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Subject: Software Laboratory II (ANN)

## Assignment No: 01

**Problem statement**: Write a Python program to plot a few activation functions that are being used in neural networks.

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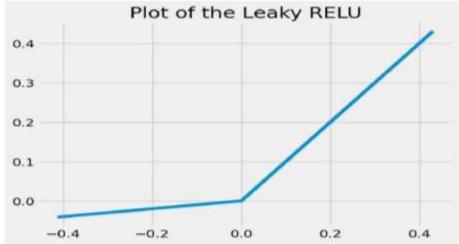
```
In [1]: #ReLu
         from matplotlib import pyplot
          # rectified linear function
         def rectified(x):
                  return max(0.8, x)
         series_in = [x for x in range(-10, 11)]
# calculate outputs for our inputs
         series_out = [rectified(x) for x in series_in]
# Line plot of raw inputs to rectified outputs
         pyplot.plot(series_in, series_out)
         pyplot.show()
          10
           8
           6
           2
               -10.0
                        -7.5
                                 -5.0
                                          -2.5
                                                    0.0
                                                             2.5
                                                                                        10.0
                                                                       5.0
                                                                                7.5
In [3]: def leaky_relu(x):
           if x>0 :
              return x
              return 0.01*x
         print('Applying Leaky Relu on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, leaky_relu(x)))
         print('Applying Leaky Relu on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, leaky_relu(x)))
         print('Applying Leaky Relu on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, leaky_relu(x)))
         print('Applying Leaky Relu on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, leaky_relu(x)))
         print('Applying Leaky Relu on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, leaky_relu(x)))
```

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

def Irelu_forward(x):
    return np.where(x > 0, x, x * 0.1)

x = np.random.rand(10) - 0.5
x = np.append(x, 0.0)
x = np.sort(x)
y = lrelu_forward(x)

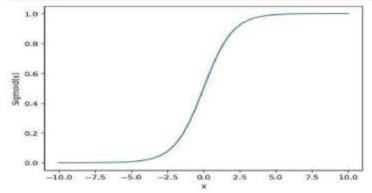
plt.style.use('fivethirtyelght')
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.plot(x, y)
ax.set_title("Plot of the Leaky MELU")
plt.show()
```



```
In [3]: import numpy as np
def sig(x):
return 1/(1 + np.exp(-x))
```

```
x = 1.0
print('Applying Signoid Activation on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, sig(x)))
x = -10.0
print('Applying Signoid Activation on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, sig(x)))
x = 0.0
print('Applying Signoid Activation on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, sig(x)))
x = 15.0
print('Applying Signoid Activation on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, sig(x)))
x = -2.0
print('Applying Signoid Activation on (%.1f) gives %.1f' % (x, sig(x)))
Applying Signoid Activation on (1.0) gives 0.7
```

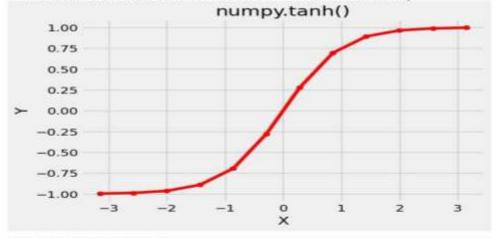
Applying Sigmoid Activation on (1.8) gives 8.7 Applying Sigmoid Activation on (-10.8) gives 8.8 Applying Sigmoid Activation on (8.0) gives 8.3 Applying Sigmoid Activation on (15.6) gives 1.8 Applying Sigmoid Activation on (-2.8) gives 8.1



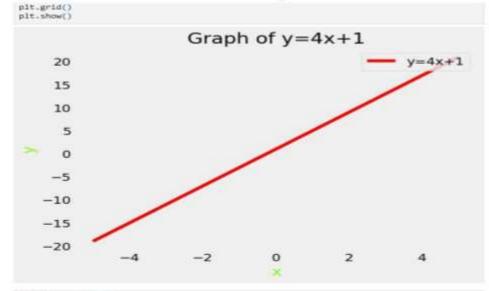
in [8]: # Python prograw showing Graphicul
# representation of toin() function

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
in_array = np.linspace(-np.p1, np.p1, 12)
out_array = np.tanh(in_array)
print("in_array : ", in_array)
print("\nout_array : ", out_array)
# red for numpy.tamh()
plt.plot(in_array, out_array, color = "red", marker = "s")
plt.title("numpy.tamh()")
plt.xlabel("X")
plt.ylabel("Y")
plt.show()
in_array : [-3.14159265 -2.57039399 -1.99919533 -1.42799666 -0.856798 -0.28559933 0.856798 1.42799666 1.99919533 2.57039399 3.14159265]
```

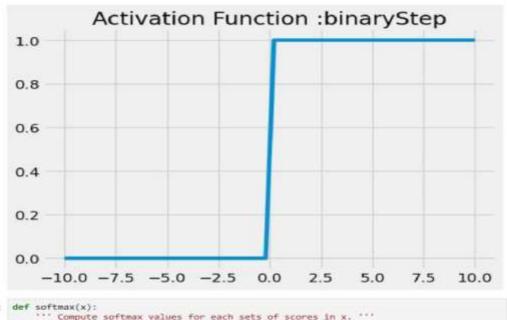
rt\_array : [-0.99627208 -0.98836197 -0.96397069 -0.89125532 -0.69460424 -0.27807943 0.27807943 0.69460424 0.89125532 0.96397069 0.98836197 0.99627208]



In [24]: #linear activation function #linear activation function
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
x = np.linspace(-5,5,150)
y = 4\*x=1
plt.plot(x, y, '-r', label='y=4x+1')
plt.title('Graph of y=4x+1')
plt.xlabel('x', color='#7FFF00')
plt.ylabel('y', color='#7FFF00')
plt.legend(loce'upper right')



In [26]: def binaryStep(x):
 ''' It returns '0' is the input is less then zero otherwise it returns one '''
 return np.heaviside(x,1) In [27]: x = np.linspace(-10, 10) plt.plof(x, binaryStep(x))
plt.axis("tight")
plt.title("Activation Function :binaryStep")
plt.show()



```
In [28]: def softmax(x):
    ''' Compute softmax values for each sets of scores in x. '''
    return np.exp(x) / np.sum(np.exp(x), axis=0)

In [28]: x = np.linspace(-10, 10)
    plt.plot(x, softmax(x))
    plt.axis('tight')
    plt.stitle('Activation Function :Softmax')
    plt.show()
```

