总结

# mysql

安装

sudo apt-get install mysql-server mysql-client

设置密码为 password

mysql -u root -p

password

# Dubbo

在dubbo-monitor-simple-2.5.3项目部署目录中修改dubbo.properties文件，启动后使用8080端口

#添加协议

dubbo.protocol.name=dubbo

#修改为zookeeper

#dubbo.registry.address=multicast://224.5.6.7:1234

dubbo.registry.address=zookeeper://127.0.0.1:2181

# Shell

#查找目录下的所有文件中是否含有某个字符串,并且只打印出文件名

find .|xargs grep -ri "8080" -l

#查找目录下的所有文件中是否含有某个字符串

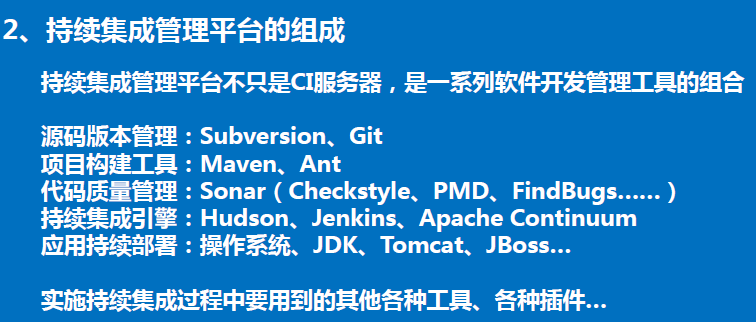
find .|xargs grep -ri "8080"

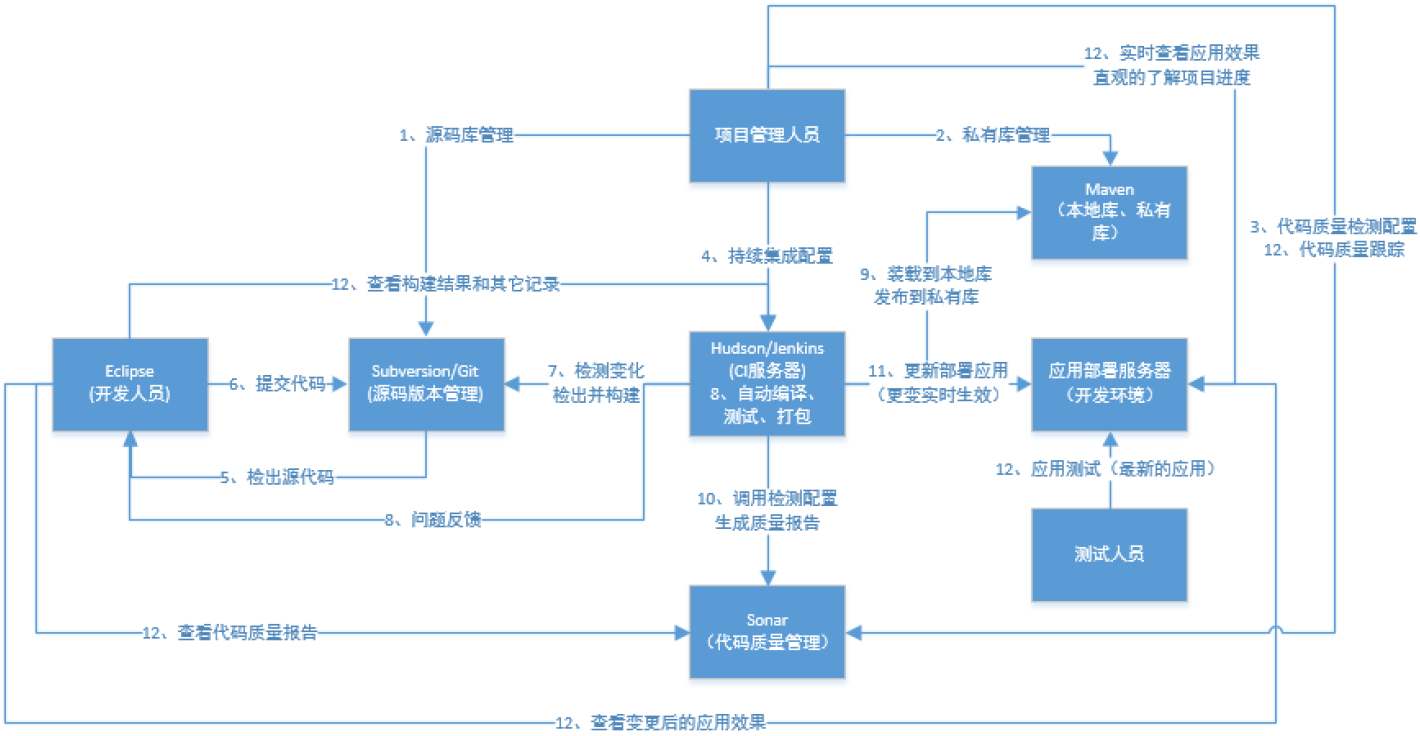
查看所有服务

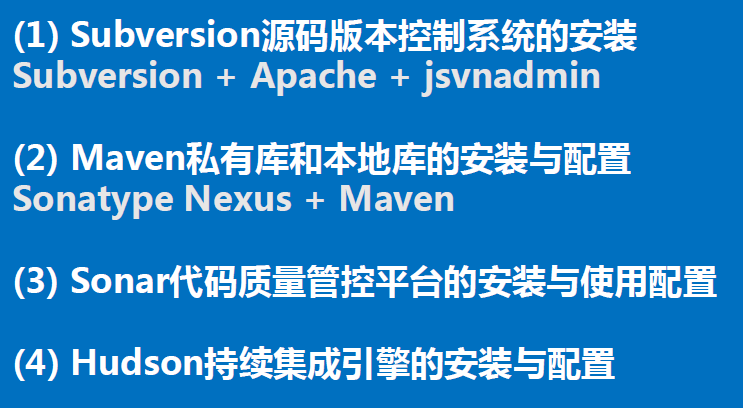
service –status-all

service apache2 restart

# CI







# Apache

安装apache

# yum install httpdhttpd-devel

# service httpd start

# chkconfig httpd on

#vi /etc/httpd/conf/httpd.conf

找到ServerName 并修改成 ServerName localhost:80

访问 <http://192.168.229.137> 验证安装

# SVN

安装

sudo yum install mod\_dav\_svn subversion

cd /etc/httpd/conf.d/

sudo cp subversion.conf subversion.conf.bak

sudo vi subversion.conf

添加以下内容

|  |
| --- |
| #Include /svn/httpd.conf  <Location /svn/>  DAV svn  SVNListParentPath on  SVNParentPath /svn  AuthType Basic  AuthName "Subversion repositories"  AuthUserFile /svn/passwd.http  AuthzSVNAccessFile /svn/authz  Require valid-user  </Location>  RedirectMatch ^(/svn)$ $1/ |

Subversion建立版本库

创建svn目录：

sudo mkdir /svn

chown -c apache,apache /svn

创建/svn/passwd.http和/svn/authz

# touch /svn/passwd.http

# touch /svn/authz

重启apache

sudo service httpd restart

查看测试是否安装svn模块

# ls /etc/httpd/modules/ | grep svn

mod\_authz\_svn.so

mod\_dav\_svn.so

# svn --version

# jsvnadmin

安装

用tomcat 8 + svnadmin-3.0.5.zip + mysql（公用一个【root】【password】【3306】）

MySQL授权远程访问（先用root登录mysql）

mysql -u root -p

mysql> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON \*.\* TO 'root'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password' WITH GRANT OPTION;

mysql> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;

改tomcat文件server.xml如下：

|  |
| --- |
| <Connector port="8860" protocol="HTTP/1.1"  connectionTimeout="20000"  redirectPort="8863" URIEncoding="UTF-8" /> |

解压svnadmin.war文件到webapps目录，修改svnadmin/WEB-INF/jdbc.properties为

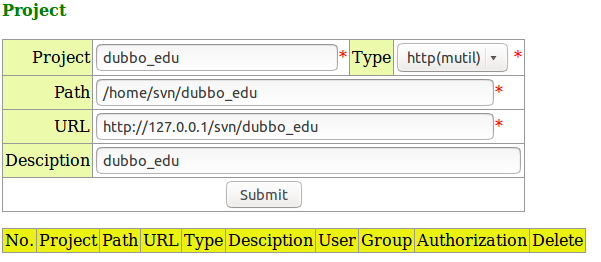
|  |
| --- |
| db=MySQL  #MySQL  MySQL.jdbc.driver=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver  MySQL.jdbc.url=jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/svnadmin?useUnicode=true&amp;characterEncoding=utf-8  MySQL.jdbc.username=root  MySQL.jdbc.password=password |

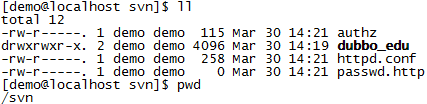
创建svnadmin数据库并导入相应数据（UTF-8编码）执行db/mysql5.sql 和db/lang/en.sql

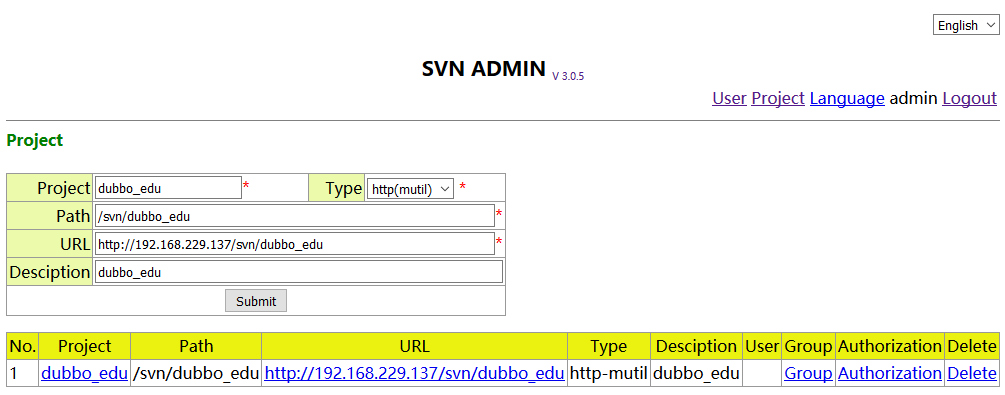
|  |
| --- |
| mysql> create database svnadmin;  mysql> use svnadmin  mysql> source ~/software/svnadmin-tomcat-8.886x/webapps/db/mysql5.sql  mysql> source ~/software/svnadmin-tomcat-8.886x/webapps/db/lang/en.sql |

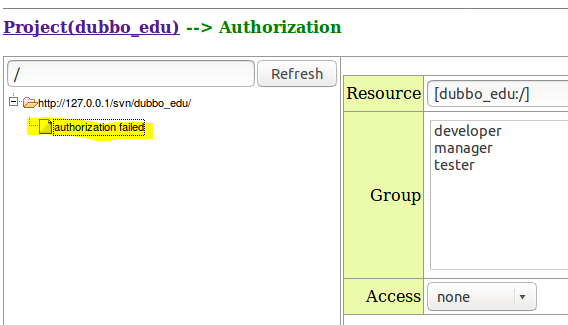
用管理员启动Tomcat并访问 <http://127.0.0.1:8860/svnadmin> 设置账号密码： root / password

demo@ubuntu:~/software/svnadmin-tomcat-8.886x/bin$ sudo ./startup.sh









配置库目录权限

cd /svn

sudo chown -R apache.apache dubbo\_edu/

sudo chmod -R 777 dubbo\_edu

（如创建新库，需要对新建的库

关闭SELinux（Linux的访问控制）

修改/etc/selinux/config 文件

cd /etc/selinux/

sudo cp config config.bak

将SELINUX=enforcing改为SELINUX=disabled

重启机器即可

# reboot

可以安装windows客户端 <https://tortoisesvn.net/downloads.html>

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