$

即 $\lim_{(x, y) \rightarrow (x_0, y_0)} f(x, y) = f(x_0, y_0)$

$\therefore \lim_{y \rightarrow y_0} \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x, y) = f(x_0, y_0)$ 即 $\lim_{y \rightarrow y_0} f(x_0, y) = f(x_0, y_0)$

即 $\exists \delta, \varepsilon$ s.t. 若 $|y - y_0| \leq \delta$ 有 $|f(x_0, y) - f(x_0, y_0)| \leq \varepsilon$

即 $f(x_0, y)$ 在 $y = y_0$ 处连续, 证毕

6. $f(x, y) = \ln(1 - x^2 - y^2)$

证: 令 $g(x, y) = x^2 + y^2, h(x) = \ln(1 - x)$

即 $f(x, y) = h(1 - g(x, y))$

$\because g(x, y)$ 为二元初等函数 $\therefore g(x, y)$ 在定义域内连续

$\therefore h(x)$ 在定义域内连续 $\therefore f(x, y)$ 在 $\{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 < 1\}$ 上连续

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} h(x) = -\infty \therefore \lim_{g(x, y) \rightarrow 1} h(1 - g(x, y)) = -\infty \therefore$ 当 $x^2 + y^2 \rightarrow 1$ 时 $f(x, y) = -\infty$ 证毕

证毕

It's all one ghetto, man, giant gutter in outer space.