Sin, cos

$y = \text{sen}(x)$

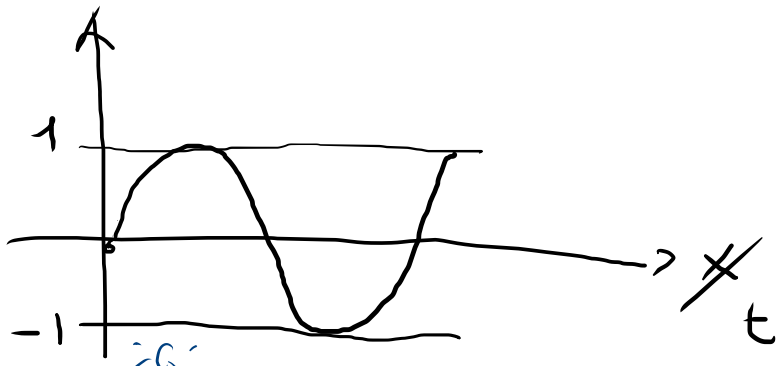
sin

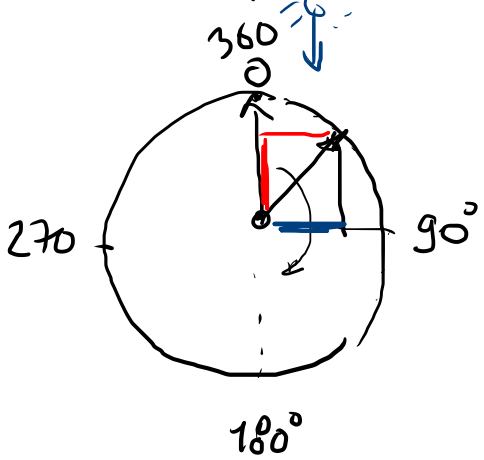
$y = \cos(x)$

$x^2 \ldots$

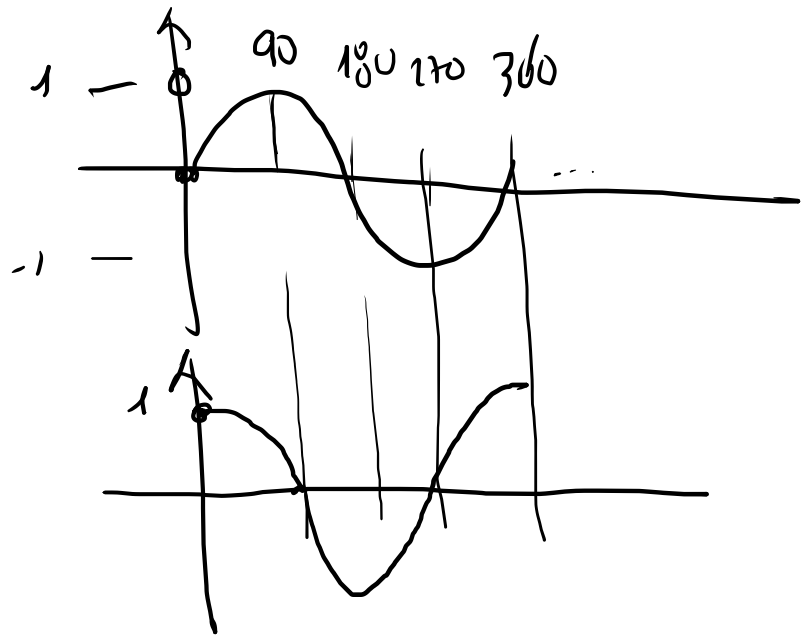
$t \ldots x$

$y = \text{sen}(t)$





sen (x)



$y = \operatorname{Sen}(x)$ $y = \cos(x)$

x	y	y
0°	0	1
90°	1	0
180°	0	-1
270°	-1	0
360°	0	1