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CSC 22100

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Assignment #4

Statement of the problem:

The purpose of this assignment is to work with a database schema and complete various tasks using a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) and Java. The tasks include creating and populating tables based on provided data, calculating, and outputting the number of students for each letter grade in a specific course and semester, building a Java application that connects to the database and performs database operations, and displaying a pie chart showing the proportion of students for each letter grade. The report should include input tables, an output table with aggregated grades, and a corresponding pie chart. The Java application should use JavaFX graphics with the code being adaptable to canvases of variable dimensions.

Solution methods:

1. Consider the database schema below:

Students (empID, firstName, lastName, email, gender)

Courses (courseID, courseTitle, department)

Classes (courseID, studentID, sectionNo, year, semester, grade)

The underlined attributes are the primary keys of their corresponding tables. The value of attribute gender may only be F, M, or U, referring, respectively, for female, male, or unidentified. The only letter grades allowed in the database are A, B, C, D, F, or W.

Further you are provided the class schedule for the Fall 2023 semester in file scheduleFall2023.txt. The key to the data in scheduleFall2023 is (courseID, sectionNo).

- 2. Using a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) of your choice, your tasks are to:
 - A. Create and populate a **Schedule** table using the data provided in file scheduleSpring2022.txt.
 - B. Create and populate **Courses** and **Classes** tables using the data in table **Schedule**.
- C. Create and populate **Students** and **Classes** tables using data of your own together with the data in table Schedule.
- D. Using GROUP BY, calculate and output the number of students for each letter grade in CSc 22100 [Introduction to Database Systems] in the Spring 2022 semester.
- 3. Build and test a Java application that [1] connects to the database, [2] creates, [3] populates, and [4] updates the **Students**, **Courses**, **Classes**, and **AggregateGrades** tables. The application should utilize PreparedStatement objects for the execution of DDL statements and SQL queries.

- A. The Java application utilizes a class **Database** which includes inner classes **Schedule**, **Students**, **Courses**, **Classes**, and **AggregateGrades**, corresponding, respectively, to database Tables **Schedule**, **Students**, **Classes**, and **AggregateGrades**. The constructor of class **Database** is utilized to establish a connection to the RDBMS, while the constructors of the inner classes are utilized to create and populate the corresponding database Tables.
- B. Classes **Schedule** and **Classes** also include update methods that update, respectively, the instructor of a class and grade of a student.
- C. Class **Database** implements interfaces **StudentsDatabaseInterface** and **TableInterface** which include constants, and abstract, and static methods that define the DDL and SQL expressions used for creating, populating, and querying the database tables.
- D. Utilize the classes in Assignment 3, including **HistogramAlphaBet** and **MyPieChart**, to build and display a pie chart showing the proportion of students for each letter grade. In the pie chart:
 - a. Each segment has a different color.
 - b. Each segment has a legend showing the corresponding grades and number of students.
 - c. The segments for the grades are displayed in alphabetical order.
- 4. The report should show [1] sample input tables, [2] output table for the aggregated grades and corresponding pie chart for a sufficient amount of input data, and [3] example[s] of the use of the update function.
- 5. You may only use JavaFX graphics and your own classes and methods for the operations included. Further,
 - a. The code is applicable to canvases of variable height and width.
 - b. The size of the pie chart is proportional to the smallest dimension of the canvas.
- c. The segments of the pie chart are filled with different colors of your choice, specified through a **MyColor** enum reference type.
- 6. Explicitly specify all the classes imported and used in your Java application.

All classes that are imported:

```
import javafx.application.Application
import javafx.scene.Group
import javafx.scene.Scene
import javafx.scene.canvas.Canvas
import javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext
import javafx.stage.Stage
import java.awt.*
import java.sql.Connection
import java.sql.DriverManager
import java.sql.SQLException
import java.sql.ResultSet
import java.util.HashMap
import java.util.Map
import java.sql.PreparedStatement
import java.util.stream.Collectors
```

Java code:

StudentsDatabaseApplication.java

```
import java.sql.SQLException;
                Canvas canvas = new Canvas(width, height);
MyColor.BLACK);
StudentsDatabase (server, username, password);
StudentsDatabaseInterface. Fill TableSchedule (TextFile);
Schedule (sqlTable, populateTable);
StudentsDatabaseInterface.FillTableCourses();
```

```
sqlTable = StudentsDatabaseInterface.TableStudents;
Students (sqlTable);
                        students.insertStudents("378965124", "Emma", "Lee",
                        students.insertStudents("576814329", "Aiden",
                        students.insertStudents("936254710", "Lila",
                        students.insertStudents("736429081", "Adam", "Allen",
```

```
sqlTable = StudentsDatabaseInterface.TableClasses;
Classes(sqlTable);
                        classes.insertClasses("10200 MM2", "912473086",
                        classes.insertClasses("10400 PR1", "803562149",
                        classes.insertClasses("10200 MM2", "736429081",
                        classes.insertClasses("10200 MM3", "184753629",
```

```
StudentsDatabaseInterface.FillTableAggregateGrades();
DataBase.new AggregateGrades(sqlTable, populateTable);
                        legendCanvas.setLayoutY(legendY);
                } catch (SQLException e) {
        public Canvas addCanvasLegend(double widthCanvas, double
                MyColor colorLeftCanvas = MyColor.LINEN;
                MyColor colorStroke = MyColor.GRAY;
H.sortDownFrequency();
                        information = K + ": " + sortedFrequency.get(K) + "
```

StudentsDatabase.java

```
SQLException
        catch (SQLException e)
```

```
connection.prepareStatement(sqlTable).executeUpdate();
            } catch (SQLException e) {
                connection.prepareStatement(populateTable).executeUpdate();
            } catch (SQLException e) {
        public void insertSchedule (String courseID, String sectionNumber,
            String sqlInsert =
StudentsDatabaseInterface.insertTableSchedule(courseID, sectionNumber, title,
                connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
            } catch (SQLException e) {
        public void updateScheduleInstructor(String instructor, String
StudentsDatabaseInterface. UpdateTableScheduleInstructor(instructor,
                connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
        public void deleteSchedule(String courseID)
                connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
```

```
connection.prepareStatement(sqlTable).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
                connection.prepareStatement(populateTable).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
department)
StudentsDatabaseInterface.insertTableCourses(courseID, title, department);
                connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
                System.out.println(e.getMessage());
        public void updateCourses (String column, String input, String
            catch (SQLException e)
```

```
public void deleteCourse(String courseID)
            catch (SQLException e)
            catch (SQLException e)
StudentsDatabaseInterface.insertTableStudents(empID, firstName, lastName,
            catch (SQLException e)
       public void updateStudents (String column, String input, String
```

```
connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
catch (SQLException e)
    System.out.println(e.getMessage());
    connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
catch (SQLException e)
    connection.prepareStatement(sqlTable).executeUpdate();
catch (SQLException e)
    connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
catch (SQLException e)
    System.out.println(e.getMessage());
```

```
StudentsDatabaseInterface.deleteTableClasses(studentID);
                connection.prepareStatement(sqlInsert).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
        AggregateGrades (String sqlTable, String populateTable)
                connection.prepareStatement(sqlTable).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
                connection.prepareStatement(populateTable).executeUpdate();
            catch (SQLException e)
        public Map <Character, Integer> getAggregateGrades (String sqlQuery)
(sqlQueryAggregateGrades).executeQuery();
                    mapAggregateGrades.put(RS.getString("Grade").charAt(0),
RS.getInt("numberStudents"));
```

TableInterface.java

```
package com.example.assignment1;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.SQLException;
public interface TableInterface {
throws SQLException
            createTable.executeUpdate();
       catch (SQLException e)
   static void dropSchema (Connection connection, String nameSchema) throws
            DropTable.executeUpdate();
        catch(SQLException e)
SQLException
```

```
DropTable.executeUpdate();
        catch (SQLException e)
throws SQLException{
        PreparedStatement createTable =
            createTable.executeUpdate();
       catch (SQLException e)
   static void updateField (Connection connection, String ddlUpdateField)
chrows SQLException
        PreparedStatement updateField =
       catch (SQLException e)
   static void setLocalInFileLoading(Connection connection) throws
SQLException
connection.prepareStatement("SET GLOBAL local infile = 1");
        catch (SQLException e)
   static String loadDataInFileTable(String nameFile, String nameTable){
        return "LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '" + nameFile + "' INTO TABLE " +
```

```
static void populateTable (Connection connection, String
ddlPopulateTable) throws SQLException
        PreparedStatement populateTable =
        catch (SQLException e)
String nameFromTable) throws SQLException
- nameFromTable);
        catch (SQLException e)
ddlInsertFromSelect) throws SQLException
        PreparedStatement InsertFromSelect =
            InsertFromSelect.executeUpdate();
        catch (SQLException e)
   static void insertRecord (Connection connection, String ddlInsertRecord)
throws SQLException
connection.prepareStatement(ddlInsertRecord);
```

```
try{psInsertRecord.executeUpdate();} catch(SQLException
throws SQLException
       PreparedStatement deleteRecord =
       catch (SQLException e)
throws SQLException
       catch (SQLException e)
```

StudentsDatabaseInterface.java

```
public static String FillTableSchedule(String filename) {
        return "LOAD DATA INFILE '" + filename + "'\n"
String department, String program)
                + "\'" + department + "\', "
   public static String UpdateTableScheduleInstructor(String instructor,
```

```
public static String DeleteTableSchedule(String courseID)
   public static String FillTableCourses()
String department)
    public static String updateTableCourses (String column, String input,
String courseID)
    public static String updateTableStudents(String column, String input,
String courseID)
    public static String insertTableClasses(String courseID, String
```

HistogramAlphabet.java

```
package com.example.assignment1;
import javafx.scene.canvas.GraphicsContext;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;

public class HistogramAlphabet {

    Map <Character, Integer> frequency = new HashMap<Character, Integer>();

    Map <Character, Double> probability = new HashMap<Character, Double>();

    HistogramAlphabet(){}

    HistogramAlphabet (Map<Character, Integer> m) {
        frequency.putAll(m);
    }

    HistogramAlphabet (HistogramAlphabet h) {
        frequency.putAll(h.getFrequency());
    probability.putAll(h.getProbability());
```

```
HistogramAlphabet(String text) {
    String w = text.replaceAll("[^a-zA-Z]", "").toLowerCase();
    probability = getProbability();
public Map<Character, Integer> getFrequency() {
public Integer getCumulativeFrequency() {
public Map <Character, Integer> sortUpFrequency() {
            .entrySet()
            .collect(Collectors.toMap(Map.Entry::getKey,
public Map <Character, Integer> sortDownFrequency() {
            .collect(Collectors.toMap(Map.Entry::getKey,
public Map <Character, Double> getProbability() {
    double inverseCumulativeFrequency = 1.0 / getCumulativeFrequency();
        probability.put(Key, (double) frequency.get(Key) *
```

```
public Map <Character, Double> sortDownProbability() {
    return getProbability().entrySet()
            .collect(Collectors.toMap(Map.Entry::getKey,
public Map <Character, Double> sortUpProbability() {
            .collect(Collectors.toMap(Map.Entry::getKey,
public Double getSumOfProbability() {
public boolean checkSumOfProbability() {
public String toString() {
public class MyPieChart{
    Map<Character, Slice> slices = new HashMap<Character, Slice>();
   MyPieChart (int N, int M, MyPoint center, double width, double height,
        slices = getMyPieChart();
```

```
Map <Character, Double> sortedProbability =
                sliceStartAngle += sliceArcAngle;
sliceStartAngle - 360.0;
        public void draw(GraphicsContext GC) {
            GC.setFill(MyColor.GRAY.getJavaFXColor());
            for (Character key : sortedProbability.keySet()){
                double sliceStartAngle = slices.get(key).getStartAngle();
                double sliceArcAngle = slices.get(key).getArcAngle();
                    slices.get(key).draw(GC);
                            Slice sliceAllOtherCharacters = new Slice (center,
MyColor.getRandomColor(), information);
                            sliceAllOtherCharacters.draw(GC);
```

MyColor.java

```
package com.example.assignmentl;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import java.util.Random;
enum MyColor{
    ALICEBLUE(240, 248, 255, 255),
    ANTIQUEMHITE(250, 235, 215, 255),
    AQUA(0, 255, 255, 255),
    AQUAMARINE(127, 255, 212, 255),
    AZURE(240, 245, 220, 255),
    BEIGE(245, 245, 220, 255),
    BEIGUE(255, 228, 196, 255),
    BLACK(0, 0, 0, 255),
    BLANCHEDALMOND(255, 235, 205, 255),
    BLUEVIOLET(138, 43, 226, 225),
    BROWN(165, 42, 42, 255),
    BURLYWOOD(222, 184, 135, 255),
    CADETBLUE(95, 158, 160, 255),
    CHARTREUSE(127, 255, 0, 255),
    CORAL(255, 127, 80, 255),
    CORNSILK(255, 248, 220, 255),
    CORNSILK(255, 248, 220, 255),
    CRINSON(220, 20, 60, 255),
    CARKBLUE(0, 0, 139, 255),
    DARKCYAN(0, 139, 139, 255),
    DARKGOLDEN(184, 134, 11, 255),
    DARKGREY(169, 169, 169, 255),
    DARKGREEN(0, 100, 0, 255),
    DARKGREEN(10, 100, 0, 255)
```

```
MyColor(int r, int g, int b, int a) {
        setG(g);
        setB(b);
    public void setB(int b){if (b \ge 0 \&\& b \le 255) this.b = b;}
    public int getR() {return r;}
    public int getG() {return g;}
    public int getARGB() { return argb; }
   public String getHexColor() { return
Integer.toHexString(argb).toUpperCase(); }
    public Color getJavaFXColor() {
    public static MyColor [] getMyColors(){
    public static String [] getMyColorIds(){
        MyColor [] colors = getMyColors();
            myColorsIds[i] = color.toString();
```

```
public Color invertColor() {
    return Color.rgb(255 - r, 255 - g, 255 - b, (double) a / 255.0);
}

public String print() {return this.getHexColor();}

public static MyColor getRandomColor() {
    Random rand = new Random();
    return MyColor.values() [rand.nextInt(MyColor.values().length -1)];
}
```

No changes were made to previous classes and they were not used in this assignment.

Output of the code:













